# AMENDMENTS TO THE CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT

Adopted by the Judicial Council on October 27, 2015, effective on January 1, 2016, and July 1, 2016

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1	Rule 2.3. Definitions
2 3	As used in the Trial Court Rules, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
4 5	(1) "Court" means the superior court;
6 7 8 9 10 11	(2) "Papers" includes all documents, except exhibits and copies of exhibits, that are offered for filing in any case, but does not include Judicial Council and local court forms, records on appeal in limited civil cases, or briefs filed in appellate divisions. ; and Unless the context clearly provides otherwise, "papers" need not be in a tangible or physical form but may be in an electronic form.
12 13 14 15	(3) "Written," "writing," "typewritten," and "typewriting" include other methods of printing letters and words equivalent in legibility to typewriting or printing from a word processor.
16 17	Rule 2.3 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
18 19 20	Rule 2.10. Scope of rules [Reserved]
21 22 23	These rules apply to documents filed and served electronically as well as in paper form, unless otherwise provided.
24	Rule 2.10 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
25 26	Rule 2.102. One-sided paper
27 28 29 30	On papers, When papers are not filed electronically, only one side of each page may be used.
31	Rule 2.102 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
32 33 34	Rule 2.103. Size, quality, and color, and size of paper
35 36 37 38	All papers filed must be 8½ by 11 inches. All papers not filed electronically must be on opaque, unglazed paper, white or unbleached, of standard quality not less than 20-pound weight,8½ by 11 inches.
39 40	Rule 2.103 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
41	Rule 2.104. Printing; type font size

1 2 3	All papers <u>not filed electronically</u> must be printed or typewritten or be prepared by a photocopying or other duplication process that will produce clear and permanent copies equally as legible as printing in <u>type</u> <u>a font</u> not smaller than 12 points.
4	equally as regions as printing in type areas not smaller than 12 points.
5	Rule 2.104 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
6 7	Rule 2.105. Type Font style
8	•• • •
9	The typeface font must be essentially equivalent to Courier, Times New Roman, or Arial.
10	
11	Rule 2.105 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
12	
13	Rule 2.106. Font color-of print
14	The feat calculation of aniat any at he block on block
15 16	The <u>font</u> color <del>of print</del> must be black or blue-black.
17	Rule 2.106 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
18	Kute 2.100 amenaea effective January 1, 2010, adopted effective January 1, 2007.
19	Rule 2.107. Margins
20	
21	The left margin of each page must be at least one inch from the left edge of the paper and
22	the right margin at least 1/2 inch from the right edge of the paper.
23	
24	Rule 2.107 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
25	
26	Rule 2.108. Spacing and numbering of lines
27	
28	The spacing and numbering of lines on a page must be as follows:
29	(1) (2) ***
30 31	(1)–(3) * * *
32	(4) Line numbers must be placed at the left margin and separated from the text of the
33	paper by a vertical column of space at least 1/5 inch wide or a single or double
34	vertical line. Each line number must be aligned with a line of type, or the line
35	numbers must be evenly spaced vertically on the page. Line numbers must be
36	consecutively numbered, beginning with the number 1 on each page. There must be
37	at least three line numbers for every vertical inch on the page.
38	
39	Rule 2.108 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
40	
41	Rule 2.111. Format of first page
42	
43	The first page of each paper must be in the following form:

1	
2	(1)–(2) ***
3	
4 5	(3) On line 8, at or below 3 1/3 inches from the top of the paper page, the title of the court.
6	(4) (11) 4 4 4
7 8	(4)–(11) ***
9 10	Rule 2.111 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2008.
11	
12	Rule 2.113. Binding
13	
14 15	Each paper <u>not filed electronically</u> must consist entirely of original pages without riders and must be firmly bound together at the top.
16	
17 18	Rule 2.113 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
19	Rule 2.114. Exhibits
20	
21	Exhibits submitted with papers not filed electronically may be fastened to pages of the
22	specified size and, when prepared by a machine copying process, must be equal to
23	typewritten computer-processed materials in legibility and permanency of image.
24	
25	Rule 2.114 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
26	
27	Rule 2.115. Hole punching
28	
29	When papers are not filed electronically, each paper presented for filing must contain two
30	prepunched normal-sized holes, centered 21/2 inches apart and 5/8 inch from the top of the
31	paper.
32	
33	Rule 2.115 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
34	
35	Rule 2.117. Conformed copies of papers
36	
37	All copies of papers served must conform to the original papers filed, including the
38	numbering of lines, pagination, additions, deletions, and interlineations except that, with
39	the agreement of the other party, a party serving papers by nonelectronic means may
40	serve that other party with papers printed on both sides of the page.
41	-
42	Rule 2.117 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously
43	amended effective July 1, 2012.

1		
2	Rule	e 2.130. Application
3		
4	The	rules in this chapter apply to Judicial Council forms, local court forms, and all other
5	offic	tial forms to be filed in the trial courts. The rules apply to forms filed both in paper
6		and electronically, unless otherwise specified.
7		
8	Rule	2.130 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
9		
10	Rule	e 2.133. Hole punching
11		
12	A11 1	forms not filed electronically must contain two prepunched normal-sized holes,
13		ered $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches apart and $\frac{5}{8}$ inch from the top of the form.
14	00110	2/2 menos apare ana nom une top or une rom.
15	Rule	2.133 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
16	Tunc	2.155 amenaca effective samary 1, 2010, adopted effective samary 1, 2007.
17	Rula	e 2.134. Forms longer than one page
18	Ituit	2.134. Torms longer than one page
19	(a)	Single side may be used
20	( <b>u</b> )	Single side may be used
21		If a form <u>not filed electronically</u> is longer than one page, the form may be printed
22		on sheets printed only on one side even if the original has two sides to a sheet.
23		on sheets printed only on one side even if the original has two sides to a sheet.
24		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
25		(Suba (a) amenaea ejjective Sanuary 1, 2010.)
26	<b>(b)</b>	Two-sided forms must be tumbled
27	(D)	1 wo-sided forms must be tumbled
28		If a form not filed electronically is filed on a sheet printed on two sides, the reverse
29		side must be rotated 180 degrees (printed head to foot).
30		side must be rotated 180 degrees (printed head to 100t).
31		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
32	(a)	Multiple mage former must be bound
33	<b>(c)</b>	Multiple-page forms must be bound
34		If a farmer of filed along the indicate of the control of the cont
35		If a form <u>not filed electronically</u> is longer than one page, it must be firmly bound at
36		the top.
37		
38		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
39		
40	Rule	2.134 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.
41		

1 Rule 2.150. Authorization for computer-generated or typewritten forms for proof 2 of service of summons and complaint 3 4 (a) **Computer-generated or typewritten forms; conditions** 5 6 Notwithstanding the adoption of mandatory form *Proof of Service of Summons* 7 (form POS-010), a form for proof of service of a summons and complaint prepared 8 entirely by word processor, typewriter, or similar process may be used for proof of 9 service in any applicable action or proceeding if the following conditions are met: 10 (1)–(4) \*\*\* 11 12 13 The text of form POS-010 must be copied in the same order as it appears on (5) 14 the printed form POS-010 using the same item numbers. A declaration of 15 diligence may be attached to the proof of service or inserted as item 5b(5). 16 17 Areas marked "For Court Use" must be copied in the same general locations 18 and occupy approximately the same amount of space as on the printed form 19 POS-010. 20 21 (7)–(8) \*\*\* 22 23 (9) Material that would have been typed entered onto the printed form POS-010 24 must be typed entered with each line indented 3 inches from the left margin. 25 26 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 1985, 27 January 1, 1986, January 1, 1987, July 1, 1999, January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, and 28 January 1, 2007.) 29 30 \* \* \* **(b)** 31 32 Rule 2.150 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 982.9; previously amended 33 effective January 1, 1989, July 1, 1999, January 1, 2004, and July 1, 2004; previously amended 34 and renumbered as rule 2.150 effective January 1, 2007. 35 36 Rule 2.251. Electronic service 37 (a)-(i) \*\*\*38 39 40 **(j)** Electronic service by or on court 41

1	<u>(1)</u>		court may electronically serve any notice, order, judgment, or other
2			ment issued by the court in the same manner that parties may serve
3		aocu	ments by electronic service.
4	(2)	۸ .1 .	
5	<u>(2)</u>		cument may be electronically served on a court if the court consents to
6			ronic service or electronic service is otherwise provided for by law or
7		court	t order. A court indicates that it agrees to accept electronic service by:
8		( )	
9		<u>(A)</u>	Serving a notice on all parties that the court accepts electronic service.
10			The notice must include the electronic service address at which the
11			court agrees to accept service; or
12		( <b>D</b> )	
13		<u>(B)</u>	Adopting a local rule stating that the court accepts electronic service.
14			The rule must indicate where to obtain the electronic service address at
15			which the court agrees to accept service.
16			
17			nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (e); previously amended
18			nuary 1, 2007; previously relettered as subd (g) effective January 1, 2008, as
19	subd	(h) effe	ective January 1, 2011, and as subd (j) effective July 1, 2013.)
20			
21			ed effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2060 effective January 1, 2003;
22	-		ed and renumbered as rule 2.260 effective January 1, 2007, and as rule 2.251
23		-	1, 2011; previously amended effective January 1, 2008, January 1, 2009, July 1,
24	2009, Janua	<i>ary 1, 2</i>	2010, and July 1, 2013.
25			
26	<b>Rule 2.503</b>	3. Pub	olic access
27			
28	(a)-(i) *	* *	
29			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
30			
31			evel of access by the public to all electronic records that is at least equivalent
32	to the acces	s that i	s available for paper records and, for some types of records, is much greater. At
33	the same tin	ne, it so	eeks to protect legitimate privacy concerns.
34			
35	Subdivision	ı (c). *	**
36			
37	Subdivision	ns (f) <u>a</u>	<u>nd</u> (g). These subdivisions limit electronic access to records (other than the
38	register, cal	endars	, or indexes) to a case-by-case basis and prohibit bulk distribution of those
39	records. The	ese lim	itations are based on the qualitative difference between obtaining information
40	from a spec	ific cas	se file and obtaining bulk information that may be manipulated to compile
41	personal inf	ormati	on culled from any document, paper, or exhibit filed in a lawsuit. This type of
42	aggregate in	nforma	tion may be exploited for commercial or other purposes unrelated to the
43	operations of	of the c	ourts, at the expense of privacy rights of individuals.

1			
2	Cour	ts must	t send a copy of the order permitting remote electronic access in extraordinary
3	crim	inal cas	ses to: Secretariat, Executive Office Programs Division, Administrative Office of the
4	Cour	ts <u>Crim</u>	inal Justice Services, Judicial Council of California, 455 Golden Gate Avenue, San
5	Fran	cisco, (	CA 94102-3688 <del>-or secretariat@jud.ca.gov</del> .
6			
7	Rule	e <b>2.55</b> 0	. Sealed records
8			
9	(a)	* * *	
10			
11	<b>(b)</b>	Defi	nitions
12			
13		As u	sed in this chapter:
14			
15		(1)	"Record." Unless the context indicates otherwise, "record" means all or a
16			portion of any document, paper, exhibit, transcript, or other thing filed or
17			lodged with the court, by electronic means or otherwise.
18			<u> </u>
19		(2)-(	3) ***
20			
21		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
22		2007.	
23			, 
24	(c)-(	(e) *	**
25			
26	Rule	2.550	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 243.1 effective January 1, 2001;
27			umended effective January 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule
28	-	•	ive January 1, 2007.
29			
30	Rule	e 2.551	. Procedures for filing records under seal
31			
32	(a)	* * *	
33	` /		
34	<b>(b)</b>	Moti	ion or application to seal a record
35	. ,		
36		(1)	* * *
37		( )	
38		(2)	Service of motion or application
39		( )	J 11
40			A copy of the motion or application must be served on all parties that have
41			appeared in the case. Unless the court orders otherwise, any party that already
42			possesses copies of has access to the records to be placed under seal must be
43			served with a complete, unredacted version of all papers as well as a redacted
			* *

1 2 3		version. Other parties must be served with only the public redacted version. If a party's attorney but not the party has access to the record, only the party's attorney may be served with the complete, unredacted version.
4		
5	(3)	Procedure for party not intending to file motion or application
6		
7		(A) ***
8		
9		(B) If the party that produced the documents and was served with the notice
10		under (A)(iii) fails to file a motion or an application to seal the records
11		within 10 days or to obtain a court order extending the time to file such
12		a motion or an application, the clerk must promptly remove all the
13		documents in (A)(i) from the envelope, or container, or secure
14		<u>electronic file</u> where they are located and place them in the public file.
15		If the party files a motion or an application to seal within 10 days or
16		such later time as the court has ordered, these documents are to remain
17		conditionally under seal until the court rules on the motion or
18		application and thereafter are to be filed as ordered by the court.
19		
20	(4)	* * *
21		
22	(5)	Redacted and unredacted versions
23		
24		If necessary to prevent disclosure, any motion or application, any opposition,
25		and any supporting documents must be filed in a public redacted version and
26		lodged in a complete, <u>unredacted</u> version conditionally under seal. <u>The cover</u>
27		of the redacted version must identify it as "Public—Redacts materials from
28		conditionally sealed record." The cover of the unredacted version must
29		identify it as "May Not Be Examined Without Court Order—Contains
30		material from conditionally sealed record."
31		
32	(6)	Return of lodged record
33		
34		If the court denies the motion or application to seal, the clerk must return the
35		lodged record to the submitting party and must not place it in the case file
36		unless that party notifies the clerk in writing within 10 days after the order
37		denying the motion or application that the record is to be filed. <u>Unless</u>
38		otherwise ordered by the court, the submitting party must notify the clerk
39		within 10 days after the order denying the motion or application.
40		
41		(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
42	2004,	and January 1, 2007.)
43		

\* \* \* 1 (c) 2 3 Procedure for lodging of records (**d**) 4 5 (1) A record that may be filed under seal must be transmitted to the court in a 6 secure manner that preserves the confidentiality of the records to be lodged. 7 If the record is transmitted in paper form, it must be put in an envelope or 8 other appropriate container, sealed in the envelope or container, and lodged 9 with the court. 10 11 (2) The materials to be lodged under seal must be clearly identified as "CONDITIONALLY UNDER SEAL." If the materials are transmitted in 12 13 paper form, the envelope or container lodged with the court must be labeled 14 "CONDITIONALLY UNDER SEAL." 15 The party submitting the lodged record must affix to the electronic 16 (3) 17 transmission, the envelope, or the container a cover sheet that: 18 \* \* \* 19 (A)–(B)20 21 \* \* \* **(4)** 22 23 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 24 2004, and January 1, 2007.) 25 26 (e) **Order** 27 28 (1) If the court grants an order sealing a record and if the sealed record is in 29 paper format, the clerk must substitute on the envelope or container for the 30 label required by (d)(2) a label prominently stating "SEALED BY ORDER 31 OF THE COURT ON (DATE)," and must replace the cover sheet required by 32 (d)(3) with a filed-endorsed copy of the court's order. If the sealed record is 33 in an electronic format, the clerk must file the court's order, store the record ordered sealed in a secure manner, and clearly identify the record as sealed 34 35 by court order on a specified date. 36 37 (2) The order must state whether—in addition to the sealed records in the 38 envelope or container—the order itself, the register of actions, any other court 39 records, or any other records relating to the case are to be sealed. 40 41 (3)

Unless the sealing order provides otherwise, it prohibits the parties from 1 **(4)** 2 disclosing the contents of any materials that have been sealed in anything that 3 is subsequently publicly filed-records or papers. 4 5 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 6 2004, and January 1, 2007.) 7 (f)-(g) \* \* \* \*8 9 10 (h) Motion, application, or petition to unseal records 11 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 12 13 14 If the court proposes to order a record unsealed on its own motion, the court (3) 15 must mail give notice to the parties stating the reason therefor for unsealing 16 the record. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, any party may serve and 17 file an opposition within 10 days after the notice is mailed or within such 18 time as the court specifies. provided and any other party may file a response 19 within 5 days after the filing of an opposition. 20 21 \* \* \* **(4)** 22 23 The order unsealing a record must state whether the record is unsealed (5) 24 entirely or in part. If the court's order unseals only part of the record or 25 unseals the record only as to certain persons, the order must specify the 26 particular records that are unsealed, the particular persons who may have 27 access to the record, or both. If, in addition to the records in the envelope, or 28 container, or secure electronic file, the court has previously ordered the 29 sealing order, the register of actions, or any other court records relating to the 30 case to be sealed, the unsealing order must state whether these additional 31 records are unsealed. 32 33 (Subd (h) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 34 2004, and January 1, 2007.) 35 36 Rule 2.551 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 243.2 effective January 1, 2001; 37 previously amended effective January 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 38 2.551 effective January 1, 2007. 39 40 Rule 2.577. Procedures for filing confidential name change records under seal 41 (a)-(c) \* \* \* 42

#### 1 (d) Procedure for lodging of petition for name change 2 3 (1) The records that may be filed under seal must be lodged with the court. If 4 they are transmitted on paper, they must be placed in a sealed envelope. If 5 they are transmitted electronically, they must be transmitted to the court in a 6 secure manner that preserves the confidentiality of the documents to be 7 lodged. 8 9 If the petitioner is transmitting the petition on paper, the petitioner must 10 complete and affix to the envelope a completed Confidential Cover Sheet— 11 Name Change Proceeding Under Address Confidentiality Program (Safe at 12 *Home*) (form NC-400) and in the space under the title and case number mark 13 it "CONDITIONALLY UNDER SEAL." If the petitioner is transmitting the 14 petition electronically, the first page of the electronic transmission must be a 15 completed Confidential Cover Sheet—Name Change Proceeding Under 16 Address Confidentiality Program (Safe at Home) (form NC-400) with the space under the title and case number marked "CONDITIONALLY UNDER 17 18 SEAL." 19 20 On receipt of a petition lodged under this rule, the clerk must endorse the (3) 21 affixed cover sheet with the date of its receipt and must retain but not file the 22 record unless the court orders it filed. 23 24 \* \* \* **(4)** 25 26 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 27 28 \* \* \* (e) 29 30 **(f)** Order 31 32 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 33 34 For petitions transmitted in paper form, if the court grants an order sealing a 35 record, the clerk must strike out the notation required by (d)(2) on the 36 Confidential Cover Sheet that the matter is filed "CONDITIONALLY 37 UNDER SEAL," and add a notation to that sheet prominently stating 38 "SEALED BY ORDER OF THE COURT ON (DATE).." and file the 39 documents under seal. For petitions transmitted electronically, the clerk must 40 file the court's order, store the record ordered sealed in a secure manner, and 41 clearly identify the record as sealed by court order on a specified date. 42 (4)–(5) \* \* \* 43

```
1
 2
            (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
 3
 4
      (g)-(h) ***
 5
 6
      Rule 2.577 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010.
 7
 8
      Rule 2.816. Stipulation to court-appointed temporary judge
 9
10
      (a)-(d) ***
11
12
            Application or motion to withdraw stipulation
      (e)
13
14
            An application or motion to withdraw a stipulation for the appointment of a
15
            temporary judge must be supported by a declaration of facts establishing good
16
            cause for permitting the party to withdraw the stipulation. In addition:
17
            (1)–(2) ***
18
19
20
                  The application or motion must be served and filed, and the moving party
            (3)
21
                  must mail or deliver provide a copy to the presiding judge.
22
23
            (4)
                  * * *
24
25
            (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2006; previously
26
            amended effective January 1, 2007.)
27
28
      Rule 2.816 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1727 effective January 1, 2001;
29
      previously amended and renumbered as rule 243.18 effective July 1, 2006; previously amended
30
      and renumbered as rule 2.816 effective January 1, 2007.
31
32
      Rule 2.831. Temporary judge—stipulation, order, oath, assignment, disclosure, and
33
            disqualification
34
35
      (a)-(e) ***
36
37
      (f)
            Motion to withdraw stipulation
38
39
            A motion to withdraw a stipulation for the appointment of a temporary judge must
40
            be supported by a declaration of facts establishing good cause for permitting the
41
            party to withdraw the stipulation, and must be heard by the presiding judge or a
42
            judge designated by the presiding judge. A declaration that a ruling is based on
43
            error of fact or law does not establish good cause for withdrawing a stipulation.
```

Notice of the motion must be served and filed, and the moving party must mail or deliver provide a copy to the temporary judge. If the motion to withdraw the stipulation is based on grounds for the disqualification of the temporary judge first learned or arising after the temporary judge has made one or more rulings, but before the temporary judge has completed judicial action in the proceeding, the provisions of rule 2.816(e)(4) apply. If a motion to withdraw a stipulation is granted, the presiding judge must assign the case for hearing or trial as promptly as possible.

(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f) effective July 1, 1993; previously amended and relettered as subd (g) effective July 1, 2001, and as subd (f) effective July 1, 2006; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

Rule 2.831 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 244 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended effective April 1, 1962, July 1, 1981, July 1, 1987, July 1, 1993, July 1, 1995, January 1, 2001, and July 1, 2001; previously amended and renumbered as rule 243.31 effective July 1, 2006 and as rule 2.831 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 2.892. Guidelines for approval of certification programs for interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons

Each organization, agency, or educational institution that administers tests for certification of court interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons under Evidence Code section 754 must comply with the guidelines adopted by the Judicial Council effective February 21, 1992, and any subsequent revisions, and must hold a valid, current approval by the Judicial Council to administer the tests as a certifying organization. The guidelines are stated in the *Judicial Council Guidelines for Approval of Certification Programs for Interpreters for Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Persons*, published by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council.

Rule 2.892 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 984.1 effective January 1, 1994; previously amended and renumbered as rule 2.892 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 2.894. Reports on appointments of certified and registered interpreters and noncertified and nonregistered interpreters

Each superior court must report to the Judicial Council on:

(1) The appointment of certified and registered interpreters under Government Code section 71802, as required by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council; and

(2) \*\*\*

1 2 Rule 2.894 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 984.3 effective January 1, 1996; 3 previously amended effective March 1, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 2.894 4 effective January 1, 2007. 5 6 Rule 2.952. Electronic recording as official record of proceedings 7 8 (a)-(i) \*\*\* 9 10 Record on appeal **(j)** 11 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 12 13 14 Preparation of transcript (3) 15 16 On receiving directions to have a transcript prepared, the clerk may have the 17 material transcribed by a court employee, but should ordinarily send the reels 18 in question to a professional recording service that has been certified by the 19 federal court system or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 20 Council or verified by the clerk to be skilled in producing transcripts. 21 22 (Subd (j) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (i) effective January 1, 23 1990; previously amended effective January 1, 1993; previously amended and relettered as 24 subd (j) effective January 1, 2007.) 25 26 Rule 2.952 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 980.5 effective January 1, 1976; 27 previously amended effective January 1, 1990, and January 1, 1993; previously amended and 28 renumbered as rule 2.952 effective January 1, 2007. 29 30 Rule 2.954. Specifications for electronic recording equipment 31 32 (a)-(d) \*\*\*33 34 **Previous equipment (e)** 35 36 The Administrative Director-of the Courts is authorized to approve any electronic 37 recording devices and equipment acquired before the adoption or amendment of 38 this rule that has been found by the court to produce satisfactory recordings of 39 proceedings. 40 41 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016. previously amended effective January 1, 42 2007.) 43

Rule 2.954 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 980.6 effective January 1, 1990; previously amended and renumbered as rule 2.954 effective January 1, 2007.

## Rule 2.1050. Judicial Council jury instructions

(a)-(b) \*\*\*

## (c) Public access

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council must provide copies and updates of the approved jury instructions to the public on the California Courts website. The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council may contract with an official publisher to publish the instructions in both paper and electronic formats. The Judicial Council intends that the instructions be freely available for use and reproduction by parties, attorneys, and the public, except as limited by this subdivision. The Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council may take steps necessary to ensure that publication of the instructions by commercial publishers does not occur without its permission, including, without limitation, ensuring that commercial publishers accurately publish the Judicial Council's instructions, accurately credit the Judicial Council as the source of the instructions, and do not claim copyright of the instructions. The Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council may require commercial publishers to pay fees or royalties in exchange for permission to publish the instructions. As used in this rule, "commercial publishers" means entities that publish works for sale, whether for profit or otherwise.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective August 26, 2005, and January 1, 2007.)

# (d) Updating and amendments

The Judicial Council instructions will be regularly updated and maintained through its advisory committees on jury instructions. Amendments to these instructions will be circulated for public comment before publication. Trial judges and attorneys may submit for the advisory committees' consideration suggestions for improving or modifying these instructions or creating new instructions, with an explanation of why the change is proposed. Suggestions should be sent to the Administrative Office of the Courts, Office of the General Counsel Judicial Council of California, Legal Services.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

\* \* \* 1 (e) 2 3 Rule 2.1050 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 855 effective September 1, 2003; 4 previously amended effective August 26, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 5 2.1050 effective January 1, 2007. 6 7 Rule 2.1055. Proposed jury instructions 8 9 \* \* \* (a) 10 11 Form and format of proposed instructions **(b)** 12 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 13 14 15 Each set of proposed jury instructions filed on paper must be bound loosely. 16 17 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 1988, 18 January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2007.) 19 (c)-(e) \*\*\* 20 21 22 Rule 2.1055 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 229 effective January 1, 1949; 23 previously amended effective April 1, 1962, July 1, 1988, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, and 24 August 26, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 2.1055 effective January 1, 2007. 25 26 Rule 2.1100. Notice when statute or regulation declared unconstitutional 27 28 Within 10 days after a court has entered judgment in a contested action or special 29 proceeding in which the court has declared unconstitutional a state statute or regulation, 30 the prevailing party, or as otherwise ordered by the court, must mail serve a copy of the 31 judgment and a notice of entry of judgment to on the Attorney General and file a proof of 32 service with the court. 33 34 Rule 2.1100 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 826 effective January 1, 1999; 35 previously amended and renumbered as rule 2.1100 effective January 1, 2007. 36 37 Rule 3.35. Definition of limited scope representation; application of rules 38 39 \* \* \* (a) 40 41 **Application (b)** 42

1 Rules 3.35 through 3.37 apply to limited scope representation in civil cases, except 2 in family law cases. Rules 5.70 and 5.71 5.425 apply applies to limited scope 3 representation in family law cases. 4 5 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 6 7 (c) \* \* \* 8 9 Rule 3.35 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007. 10 11 Rule 3.221. Information about alternative dispute resolution 12 13 (a) Court to provide information package 14 15 Each court must make available to the plaintiff, at the time the complaint is filed in 16 all general civil cases, an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) information package 17 that includes, at a minimum, all of the following: 18 19 General information about the potential advantages and disadvantages of (1) 20 ADR and descriptions of the principal ADR processes. The Administrative 21 Office of the Courts has Judicial Council staff have prepared model language 22 that the courts may use to provide this information. 23 24 (2)–(4) \*\*\* 25 26 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, 27 and January 1, 2007.) 28 (b)-(c) \*\*\*29 30 31 Rule 3.221 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1590.1 effective January 1, 2001; 32 previously amended and renumbered as rule 201.9 effective July 1, 2002, and as rule 3.221 33 effective January 1, 2007. 34 35 Rule 3.254. List of parties 36 37 (a) **Duties of first-named plaintiff or petitioner** 38 39 Except as provided under rule 2.251 for electronic service, if more than two parties 40 have appeared in a case and are represented by different counsel, the plaintiff or 41 petitioner named first in the complaint or petition must: 42 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 43

1 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of unlettered subd effective July 1, 1984; previously amended and lettered as subd (a) effective January 1, 2007.)
4 (b) Duties of each party

Except as provided under rule 2.251 for electronic service, each party must:

(1)–(3) \*\*\*

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of unlettered subd effective July 1, 1984; previously amended and lettered effective January 1, 2007.)

Rule 3.254 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 387 effective July 1, 1984; previously amended and renumbered as rule 202.7 effective January 1, 2003, and as rule 3.254 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 3.500. Transfer and consolidation of noncomplex common-issue actions filed in different courts

(a)-(f) \*\*\*

# (g) Conflicting orders

The <u>Judicial Council's</u> coordination staff in the Administrative Office of the Courts must review all transfer orders submitted under (e) and must promptly confer with the presiding judges of any courts that have issued conflicting orders under Code of Civil Procedure section 403. The presiding judges of those courts must confer with each other and with the judges who have issued the orders to the extent necessary to resolve the conflict. If it is determined that any party to a case has failed to disclose information concerning pending motions, the court may, after a duly noticed hearing, find that the party's failure to disclose is an unlawful interference with the processes of the court.

(Subd (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended and relettered as subd (g) effective January 1, 2007.)

(h) \*\*\*

Rule 3.500 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1500 effective September 21, 1996; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.500 effective January 1, 2007.

### **Rule 3.501. Definitions**

As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

(1)–(5) \*\*\*

(6) "Coordination attorney" means an attorney in the Administrative Office of the Courts with the Judicial Council staff appointed by the Chair of the Judicial Council to perform such administrative functions as may be appropriate under the rules in this chapter, including but not limited to the functions described in rules 3.524 and 3.550.

(7)–(19) \*\*\*

 Rule 3.501 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1501 effective January 1, 1974; previously amended effective July 1, 1974, and January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.501 effective January 1, 2007.

## Rule 3.524. Order assigning coordination motion judge

### (a) Contents of order

An order by the Chair of the Judicial Council assigning a coordination motion judge to determine whether coordination is appropriate, or authorizing the presiding judge of a court to assign the matter to judicial officers of the court to make the determination in the same manner as assignments are made in other civil cases, must include the following:

(1) \*\*\*

(2) The court's address or electronic service address for submitting all subsequent documents to be considered by the coordination motion judge.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of unlettered subd effective January 1, 1974; previously amended and lettered subd (a) effective January 1, 2005.)

(b) \*\*\*

Rule 3.524 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1524 effective January 1, 1974; previously amended effective January 1, 2005; previously renumbered as rule 3.524 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 3.544. Add-on cases

# (a) Request to coordinate add-on case

A request to coordinate an add-on case must comply with the requirements of rules 3.520 through 3.523, except that the request must be submitted to the coordination trial judge under Code of Civil Procedure section 404.4, with proof of mailing service of one copy to on the Chair of the Judicial Council and proof of service as required by rule 3.510.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2007.)

# (b)-(d) \* \* \*

Rule 3.544 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1544 effective January 1, 1974; previously amended effective January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.544 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 3.550. General administration by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff

## (a) Coordination attorney

Except as otherwise provided in the rules in this chapter, all necessary administrative functions under this chapter will be performed at the direction of the Chair of the Judicial Council by a coordination attorney in the Administrative Office of the Courts.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2007.)

$$(b)-(c) ***$$

Rule 3.550 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1550 effective January 1, 1974; previously amended effective January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.550 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 3.670. Telephone appearance

$$(a)-(g) ***$$

## (h) Notice by party

(1) Except as provided in (6), a party choosing to appear by telephone at a hearing, conference, or proceeding, other than on an ex parte application, under this rule must either:

(A) \*\*\*

(B) At least two court days before the appearance, notify the court and all other parties of the party's intent to appear by telephone. If the notice is oral, it must be given either in person or by telephone. If the notice is in writing, it must be given by filing a "Notice of Intent to Appear by Telephone" with the court at least two court days before the appearance and by serving the notice at the same time on all other parties by personal delivery, fax transmiss ion, express mail, e-mail if such service is required by local rule or court order or agreed to by the parties, or other by any means authorized by law and reasonably calculated to ensure delivery to the parties no later than the close of the next business day at least two court days before the appearance.

(2)–(3) \*\*\*

(4) Any party other than an applicant choosing to appear by telephone at an ex parte appearance under this rule must notify the court and all other parties that have appeared in the action, no later than 2:00 p.m. or the "close of business" (as that term is defined in rule 2.250(b)(10)), whichever is earlier, on the court day before the appearance, of its intent to appear by telephone. If the notice is oral, it must be given either in person or by telephone. If the notice is in writing, it must be given by filing a "Notice of Intent to Appear by Telephone" with the court and by serving the notice at the same time on all other parties by any means authorized by law reasonably calculated to ensure delivery to the parties no later than 2:00 p.m. or "the close of business" (as that term is defined in rule 2.250(b)(10)), whichever is earlier, on the court day before the appearance.

(5)–(6) \*\*\*

(Subd (h) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d) effective July 1, 1998; previously amended effective January 1, 1999, July 1, 1999, January 1, 2003, and January 1, 2007; previously amended and relettered subd (g) effective January 1, 2008, and subd (h) effective January 1, 2014.)

(i)-(q) \* \* \* 1 2 3 Rule 3.670 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 298 effective March 1, 1988; 4 previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.670 effective January 1, 2007; previously 5 amended effective January 1, 1989, July 1, 1998, January 1, 1999, July 1, 1999, January 1, 2001, 6 July 1, 2002, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2011, July 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014. 7 8 Rule 3.720. Application 9 10 (a) 11 12 **Emergency suspension of rules (b)** 13 14 A court by local rule may exempt specified types or categories of general civil 15 cases filed before January 1, 2016-2020, from the case management rules in this 16 chapter, provided that the court has in place alternative procedures for case 17 processing and trial setting for such actions, including, without limitation, 18 compliance with Code of Civil Procedure sections 1141.10 et seq. and 1775 et seq. 19 The court must post the alternative procedures on its website. 20 21 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective February 26, 2013.) 22 23 \* \* \* (c) 24 25 Rule 3.720 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously 26 amended effective February 26, 2013. 27 28 Rule 3.815. Selection of the arbitrator 29 30 \* \* \* (a) 31 32 **(b)** Selection absent stipulation or local procedures 33 34 If the arbitrator has not been selected by stipulation and the court has not adopted 35 local rules or procedures for the selection of the arbitrator as permitted under (c). 36 the arbitrator will be selected as follows: 37 \* \* \* 38 (1) 39 40 The administrator must select at random a number of names equal to the (2) 41 number of sides, plus one, and mail send the list of randomly selected names 42 to counsel for the parties. 43

1 (3) Each side has 10 days from the date of mailing on which the list was sent to
2 file a rejection, in writing, of no more than one name on the list; if there are
3 two or more parties on a side, they must join in the rejection of a single name.
4
5 (4)–(5) \*\*\*
6
6
7 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a); previously amended

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a); previously amended and relettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2004; previously amended effective July 1, 1979, January 1, 1982, January 1, 1984, and January 1, 2007.)

(c)-(f) \*\*\*

Rule 3.815 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1605 effective July 1, 1976; previously amended effective July 1, 1979, January 1, 1982; January 1, 1984, January 1, 1991, January 1, 1994, and January 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.815 effective January 1, 2007.

## Rule 3.823. Rules of evidence at arbitration hearing

(a)-(c) \*\*\*

# (d) Delivery of documents

For purposes of this rule, "delivery" of a document or notice may be accomplished manually, by electronic means under Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and rule 2.251, or by mail in the manner provided by Code of Civil Procedure section 1013. If service is by electronic means, the times prescribed in this rule for delivery of documents, notices, and demands are increased by two days. If service is by mail, the times prescribed in this rule for delivery of documents, notices, and demands are increased by five days.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 1988; previously amended effective January 1, 2004.)

Rule 3.823 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1613 effective July 1, 1976; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.823 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 1979, January 1, 1984, January 1, 1988, July 1, 1990, January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2008.

### Rule 3.827. Entry of award as judgment

(a) \*\*\*

1 **Notice of entry of judgment (b)** 2 3 Promptly upon entry of the award as a judgment, the clerk must mail serve notice 4 of entry of judgment to on all parties who have appeared in the case and must 5 execute a certificate of mailing service and place it in the court's file in the case. 6 7 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 8 9 \* \* \* (c) 10 11 Rule 3.827 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously 12 amended effective January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2013. 13 14 Rule 3.869. General requirements for complaint procedures and complaint 15 proceedings 16 17 (a)-(g) \*\*\*18 19 **Advisory Committee Comment** 20 21 The Administrative Office of the Courts has Judicial Council staff have developed model local 22 rules that satisfy the requirements of this rule. These model local rules were developed with input 23 from judicial officers, court administrators, alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program 24 administrators, court-program mediators, and public commentators and are designed so that they 25 can be readily adapted to the circumstances of individual courts and specific complaints. Courts 26 are encouraged to adopt rules that follow the model rules, to the extent feasible. Courts can obtain 27 copies of these model rules from the Judicial Council's civil ADR program staff at the 28 Administrative Office of the Courts. 29 30 Subdivision (a). \* \* \* 31 32 Subdivision (c). \* \* \* 33 34 **Subdivision (d).** \* \* \* 35 36 Rule 3.931. Open proceedings, notice of proceedings, and order for hearing site 37 \* \* \* 38 (a) 39 40 Notice regarding proceedings before referee 41 42 In each case in which he or she is appointed, a referee must file a statement (1) 43 that provides the name, telephone number, e-mail address, and mailing

2			address of a person who may be contacted to obtain information about the
			date, time, location, and general nature of all hearings scheduled in matters
3			pending before the referee that would be open to the public if held before a
4			judge. This statement must be filed at the same time as the referee's
5			certification under rule 3.904(a) or 3.924(a). If there is any change in this
6			contact information, the referee must promptly file a revised statement with
7 8			the court.
9		(2)	In addition to providing the information required under (1), the statement
10		(2)	filed by a referee may also provide the address of a publicly accessible Web
11			site website at which the referee will maintain a current calendar setting forth
12			
			the date, time, location, and general nature of any hearings scheduled in the
13 14			matter that would be open to the public if held before a judge.
15		(2)	* * *
16		(3)	
17		(C. l.	I(b) amonded offective I amount 1 2016)
18		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
19	(c)	***	
20	(C)		
21	Rule	3 931 7	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010.
22	Time	J./JI (	unchaca effective samaary 1, 2010, adopted effective samaary 1, 2010.
23	Rule	3.101	0. Oral depositions by telephone, videoconference, or other remote
24			tronic means
25			
26	(a)	* * *	
27	. ,		
28	<b>(b)</b>	Appe	earing and participating in depositions
	<b>(b)</b>	Appe	earing and participating in depositions
28	<b>(b)</b>		earing and participating in depositions  party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone,
28 29	<b>(b)</b>	Any	
28 29 30	(b)	Any	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone,
28 29 30 31	(b)	Any	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone,
28 29 30 31 32	(b)	Any j	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or
28 29 30 31 32 33	(b)	Any j	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(b)	Any j video (1)	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(b)	Any j	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(b)	Any j video (1)	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;  The party so appearing makes all arrangements and pays all expenses
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(b)	Any video	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;  The party so appearing makes all arrangements and pays all expenses
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(b)	Any video	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;  The party so appearing makes all arrangements and pays all expenses incurred for the appearance.  It (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(b)	Any video	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;  The party so appearing makes all arrangements and pays all expenses incurred for the appearance.  It (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(b)	Any video (1) (2) (Suba 2007.	party may appear and participate in an oral deposition by telephone, oconference, or other remote electronic means, provided:  Written notice of such appearance is served by personal delivery, e-mail, or fax at least three court days before the deposition;  The party so appearing makes all arrangements and pays all expenses incurred for the appearance.  It (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,

1 Rule 3.1010 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 333 effective January 1, 2003; 2 previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1010 effective January 1, 2007. 3 4 Rule 3.1109. Notice of determination of submitted matters 5 6 (a) **Notice by clerk** 7 8 When the court rules on a motion or makes an order or renders a judgment in a 9 matter it has taken under submission, the clerk must immediately notify the parties 10 of the ruling, order, or judgment. The notification, which must specifically identify 11 the matter ruled on, may be given by serving electronically or mailing the parties a 12 copy of the ruling, order, or judgment, and it constitutes service of notice only if 13 the clerk is required to give notice under Code of Civil Procedure section 664.5. 14 15 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of untitled subd effective 16 January 1, 1984; previously amended and lettered subd (a) effective January 1, 2007.) 17 \* \* \* 18 **(b)** 19 20 Time not extended by failure of clerk to give notice (c) 21 22 The failure of the clerk to give the notice required by this rule does not extend the 23 time provided by law for performing any act except as provided in rules 8.104(a) or 24 8.824 8.822(a). 25 26 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.) 27 28 Rule 3.1109 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 309 effective January 1, 1984; 29 previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1109 effective January 1, 2007. 30 31 Rule 3.1110. General format 32 (a)-(d) \* \* \* 33 34 35 (e) **Binding** 36 37 For motions filed on paper, all pages of each document and exhibit must be 38 attached together at the top by a method that permits pages to be easily turned and 39 the entire content of each page to be read. 40 41 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d) effective July 1, 1997; 42 previously amended and relettered subd (e) effective January 1, 2007.)

(f)-(g) \* \* \* 1 2 3 Rule 3.1110 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 311 effective January 1, 1984; 4 previously amended effective July 1, 1997; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1110 5 effective January 1, 2007. 6 7 Rule 3.1113. Memorandum 8 9 (a)-(h) \*\*\*10 11 Copies of authorities **(i)** 12 13 A judge may require that if any authority other than California cases, statutes, (1) 14 constitutional provisions, or state or local rules is cited, a copy of the 15 authority must be lodged with the papers that cite the authority and tabbed or 16 separated as required by rule 3.1110(f). 17 18 If a California case is cited before the time it is published in the advance (2) 19 sheets of the Official Reports, the party must include the title, case number, 20 date of decision, and, if from the Court of Appeal, district of the Court of 21 Appeal in which the case was decided. A judge may require that a copy of 22 that case must be lodged and tabbed or separated as required by rule 23 3.1110(f). 24 25 (3) \* \* \* 26 27 (Subd (i) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (e) effective January 28 1, 1992; previously amended and relettered as subd (h) effective January 1, 2004, and as 29 subd (j) effective January 1, 2007; previously relettered as part of subd (f) effective July 1, 30 2000, and as subd. (i) effective January 1, 2008; previously amended effective July 1, 31 1997, and July 1, 2011.) 32 (j)-(l) \*\*\* 33 34 35 (m) Proposed orders or judgments 36 37 If a proposed order or judgment is submitted, it must be lodged and served with the 38 moving papers but must not be attached to them. The requirements for proposed 39 orders, including the requirements for submitting proposed orders by electronic 40 means, are stated in rule 3.1312. 41 42 (Subd (m) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (i) effective July 1, 1997;

previously amended and relettered as subd (1) effective January 1, 2004; previously

1 relettered as subd (j) effective July 1, 2000, as subd (n) effective January 1, 2007, and as 2 subd (m) effective January 1, 2008.) 3 4 Rule 3.1113 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 313 effective January 1, 1984; 5 previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1113 effective January 1, 2007; previously 6 amended effective July 1, 1984, January 1, 1992, July 1, 1997, July 1, 2000, January 1, 2003, 7 January 1, 2004, January 1, 2008, and July 1, 2011. 8 9 Rule 3.1202. Contents of application 10 11 **Identification of attorney or party** (a) 12 13 An ex parte application must state the name, address, e-mail address, and telephone 14 number of any attorney known to the applicant to be an attorney for any party or, if 15 no such attorney is known, the name, address, e-mail address, and telephone 16 number of the party if known to the applicant. 17 18 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 19 20 (b)-(c) \*\*\*21 22 Rule 3.1202 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously 23 amended effective January 1, 2007. 24 25 Rule 3.1300. Time for filing and service of motion papers 26 27 (a) In general 28 29 Unless otherwise ordered or specifically provided by law, all moving and 30 supporting papers must be served and filed in accordance with Code of Civil 31 Procedure section 1005 and, when applicable, the statutes and rules providing for 32 electronic filing and service. 33 34 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 35 2000, and January 1, 2007.) 36 37 (b)-(d) \*\*\*38 39 **Computation of time** (e) 40 41 A paper submitted before the close of the clerk's office to the public on the day the 42 paper is due is deemed timely filed. Under rules 2.253(b)(7) and 2.259(c), a court 43 may provide by local rule that a paper that is required to be filed electronically and

1		that is received electronically by the court before midnight on a court day is
2		deemed filed on that court day.
3		
4		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d) effective January 1,
5		1992; previously relettered as subd (e) effective January 1, 2000.)
6		
7 8		3.1300 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 317 effective January 1, 1984; iously amended effective January 1, 1992, and January 1, 2000; previously amended and
9	renu	mbered as rule 3.1300 effective January 1, 2007.
10		
11	Rule	e 3.1302. Place and manner of filing
12		
13	(a)	Papers filed in clerk's office
14		
15		Unless otherwise provided by local rule or specified in a court's protocol for
16		electronic filing, all papers relating to a law and motion proceeding must be filed in
17		the clerk's office.
18		
19		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
20		2007.)
21		
22	<b>(b)</b>	Requirements for lodged material
23		
24		Material lodged <u>physically</u> with the clerk must be accompanied by an addressed
25		envelope with sufficient postage for mailing the material. Material lodged
26		electronically must clearly specify the electronic address to which the materials
27		may be returned. After determination of the matter, the clerk may mail or send the
28		material back to the party lodging it.
29		
30		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
31		2007.)
32		
33	Rule	3.1302 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 319 effective January 1, 1984;
34		iously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1302 effective January 1, 2007.
35	previ	wasty amenaca and renumbered as twe 5.1502 effective samany 1, 2007.
36	Rula	e 3.1304. Time of hearing
37	Ituit	2.1304. Time of hearing
38	(a)	General schedule
39	(a)	General senedule
39 40		The clerk must post <u>electronically</u> and at the <u>courthouse</u> a general schedule
41		
		showing the days and departments for holding each type of law and motion
42		hearing.
43		

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2003.)

(b)-(d) \*\*\*

Rule 3.1304 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 321 effective January 1, 1984; previously amended effective January 1, 1992, and January 1, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1304 effective January 1, 2007.

### Rule 3.1320. Demurrers

# (c) Notice of hearing

A party filing a demurrer must serve and file therewith a notice of hearing that must specify a hearing date in accordance with the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 1005 and, if service is by electronic means, in accordance with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6(a)(4) and rule 2.251(h)(2).

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously amended effective July 1, 2000; previously amended and relettered as subd (c) effective January 1, 2007.)

$$(d)-(i) ***$$

Rule 3.1320 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 325 effective January 1, 1984; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1320 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 1984, July 1, 1995, July 1, 2000, January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011.

# Rule 3.1326. Motions for change of venue

Following denial of a motion to transfer under Code of Civil Procedure section 396b, unless otherwise ordered, 30 calendar days are deemed granted defendant to move to strike, demur, or otherwise plead if the defendant has not previously filed a response. If a motion to transfer is granted, 30 calendar days are deemed granted from the date the receiving court mails sends notice of receipt of the case and its new case number.

Rule 3.1326 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 326 effective January 1, 1984; previously amended effective July 1, 1984; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1326 effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 3.1327. Motions to quash or to stay action in summary proceeding involving possession of real property

(a) Notice

In an unlawful detainer action or other action brought under chapter 4 of title 3 of part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure (commencing with section 1159), notice of a motion to quash service of summons on the ground of lack of jurisdiction or to stay or dismiss the action on the ground of inconvenient forum must be given in compliance with Code of Civil Procedure sections 1010.6 or 1013 and 1167.4.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(b) \*\*;

# (c) Written opposition in advance of hearing

If a party seeks to have a written opposition considered in advance of the hearing, the written opposition must be filed and served on or before the court day before the hearing. Service must be by personal delivery, electronic service, faesimile fax transmission, express mail, or other means consistent with Code of Civil Procedure sections 1010, 1010.6, 1011, 1012, and 1013, and reasonably calculated to ensure delivery to the other party or parties no later than the close of business on the court day before the hearing. The court, in its discretion, may consider written opposition filed later.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 3.1327 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.

### Rule 3.1330. Motion concerning arbitration

A petition to compel arbitration or to stay proceedings pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 1281.2 and 1281.4 must state, in addition to other required allegations, the provisions of the written agreement and the paragraph that provides for arbitration. The provisions must be stated verbatim or a copy must be <u>physically or electronically</u> attached to the petition and incorporated by reference.

Rule 3.1330 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 371 effective January 1, 1984; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1330 effective January 1, 2007.

1	Rule	23.1340. Motion for discretionary dismissal after two years for delay in
2		prosecution
3		
4	(a)	* * *
5		
6	<b>(b)</b>	Notice of court's intention to dismiss
7		
8		If the court intends to dismiss an action on its own motion, the clerk must set a
9		hearing on the dismissal and mail send notice to all parties at least 20 days before
10		the hearing date.
11		
12		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a) effective January
13		1, 1990; previously amended and lettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2007.)
14		
15	<b>(c)</b>	* * *
16		
17	Rule	3.1340 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 372 effective January 1, 1990;
18	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1340 effective January 1, 2007.
19		
20	Rule	23.1346. Service of motion papers on nonparty deponent
21		
22	A w	ritten notice and all moving papers supporting a motion to compel an answer to a
23		sition question or to compel production of a document or tangible thing from a
24	_	party deponent must be personally served on the nonparty deponent unless the
25	-	party deponent agrees to accept service by mail or electronic service at an address or
26		ronic service address specified on the deposition record.
27		
28	Rule	3.1346 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 337 effective January 1, 1984;
29		ously amended effective July 1, 1987; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1025
30	•	tive January 1, 2007; previously renumbered as rule 3.1346 effective January 1, 2009.
31	33	
32	Rule	2.1347. Discovery motions in summary proceeding involving possession of real
33		property
34		
35	(a)	Notice
36		
37		In an unlawful detainer action or other action brought under chapter 4 of title 3 of
38		part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure (commencing with section 1159), notice of a
39		discovery motion must be given in compliance with Code of Civil Procedure
40		sections <u>1010.6 or</u> 1013 and 1170.8.
41		
42		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
43		

\* \* \* 1 **(b)** 2 3 (c) Written opposition in advance of hearing 4 5 If a party seeks to have a written opposition considered in advance of the hearing, 6 the written opposition must be served and filed on or before the court day before 7 the hearing. Service must be by personal delivery, electronic service, facsimile fax 8 transmission, express mail, or other means consistent with Code of Civil Procedure 9 sections 1010, 1010.6, 1011, 1012, and 1013, and reasonably calculated to ensure 10 delivery to the other party or parties no later than the close of business on the court 11 day before the hearing. The court, in its discretion, may consider written opposition 12 filed later. 13 14 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 15 16 Rule 3.1347 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 17 18 Rule 3.1350. Motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication 19 20 **Motion** Definitions (a) 21 22 As used in this rule: 23 24 "Motion" refers to either a motion for summary judgment or a motion for (1) 25 summary adjudication. 26 27 "Material facts" are facts that relate to the cause of action, claim for damages, (2) 28 issue of duty, or affirmative defense that is the subject of the motion and that 29 could make a difference in the disposition of the motion. 30 31 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 32 (b)-(c) \*\*\*33 34 35 **Separate statement in support of motion** 36 37 The Separate Statement of Undisputed Material Facts in support of a motion <u>(1)</u> 38 must separately identify: 39 40 Each cause of action, claim for damages, issue of duty, or affirmative 41 defense, that is the subject of the motion; and 42

1 2			(B) Each supporting material fact claimed to be without dispute with respect to the cause of action, claim <u>for damages</u> , issue of duty, or
3			affirmative defense that is the subject of the motion.
5		<u>(2)</u>	The separate statement should include only material facts and not any facts
6			that are not pertinent to the disposition of the motion.
7		(2)	
8 9		<u>(3)</u>	The separate statement must be in a the two-column format, specified in (h).  The statement must state in numerical sequence the undisputed material facts
10			in the first column followed by the evidence that establishes those undisputed
11			facts in that same column. Citation to the evidence in support of each
12 13			material fact must include reference to the exhibit, title, page, and line numbers.
14			numbers.
15		(Suba	l (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
16			January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008.)
17			
18	<b>(e)</b>	Docu	iments in opposition to motion
19		_	
20			ept as provided in Code of Civil Procedure section 437c(r) and rule 3.1351, the
21 22			sition to a motion must consist of the following <u>separate</u> documents, rately stapled and titled as shown:
23		sepai	tatery stapied and titled as shown.
24		(1)	* * *
25			
26		(2)	[Opposing party's] separate statement of undisputed material facts in
27			opposition to [moving party's] motion for summary judgment or summary
28			adjudication or both;
29		(2)	(A) ** * *
30 31		(3)–(	(4) ***
32		(Suba	d (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
33		*	January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2009.)
34		,	
35	<b>(f)</b>	Opp	osition to Motion; Content of separate statement in opposition to motion
36			
37			Separate Statement in Opposition to Motion must be in the two-column forma
38		speci	ified in (h).
39 40		(1)	Each material fact claimed by the maying party to be undisputed must be set
40		<u>(1)</u>	Each material fact claimed by the moving party to be undisputed must be set out verbatim on the left side of the page, below which must be set out the
42			evidence said by the moving party to establish that fact, complete with the
43			moving party's references to exhibits.

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(2) On the right side of the page, directly opposite the recitation of the moving party's statement of material facts and supporting evidence, the response must unequivocally state whether that fact is "disputed" or "undisputed." An opposing party who contends that a fact is disputed must state, on the right side of the page directly opposite the fact in dispute, the nature of the dispute and describe the evidence that supports the position that the fact is controverted. That Citation to the evidence in support of the position that a fact is controverted must be supported by citation include reference to the exhibit, title, page, and line numbers in the evidence submitted.

(3) If the opposing party contends that additional material facts are pertinent to the disposition of the motion, those facts must be set forth in the separate statement. The separate statement should include only material facts and not any facts that are not pertinent to the disposition of the motion. Each fact must be followed by the evidence that establishes the fact. Citation to the evidence in support of each material fact must include reference to the exhibit, title, page, and line numbers.

(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2002.)

(g)-(i)\*\*\*

Rule 3.1350 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 342 effective July 1, 1997; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1350 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 1999, January 1, 2002, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2008, and January 1, 2009.

#### **Advisory Committee Comment**

Subdivision (a)(2). This definition is derived from statements in *L.A. Nat. Bank v. Bank of Canton* (1991) 229 Cal. App. 3d 1267, 1274 ("In order to prevent the imposition of a summary judgment, the disputed facts must be 'material,' i.e., relate to a claim or defense in issue which could make a difference in the outcome.") and *Reid v. Google, Inc.* (2010) 50 Cal.4th 512, 532–533 (Parties are encouraged "to raise only meritorious objections to items of evidence that are legitimately in dispute and pertinent to the disposition of the summary judgment motion.")

Subdivisions (d)(2) and (f)(3). Consistent with *Reid*, *supra*, these provisions are intended to eliminate from separate statements facts that are not material, and, thereby reduce the number of unnecessary objections to evidence.

# Rule 3.1351. Motions for summary judgment in summary proceeding involving possession of real property

(a) Notice

In an unlawful detainer action or other action brought under chapter 4 of title 3 of part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure (commencing with section 1159), notice of a motion for summary judgment must be given in compliance with Code of Civil Procedure sections 1010.6 or 1013 and 1170.7.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(b) \*\*\*

# (c) Written opposition in advance of hearing

If a party seeks to have a written opposition considered in advance of the hearing, the written opposition must be filed and served on or before the court day before the hearing. Service must be by personal delivery, electronic service, faesimile fax transmission, express mail, or other means consistent with Code of Civil Procedure sections 1010, 1010.6, 1011, 1012, and 1013, and reasonably calculated to ensure delivery to the other party or parties no later than the close of business on the court day before the hearing. The court, in its discretion, may consider written opposition filed later.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 3.1351 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.

# Rule 3.1354. Written objections to evidence

(a) \*\*\*

#### (b) Format of objections

All written objections to evidence must be served and filed separately from the other papers in support of or in opposition to the motion. Objections on to specific evidence may must be referenced by the objection number in the right column of a separate statement in opposition or reply to a motion, but the objections must not be restated or reargued in the separate statement. Each written objection must be numbered consecutively and must:

(1)–(4) \*\*\*

1	
2	Written objections to evidence must follow one of the following two formats:
3	
4	(First Format):
5	Objections to Jackson Declaration
6	
7	Objection Number 1
8	
9	* * *
10	
11	Objection Number 2
12	
13	"A lot of people find widgets to be very useful." (Jackson declaration, page 17, line 5.)
14	
15	Grounds for Objection 2: Irrelevant (Evid. Code, §§ 210, 350–351).
16	(Second Format):

5: "A lot of people find widgets to

Material Objected to:

1. Jackson declaration, page 3, lines
7–8: "Johnson told me that no
widgets were ever received."

3. Hearsay (Evid. Code, §1200); lack of
personal knowledge (Evid. Code, §
702(a)).

4. Jackson declaration, page 17, line
Trrelevant (Evid. Code, §§ 210, 350–351).

**Objections to Jackson Declaration** 

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.)

### (c) Proposed order

be very useful."

A party submitting written objections to evidence must submit with the objections a proposed order. The proposed order must include places for the court to indicate whether it has sustained or overruled each objection. It must also include a place for the signature of the judge. The court may require that the proposed order be provided in electronic form. The proposed order must be in one of the following two formats:

(First Format):

**Objections to Jackson Declaration** 

Objection	on Number 1
* * *	
<del>Objectic</del>	on Number 2
-	
"A lot of people find widgets to be very us	eful." (Jackson declaration, page 17, line 5.)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
<b>Grounds for Objection 2:</b> Irrelevant (Evi	id. Code, §§ 210, 350–351).
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Court's Ruling on Objection 2:	Sustained:
, c	Overruled:
(Second Format):	
,	
Objections to J	ackson Declaration

Material Objected to:	Grounds for Objection:	Ruling on the Objection
1. Jackson declaration, page 3, lines 7–8: "Johnson told me that no widgets were ever received."	Hearsay (Evid. Code, § 1200); lack of personal knowledge (Evid. Code, § 702(a)).	Sustained: Overruled:
2. Jackson declaration, page 17, line 5: "A lot of people find widgets to be very useful."	Irrelevant (Evid. Code, §§210, 350–351).	Sustained: Overruled:
Date:		Judge

Rule 3.1354 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 345 effective January 1, 1984; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1354 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2002, and January 1, 2007.

# Rule 3.1590. Announcement of tentative decision, statement of decision, and judgment

```
(a)-(k) ***
```

# (1) Signature and filing of judgment

If a written judgment is required, the court must sign and file the judgment within 50 days after the announcement or service of the tentative decision, whichever is later, or, if a hearing was held under (k), within 10 days after the hearing. An electronic signature by the court is as effective as an original signature. The judgment constitutes the decision on which judgment is to be entered under Code of Civil Procedure section 664.

(Subd (l) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (e); previously amended and relettered as subd (h) effective January 1, 2007, and as subd (l) effective January 1, 2010.)

$$(m)-(n) ***$$

Rule 3.1590 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 232 effective January 1, 1949; previously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1590 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 1969, July 1, 1973, January 1, 1982, January 1, 1983, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2010.

# Rule 3.1700. Prejudgment costs

# (a) Claiming costs

#### (1) Trial costs

A prevailing party who claims costs must serve and file a memorandum of costs within 15 days after the date of mailing service of the notice of entry of judgment or dismissal by the clerk under Code of Civil Procedure section 664.5 or the date of service of written notice of entry of judgment or dismissal, or within 180 days after entry of judgment, whichever is first. The memorandum of costs must be verified by a statement of the party, attorney, or agent that to the best of his or her knowledge the items of cost are correct and were necessarily incurred in the case.

1		
2		(2) ***
3		
4		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
5		2007, and July 1, 2007.)
6		2007, and they 1, 2007.)
7	<b>(b)</b>	Contesting costs
8	( <b>D</b> )	Contesting costs
9		(1) Striking and taxing costs
10		(1) Striking and taxing costs
		Any notice of metion to staile on to tay costs must be served and filed 15
11		Any notice of motion to strike or to tax costs must be served and filed 15
12		days after service of the cost memorandum. If the cost memorandum was
13		served by mail, the period is extended as provided in Code of Civil Procedure
14		section 1013. If the cost memorandum was served electronically, the period is
15		extended as provided in Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6(a)(4).
16		
17		(2)–(4) ***
18		
19		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
20		2007.)
21		
22	Rule	3.1700 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 870 effective January 1, 1987;
23	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1700 effective January 1, 2007; previously
24	amen	ded effective July 1, 2007.
25		
26	Rule	3.1900. Notice of renewal of judgment
27		
28	A co	py of the application for renewal of judgment must be <u>physically or electronically</u>
29	attac	hed to the notice of renewal of judgment required by Code of Civil Procedure
30	secti	on 683.160.
31		
32	Rule	3.1900 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 986 effective July 1, 1983;
33	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 3.1900 effective January 1, 2007.
34	•	
35	Rule	3.2107. Request for court order
36		•
37	(a)	Request before trial
38	()	
39		If a party files a written request for a court order before the hearing on the claim,
40		the requesting party must mail, or personally deliver, or if agreed on by the parties
41		electronically serve a copy to all other parties in the case. The other parties must be
42		given an opportunity to answer or respond to the request before or at the hearing.
. –		5

This subdivision does not apply to a request to postpone the hearing date if the plaintiff's claim has not been served.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

# (b) Request after trial

If a party files a written request for a court order after notice of entry of judgment, the clerk must mail send a copy of the request to all other parties in the action. A party has 10 calendar days from the date on which the clerk mailed sent the request to file a response before the court makes an order. The court may schedule a hearing on the request, except that if the request is to vacate the judgment for lack of appearance by the plaintiff, the court must hold a hearing. The court may give notice of any scheduled hearing with notice of the request, but the hearing must be scheduled at least 11 calendar days after the clerk has mailed sent the request.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 3.2107 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.

# Rule 4.102. Uniform bail and penalty schedules—traffic, boating, fish and game, forestry, public utilities, parks and recreation, business licensing

The Judicial Council of California has established the policy of promulgating uniform bail and penalty schedules for certain offenses in order to achieve a standard of uniformity in the handling of these offenses.

In general, bail is used to ensure the presence of the defendant before the court. Under Vehicle Code sections 40512 and 13103, bail may also be forfeited and forfeiture may be ordered without the necessity of any further court proceedings and be treated as a conviction for specified Vehicle Code offenses. A penalty in the form of a monetary sum is a fine imposed as all or a portion of a sentence imposed.

 To achieve substantial uniformity of bail and penalties throughout the state in traffic, boating, fish and game, forestry, public utilities, parks and recreation, and business licensing cases, the trial court judges, in performing their duty under Penal Code section 1269b to annually revise and adopt a schedule of bail and penalties for all misdemeanor and infraction offenses except Vehicle Code infractions, must give consideration to the Uniform Bail and Penalty Schedules approved by the Judicial Council. The Uniform Bail and Penalty Schedule for infraction violations of the Vehicle Code will be established by the Judicial Council in accordance with Vehicle Code section 40310. Judges must give consideration to requiring additional bail for aggravating or enhancing factors.

- 1 After a court adopts a countywide bail and penalty schedule, under Penal Code section
- 2 1269b, the court must, as soon as practicable, mail or e-mail a copy of the schedule to the
- 3 Judicial Council with a report stating how the revised schedule differs from the council's
- 4 uniform traffic bail and penalty schedule, uniform boating bail and penalty schedule,
- 5 uniform fish and game bail and penalty schedule, uniform forestry bail and penalty
- 6 schedule, uniform public utilities bail and penalty schedule, uniform parks and recreation
- 7 bail and penalty schedule, or uniform business licensing bail and penalty schedule.

8

The purpose of this uniform bail and penalty schedule is to:

10 11

12 13

14

15

Unless otherwise shown, the maximum penalties for the listed offenses are six months in the county jail or a fine of \$1,000, or both. The penalty amounts are intended to be used to provide standard fine amounts for a first offense conviction of a violation shown where a fine is used as all or a portion of the sentence imposed.

16 17 18

- Note:
- 19 Courts may obtain copies of the Uniform Bail and Penalty Schedules by contacting:
- 20 Office of the General Counsel
- 21 Administrative Office of the Courts
- 22 Criminal Justice Services
- 23 Judicial Council of California
- 24 455 Golden Gate Avenue
- 25 San Francisco, CA 94102-3688
- 26 (415) 865-7611
- 27 Fax (415) 865-4317 or
- 28 www.courts.ca.gov/reference www.courts.ca.gov/7532.htm

29

- Rule 4.102 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 850 effective January 1, 1965;
- 31 previously renumbered as rule 4.102 and amended effective January 1, 2001; previously
- 32 amended effective January 1, 1970, January 1, 1971, July 1, 1972, January 1, 1973, January 1,
- 33 1974, July 1, 1975, July 1, 1979, July 1, 1980, July 1, 1981, January 1, 1983, July 1, 1984, July 1,
- 34 1986, January 1, 1989, January 1, 1990, January 1, 1993, January 1, 1995, January 1, 1997,
- 35 July 1, 2004, January 1, 2007, and July 1, 2013.

3637

# Rule 4.152. Selection of court and trial judge

38

When a judge grants a motion for change of venue, he or she must inform the presiding judge of the transferring court. The presiding judge, or his or her designee, must:

41 42

43

(1) Notify the Administrative Director-of the Courts of the change of venue. After receiving the transferring court's notification, the Administrative Director, in order

1 to expedite judicial business and equalize the work of the judges, must advise the 2 transferring court which courts would not be unduly burdened by the trial of the 3 case. 4 5 \* \* \* (2) 6 7 Rule 4.152 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 842 effective March 4, 1972; 8 previously amended and renumbered as rule 4.152 effective January 1, 2001; previously 9 amended effective January 1, 2006. 10 11 Rule 4.153. Order on change of venue 12 13 After receiving the list of courts from the Administrative Director of the Courts, the 14 presiding judge, or his or her designee, must: 15 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 16 17 18 Rule 4.153 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 843 effective March 4, 1972; 19 previously amended and renumbered as rule 4.153 effective January 1, 2001; previously 20 amended effective January 1, 2006. 21 22 Rule 5.50. Papers issued by the court 23 24 \* \* \* (a) 25 26 **(b)** Automatic temporary family law restraining order in summons; handling by 27 clerk 28 29 Under Family Code section 233, in proceedings for dissolution, legal separation, or 30 nullity of a marriage or domestic partnership and in parentage proceedings, the 31 clerk of the court must issue a summons that includes automatic temporary 32 (standard) restraining orders on the reverse side of the summons. 33 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 34 35 36 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 37 38 **Individual restraining order** (c) 39 40 On application of a party and as provided in the Family Code, a court may (1) 41 issue any individual restraining order that appears to be reasonable or 42 necessary, including those automatic temporary restraining orders in (b)

1 included on the back of in the family law summons under Family Code 2 section 233. 3 4 Individual restraining orders supersede the standard family law restraining 5 orders on the back of in the Family Law and Uniform Parentage Act 6 summonses. 7 8 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 9 10 Rule 5.50 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013. 11 12 Rule 5.83. Family centered case resolution 13 \* \* \* 14 (a)-(c)15 16 Family centered case resolution conferences 17 \* \* \* 18 (1)–(4)19 20 Nothing in this rule prohibits an employee of the court from reviewing the (5) 21 file and notifying the parties of any deficiencies in their paperwork before the 22 parties appear in front of a judicial officer at a family centered case resolution 23 conference. This type of assistance can occur by telephone, in person, or in 24 writing, or by other means approved by the court, on or before each 25 scheduled family centered case resolution conference. However, this type of 26 procedural assistance is not intended to replace family centered case 27 resolution plan management or to create a barrier to litigants' access to a 28 judicial officer. 29 30 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 31 32 \* \* \* (e)–(g)33 34 Rule 5.83 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2012. 35 36 Rule 5.91. Individual restraining order 37 38 On a party's request for order and as provided in the Family Code, a court may issue any 39 individual restraining order that appears to be reasonable or necessary, including those 40 automatic temporary restraining orders included on the back of in the family law 41 summons. Individual orders supersede the standard family law restraining orders on the

back of in the Family Law and Uniform Parentage Act summonses.

42

1	Rule	5.91 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.		
2 3	Dula	5 210. Court connected shild custody mediation		
4	Rule 5.210. Court-connected child custody mediation			
5	(a)-(	(f) ***		
6	( <b>u</b> ) (	(*)		
7	<b>(g)</b>	Education and training providers		
8	νο,			
9		Only education and training acquired from eligible providers meet the requirements		
10		of this rule. "Eligible providers" includes the Administrative Office of the Courts		
11		Judicial Council and may include educational institutions, professional		
12		associations, professional continuing education groups, public or private for-profit		
13		or not-for-profit groups, and court-connected groups.		
14				
15		(1) ***		
16				
17		(2) Effective July 1, 2005, all education and training programs must be approved		
18		by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff in		
19		consultation with the Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee.		
20				
21		(Subd (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2005.)		
22				
23	<b>(h)</b>	* * *		
24				
25		5.210 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1257.1 effective July 1, 2001;		
26		nded and renumbered as rule 5.210 effective January 1, 2003; previously amended effective		
27	Janu	ary 1, 2003, January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2007.		
28	ъ.	5015 D 4 11 4 16 D 11 G 46 1		
29	Kule	e 5.215. Domestic violence protocol for Family Court Services		
30	(a) 4	(c) ***		
31	(a)-(	(c) ***		
32 33	(4)	Family Count Conviged Decemention and duties		
34	<b>(d)</b>	Family Court Services: Description and duties		
35		(1)–(4) ***		
36		(1)-(4)		
37		(5) Providing information		
38		(5) Fromme information		
39		Family Court Services staff must provide information to families accessing		
40		their services about the effects of domestic violence on adults and children.		
41		Family Court Services programs, including but not limited to orientation		
42		programs, must provide information and materials that describe Family Court		
43		Services policy and procedures with respect to domestic violence. Where		

1 Whenever possible, the videotapes provided information delivered in video 2 or audiovisual format should be closed-captioned. 3 4 \* \* \* (6)-(8)5 6 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 7 2003.) 8 9 \* \* \* (e)-(j)10 11 Rule 5.215 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1257.2 effective January 1, 2002; 12 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.215 effective January 1, 2003; previously 13 amended effective January 1, 2007. 14 15 Rule 5.225. Appointment requirements for child custody evaluators 16 17 (a)-(m) \*\*\*18 19 **Education and training providers** 20 21 "Eligible providers" includes the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 22 Council and may include educational institutions, professional associations, 23 professional continuing education groups, public or private for-profit or not-for-24 profit groups, and court-connected groups. Eligible providers must: 25 (1)–(6) \*\*\* 26 27 28 (Subd (n) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (n); previously amended 29 and relettered as subd (m) effective January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 30 1, 2007; previously relettered as subd (n) effective January 1, 2011.) 31 32 Program approval required (0)33 34 All education and training programs must be approved by the Administrative 35 Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff in consultation with the Family and 36 Juvenile Law Advisory Committee. Education and training courses that were taken 37 between January 1, 2000, and July 1, 2003, may be applied toward the 38 requirements of this rule if they addressed the subjects listed in (d) and either were 39 certified or approved for continuing education credit by a professional provider 40 group or were offered as part of a related postgraduate degree or licensing program.

1 2 3 4		and r	d (o) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (o); previously amended relettered as subd (n) effective January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 07; previously relettered as subd (o) effective January 1, 2011.)			
5		Rule 5.225 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1257.4 effective January 1, 2002; renumbered as rule 5.225 effective January 1, 2003; previously amended effective January 1,				
7 8	2005	, Janu	ary 1, 2007, January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2015.			
9	Dula	5 230	Domestic violence training standards for court-appointed child custody			
10	Kuit		stigators and evaluators			
11		11111	siguiors und conductors			
12	(a)-	(c) *	* *			
13	()	(-)				
14	( <b>d</b> )	Man	datory training			
15	` '					
16		Pers	ons appointed as child custody investigators under Family Code section 3110			
17		or E	vidence Code section 730, and persons who are professional staff or trainees in			
18		a chi	ld custody or visitation evaluation or investigation, must complete basic			
19			ing in domestic violence issues as described in Family Code section 1816 and,			
20		in ad	dition:			
21						
22		(1)	Advanced training			
23						
24			Sixteen hours of advanced training must be completed within a 12-month			
25			period. The training must include the following:			
26						
27			(A) Twelve hours of instruction, as approved by the Administrative Office			
28			of the Courts Judicial Council staff, in:			
29 30			(i) (y) ***			
31			(i)-(v) * * *			
32			(B) ***			
33			(B)			
34		(2)	* * *			
35		(-)				
36		(Sub	d (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,			
37			January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2005.)			
38						
39	<b>(e)</b>	Edu	cation and training providers			
40						
41		-	education and training acquired from eligible providers meets the			
42		-	irements of this rule. "Eligible providers" includes the Administrative Office of			
43		the (	Courts <u>Judicial Council</u> and may include educational institutions, professional			

1		asso	ciations, professional continuing education groups, public or private for-profit
2		or no	ot-for-profit groups, and court-connected groups.
3			
4		(1)	* * *
5			
6		(2)	Effective July 1, 2005, all education and training programs must be approved
7			by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff in
8			consultation with the Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee.
9			•
10		(Sub	d (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
11		2005	
12			
13	<b>(f)</b> –(	g) *	* *
14		ο,	
15	Rule	5.230	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1257.7 effective January 1, 1999;
16			nd renumbered as rule 5.230 effective January 1, 2003; previously amended effective
17			2004, January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2007.
18	0 00,000	, <u>.</u> , .	2001, <b>0</b> mman y 1, 2002, and <b>0</b> mman y 1, 2001.
19	Rule	5.242	2. Qualifications, rights, and responsibilities of counsel appointed to
20			resent a child in family law proceedings
21			Processes
22	(a)-(	(i) *	**
23	(44)	<b>J</b> )	
24	(k)	Othe	er considerations
25	()	0 0220	, <del>2</del>
26		Com	nsel is not required to assume the responsibilities of a social worker, probation
27			er, child custody evaluator, or mediator and is not expected to provide
28			egal services to the child. Subject to the terms of the court's order of
29			intment, counsel for a child may take the following actions to implement his or
30			tatutory duties in representing a child in a family law proceeding:
31		1101 5	tutatory duties in representing a clinia in a raining law proceeding.
32		(1)–(	(3) ***
33		(1) (	
34		(4)	Conduct thorough, continuing, and independent investigations and discovery
35		(1)	to protect the child's interest, which may include:
36			to protect the chird's interest, which may include.
37			(A)–(F) * * *
38			
39			(G) Reviewing relevant photographs, video- or audiotapes recordings, and
40			other evidence;
41			omer evidence,
42			(H)–(L) * * *
43			
TJ			

1		(5) ***
2 3		(Subd (k) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
4		(Suba (N) amenaca effective variation) 1, 20101)
5	Rule	5.242 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously
6	amer	nded effective January 1, 2012.
7		
8	Rule	e 5.275. Standards for computer software to assist in determining support
9		
10	(a)	(f) ***
11	(.)	D. 6' - '4'
12 13	<b>(g)</b>	Definitions
13		As used in this <del>rule</del> <u>chapter</u> :
15		As used in this rule chapter.
16		(1) "Software" refers to any program or digital application used to calculate the
17		appropriate amount of child or spousal support.
18		wpproprime mile mile of the mount outpoint.
19		<del>(1)(2)</del> ***
20		
21		<del>(2)(3)</del> ***
22		
23		(Subd (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
24		2003.)
25		
26	( <b>h</b> )–	(j) ***
27		
28		5.275 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1258 effective December 1, 1993
29	_	iously amended and renumbered as rule 5.275 effective January 1, 2003; previously
30	amer	nded effective January 1, 2000, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2009.
31	Dul	5 475 Custody and visitation and are following termination of a juvenile count
32 33	Kuit	e 5.475. Custody and visitation orders following termination of a juvenile court proceeding or probate court guardianship proceeding
34		proceeding of probate court guardianship proceeding
35	(a)	Custody and visitation order from other courts or divisions
36	(4)	Custouy and visitation of der from other courts of divisions
37		A juvenile court or probate court may transmit a custody or visitation order to a
38		family court for inclusion in a pending family law proceeding or to open a new
39		family law case file, after termination of a juvenile court proceeding or a probate
40		guardianship proceeding under rules 5.700 and 7.1008.
41		
42		On termination of juvenile court jurisdiction under rule 5.700 or termination of a
43		probate guardianship under rule 7.1008, the juvenile court or probate court will

1 direct the transmission of its custody or visitation orders to any superior court in 2 which a related family law custody proceeding or probate guardianship proceeding 3 is pending for filing in that proceeding. 4 5 If no such proceeding is pending, the court terminating jurisdiction will direct the 6 transmission of its order to the superior court of, in order of preference, the county 7 in which the parent with sole physical custody resides; if none, the county where 8 the child's primary residence is located; or, if neither exists, a county or location 9 where any custodial parent resides. 10 11 Procedure for filing custody or visitation orders from juvenile or probate (1) 12 court 13 14 (A) The Except as directed in subparagraph (B), on receiving the custody or 15 visitation order of a juvenile court or the visitation order of a former 16 guardian probate court, the clerk of the receiving court must file the 17 order must be filed in any pending nullity, dissolution, legal separation, 18 paternity Uniform Parentage Act, Domestic Violence Prevention Act, 19 or other family law custody proceeding, or in any probate guardianship 20 proceeding which that affects custody or visitation of the child. 21 22 (B) If no dependency, family law, or probate guardianship proceeding 23 affecting custody or visitation of the child is pending, the order may be 24 used as the sole basis to open a file and assign a family law case 25 number. If the only pending proceeding related to the child in the 26 receiving court is filed under Family Code section 17400 et seq., the 27 clerk must proceed as follows. 28 29 If the receiving court has issued a custody or visitation order in (i) 30 the pending proceeding, the clerk must file the received order in 31 that proceeding. 32 33 If the receiving court has not issued a custody or visitation order (ii) 34 in the pending proceeding, the clerk must not file the received 35 order in that proceeding, but must instead proceed under 36 subparagraph (C). 37 38 (C) If no dependency, family law, or guardianship proceeding affecting 39 custody or visitation of the child is pending, the order must be used to 40 open a new custody proceeding in the receiving court. The clerk must 41 immediately open a family law file without charging a filing fee, assign 42 a case number, and file the eustody or visitation order, without a filing

1		fee, in the file of any family law proceeding affecting the custody and					
2		visitation of the child order in the new case file.					
3							
4		(2) Endorsed filed copy—clerk's certificate of mailing					
5							
6		Within 15 court days after of receiving the order, the clerk must send, by					
7		first-class mail, an endorsed filed copy of the order showing the receiving					
8		eourt case number assigned by the receiving court by first-class mail to: each					
9		of the child's parents and to the court that issued the order, with a completed					
10		clerk's certificate of mailing, for inclusion in the issuing court's file.					
11		<del></del>					
12		(A) The persons whose names and addresses are listed on the order; and					
13							
14		(B) The court that issued the order, with a completed clerk's certificate of					
15		mailing, for inclusion in the sending court's file.					
16							
17		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,					
18		2007.)					
19							
20	<b>(b)</b>	Modification of former guardian visitation orders—custodial parent					
21							
22		When a parent of the child has custody of the child following termination of a					
23		probate guardianship, <del>proceedings</del> a former guardian's request for modification of					
24		the probate court visitation order, including an order denying visitation, must be					
25		determined brought in a proceeding under the Family Code.					
26							
27		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,					
28		2007.)					
29							
30	<b>(c)</b>	* * *					
31							
32	Rule	5.475 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2006; previously					
33	amen	ded effective January 1, 2007.					
34							
35	Rule	5.483. Transfer of case					
36							
37	(a)–(	(f) ***					
38							
39	<b>(g)</b>	Order on request to transfer					
40							
41		(1) The court must issue its final order on the Order on Petition to Transfer Case					
42		Involving an Indian Child to Tribal Jurisdiction (form ICWA-060).					
43							

l		<u>(2)</u> \(\lambda\)	<i>W</i> he	n a matter is being transferred from the jurisdiction of a juvenile court,
2		<u>t</u>	he o	rder must include:
3				
4		(	<u>A)</u>	All of the findings, orders, or modifications of orders that have been
5				made in the case;
6				
7		(	B)	The name and address of the tribe to which jurisdiction is being
8		7	<u></u>	transferred;
9				<u>numbrented</u> ,
10		(	<u>(C)</u>	Directions for the agency to release the child case file to the tribe
11		7	<u>,</u>	having jurisdiction under section 827.15 of the Welfare and Institutions
12				Code;
13				code,
14		(	D)	Directions that all papers contained in the child case file must be
15		7	<u>D)</u>	transferred to the tribal court; and
16				transferred to the titoar court, and
17		(	E)	Directions that a copy of the transfer order and the findings of fact must
18		7	<u>L')</u>	be maintained by the transferring court.
19				oc maintained by the transferring court.
20		(Subd (	a) an	nended effective January 1, 2016.)
21		(Suba (	g) an	vended effective January 1, 2010.)
22	(b)	A dwise		nt when transfer order granted
23	<u>(h)</u>	Auvise	emer	n when transfer order granted
23 24		Wilson	<b>41.</b> a a	count currents a matition turns famina a case to tribal count under Walfana
24 25				court grants a petition transferring a case to tribal court under Welfare
				cions Code section 305.5, Family Code section 177(a), or Probate Code
26				59.5(b) and rule 5.483, the court must advise the parties orally and in
27		_		t any appeal to the order for transfer to a tribal court must be made
28				transfer to tribal jurisdiction is finalized and that failure to request and
29		<u>obtain</u>	a sta	y of the order for transfer will result in a loss of appellate jurisdiction.
30				
31		(Subd (	h) ad	lopted effective January 1, 2016.)
32		_		
33	<del>(h)</del> (i	<u>)</u> Proce	eedii	ng after transfer
34				
35		* * *		
36				
37		(Subd (	i) rel	ettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (h).)
38				
39	Rule	5.483 an	ıende	ed effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously
40	amen	ded effec	ctive .	January 1, 2013.
41				
42				<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
43				

1 Once a transfer to tribal court is finalized as provided in rule 5.483(i), the appellate court lacks 2 jurisdiction to order the case returned to state court (In re M.M. (2007) 154 Cal.App.4th 897). 3 4 As stated by the Court of Appeal in In re M.M., the juvenile court has the discretion to stay the 5 provisions of a judgment or order awarding, changing, or affecting custody of a minor child 6 "pending review on appeal or for any other period or periods that it may deem appropriate" (Code 7 Civ. Proc., § 917.7), and the party seeking review of the transfer order should first request a stay 8 in the lower court. (See Nuckolls v. Bank of California, Nat. Assn. (1936) 7 Cal.2d 574, 577 [61 9 P.2d 927] ["Inasmuch as the [L]egislature has provided a method by which the trial court, in a proper case, may grant the stay, the appellate courts, assuming that they have the power, should 10 11 not, except in some unusual emergency, exercise their power until the petitioner has first 12 presented the matter to the trial court."].) If the juvenile court should deny the stay request, the 13 aggrieved party may then petition this court for a writ of supersedeas pending appeal. (Cal. Rules 14 of Court, rule 8.112). 15 16 Subsection (h) and this advisory committee comment are added to help ensure that an objecting 17 party does not inadvertently lose the right to appeal a transfer order. 18 19 Rule 5.502. Definitions and use of terms 20 21 Definitions (§§ 202(e), 303, 319, 361, 361.5(a)(3), 450, 628.1, 636, 726, 727.3(c)(2), 22 727.4(d), 4512(j), 4701.6(b), 11400(v), 11400(y), 16501(f)(16); 20 U.S.C. § 1415; 25 23 U.S.C. § 1903(2)) 24 25 As used in these rules, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires: 26 27 (1)–(10) \*\*\* 28 29 (11) "Detained" means any removal of the child from the person or persons legally 30 entitled to the child's physical custody, or any release of the child on home 31 supervision under section 628.1 or 636. A child released or placed on home 32 supervision is not detained for the purposes of federal foster care funding. 33 (12)–(45) \*\*\* 34 35 36 Rule 5.502 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1401 effective January 1, 1990; 37 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.502 effective January 1, 2007; previously 38 amended effective July 1, 1992, July 1, 1997, January 1, 1998, January 1, 1999, January 1, 2001, 39 July 1, 2002, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2010, January 1, 2011, January 1, 2012,

Rule 5.505. Juvenile dependency court performance measures

July 1, 2012, and January 1, 2014.

40

41 42

1	(a)–(	(b) * * *				
2 3	(c)	Data collection				
4 5 6		(1) ***				
7 8		(2) Before implementation of the CCMS family and juvenile law module, each local court must collect and submit to the AOC-Judicial Council the subset of				
9 10		juvenile dependency data described in (b) and further delineated in the Implementation Guide to Juvenile Dependency Court Performance Measures				
11 12		that it is reasonably capable of collecting and submitting with its existing court case management system and resources.				
13 14		(3) On implementation of the CCMS family and juvenile law module in a local				
15 16		court, and as the necessary data elements become electronically available, the local court must collect and submit to the AOC Judicial Council the juvenile				
17 18		dependency data described in (b) and further delineated in the  Implementation Guide to Juvenile Dependency Court Performance				
19 20		Measures. For the purposes of this subdivision, "implementation of the CCMS family and juvenile law module" in a local court means that the				
21 22 23		CCMS family and juvenile law module has been deployed in that court, is functioning, and has the ability to capture the required data elements and that local court staff has been trained to use the system.				
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
27 28	( <b>d</b> )	Use of data and development of measures before CCMS implementation				
29 30		Before CCMS implementation, the AOC Judicial Council must:				
31 32		(1) ***				
33 34 35		(2) Establish a procedure to assist the local courts in submitting the required data to the AOC Judicial Council;				
36 37		(3)–(5) * * *				
38 39		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
40 41	(e)	Use of data after CCMS implementation				
42 43		On implementation of CCMS, the AOC-Judicial Council must:				

```
(1)–(4) ***
 1
 2
 3
            (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
 4
 5
      Rule 5.505 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
 6
 7
      Rule 5.518. Court-connected child protection/dependency mediation
 8
 9
      (a)-(h) * * *
10
11
            Education and training providers
      (i)
12
13
            Only education and training acquired from eligible providers meet the requirements
14
            of this rule. "Eligible providers" includes the Administrative Office of the Courts
15
            Judicial Council and may include educational institutions, professional
16
            associations, professional continuing education groups, public or private for-profit
17
            or not-for-profit groups, and court-connected groups.
18
                  * * *
19
            (1)
20
21
                  Effective July 1, 2005, all education and training programs must be approved
            (2)
22
                  by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff in
23
                  consultation with the Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee.
24
25
            (Subd (i) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2005;
26
            previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)
27
28
            * * *
      (j)
29
30
      Rule 5.518 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1405.5 effective January 1, 2004;
31
      previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.518 effective January 1, 2007; previously
32
      amended effective January 1, 2005, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.
33
34
      Rule 5.534. General provisions—all proceedings
35
      (a)-(m)
                  * * *
36
37
38
            Caregiver notice and right to be heard (§§ 290.1–297, 366.21)
39
40
            For cases filed under section 300 et seq.:
41
            (1)–(5) ***
42
43
```

When form JV-290 or a caregiver letter is filed, the court clerk must provide 1 (6) 2 the social worker, all unrepresented parties, and all attorneys with a copy of 3 the completed form or letter immediately upon receipt. The clerk also must 4 complete, file, and distribute *Proof of Service—Juvenile* (form JV-510). The 5 clerk may use any technology designed to speed the distribution process, 6 including drop boxes in the courthouse, e-mail or, fax, or other electronic 7 transmission, as defined in rule 2.250, to distribute the JV-290 form or letter 8 and proof of service form. 9 10 (Subd (n) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (m) effective October 1, 11 2007; previously relettered as subd (n) effective January 1, 2008.) 12 (o)-(p) \*\*\* 13 14 15 Rule 5.534 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1412 effective January 1, 1991; 16 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.534 effective January 1, 2007; previously 17 amended effective January 1, 1994, July 1, 1995, January 1, 1997, January 1, 2000, July 1, 2002, 18 January 1, 2005, October 1, 2007, January 1, 2008, January 1, 2010, January 1, 2011, and 19 January 1, 2014. 20 21 Rule 5.538. Conduct of proceedings held before a referee not acting as a temporary 22 judge 23 24 \* \* \* (a) 25 26 **(b)** Furnishing and serving findings and order; explanation of right to review 27 (§ 248) 28 29 After each hearing before a referee, the referee must make findings and enter an order as provided elsewhere in these rules. In each case, the referee must cause all 30 31 of the following to be done promptly: 32 33 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 34 35 Serve the parent and guardian,—and counsel for the child, parent, and 36 guardian,—a copy of the findings and order, with a written explanation of the 37 right to seek review of the order by a juvenile court judge. Service must be by 38 mail to the last known address and is deemed complete at the time of mailing. 39 40 (A) Service is deemed complete at the time of personal, in-court service as 41 provided in Welfare and Institutions Code section 248, subdivision

42

43

(b)(1).

1 2			<u>(B)</u>	_	rsonal, in-court service as in (A) is not possible, service must be by to the last known address and is deemed complete at the time of
3					ng as provided in subdivision (b)(2) of that section.
5		(Suba	` '	mended	l effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
7		2007.	)		
8	Rule :	5.538 d	amend	ed effe	ctive January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1416 effective January 1, 1990;
9					renumbered as rule 5.538 effective January 1, 2007.
10					
11	Rule	5.555	. Hea	aring (	to consider termination of juvenile court jurisdiction over a
12		noni	minor	-dep	endents or wards of the juvenile court in a foster care
13		_			nonminor dependents (§§ 224.1(b), 303, 366.31, 391, 452, 607.3,
14		1650	)1.1(f)	(16)	
15		<b>.</b>			
16	(a)-(	c) *	* *		
17	(4)	Find	inas s	nd an	dowa
18 19	<b>(d)</b>	rına	ıngs a	nd or	ders
20		In ad	dition	to cor	applying with all other statutory and rule requirements applicable
21					e following judicial findings and orders must be made and
22					ritten court documentation of the hearing:
23					
24		(1)	Find	ings	
25		,		Ü	
26			(A)	(M)	* * *
27					
28			<u>(N)</u>		nonminor who has attained 21 years of age the court is only
29				<u>requi</u>	red to find that:
30				<b>(*)</b>	X .:
31				<u>(i)</u>	Notice was given as required by law.
32 33				(ii)	The nonminer was provided with the information, decuments
34				<u>(ii)</u>	The nonminor was provided with the information, documents, and services required under section 391(e), and a completed
35					Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor (form JV-
36					365) was filed with the court.
37					
38				<u>(iii)</u>	The 90-day Transition Plan is a concrete, individualized plan that
39				, —	specifically covers the following areas: housing, health insurance,
40					education, local opportunities for mentoring and continuing
41					support services, workforce supports and employment services,
42					and information that explains how and why to designate a power
43					of attorney for health care.

1			
2			(iv) The nonminor has attained 21 years of age and is no longer
3			subject to the jurisdiction of the court under section 303.
4			
5		(2)	Orders
6			
7			(A)-(E) * * *
8			
9			(F) For a nonminor who has attained 21 years of age and is no longer
10			subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under section 303, the
11			court must enter an order that juvenile court jurisdiction is dismissed
12			and that the attorney for the nonminor dependent is relieved 60 days
13			from the date of the order.
14			
15			(d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012,
16		July 1	1, 2013, and January 1, 2014.)
17			
18			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2012; previously
19	amen	ided efj	Sective July 1, 2012, July 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014.
20	ъ.	o	
21	Kule	5.570	. Request to change court order (petition for modification)
22	( )		ቃ <b>ታ</b>
23	$(\mathbf{a})$ –(	(c) *	* *
24	(1)	ъ.	.161
25	<b>(d)</b>	Deni	al of hearing
26 27		The	pourt may dony the notition or north if
27		i ne o	court may deny the petition ex parte if:
28		(1)	The notition filed under section 200(a) or section 770(a) fails to state a
29 30		(1)	The petition filed under section 388(a) or section 778(a) fails to state a
31			change of circumstance or new evidence that may require a change of order or termination of jurisdiction or fails to show that the requested modification
32			would promote the best interest of the child, nonminor, or nonminor
33			dependent.
34			dependent.
35		(2)	The petition filed under section 388(b) fails to demonstrate that the requested
36		(2)	modification would promote the best interest of the <u>dependent</u> child; <del>or</del>
37			modification would promote the best interest of the dependent ennu, or
38		<u>(3)</u>	The petition filed under section 388(b) or 778(b) requests visits with a
39		(2)	nondependent child and demonstrates that sibling visitation is contrary to the
40			safety and well-being of any of the siblings;
41			surely and well being of any of the slottings,

1 2 3		<u>(4)</u>	The petition filed under section 388(b) or 778(b) requests visits with a nondependent sibling who remains in the custody of a mutual parent who is not subject to the court's jurisdiction; or
4			<u></u>
5		<del>(3)</del> (5)	The petition filed under section 388(c) fails to state facts showing that the
6 7			parent has failed to visit the child or that the parent has failed to participate regularly and make substantive progress in a court-ordered treatment plan or
8			fails to show that the requested termination of services would promote the
9 10			best interest of the child.
11		(Subd	(d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously amended
12			elettered as subd (d) effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January
13		1, 201	10, and January 1, 2014.)
14			
15	<b>(e)</b>	Grou	ands for grant of petition (§§ 388, 778)
16 17		(1)	If the petition filed under section 388(a) or section 778(a) states a change of
18		(1)	circumstance or new evidence and it appears that the best interest of the
19			child, nonminor, or nonminor dependent may be promoted by the proposed
20			change of order or termination of jurisdiction, the court may grant the petition
21			after following the procedures in (f), (g), and (h), or (i).
22			
23		(2)	If the petition is filed under section 388(b) and it appears that the best interest
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>			of the child, nonminor, or nonminor dependent may be promoted by the proposed recognition of a sibling relationship and or other requested orders,
26			the court may grant the petition after following the procedures in $(f)$ , $(g)$ , and
27			(h).
28			
29		<u>(3)</u>	If the petition is filed under section 388(b), the request is for visitation with a
30			sibling who is not a dependent of the court and who is in the custody of a
31			parent subject to the court's jurisdiction, and that sibling visitation is not
32 33			contrary to the safety and well-being of any of the siblings, the court may
33 34			grant the request after following the procedures in (f), (g), and (h).
35		<u>(4)</u>	If the petition is filed under section 778(b), the request is for visitation with a
36		<del></del>	sibling who is not a dependent of the court and who is in the custody of a
37			parent subject to the court's jurisdiction, and that sibling visitation is not
38			contrary to the safety and well being of the ward or any of the siblings, the
39			court may grant the request after following the procedures in (f), (g), and (i).
40		(2) (5)	\
41 42		<del>(3)</del> (5)	
42		<del>(4)</del> (6)	\
TJ		(T)(U	<u>L</u>

1		
2		(5)(7) If the petition filed under section 388(a) is filed before an order terminating
3		parental rights and is seeking to modify an order that reunification services
4		were not needed need not be provided under section 361.5(b)(4), (5), or (6) or
5		to modify any orders related to custody or visitation of the child for whom
6		reunification services were not ordered under section 361.5(b)(4), (5), or (6),
7		the court may modify the orders only if the court finds by clear and
8		convincing evidence that the proposed change is in the best interests of the
9		child. The court may grant the petition after following the procedures in (f),
10		(g), and (h).
11		
12		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); previously amended
13		and relettered as subd (e) effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January
14		1, 2010, and January 1, 2014.)
15		-,, and carrier, -,,
16	<b>(f)</b>	Hearing on petition
17	. ,	
18		If all parties stipulate to the requested modification, the court may order
19		modification without a hearing. If there is no such stipulation and the petition has
20		not been denied ex parte under section (d), the court must either:
21		1
22		(1) order that a hearing on the petition for modification be held within 30
23		calendar days after the petition is filed-; or
24		J 1 ——
25		(2) order a hearing for the parties to argue whether an evidentiary hearing on the
26		petition should be granted or denied. If the court then grants an evidentiary
27		hearing on the petition, that hearing must be held within 30 calendar days
28		after the petition is filed.
29		<del></del>
30		(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously relettered as
31		subd (f) effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, and January
32		1, 2010.)
33		
34	<b>(g)</b>	* * *
35	νο,	
36	<b>(h)</b>	Conduct of hearing (§ 388)
37		
38		(1) The petitioner requesting the modification under section 388 has the burden
39		of proof.
40		
41		(A) If the request is for the removal of the child from the child's home, the
42		petitioner must show by clear and convincing evidence that the grounds
43		for removal in section 361(c) exist.

1			
2			(A)(B) ***
3			
4			(B)(C) If the request is to modify an order that reunification services were not
5			needed ordered under section 361.5(b)(4), (5), or (6) or to modify any
6			orders related to custody or visitation of the child for whom
7			reunification services were not ordered under section 361.5(b)(4), (5),
8			or (6), the petitioner must show by clear and convincing evidence that
9			the proposed change is in the best interests of the child.
10			
11			( <u>C</u> )( <u>D</u> ) * * *
12			
13			(E) If the request is for visitation with a sibling who is not a dependent of
14			the court, the court may grant the request unless the court determines
15			that the sibling remains in the custody of a mutual parent who is not
16			subject to the court's jurisdiction or that sibling visitation is contrary to
17			the safety and well-being of any of the siblings.
18			
19		(2)	* * *
20			
21		(Subd	(h) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended and
22		relette	red as subd (h) effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 2000,
23		July 1	, 2002, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2014.)
24			
25	<b>(i)</b>	Cond	uct of hearing (§ 778)
26			
27		<u>(1)</u>	The petitioner requesting the modification under section 778(a) has the
28			burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the ward's welfare
29			requires the modification. Proof may be by declaration and other
30			documentary evidence, or by testimony, or both, at the discretion of the court.
31			
32		<u>(2)</u>	If the request is for sibling visitation under section 778(b), the court may
33			grant the request unless the court determines that the sibling remains in the
34			custody of a mutual parent who is not subject to the court's jurisdiction or
35			that sibling visitation is contrary to the safety and well-being of any of the
36			siblings.
37			
38		(Subd	(i) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (g); previously amended
39		effecti	ve July 1, 2002; previously amended and relettered as subd (i) effective January 1,
40		2007.)	
41			

1 Petitions for juvenile court to resume jurisdiction over nonminors (§§ 388(e), **(j)** 2 388.1) 3 4 A petition filed by or on behalf of a nonminor requesting that the court resume jurisdiction over the nonminor as a nonminor dependent is not subject to this rule. 5 6 Petitions filed under subdivision (e) of section 388(e) or section 388.1 are subject 7 to rule 5.906. 8 9 (Subd (j) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2014.) 10 11 Rule 5.570 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1432 effective January 1, 1991; 12 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.570 effective January 1, 2007; previously 13 amended effective January 1, 1992, July 1, 1995, July 1, 2000, July 1, 2002, January 1, 2003, 14 January 1, 2009, January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2014. 15 16 Rule 5.590. Advisement of right to review in Welfare and Institutions Code section 17 300, 601, or 602 cases 18 (a)-(b) \*\*\* 19 20 21 Advisement requirements for appeal of order to transfer to tribal court (c) 22 23 When the court grants a petition transferring a case to tribal court under Welfare 24 and Institutions Code section 305.5, Family Code section 177(a), or Probate Code 25 section 1459.5(b), and rule 5.483, the court must advise the parties orally and in 26 writing, that an appeal of the order must be filed before the transfer to tribal 27 jurisdiction is finalized, and that failure to request and obtain a stay of the order for 28 transfer will result in a loss of appellate jurisdiction. 29 30 (Subd (c) adopted effective January 1, 2016.) 31 32 Rule 5.590 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1435 effective January 1, 1990; 33 previously amended effective January 1, 1992, January 1, 1993, January 1, 1994, January 1, 34 1995, and July 1, 1999; previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.585 effective January 1, 35 2007; previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.590 effective July 1, 2010. 36

(a) Exclusive jurisdiction (§ 304)

Rule 5.620. Orders after filing under section 300

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Once a petition has been filed in juvenile court alleging that a child is described by a subsection of section 300, and until the petition is dismissed or dependency is terminated, the juvenile court has sole and exclusive jurisdiction over matters to

hear proceedings relating to the custody of the child and visitation with the child 1 2 and establishing a guardianship for the child. 3 4 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 5 6 \* \* \* **(b)** 7 8 (c) Custody and visitation (§ 361.2) 9 10 If the court sustains a petition, and finds that the child is described by section 300, 11 and removes physical custody from a parent or guardian, it may enter findings and 12 orders order the child placed in the custody of a previously noncustodial parent as 13 described in rule 5.695(a)(7)(A) and or (B). 14 15 (1) These findings and This orders may be entered at the dispositional hearing 16 under rule 5.700, or at any subsequent review hearing under rule 5.710(g) or 17 5.715(d)(2) or rule 5.720(b)(1)(B) 5.708(k), or on the granting of a motion 18 request under section 388 for custody and visitation orders. 19 20 If the court orders legal and physical custody to the previously noncustodial (2) 21 parent and terminates dependency jurisdiction under rule 5.695(a)(7)(A), the 22 court must proceed under rule 5.700. 23 24 If the court orders custody to the noncustodial parent subject to the (3) 25 continuing supervision of the court, the court may order services provided to 26 either parent or to both parents under section 361.2(b)(3). If the court orders 27 the provision of services, it must review its custody determination at each 28 subsequent hearing held under section 366 and rule 5.708. 29 30 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 31 2007.) 32 (d)-(e) \* \* \* 33 34 35 Rule 5.620 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1429.1 effective January 1, 2000; 36 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.620 effective January 1, 2007; previously 37 amended effective January 1, 2014. 38 39 Rule 5.655. Program requirements for Court Appointed Special Advocate programs 40 \* \* \* 41 (a) 42

1	<b>(b)</b>	Definitions	
2			
3		(1) ***	
4			
5		(2) The Judicial Council's Administrative Office of the	
6		create a CASA Program Policies and Procedures I	_
7		recommended program policies and procedures. If	
8		staff creates a manual, it will be developed in colla	
9		California CASA Association and California CAS	
10		protocols will address program and fiscal manager	
11		screening, selection, training, and supervision of la	ay volunteers.
12			
13		(3)–(5) ***	
14			
15			
16		Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as sub	d (a); previously amended
17		and relettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2005; previous	sly amended effective January
18		1, 2007.)	
19			
20	(c)-(	* * *	
21			
22	<b>(k)</b>	CASA program administration and management	
23			
24		A CASA program must adopt and adhere to a written pla	an for program governance
25		and evaluation that includes the following as applicable:	
26			
27		(1) Articles of incorporation, bylaws, and a board of d	lirectors. Any CASA
28		program that functions under the auspices of a pub	olic agency or private entity
29		must specify in its plan a clear administrative relat	tionship with the parent
30		organization and clearly delineated delegations of	authority and
31		accountability. No CASA program may function u	under the auspices of a
32		probation department or department of social serv	ices. CASA programs may
33		receive funds from probation departments, local cl	hild welfare agencies, and
34		the California Department of Social Services if:	
35			
36		(A)–(B) * * *	
37			
38		(C) Any MOU or contract between a CASA pro	gram and the contributing
39		agency is submitted to and approved by AO	_
40			
41		(2)–(5) ***	
42			

1		(Suba	(k) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (i); previously amended and					
2		relettered as subd (k) effective January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 1,						
3		1995, January 1, 2000, and January 1, 2007.)						
4								
5 6	(l)	Fina	ce, facility, and risk management					
7 8		(1)	A CASA program must adopt a written plan for fiscal control. The fiscal plan must include an annual audit, conducted by a qualified professional, that is					
9			consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and the audit					
10			protocols in the program's contract with the Administrative Office of the					
11			Courts Judicial Council.					
12		,_, ,						
13		(2)-(	) * * *					
14								
15		(Suba	1) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2005.)					
16								
17	(m)	* * *						
18								
19	Rule.	5.655 d	nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1424 effective July 1, 1994;					
20	previ	ously a	nended and renumbered as rule 5.655 effective January 1, 2007; previously					
21	amen	ded eff	ctive January 1, 1995, January 1, 2000, January 1, 2001, January 1, 2005, and					
22	Janua	ıry 1, 2	10.					
23								
24	Rule	5.674	Conduct of hearing; admission, no contest, submission					
25								
26	(a)	* * *						
27	. ,							
28	<b>(b)</b>	Dete	tion hearing; general conduct (§ 319; 42 U.S.C. § 600 et seq.)					
29								
30		(1)	Γhe court must read, consider, and reference any reports submitted by the					
31			social worker and any relevant evidence submitted by any party or counsel.					
32			All detention findings and orders must be made on the record and appear in					
33			he written orders of the court.					
34								
35		<u>(2)</u>	The findings and orders that must be made on the record are:					
36		<del>~ /</del>						
37			(A) Continuance in the home is contrary to the child's welfare;					
38			21) Commission in the nome 12 contains to the child 5 well and					
39			(B) Temporary placement and care are vested with the social services					
40			agency;					
41			<del>202.42];</del>					
42			(C) Reasonable efforts have been made to prevent removal; and					
43			Ci reasonable errorts have been made to prevent removar, and					
<b>T</b> J								

(D) The findings and orders required to be made on the record under 1 2 section 319. 3 4 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2002; previously 5 amended effective January 1, 2007.) 6 (c)-(d) \*\*\*7 8 9 Rule 5.674 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 1444 effective 10 January 1, 1998; previously amended effective July 1, 2002; previously amended and 11 renumbered as rule 5.674 effective January 1, 2007. 12 Rule 5.676. Requirements for detention 13 14 \* \* \* 15 (a) 16 17 Evidence required at detention hearing **(b)** 18 19 In making the findings required to support an order of detention, the court may rely 20 solely on written police reports, probation or social worker reports, or other 21 documents. 22 23 The reports relied on must include: 24 25 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 26 27 If a parent is enrolled in a certified substance abuse treatment facility that (3) 28 allows a dependent child to reside with his or her parent, information and a 29 recommendation regarding whether the child can be returned to the custody 30 of that parent. 31 32 (3)(4)33 34 (4)(5) If continued detention is recommended, information about any parent or 35 guardian of the child with whom the child was not residing at the time the 36 child was taken into custody or and about any relative or nonrelative extended family member as defined under section 362.7 with whom the child 37 38 may be detained. 39 40 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, 41 and January 1, 2007.) 42

1 2 3 4	Rule 5.676 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 1445 effective January 1, 1998; previously amended effective July 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.676 effective January 1, 2007.									
5	Rule	Rule 5.678. Findings in support of detention; factors to consider; reasonable efforts;								
6		dete	ntion alternatives							
7										
8	(a)	* * *								
9										
10	<b>(b)</b>	Facto	ors to consider							
11										
12			termining whether to release or detain the child under (a), the court must							
13		consi	der the following:							
14		(1)	WH 4 4 191 1 4 11 104 1 1 1 1 1							
15		<u>(1)</u>	Whether the child can be returned home if the court orders services to be							
16			provided, including services under section 306; and							
17		(2)	Whathan the shild can be not somed to the coasts deverable on homeometric is							
18 19		<u>(2)</u>	Whether the child can be returned to the custody of his or her parent who is enrolled in a certified substance abuse treatment facility that allows a							
20			dependent child to reside with his or her parent.							
21			dependent chird to reside with his of her parent.							
22		(Subd	(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2002,							
23			anuary 1, 2007.)							
24		unu s	muury 1, 2007.)							
25	(c)-(	(e) **	:*							
26	(0) (	,								
27	Rule	5.678 a	umended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 1446 effective							
28			998; previously amended effective January 1, 1999, and July 1, 2002; previously							
29	amended and renumbered as rule 5.678 effective January 1, 2007.									
30										
31	Rule	<b>5.700</b>	. Order determining custody Termination of jurisdiction—custody and							
32			ation orders (§§ 302, 304, 361.2, 362.4, 726.5)							
33										
34	<del>(a)</del>	Orde	er determining custody termination of jurisdiction							
35										
36	If the	<del>e juven</del>	ile court orders custody to a parent and terminates jurisdiction, the court may							
37	make	<del>e order</del>	s for visitation with the other parent. When the juvenile court terminates its							
38	jurisdiction over a dependent or ward of the court and places the child in the home of a									
39	pare	nt, it m	ay issue an order determining the rights to custody of and visitation with the							
40			court may also issue orders to either parent enjoining any action specified in							
41		-	le section 2045 protective orders as provided in section 213.5 or as described							
42	<u>in Fa</u>	amily C	Code section 6218.							
43										

1 2		<del>(1)</del>	Modij	fication of existing custody orders—new case filings			
3			Thoo	rder of the juvenile court must be filed in an existing nullity,			
4				ution, legal guardianship, or paternity proceeding. If no custody			
5				eding is filed or pending, the order may be used as the sole basis to			
6			open (				
7			орен	u 110.			
8	<u>(a)</u>	Effec	ct of or	der			
9	<u> </u>						
10		Any o	order i	ssued under this rule continues in effect until modified or terminated by			
11				r of a superior court with jurisdiction to make determinations about the			
12		custo	dy of t	the child. The order may be modified or terminated only if the superior			
13		court	finds 1	both that:			
14							
15		<u>(1)</u>	<u>There</u>	has been a significant change of circumstances since the juvenile court			
16			issued	the order; and			
17							
18		<u>(2)</u>	Modi	fication or termination of the order is in the best interest of the child.			
19							
20		(Subd	! (a) ad	opted effective January 1, 2016.)			
21	(2)(1-	.) <b>D</b>		· ]			
22 23	<del>(2)</del> (t)	<u>))</u> Pre	ерагац	ion and transmission of order			
24		The	order m	nust be prepared on Custody Order—Juvenile—Final Judgment (form			
25			JV-200). The court may must direct either the parent, parent's attorney, county				
26			counsel, or the clerk to:				
27		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	o <b>c</b> 1, o1	<del></del>			
28		<del>(A)</del> (1	.)	Prepare the order for the court's signature; and			
29		· / <del></del>	<del>_</del>				
30		<del>(B)</del> (2	2)	Transmit the order within 10 calendar days after the order is signed to			
31			the an	y superior court of the county where a custody proceeding described in			
32			(c)(1)	is pending has already been commenced or, if none such proceeding			
33			exists	, to the superior court of, in order of preference:			
34							
35			. ,	The county in which the parent who has been given sole physical			
36				custody resides;			
37			<u>-</u> `				
38				The county in which the children's primary residence is located if no			
39				parent has been given sole physical custody; or			
40			(C)	A country or other location where any parent resides			
41 42			<u>(C)</u>	A county or other location where any parent resides.			
42		(Sub-	l(b) area	nended and relettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a).)			
TJ.		(Suba	(v) um	tenueu una retenerea effective January 1, 2010, adoptea as part of suba (a).)			

1 2	(3)(c) Proc	edures for filing order—receiving court					
3 4	After receipt of the On receiving a juvenile court custody order transmitted under						
5		), the superior court clerk of the receiving county court must immediately file					
6		evenile court order in the existing proceeding or immediately open a file,					
7	-	but a filing fee, and assign a case number as follows.					
8	WILLIC	out a ming ice, and assign a case number <u>as ionows</u> .					
9	<u>(1)</u>	Except as provided in paragraph (2), the juvenile court order must be filed in					
10	<u>(1)</u>	any pending nullity, dissolution, legal separation, guardianship, Uniform					
11		Parentage Act, Domestic Violence Prevention Act, or other family law					
12		custody proceeding and, when filed, becomes a part of that proceeding.					
13		ustoury proceeding and, when med, seconds a part of that proceeding.					
14	<u>(2)</u>	If the only pending proceeding related to the child in the receiving court is					
15	<del>\</del>	filed under Family Code section 17400 et seq., the clerk must proceed as					
16		follows.					
17							
18		(A) If the receiving court has issued a custody or visitation order in the					
19		pending proceeding, the clerk must file the received order in that					
20		proceeding.					
21							
22		(B) If the receiving court has not issued a custody or visitation order in the					
23		pending proceeding, the clerk must not file the received order in that					
24		proceeding, but must instead proceed under paragraph (3).					
25							
26	<u>(3)</u>	If no dependency, family law, or guardianship proceeding affecting custody					
27		or visitation of the child is pending, the order must be used to open a new					
28		custody proceeding in the receiving court. The clerk must immediately open					
29		a family law file without charging a filing fee, assign a case number, and file					
30		the order in the new case file.					
31							
32	(Suba	(c) amended and relettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a).)					
33							
34	(4)(d)Endo	orsed filed copy—clerk's certificate of mailing					
35							
36		in 15 court days after of receiving the order, the clerk of the receiving court					
37		send by first-class mail an endorsed filed copy of the order showing the case					
38		per of assigned by the receiving court by first-class mail to (1) the persons					
39		te names and addresses are listed on the order, the child's parents and (2) the					
40	_	nating juvenile court, with a completed clerk's certificate of mailing, for					
41	ınclu	sion in the child's file.					
42							
43	(Suba	l (d) amended and relettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a).)					

1										
2	<del>(b)</del>	Order determining custody—continuation of jurisdiction								
3										
4		If the court orders custody to a parent subject to the continuing jurisdiction of the								
5	court, with services to one or both parents, the court may direct the order be									
6	prepared and filed in the same manner as described in (a).									
7										
8	Rule	5.700 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1457 effective January 1, 1990;								
9		ously amended effective January 1, 1994, and January 1, 2001; previously amended and								
10	-	nbered as rule 5.700 effective January 1, 2007.								
11		30								
12	Rule	5.707. Review or dispositional hearing requirements for child approaching								
13		majority (§§ 224.1, 366(a)(1)(F), 366.3, 366.31, 16501.1(f)(16))								
14										
15	(a)	Reports								
16	( )	•								
17		At the last review hearing before the child attains 18 years of age held under								
18		section 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, or 366.3, or at the dispositional hearing held under								
19		section 360 if no review hearing will be set before the child attains 18 years of age,								
20		in addition to complying with all other statutory and rule requirements applicable to								
21		the report prepared by the social worker for the hearing, the report must include a								
22		description of:								
23		1								
24		(1)–(9) ***								
25										
26		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012.)								
27										
28	<b>(b)</b>	Transitional Independent Living Case Plan								
29										
30		At the last review hearing before the child attains 18 years of age held under								
31		section 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, or 366.3, or at the dispositional hearing held under								
32		section 360 if no review hearing will be set before the child attains 18 years of age,								
33		the child's Transitional Independent Living Case Plan:								
34										
35		(1)–(2) * * *								
36										
37		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)								
38										
39	<b>(c)</b>	Findings								
40										
41		(1) At the last review hearing before the child attains 18 years of age held under								
42		section 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, or 366.3, or at the dispositional hearing held								
43		under section 360 if no review hearing will be set before the child attains 18								

1 2			•	of age, in addition to complying with all other statutory and rule ements applicable to the hearing, the court must make the following
3			_	s in the written court documentation of the hearing:
4				,,
5			(A)–(I)	***
6				
7		(2)	* * *	
8				
9 10			l (c) ame Ianuary 1	nded effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012, , 2014.)
11 12	( <b>d</b> )	* * *		
13 14	Dulo	5 707	am on do d	offective January 1 2016, adopted effective January 1 2012, previously
15 16				effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2012; previously ly 1, 2012, and January 1, 2014.
17	Rul	e <b>5.70</b> 8	3. Gene	ral review hearing requirements
18 19	(a)-	(h) *	* *	
20	(a)-	( <b>D</b> )		
21 22	(c)	Repo	orts (§§	366.05, 366.1, 366.21, 366.22, 366.25 <u>, 16002</u> )
23 24 25		the s	ervices (	earing, the social worker must investigate and file a report describing offered to the family, progress made, and, if relevant, the prognosis for child to the parent or legal guardian.
26 27		(1)	The rep	port must include:
28 29			(A) *	* * *
30			(D) /	A description of the offerts made to achieve level norman and for the
31 32				A description of the efforts made to achieve legal permanence for the child if reunification efforts fail; and
33			·	ind if rediffication chorts fail, <del>and</del>
34			(C) A	A factual discussion of each item listed in sections 366.1 and
35			( )	666.21(c)- <u>; and</u>
36				( ) <u> </u>
37			(D) A	A factual discussion of the information required by section 16002(b).
38				
39		(2)–(	(3) **	*
40				
41		(Suba	d(c) ame	nded effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2010.)
42				

## 1 (d) **Return of child—detriment finding (§§ 366.21, 366.22, 366.25)** 2 3 **(1)** 4 5 The court must consider whether the child can be returned to the custody of (2) 6 his or her parent who is enrolled in a certified substance abuse treatment 7 facility that allows a dependent child to reside with his or her parent. 8 9 (2)(3)10 11 12 13 14 15 (5)(6)16 17 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 18 \* \* \* 19 **(e)** 20 21 Educational and developmental-services needs (§§ 361, 366, 366.1, 366.3) **(f)** 22 23 The court must consider the educational and developmental-services needs of each 24 child and nonminor or nonminor dependent youth, including whether it is necessary 25 to limit the rights of the parent or legal guardian to make educational or 26 developmental-services decisions for the child or youth. If the court limits those 27 rights or, in the case of a nonminor or nonminor dependent youth who has chosen 28 not to make educational or developmental-services decisions for him- or herself or 29 has been deemed incompetent, finds that appointment would be in the best interests 30 of the youth nonminor or nonminor dependent, the court must appoint a responsible 31 adult as the educational rights holder as defined in rule 5.502. Any limitation on the 32 rights of a parent or guardian to make educational or developmental-services 33 decisions for the child <del>or youth</del> must be specified in the court order. The court must 34 follow the procedures in rules 5.649–5.651. 35 36 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 37 2014.) 38 39 Case plan (§§ 16001.9, 16501.1) **(g)** 40 41 The court must consider the case plan submitted for the hearing and must

42

43

determine:

1 (1) Whether the child <del>or youth</del> was actively involved, as age- and 2 developmentally appropriate, in the development of his or her own case plan 3 and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that the child or youth 4 was not appropriately involved, the court must order the agency to actively 5 involve the child <del>or youth</del> in the development of his or her own case plan and 6 plan for permanent placement, unless the court finds that the child is unable, 7 unavailable, or unwilling to participate. 8 9 (2)–(3) \*\*\* 10 11 **(4)** For a child or youth 12 years of age or older in a permanent placement, 12 whether the child was given the opportunity to review the case plan, sign it, 13 and receive a copy. If the court finds that the child or youth was not given 14 this opportunity, the court must order the agency to give the child the 15 opportunity to review the case plan, sign it, and receive a copy. 16 17 (Subd (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2010, 18 and January 1, 2014.) 19 20 (h)–(i) \*\*\* 21 22 **(j)** Sibling findings; additional findings (§§ 366, 16002) 23 24 \* \* \* **(1)** 25 26 (2) The court must enter any additional findings as required by section 366 and 27 section 16002. 28 29 (Subd (j) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 30 31 (k)-(m) \*\*\* 32 33 Requirements on setting a section 366.26 hearing (§§ 366.21, 366.22, 366.25) (n) 34 35 The court must make the following orders and determinations when setting a 36 hearing under section 366.26: 37 38 (1) The court must terminate reunification services to the parent or legal guardian 39 and: 40 (A) \*\*\* 41 42

1		(B) Order	that the social worker provide a child <del>or youth</del> 16 years of age or
2		older	with a copy of his or her birth certificate unless the court finds
3		that pr	rovision of the birth certificate would be inappropriate.
4			
5		(2)–(6) ***	
6			
7		(Subd (n) amended	effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2010,
8		January 1, 2014, an	nd January 1, 2015.)
9			
10	(0)	* * *	
11			
12	Rule	5.708 amended effect	tive January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010; previously
13	amen	ded effective July 1, 1	2010, January 1, 2014, and January 1, 2015.
14			
15	Rule		hearing; report; grounds; determinations; findings; orders;
16		factors to consid	er for detention; restraining orders
17			
18	(a)–(	(b) * * *	
19			
20	(c)	Grounds for dete	ention (§§ 625.3, 635, 636)
21		(1) 771 1:11	
22		<del></del>	ust be released unless the court finds that continuance in the
23			parent or legal guardian is contrary to the child's welfare, and
24		one or more	of the following grounds for detention exist:
25		(1)(A) Tl1	1.11.1
26		$\frac{(1)(A)}{(A)}$ The cl	hild has violated an order of the court;
27		(2)(D) The of	hild has assented from a committee out of the count.
28 29		$\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$ The cl	hild has escaped from a commitment of the court;
30		(2)(C) The all	hild is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court;
31		$\frac{(3)(C)}{(3)(C)}$ The cl	ind is likely to free the jurisdiction of the court,
32		(4)(D) It is a	matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of the
33		child; or	matter of minediate and digent necessity for the protection of the
34		ciliu, or	
35		(5)(E) It is re	easonably necessary for the protection of the person or property of
36		another.	asonably necessary for the protection of the person of property of
37		another.	
38		(2) If the child i	is a dependent of the court under section 300, the court's decision
39		<del></del>	ust not be based on the child's status as a dependent of the court
40			welfare services department's inability to provide a placement for
41		the child.	be a parameter of macinity to provide a placement for
42		tile cillia.	
43		The court m	hay order the child detained in juvenile hall or in a suitable place
_			,

1 2		designated by the court, or on home supervision under the conditions stated in sections 628.1 and 636.						
3								
4		(3) The court may order the child placed on home supervision under the						
5		conditions stated in sections 628.1 and 636, or detained in juvenile hall or in						
6		a suitable place designated by the court.						
7		a sultable place designated by the court.						
8		(4) If the court orders the release of a child who is a dependent of the court under						
9		*						
		section 300, the court must order the child welfare services department either						
10		to ensure that the child's current caregiver takes physical custody of the child						
11		or to take physical custody of the child and place the child in a licensed or						
12		approved placement.						
13								
14		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a); previously amended						
15		effective July 1, 2002; previously amended and relettered as subd (b) effective January 1,						
16		2001, and as subd (c) effective January 1, 2007.)						
17								
18	<b>(d)</b>	Required determinations before detention						
19								
20		Before detaining the child, the court must determine whether continuance in the						
21		home of the parent or legal guardian is contrary to the child's welfare and whether						
22		there are available services that would prevent the need for further detention. The						
23		court must make these determinations on a case-by-case basis and must state the						
24		evidence relied on in reaching its decision.						
25		č						
26		(1) If the court determines that the child can be returned to the home of the						
27		parent or legal guardian through the provision of services, the court must						
28		release the child to the parent or guardian and order that the probation						
29		department provide the required services.						
30		department provide the required services.						
31		(2) If the child cannot be returned to the home of the parent or legal guardian, the						
32		court must state the facts on which the detention is based.						
		court must state the facts on which the determion is based.						
33								
34		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c) effective July 1, 2002;						
35		previously amended and relettered as subd (d) effective January 1, 2007.)						
36								
37	<b>(e)</b>	Required findings to support detention (§ 636)						
38								
39		If the court orders the child detained, the court must make the following findings or						
40		the record and in the written, signed orders. The court must reference the probation						
41		officer's report or other evidence relied on to make its determinations:						
42								

1 2		(1)	Continuance in the home of the parent or guardian is contrary to the child's welfare;
3			
4 5		(2)	Temporary placement and care is the responsibility of the probation officer pending disposition or further order of the court; and
6			
7		(3)	Reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for
8			removal of the child, or reasonable efforts were not made.
9			
10			d (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously relettered as
11			(c) effective January 1, 2001; previously amended and relettered as subd (d) effective
12		July	1, 2002, and as subd (e) effective January 1, 2007.)
13			
14	<b>(f)</b> –(	(k) *	* *
15			
16	(l)	Rest	training orders
17			
18			condition of release or <del>-detention on</del> home supervision, the court may issue
19			raining orders as stated in rule 5.630 or orders restraining the child from any or
20		all o	f the following:
21			
22		(1)	(3) * * *
23			
24		(Sub	d (l) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (i); previously relettered as
25		subd	(j) effective January 1, 2001; previously amended and relettered as subd (k) effective
26		July	1, 2002, and as subd (l) effective January 1, 2007.)
27			
28	Rule	5.760	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 1475 effective
29			1998; previously amended effective January 1, 2001, July 1, 2002, and January 1,
30		-	iously amended and renumbered as rule 5.760 effective January 1, 2007.
31		. 1	30
32	Rul	e <b>5.7</b> 90	0. Orders of the court
33			
34	(a)-	(b) *	**
35	()	(,-)	
36	(c)	Cus	tody and visitation (§ 726.5)
37	(0)	Cus	(3 / Zote)
38		<u>(1)</u>	At any time while the when a child is a ward of the juvenile court, the court
39		<del>\</del> /	may issue an order determining the custody of or visitation with the child. An
40			order issued under this subdivision continues in effect until modified or
41			terminated by a later order of the juvenile court.
42			torinimated by a rater order or the javeline court.
74			

1 (2) or At the time wardship is terminated, the court may issue an order 2 determining custody of, or visitation with, the child, as described in rule 3 5.700. 4 5 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007.) 6 7 (d)-(i) \*\*\* 8 9 **(j)** Fifteen-day reviews (§ 737) 10 11 If the child or nonminor is detained pending the implementation of a dispositional 12 order, the court must review the case at least every 15 days as long as the child is 13 detained. The review must meet all the requirements in section 737. The court must 14 inquire about the action taken by the probation officer to carry out the court's order, 15 the reasons for the delay, and the effects of the delay on the child. 16 17 (Subd (j) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended and 18 relettered as subd (g) effective July 1, 2002, and as subd (h) effective January 1, 2007; 19 previously relettered as subd (j) effective January 1, 2014.) 20 21 Rule 5.790 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1493 effective January 1, 1991; 22 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.790 effective January 1, 2007; previously 23 amended effective January 1, 1998, July 1, 2002, January 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 24 2008, January 1, 2014, and January 1, 2015. 25 26 Rule 5.810. Reviews, hearings, and permanency planning 27 28 Six-month status review hearings (§§ 727.2, 11404.1) (a) 29 30 For any ward removed from the custody of his or her parent or guardian under 31 section 726 and placed in a home under section 727, the court must conduct a status 32 review hearing no less frequently than once every six months from the date the 33 ward entered foster care. The court may consider the hearing at which the initial 34 order for placement is made as the first status review hearing. 35 (1)–(2) \* \* \* 36 37 38 (3) Findings and orders (§ 727.2(e)) 39 40 The court must consider the safety of the ward and make findings and orders 41 that determine the following: 42

(A)-(E) \*\*\*

1		_		
2 3		(F	F)	In the case of a child or youth who is 16 years of age or older, the
<i>3</i>				services needed to assist the child <del>or youth</del> in making the transition from foster care to independent living;
5				nom roster care to independent riving,
6		((	G)	Whether the child or youth was actively involved, as age- and
7			- )	developmentally appropriate, in the development of his or her own case
8				plan and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that the child
9				or youth was not appropriately involved, the court must order the
10				probation department to actively involve the child or youth in the
11				development of his or her own case plan and plan for permanent
12				placement, unless the court finds that the child <del>or youth</del> is unable,
13				unavailable, or unwilling to participate; and
14		(I	( <b>T</b> )	W/l - 4l
15 16		1)	H)	Whether each parent was actively involved in the development of the case plan and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that any
17				parent was not actively involved, the court must order the probation
18				department to actively involved, the court must order the probation
19				case plan and plan for permanent placement, unless the court finds that
20				the parent is unable, unavailable, or unwilling to participate-: and
21				
22		<u>(I</u>	<u>()</u>	If sibling interaction has been suspended and will continue to be
23				suspended, that sibling interaction is contrary to the safety or well-
24				being of either child.
25		<i>(</i> <b>1</b> )		
26		(4) *	* *	
<ul><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>		(Cubd (a	a )	and of office time I amount 1 2016, manipular amount of office time I amount 1
29				nended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, ry 1, 2001, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, January 1, 2007, and January 1,
30		2014.)	ши	ry 1, 2001, January 1, 2003, January 1, 200 <del>4</del> , January 1, 2007, and January 1,
31		2011.)		
32	<b>(b)</b>	Permar	nenc	cy planning hearings (§§ 727.2, 727.3, 11404.1)
33				
34				ncy planning hearing for any ward who has been removed from the
35		_		a parent or guardian and not returned at a previous review hearing must
36		be held	with	nin 12 months of the date the ward entered foster care as defined in

section 727.4(d)(4). and periodically thereafter, but no less frequently than once

the first permanency planning hearing must occur within 30 days of disposition.

reunification services are offered to the parents or guardians under section 727.2(b),

every 12 months while the ward remains in placement. However, when no

42 **(1)** \* \* \* 43

37

38

39

40

1 (2) *Findings and orders* (§§ 727.2(e), 727.3(a)) 2 3 At each permanency planning hearing, the court must consider the safety of 4 the ward and make findings and orders regarding the following: 5 6 (A)-(C) \*\*\*7 8 (D) The permanent plan for the child <del>or youth</del>, as described in (3); 9 10 Whether the child or youth was actively involved, as age- and (E) 11 developmentally appropriate, in the development of his or her own case 12 plan and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that the child 13 or youth was not appropriately involved, the court must order the 14 probation officer to actively involve the child or youth in the 15 development of his or her own case plan and plan for permanent 16 placement, unless the court finds that the child <del>or youth</del> is unable, 17 unavailable, or unwilling to participate; and 18 19 (F) Whether each parent was actively involved in the development of the 20 case plan and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that any 21 parent was not actively involved, the court must order the probation 22 department to actively involve that parent in the development of the 23 case plan and plan for permanent placement, unless the court finds that 24 the parent is unable, unavailable, or unwilling to participate;; and 25 26 (G) If sibling interaction has been suspended and will continue to be 27 suspended, that sibling interaction is contrary to the safety or well-28 being of either child. 29 30 (3) *Selection of a permanent plan (§ 727.3(b))* 31 32 At the first permanency planning hearing, the court must select a permanent 33 plan. At subsequent permanency planning hearings that must be held under section 727.2(g) and rule 5.810(c), the court must either make a finding that 34 35 the current permanent plan is appropriate or select a different permanent plan, 36 including returning the child home, if appropriate. The court must choose from one of the following permanent plans, which are, in order of priority: 37 38 39 \* \* \* (A) 40 41 A permanent plan of return of the child to the physical custody of the 42 parent or guardian, after 6 additional months of reunification services. 43 The court may not order this plan unless the court finds that there is a

1 2 3				substantial probability that the child will be able to return home within 18 months of the date of initial removal <u>or that reasonable services</u> <u>have not been provided to the parent or guardian</u> .	
4					
5			(C)–(	(F) ***	
6					
7		(4)	* * *		
8					
9				nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2001;	
10		previ	ously a	mended effective January 1, 2003, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2014.)	
11 12	(c)	Post	perma	anency status review hearings (§ 727.2)	
13 14 15 16 17		A postpermanency status review hearing must be conducted for wards in placement annually, 6 months after each permanency planning hearing no less frequently than once every six months.			
18		(1)	* * *		
19		(1)			
20 21		(2)	Find	ings and orders (§ 727.2(g))	
22			At ea	ach postpermanency status review hearing, the court must consider the	
23 24				y of the ward and make findings and orders regarding the following:	
25			(A)	Whether the current permanent plan continues to be appropriate. If not,	
26			(11)	the court must select a different permanent plan, including returning the	
27				child home, if appropriate-: The court must not order the permanent	
28				plan of returning home after 6 more months of reunification services, as	
29				described in (b)(3)(B), unless it has been 18 months or less since the	
30				date the child was removed from home;	
31					
32			(B)	* * *	
33					
34			(C)	The extent of the probation department's compliance with the case plan	
35				in making reasonable efforts to complete whatever steps are necessary	
36				to finalize the permanent plan for the child; and	
37			(T)		
38			(D)	Whether the child <del>or youth</del> was actively involved, as age- and	
39				developmentally appropriate, in the development of his or her own case	
40 11				plan and plan for permanent placement. If the court finds that the child	
41 42				or youth was not appropriately involved, the court must order the probation department to actively involve the child or youth in the	
+2 43				development of his or her own case plan and plan for permanent	
TJ				development of his of her own case plan and plan for permanent	

1			placement, unless the court finds that the child or youth is unable,
2			unavailable, or unwilling to participate-; and
3			
4		(	E) If sibling interaction has been suspended and will continue to be
5			suspended, sibling interaction is contrary to the safety or well-being of
6			either child.
7			
8			c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2001;
9		previou	sly amended effective January 1, 2003, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2014.)
10			
11	<b>(d)</b>	* * *	
12			
13	<b>(e)</b>	Repor	t (§§ 706.5, 706.6, 727.2(c), 727.3(a)(1), 727.4(b), 16002)
14			
15			each hearing described above, the probation officer must investigate and
16			e a social study report that must include an updated case plan and all of the
17		inform	ation required in sections 706.5, 706.6, 727.2, and 727.3, and 16002.
18			
19		` '	The report must contain recommendations for court <u>findings and</u> orders and
20		r	nust document the evidentiary basis for those recommendations.
21			
22		` /	At least 10 calendar days before each hearing, the petitioner probation officer
23			nust file the report and provide copies of the report to the ward, the parent or
24		9	guardian, all attorneys of record, and any CASA volunteer.
25			
26		(Subd (	e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously amended
27		and rel	ettered as subd (e) effective January 1, 2001; previously amended effective January
28		1, 1998	, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2014.)
29			
30	<del>(f)</del>	Hearir	ng by administrative panel (§§ 727.2(h), 727.4(d)(7))
31			
32		The sta	tus review hearings described in (a) and (c) may be conducted by an
33		<del>admini</del>	strative review panel, provided:
34			
35		<del>(1)</del> 7	The ward, parent or guardian, and all those entitled to notice under section
36		7	27.4 may attend;
37			
38		<del>(2)</del> <del>I</del>	Proper notice is provided;
39			
40		<del>(3)</del> 7	The panel has been appointed by the presiding judge of the juvenile court and
41			ncludes at least one person who is not responsible for the case management
42		$\epsilon$	of, or delivery of service to, the ward or the parent or guardian; and
43			

1 <del>(4)</del> The panel makes findings as required by (a)(3) or (c)(2) above and submits 2 them to the juvenile court for approval and inclusion in the court record. 3 4 Rule 5.810 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1496 effective January 1, 1991; 5 previously amended and renumbered as rule 5.810 effective January 1, 2007; previously 6 amended effective January 1, 1998, January 1, 2001, January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, January 7 1, 2006, and January 1, 2014. 8 9 Rule 5.812. Additional requirements for any hearing to terminate jurisdiction over 10 child in foster care and for status review or dispositional hearing for child 11 approaching majority (§§ 450, 451, 727.2(i)–(j), 778) 12 13 Hearings subject to this rule (a) 14 15 The following hearings are subject to this rule: 16 17 The last review hearing under section 727.2 or 727.3 before the child turns 18 (1) 18 years of age and a dispositional hearing under section 702 for a child under 19 an order of foster care placement who will attain 18 years of age before a 20 subsequent review hearing will be held. If the hearing is the last review 21 hearing under section 727.2 or 727.3, the This hearing must be set at least 90 22 days before the child attains his or her 18th birthday and within six months of 23 the previous hearing held under section 727.2 or 727.3. 24 25 (2)–(4) \*\*\* 26 27 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012.) 28 29 (b)-(f) \*\*\*30 31 Rule 5.812 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2012; previously 32 amended effective July 1, 2012 and January 1, 2014. 33 34 Rule 5.906. Request by nonminor for the juvenile court to resume jurisdiction 35 (§§ 224.1(b), 303, 388(e), 388.1) 36 37 (a) **Purpose** 38 39 This rule provides the procedures that must be followed when a nonminor wants to 40 have juvenile court jurisdiction assumed or resumed over him or her as a nonminor 41 dependent as defined in subdivisions (v) or (aa) of section 11400<del>(v)</del>. 42

2		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012, and January 1, 2014.)
3 4	<b>(b)</b>	Contents of the request
5		
6		(1) The request to have the juvenile court <u>assume or</u> resume jurisdiction must be
7		made on the Request to Return to Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Foster
8		Care (form JV-466).
9		
10		(2)–(3) * * *
11		
12		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012.)
13		
14	<b>(c)</b>	Filing the request
15		
16		(1) ***
17		
18		(2) For the convenience of the nonminor, the form JV-466 and, if the nonminor
19		wishes to keep his or her contact information confidential, the Confidential
20		Information—Request to Return to Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Foster
21		Care (form JV-468) may be:
22		
23		(A) Filed with the juvenile court that maintained general jurisdiction or for
24		cases petitioned under section 388.1, in the court that established the
25		guardianship or had jurisdiction when the adoption was finalized; or
26		
27		(B) Submitted to the juvenile court in the county in which the nonminor
28		currently resides, after which:
29		
30		(i) The court clerk must record the date and time received on the
31		face of the originals submitted and provide a copy of the originals
32		marked as received to the nonminor at no cost to the him or her.
33		
34		(ii)-(v) * * *
35		
36		(C) ***
37		
38		(3)–(5) * * *
39		
40		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012.)
41		
42	<b>(d)</b>	Determination of prima facie showing
43		

1		(1)		in three court days of the filing of form JV-466 with the clerk of the
2			_	nile court of general jurisdiction, a juvenile court judicial officer must
3			revie	ew the form JV-466 and determine whether a prima facie showing has
4			been	made that the nonminor meets all of the criteria set forth below in
5			(d)(1)	)(A)–(D) and enter an order as set forth in (d)(2) or (d)(3).
6				
7			(A)	The nonminor was previously under juvenile court jurisdiction subject
8				to an order for foster care placement on the date he or she attained 18
9				years of age, or the nonminor is eligible to seek assumption of
10				dependency jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (c) of
11				section 388.1;
12				
13			(B)-	(D) ***
14				
15		(2)–(	(3) *	* *
16				
17		(Sub	d (d) ai	mended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012,
18				y 1, 2014.)
19			•	
20	(e)-(	(g) *	* *	
21		.Ο/		
22	(h)	Rep	orts	
23	` '	•		
24		(1)	The	social worker, probation officer, or Indian tribal agency case worker
25		( )		al case worker) must submit a report to the court that includes:
26			`	,
27			(A)	Confirmation that the nonminor was previously under juvenile court
28			` '	jurisdiction subject to an order for foster care placement when he or she
29				attained 18 years of age and that he or she has not attained 21 years of
30				age, or is eligible to petition the court to assume jurisdiction over the
31				nonminor pursuant to section 388.1;
32				
33			(B)	* * *
34			( )	
35			(C)	The social worker, probation officer, or tribal case worker's opinion as
36			(-)	to whether continuing in a foster care placement is in the nonminor's
37				best interests and recommendation about the <u>assumption or</u> resumption
38				of juvenile court jurisdiction over the nonminor as a nonminor
39				dependent;
40				,
41			(D)-	(F) ***
42			(2)	\- <i>\</i>
43		(2)–(	(3) *	* *
		\ <del>-</del> ', \	<i>-</i> ,	

	(Subd	(h) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012,				
	and Ja	and January 1, 2014.)				
<b>(i)</b>	Findi	ngs and orders				
	The c	ourt must read and consider, and state on the record that it has read and				
		dered, the report; the supporting documentation submitted by the social				
		er, probation officer, or tribal case worker; the evidence submitted by the				
		inor; and any other evidence. The following judicial findings and orders must				
		de and included in the written court documentation of the hearing:				
	00 1110	the time metaded in the written evalt decamenation of the neuring.				
	(1)	Findings				
	(1)					
		(A) ***				
		(B) Whether the nonminor was previously under juvenile court jurisdiction				
		subject to an order for foster care placement when he or she attained 18				
		years of age, or meets the requirements of subparagraph (5) of				
		subdivision (c) of section 388.1;				
		<del></del>				
		(C)–(E) ***				
		(F) Whether continuing or reentering and remaining in a foster care				
		placement is in the nonminor's best interests;				
		•				
		(G)– $(H)$ * * *				
	(2)	Orders				
		(A) If the court finds that the nonminor has not attained 21 years of age,				
		that the nonminor intends to satisfy at least one condition under section				
		11403(b), and that the nonminor and placing agency have entered into a				
		reentry agreement, the court must:				
		(i) Grant the request and enter an order <u>assuming or resuming</u>				
		juvenile court jurisdiction over the nonminor as a nonminor				
		dependent and vesting responsibility for the nonminor's				
		placement and care with the placing agency;				
		(ii)-(v) * * *				
		(B)–(C) * * *				
	(i)	(i) Findi  The c consideration worker monume be made (1)  (2)				

1	
2	(3) ***
3	
4	(Subd (i) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2012,
5	and January 1, 2014.)
6	
7	Rule 5.906 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2012; previously
8	amended effective July 1, 2012, and January 1, 2014.
9	
10	<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
11	
12	Assembly Bill 12 (Beall; Stats. 2010, ch. 559), known as the California Fostering Connections to
13	Success Act, as amended by Assembly Bill 212 (Beall; Stats. 2011, ch. 459), implement the
14	federal Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act, Pub.L. No. 110-351,
15	which provides funding resources to extend the support of the foster care system to children who
16	are still in a foster care placement on their 18th birthday. Every effort was made in the
17	development of the rules and forms to provide an efficient framework for the implementation of
18	this important and complex legislation.
19	
20	The extension of benefits for nonminors up to 19 years of age during the first year and for
21	nonminors up to 20 years of age during the following year is fully provided for in Assembly Bill
22	12 and does not require further action by the Legislature; however, extension of those benefits to
23	nonminors between 20 and 21 years of age is contingent upon an appropriation by the
24	Legislature. (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 11403(k).)
25	
26	Rule 7.802. Electronic filing and service in contested probate proceedings
27	
28	The provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and rules 2.250–2.261 of the
29	California Rules of Court concerning filing and service by electronic means apply to
30	contested proceedings under the Probate Code and the Probate Rules to the same extent
31	as they apply to other contested civil proceedings in each superior court in this state.
32	
33	Rule 7.802 adopted effective January 1, 2016.
34	
35	Rule 7.1020. Special Immigrant Juvenile Findings in Guardianship Proceedings
36	
37	(a) Application
38	
39	This rule applies to a request by or on behalf of a minor who is a ward or a
40	proposed ward in a probate guardianship proceeding for judicial findings needed as
41	a basis for filing a petition for classification as a Special Immigrant Juvenile (SIJ)
42	under federal immigration law. The term "request under this rule" as used in this
43	rule refers exclusively to such a request. This rule also applies to any opposition to

1 a request under this rule, any hearing on such a request and opposition, and any 2 findings of the court in response to such a request. 3 4 **(b) Request for findings** 5 6 (1) Who may file request 7 8 Any person or entity authorized under Probate Code section 1510 to petition 9 for the appointment of a guardian of the person of a minor, including the 10 ward or proposed ward if 12 years of age or older, may file a request for 11 findings regarding the minor under this rule. 12 13 (A) If there is more than one ward or proposed ward in the proceeding, a minor eligible to file a request for findings under this rule may do so 14 15 only for himself or herself. 16 17 (B) The court may appoint an attorney under Probate Code section 1470 or 18 a guardian ad litem under Probate Code sections 1003 and 1003.5 to 19 file and present a request for findings under this rule for a minor or to 20 represent the interests of a minor in a proceeding to decide a request 21 filed on the minor's behalf by another. 22 23 (2) Form of request 24 25 (A) A request for findings under this rule must be made by verified petition. 26 A separate request must be filed for each minor seeking SIJ findings. 27 28 (B) A request for findings under this rule by or on behalf of a minor filed 29 concurrently with a petition for the appointment of a guardian of the 30 person of the minor must be prepared and filed as a separate petition, 31 not as an attachment to the petition for appointment. 32 33 **Notice of hearing** <u>(c)</u> 34 35 Notice of a hearing of a request for findings under this rule, and a copy of the 36 request, must be sent to the minor's parents and the persons listed in section 37 1460(b) of the Probate Code, in the manner and within the time provided in that 38 section, subject to the provisions of subdivision (e) of that section and sections 39 1202 and 1460.1 of that code. 40 41 **Opposition to request** (**d**)

1		Any of the persons who must be given notice of hearing of a request for findings				
2		under this rule may file an objection or other opposition to the request.				
3	(-)	TT				
4 5	<u>(e)</u>	Hea	ring on request			
6		<u>(1)</u>	If filed concurrently, a request for findings under this rule by or on behalf of			
7			a minor and a petition for appointment of a guardian of the person of that			
8			minor may be heard and determined together.			
9		(2)				
10		<u>(2)</u>	Hearings on separate requests for findings under this rule by or on behalf of			
11			more than one ward or proposed ward in the same guardianship proceeding			
12			may be consolidated on the motion of any party or on the court's own			
13			motion.			
14		(2)				
15		<u>(3)</u>	Hearings on requests for findings under this rule by or on behalf of minors			
16			who are siblings or half-siblings and are wards or proposed wards in separate			
17			guardianship proceedings may be consolidated on the motion of any party in			
18			either proceeding or on the motion of the court in either proceeding. If			
19 20			multiple departments of a single court or courts in more than one county are			
21			involved, they may communicate with each other on consolidation issues in the manner provided for inter-court communications on venue issues in			
22			guardianship and family law matters under section 2204 of the Probate Code			
23			and rule 7.1014.			
24			and fulle 7.1014.			
25		<u>(4)</u>	Hearings on contested requests for findings under this rule must be conducted			
26		<u>(+)</u>	in the same manner as hearings on other contested petitions under the Probate			
27			Code.			
28			<u>couc.</u>			
29		<u>(5)</u>	Probate Code section 1022 applies to uncontested requests for findings under			
30		(2)	this rule.			
31						
32	<u>(f)</u>	Sepa	arate findings in multi-ward cases under this rule			
33			<del></del>			
34		The	court must issue separate findings for each minor in a guardianship proceeding			
35			hich more than one minor is the subject of a request under this rule.			
36			•			
37	Rule	7.1020	) adopted effective January 1, 2016.			
38						
39	Rule	<b>7.11</b> (	01. Qualifications and continuing education required of counsel appointed			
40			he court in guardianships and conservatorships			
41						
42	(a)	Defi	nitions			
43						

1 As used in this rule, the following terms have the meanings stated below: 2 3 (1)–(5) \*\*\* 4 5 (6) "AOC" is the Administrative Office of the Courts. 6 7 (7)(6)\*\*\*8 9 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 10 2009.) 11 (b)-(h) \*\*\* 12 13 14 Reporting **(i)** 15 16 The AOC Judicial Council may require courts to report appointed counsel's 17 qualifications and completion of continuing education required by this rule to 18 ensure compliance with Probate Code section 1456. 19 20 (Subd (i) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 21 22 Rule 7.1101 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously 23 amended effective January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011. 24 25 Rule 8.10. Definitions and use of terms 26 27 Unless the context or subject matter requires otherwise, the definitions and use of terms 28 in rule 1.6 apply to these rules. In addition, the following apply: 29 30 (1)–(7) \*\*\* 31 32 (8) "Attach" or "attachment" may refer to either physical attachment or electronic 33 attachment, as appropriate. 34 35 "Copy" or "copies" may refer to electronic copies, as appropriate. (9) 36 37 (10) "Cover" includes the cover page of a document filed electronically. 38 39 (11) "Written" and "writing" include electronically created written materials, whether or 40 not those materials are printed on paper. 41 42 Rule 8.10 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 40 effective January

1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.10 effective January 1, 2007.

1 2 Rule 8.11. Scope of rules 3 4 These rules apply to documents filed and served electronically as well as in paper form, 5 unless otherwise provided. 6 7 Rule 8.11 adopted effective January 1, 2016. 8 9 Rule 8.40. Form of filed documents 10 11 (a) 12 13 **Cover color (b)** 14 15 (1) As far as practicable, the covers of briefs and petitions <u>filed in paper form</u> 16 must be in the following colors: 17 18 Appellant's opening brief or appendix green 19 Respondent's brief or appendix yellow 20 Appellant's reply brief or appendix tan 21 Joint appendix white 22 Amicus curiae brief gray 23 Answer to amicus curiae brief blue 24 Petition for rehearing orange 25 Answer to petition for rehearing blue 26 Petition for original writ red 27 Answer (or opposition) to petition for original writ red 28 Reply to answer (or opposition) to petition for original writ red 29 Petition for transfer of appellate division case to Court white 30 of Appeal 31 Answer to petition for transfer of appellate division case blue 32 to Court of Appeal 33 Petition for review white 34 blue Answer to petition for review 35 Reply to answer to petition for review white 36 Opening brief on the merits white 37 Answer brief on the merits blue 38 Reply brief on the merits white 39

In appeals under rule 8.216, the cover of a combined respondent's brief and

appellant's opening brief filed in paper form must be yellow, and the cover of

a combined reply brief and respondent's brief filed in paper form must be tan.

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(2)

1		(3) ***
2 3		(S.J.1/L)
4		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); previously amended
5		and relettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2011.)
6		1, 2011.)
7	(c)	* * *
8	(C)	
9	Pula	8.40 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 44 effective January
10		05; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.40 effective January 1, 2007; previously
11		aded effective January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2013.
12	uner	med effective summary 1, 2000, summary 1, 2011, and summary 1, 2015.
13	Rule	e 8.42. Requirements for signatures of multiple parties on filed documents
14		
15	Whe	n a document to be filed, in paper form, such as a stipulation, requires the signatures
16	of m	ultiple parties, the original signature of at least one party must appear on the
17	docu	ment filed in the reviewing court; the other signatures may be in the form of copies
18	of th	e signed signature page of the document. <u>Electronically filed documents must</u>
19	com	ply with the relevant provisions of rule 8.77.
20		
21	Rule	8.42 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2014.
22		
23		Advisory Committee Comment
24		
25	Pleas	se note that rule 8.77 establishes different requirements for documents that are electronically
26	filed.	
27		
28	Rule	e 8.44. Number of copies of filed documents
29		
30	Exce	ept as these rules provide otherwise, the number of copies of every brief, petition,
31	moti	on, application, or other document that must be filed in a reviewing court is as
32	folle	<del>WS:</del>
33		
34	(a)	<b>Documents filed in the Supreme Court</b>
35		
36		Except as these rules provide otherwise, the number of copies of every brief,
37		petition, motion, application, or other document that must be filed in the Supreme
38		Court and that is filed in paper form is as follows:
39		
40		(1)–(6) * * *
41		
42		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
43		2014.)

1 2 **Documents filed in a Court of Appeal (b)** 3 4 Except as these rules provide otherwise, the number of copies of every brief, 5 petition, motion, application, or other document that must be filed in a Court of 6 Appeal and that is filed in paper form is as follows: 7 (1)–(7)\*\*\*8 9 10 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 11 2011, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014.) 12 13 (c) **Electronic copies** 14 15 A court that permits electronic filing will specify any requirements regarding 16 electronically filed documents in the electronic filing requirements published under 17 rule 8.74. In addition, a court may provide by local rule for the submission of an 18 electronic copy of a document that is not electronically filed either in addition to 19 the copies of a document required to be filed under (a) or (b) or as a substitute for 20 one or more of these copies. The local rule must specify the format of the electronic 21 copy and provide for an exception if it would cause undue hardship for a party to 22 submit an electronic copy. 23 24 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2014.) 25 26 Rule 8.44 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously 27 amended effective January 1, 2007, January 1, 2011, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014. 28 29 Rule 8.45. General provisions 30 31 \* \* \* (a) 32 33 **Definitions (b)** 34 35 As used in this article: 36 37 (1) "Record" means all or part of a document, paper, exhibit, transcript, or other 38 thing filed or lodged with the court by electronic means or otherwise. 39 (2)–(7)\*\*\*40 41 42 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 43

## (c) Format of sealed and confidential records

(1) Unless otherwise provided by law or court order, sealed or confidential records that are part of the record on appeal or the supporting documents or other records accompanying a motion, petition for a writ of habeas corpus, other writ petition, or other filing in the reviewing court must be kept separate from the rest of a clerk's or reporter's transcript, appendix, supporting documents, or other records sent to the reviewing court and in a secure manner that preserves their confidentiality.

(A)-(D) \* \* \*

(2) \*\*\*

(3) Records relating to a request for funds under Penal Code section 987.9 or other proceedings the occurrence of which is not to be disclosed under the court order or applicable law must not be bound together with, or electronically transmitted as a single document with, other sealed or confidential records and must not be listed in the index required under (1)(D) or the alphabetical or chronological indexes to a clerk's or reporter's transcript, appendix, supporting documents to a petition, or other records sent to the reviewing court.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(d) \*\*\*

Rule 8.45 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2014.

## Rule 8.46. Sealed records

(a)-(c)\*\*\*

(d) Record not filed in the trial court; motion or application to file under seal

(1)–(2) \* \* \*

(3) To lodge a record, the party must transmit the record to the court in a secure manner that preserves the confidentiality of the record to be lodged. The record must be transmitted separate from the rest of a clerk's or reporter's transcript, appendix, supporting documents, or other records sent to the reviewing court with a cover sheet that complies with rule 8.40(c) and labels the contents as "CONDITIONALLY UNDER SEAL." If the record is in

1 2		paper format, it must be placed in a sealed envelope or other appropriate sealed container.						
3								
4		(4)–(9) * * *						
5								
6		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (e); previously amended						
7		effective July 1, 2002, January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2007; previously amended and						
8		relettered as subd (d) effective January 1, 2014.)						
9		reteriered as suba (a) effective sumary 1, 2014.)						
10	(e)	Unsealing a record in the reviewing court						
11								
12		(1)–(2) * * *						
13								
14		(3) If the reviewing court proposes to order a record unsealed on its own motion,						
15		the court must mail send notice to the parties. Unless otherwise ordered by						
16		the court, any party may serve and file an opposition within 10 days after the						
17		notice is mailed sent, and any other party may serve and file a response						
18		within 5 days after an opposition is filed.						
19		Transfer of the second						
20		(4)–(7) * * *						
21								
22		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended						
23		effective January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2007; previously amended and relettered as						
24		subd (e) effective January 1, 2014.)						
25		suca (e) effective variation (i, 2011.)						
26	<b>(f)</b>	* * *						
27	(-)							
28	Rule	8.46 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 12.5 effective						
29		ary 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.160 effective January 1, 2007;						
30		ously renumbered as rule 8.46 effective January 1, 2010; previously amended effective July						
31	-	02, January 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2014.						
32	1, 20	02, Vanuary 1, 2001, Vanuary 1, 2000, and Vanuary 1, 2017.						
33	Rule	e 8.47. Confidential records						
34	11011	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o						
35	(a)	* * *						
36	( <b>u</b> )							
37	<b>(b)</b>	Records of <i>Marsden</i> hearings and other in-camera proceedings						
38	(D)	Records of marsach hearings and other in-camera proceedings						
39		(1) (2) * * *						
40		(1)–(2) * * *						
41		(3) A defendant may serve and file a motion or application in the reviewing court						
42		requesting permission to file under seal a brief, petition, or other filing that						
43		raises a Marsden issue or an issue related to another in-camera hearing						

1 2 3			covered by this subdivision and requesting an order maintaining the confidentiality of the relevant material from the reporter's transcript of or documents filed or lodged in connection with the in-camera hearing.
			documents fried of lodged in connection with the in-camera hearing.
4			(A) (D) * * *
5			(A)-(B) * * *
6			
7			(C) At the time the motion or application is filed, the defendant must:
8			
9			(i) ***
10			
11			(ii) Lodge an unredacted version of the brief, petition, or other filing
12			that he or she is requesting be filed under seal. The filing must be
13			transmitted in a secure manner that preserves the confidentiality
14			of the filing being lodged. If this version is in paper format, it
15			must be placed in a sealed envelope or other appropriate sealed
16			container. The cover of the unredacted version of the document,
17			and if applicable the envelope or other container, must identify it
18			as "May Not Be Examined Without Court Order—Contains
19			material from conditionally sealed record."
20			
21			(D) ***
22			
23		(Sub	(b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
24			
25	<b>(c)</b>	Oth	r confidential records
26			
27		Exce	ot as otherwise provided by law or order of the reviewing court:
28			
29		(1)	* * *
30		( )	
31		(2)	To maintain the confidentiality of material contained in a confidential record,
32		( )	if it is necessary to disclose such material in a filing in the reviewing court, a
33			party may serve and file a motion or application in the reviewing court
34			requesting permission for the filing to be under seal.
35			requesting permission for the imag to be under sour.
36			(A)–(B) * * *
37			(II) $(B)$
38			(C) At the time the motion or application is filed, the party must:
39			(c) At the time the motion of application is fried, the party must.
40			(i) ***
40			(i) ***
41			(ii) Ladge an unraducted version of the brief natition or other filing
			(ii) Lodge an unredacted version of the brief, petition, or other filing
43			that he or she is requesting be filed under seal. The filing must be

1		transmitted in a secure manner that preserves the confidentiality
2		of the filing being lodged. If this version is in paper format, it
3		must be placed in a sealed envelope or other appropriate sealed
4		container. The cover of the unredacted version of the document,
5		and if applicable the envelope or other container, must identify it
6		as "May Not Be Examined Without Court Order—Contains
7		material from conditionally sealed record." Material from a
8		confidential record disclosed in this version must be identified
9		and accompanied by a citation to the statute, <u>rule</u> of <u>court</u> , case,
10		or other authority establishing that the record is required by law
11		to be closed to inspection in the reviewing court.
12		
13		(D) ***
14		
15		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
16		
17	Rule	8.47 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2014.
18		
19	Rul	e 8.50. Applications
20		
21	(a)-	(b) * * *
22		
23	<del>(c)</del>	- Envelopes
24		
25		An application to a Court of Appeal must be accompanied by addressed, postage-
26		prepaid envelopes for the clerk's use in mailing copies of the order on the
27		application to all parties.
28		
29	<del>(d)</del> ( <u>(</u>	C)Disposition * * *
30		
31		(Subd (c) relettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d).)
32		
33		8.50 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 43 effective January
34	1, 20	005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.50 effective January 1, 2007.
35		
36	Kul	e 8.71. Electronic service
37	(.)	
38	(a)	Consent to Authorization for electronic service
39 40		(1) A document may be electronically conved under these rules:
40 41		(1) A document may be electronically served under these rules:
41		(A) If electronic service is provided for by law or court order; or
43		11 electronic service is provided for by law of court order, of
1.		

1			(1) (B) When a If the recipient agrees to accept electronic services as					
2			provided by these rules and the document may be is otherwise					
3		authorized to be served by mail, express mail, overnight delivery, or						
4		fax transmission, electronic service of the document is permitted when						
5			authorized by these rules.					
6								
7		(2)-(	3) ***					
8								
9		<u>(4)</u>	A document may be electronically served on a nonparty if the nonparty					
10		<del>~ /</del>	consents to electronic service or electronic service is otherwise provided for					
11			by law or court order.					
12			- <del></del>					
13		(Suba	(a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,					
14		2011.						
15			,					
16	<b>(b)</b>	* * *						
17	( )							
18	(c)	Serv	ice by the parties					
19								
20		<del>(1)</del>	Notwithstanding (b), parties are responsible for electronic service on all other					
21		( )	parties in the case. A party may serve documents electronically directly, by					
22			an agent, or through a designated electronic filing service provider.					
23			wit agons, or allough a acong time of the provider.					
24		<del>(2)</del>	A document may not be electronically served on a nonparty unless the					
25		(-)	nonparty consents to electronic service or electronic service is otherwise					
26			provided for by law or court order.					
27			provided for by fam of court order.					
28		(Suba	(c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,					
29		2011.						
30		2011.	,					
31	(d)_(	(f) * *	*					
32	( <b>u</b> ) (	(-)						
33	<b>(g)</b>	Elect	tronic service by <u>or on</u> court					
34	(8)	Lice	define service by or one court					
35		<u>(1)</u>	The court may electronically serve any notice, order, opinion, or other					
36		<u>(1)</u>	document issued by the court in the same manner that parties may serve					
37			documents by electronic service.					
38			documents of electronic service.					
39		<u>(2)</u>	A document may be electronically served on a court if the court consents to					
40		<u>(4)</u>	electronic service or electronic service is otherwise provided for by law or					
41			court order. A court indicates that it agrees to accept electronic service by:					
42			court order. 11 court marcaics that it agrees to accept electronic service by.					

1		<u>(A)</u>	Serving a notice on all parties that the court accepts electronic service.
2			The notice must include the electronic service address at which the
3			court agrees to accept service; or
4			
5		<u>(B)</u>	Adopting a local rule stating that the court accepts electronic service.
6			The rule must indicate where to obtain the electronic service address at
7			which the court agrees to accept service.
8			
9		(Subd(g)a)	mended effective January 1, 2016.)
10			
11			d effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 8.80 effective July 1, 2010;
12	previ	ously amendo	ed and renumbered as rule 8.71 effective January 1, 2011.
13			
14			cle 6. Public Access to Electronic Appellate Court Records
15			Rules—Division 1, Rules Relating to the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal—
16	Chap	ter 1, Genera	l Provisions—Article 6, Public Access to Electronic Appellate Court Records;
17	adop	ted effective J	anuary 1, 2016.
18			
19			
20	Rule	e 8.80. State	ement of purpose
21			
22	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Intent</u>	
23			
24			in this article are intended to provide the public with reasonable access to
25		appellate c	court records that are maintained in electronic form, while protecting
26		privacy int	<u>terests.</u>
27			
28	<u>(b)</u>	Benefits o	<u>f electronic access</u>
29			
30			technologies provide courts with many alternatives to the historical
31			ed record receipt and retention process, including the creation and use of
32		court recor	rds maintained in electronic form. Providing public access to appellate
33		court recor	rds that are maintained in electronic form may save the courts and the
34		-	e, money, and effort and encourage courts to be more efficient in their
35		operations	. Improved access to appellate court records may also foster in the public
36		a more cor	mprehensive understanding of the appellate court system.
37			
38	<u>(c)</u>	No creation	on of rights
39			
40		The rules i	n this article are not intended to give the public a right of access to any
41		record that	they are not otherwise entitled to access. The rules do not create any
42		right of acc	cess to sealed or confidential records.
43			

1 2	Rule	8.80 adopted effective January 1, 2016.
3 4		Advisory Committee Comment
5		ules in this article acknowledge the benefits that electronic court records provide but attempt nit the potential for unjustified intrusions into the privacy of individuals involved in litigation
7		an occur as a result of remote access to electronic court records. The proposed rules take
8		account the limited resources currently available in the appellate courts. It is contemplated
9		he rules may be modified to provide greater electronic access as the courts' technical
10	capat	pilities improve and with the knowledge gained from the experience of the courts in
11	provi	ding electronic access under these rules.
12		
13	Subd	ivision (c). Rules 8.45–8.47 govern sealed and confidential records in the appellate courts.
14 15	Rule	8.81. Application and scope
16	Kuic	6.61. Application and scope
17	<u>(a)</u>	Application
18	(327	<u></u>
19		The rules in this article apply only to records of the Supreme Court and Courts of
20		Appeal.
21		
22	<u>(b)</u>	Access by parties and attorneys
23		
24		The rules in this article apply only to access to court records by the public. They do
25		not limit access to court records by a party to an action or proceeding, by the
26		attorney of a party, or by other persons or entities that are entitled to access by
27		statute or rule.
28		
29	Rule	8.81 adopted effective January 1, 2016.
30	ъ.	
31	<u>Kule</u>	8.82. Definitions
32 33	A a 33	sed in this article, the following definitions apply:
33	As us	sed in this article, the following definitions apply.
35	<u>(1)</u>	"Court record" is any document, paper, exhibit, transcript, or other thing filed in an
36	(1)	action or proceeding; any order, judgment, or opinion of the court; and any court
37		minutes, index, register of actions, or docket. The term does not include the
38		personal notes or preliminary memoranda of justices, judges, or other judicial
39		branch personnel.
40		
41	<u>(2)</u>	"Electronic record" is a court record that requires the use of an electronic device to
42	<del></del>	access. The term includes both a record that has been filed electronically and an
43		electronic copy or version of a record that was filed in paper form.

1 2	<u>(3)</u>	"The publi	io" maa	ns an individual, a group, or an entity, including print or
3	(3)			or the representative of an individual, a group, or an entity.
4		<u>erectronice</u>		or the representative or an maryradal, a group, or an entry.
5	<u>(4)</u>	"Electroni	c acces	s" means computer access to court records available to the public
6		through bo	oth publ	ic terminals at the courthouse and remotely, unless otherwise
7		specified i	n the ru	lles in this article.
8				
9	<u>(5)</u>	<b>Providing</b>	electro	nic access to electronic records "to the extent it is feasible to do
10				ectronic access must be provided to the extent the court
11		determines	s it has	the resources and technical capacity to do so.
12				
13	<u>(6)</u>	<u>-</u>		"means distribution of multiple electronic records that is not
14		done on a	case-by	z-case basis.
15	D 1	0.02	1 00 1	
16	Rule	8.82 adoptea	l effectiv	e January 1, 2016.
17 18	Dul	QQ2 Dub	lia agga	
19	Kuit	e 8.83. Pub	ne acce	<u>888</u>
20	<u>(a)</u>	General r	ight of	22002
21	<u>(a)</u>	General	igiit Oi	decess .
22		All electro	nic rec	ords must be made reasonably available to the public in some
23				electronic or in paper form, except sealed or confidential records.
24				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
25	<u>(b)</u>	Electronic	c access	s required to extent feasible
26				
27		<u>(1)</u> Elec	tronic a	access, both remote and at the courthouse, will be provided to the
28		<u>follo</u>	wing c	ourt records, except sealed or confidential records, to the extent it
29		is fe	asible to	o do so:
30				
31		<u>(A)</u>	Dock	ets or registers of actions;
32				
33		<u>(B)</u>	<u>Calen</u>	<u>dars;</u>
34				
35		<u>(C)</u>	<u>Opini</u>	ons; and
36				
37		<u>(D)</u>	The fe	ollowing Supreme Court records:
38				
39			<u>i</u> .	Results from the most recent Supreme Court weekly conference;
40			::	Doubty builds in cooper and the Course Course Course
41			<u>11</u> .	Party briefs in cases argued in the Supreme Court for at least the
42				preceding three years;
43				

1				iii. Supreme Court minutes from at least the preceding three years.
2 3 4 5 6		<u>(2)</u>	elect must	court maintains records in civil cases in addition to those listed in (1) in ronic form, electronic access to these records, except those listed in (c), be provided both remotely and at the courthouse, to the extent it is ble to do so.
7 8	<u>(c)</u>	Cour	rthous	se electronic access only
9		If a a		esintaine the following records in alcotronic forms, electronic access to
10 11				ds must be provided at the courthouse, to the extent it is feasible to do
12				note electronic access may not be provided to these records:
13		30, 0	ut ICIII	ote electronic access may not be provided to these records.
14		<u>(1)</u>	Anv	reporter's transcript for which the reporter is entitled to receive a fee;
15		<u>(1)</u>	and	Toponter b transcript for which the reporter to entitled to receive a ree,
16			<u> </u>	
17		<u>(2)</u>	Reco	ords other than those listed in (b)(1) in the following proceedings:
18		<del>1_1</del>		<u></u>
19			( <u>A</u> )	Proceedings under the Family Code, including proceedings for
20			<u> </u>	dissolution, legal separation, and nullity of marriage; child and spousal
21				support proceedings; child custody proceedings; and domestic violence
22				prevention proceedings;
23				
24			( <u>B</u> )	Juvenile court proceedings;
25				
26			( <u>C</u> )	Guardianship or conservatorship proceedings;
27				
28			( <u>D</u> )	Mental health proceedings;
29				
30			( <u>E</u> )	<u>Criminal proceedings</u> ;
31				
32			( <u>F</u> )	Civil harassment proceedings under Code of Civil Procedure section
33				<u>527.6;</u>
34				
35			( <u>G</u> )	Workplace violence prevention proceedings under Code of Civil
36				Procedure section 527.8;
37				
38			( <u>H</u> )	Private postsecondary school violence prevention proceedings under
39				Code of Civil Procedure section 527.85;
40			(T)	
41			( <u>I</u> )	Elder or dependent adult abuse prevention proceedings under Welfare
42				and Institutions Code section 15657.03; and
43				

Proceedings to compromise the claims of a minor or a person with a 1 (J) 2 disability. 3 4 (d) Remote electronic access allowed in extraordinary cases 5 6 Notwithstanding (c)(2), the presiding justice of the court, or a justice assigned by 7 the presiding justice, may exercise discretion, subject to (d)(1), to permit remote 8 electronic access by the public to all or a portion of the public court records in an 9 individual case if (1) the number of requests for access to documents in the case is 10 extraordinarily high and (2) responding to those requests would significantly 11 burden the operations of the court. An individualized determination must be made 12 in each case in which such remote electronic access is provided. 13 14 In exercising discretion under (d), the justice should consider the relevant (1) 15 factors, such as: 16 17 The privacy interests of parties, victims, witnesses, and court personnel, (A) 18 and the ability of the court to redact sensitive personal information; 19 20 The benefits to and burdens on the parties in allowing remote electronic (B) 21 access; and 22 23 (C) The burdens on the court in responding to an extraordinarily high 24 number of requests for access to documents. 25 26 The following information must be redacted from records to which the court (2) 27 allows remote access under (d): driver's license numbers; dates of birth; 28 social security numbers; Criminal Identification and Information and National Crime Information numbers; addresses, e-mail addresses, and phone 29 30 numbers of parties, victims, witnesses, and court personnel; medical or 31 psychiatric information; financial information; account numbers; and other 32 personal identifying information. The court may order any party who files a 33 document containing such information to provide the court with both an 34 original unredacted version of the document for filing in the court file and a redacted version of the document for remote electronic access. No juror 35 36 names or other juror identifying information may be provided by remote 37 electronic access. Subdivision (d)(2) does not apply to any document in the 38 original court file; it applies only to documents that are made available by 39 remote electronic access. 40 41 Five days' notice must be provided to the parties and the public before the (3) 42 court makes a determination to provide remote electronic access under this 43 rule. Notice to the public may be accomplished by posting notice on the

1 2			court's website. Any person may file comments with the court for consideration, but no hearing is required.
3			<del></del>
4		<u>(4)</u>	The court's order permitting remote electronic access must specify which
5			court records will be available by remote electronic access and what
6			categories of information are to be redacted. The court is not required to
7			make findings of fact. The court's order must be posted on the court's
8			website and a copy sent to the Judicial Council.
9			
10	<u>(e)</u>	Acce	ess only on a case-by-case basis
11			
12		With	the exception of the records covered by (b)(1), electronic access to an
13		elect	ronic record may be granted only when the record is identified by the number
14		of the	e case, the caption of the case, the name of a party, the name of the attorney, or
15		the d	ate of oral argument, and only on a case-by-case basis.
16			
17	<u>(f)</u>	<b>Bulk</b>	<u>distribution</u>
18			
19		Bulk	distribution may be provided only of the records covered by (b)(1).
20			
21	<u>(g)</u>	Reco	ords that become inaccessible
22			
23			electronic record to which electronic access has been provided is made
24			essible to the public by court order or by operation of law, the court is not
25		-	ired to take action with respect to any copy of the record that was made by a
26		mem	ber of the public before the record became inaccessible.
27			
28	Rule	8.83 a	dopted effective January 1, 2016.
29			
30 31			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
32	Thor	مالہ مالہ	ows a level of access by the public to all electronic records that is at least equivalent
33			s that is available for paper records and, for some types of records, is much greater. At
34			ne, it seeks to protect legitimate privacy concerns.
35	uic sa	unc un	ne, it seeks to protect regitimate privacy concerns.
36	Subd	ivisior	<b>(b).</b> Courts should encourage availability of electronic access to court records at
37			ite locations.
38	puon	C OII D	ite focusions.
39	Subd	ivisior	(c). This subdivision excludes certain records (those other than the register, calendar,
40			ad certain Supreme Court records) in specified types of cases (notably criminal,
41	_		d family court matters) from remote electronic access. The committees recognized
42	•		nese case records are public records and should remain available at the courthouse,
43			per or electronic form, they often contain sensitive personal information. The court

1	shou	ld not publish that information over the Internet. However, the committees also recognized						
2	that t	the use of the Internet may be appropriate in certain individual cases of extraordinary public						
3	inter	est where information regarding a case will be widely disseminated through the media. In						
4	such	cases, posting of selected nonconfidential court records, redacted where necessary to protect						
5	the p	privacy of the participants, may provide more timely and accurate information regarding the						
6	court	proceedings, and may relieve substantial burdens on court staff in responding to individual						
7	reque	ests for documents and information. Thus, under subdivision (d), if the presiding justice						
8	make	es individualized determinations in a specific case, certain records in individual cases may be						
9	made	e available over the Internet.						
10								
11	Subc	livision (d). Courts must send a copy of the order permitting remote electronic access in						
12		ordinary cases to: Legal Services, Judicial Council of California, 455 Golden Gate Avenue,						
13		Francisco, CA 94102-3688.						
14								
15	Subc	livisions (e) and (f). These subdivisions limit electronic access to records (other than the						
16		ter, calendars, opinions, and certain Supreme Court records) to a case-by-case basis and						
17		ibit bulk distribution of those records. These limitations are based on the qualitative						
18	_	rence between obtaining information from a specific case file and obtaining bulk information						
19		may be manipulated to compile personal information culled from any document, paper, or						
20		bit filed in a lawsuit. This type of aggregate information may be exploited for commercial or						
21		purposes unrelated to the operations of the courts, at the expense of privacy rights of						
22		iduals.						
23	marv	<u>Iduais.</u>						
24	Rula	e 8.84. Limitations and conditions						
25	Ituit	5 O.O. Dimensions and Conditions						
26	<u>(a)</u>	Means of access						
27								
28		Electronic access to records required under this article must be provided by means						
29		of a network or software that is based on industry standards or is in the public						
30		domain.						
31								
32	<u>(b)</u>	Official record						
33								
34		Unless electronically certified by the court, a court record available by electronic						
35		access is not the official record of the court.						
36								
37	<u>(c)</u>	Conditions of use by persons accessing records						
38	(4)	College of the N.   Persons weeksning records						
39		Electronic access to court records may be conditioned on:						
40		Electronic access to contricted may of conditioned on.						
41		(1) The user's consent to access the records only as instructed; and						
42		11/ Inc user 5 consent to access the records only as instructed, and						
43		(2) The user's consent to monitoring of access to its records.						
TJ		121 The user's consent to monitoring of access to its records.						

1									
2		The court must give notice of these conditions, in any manner it deems appropriate.							
3		Access may be denied to a member of the public for failure to comply with either							
4		of these conditions of use.							
5		<u></u>							
6	<u>(d)</u>	Notices to persons accessing records							
7	<u> </u>								
8		The court must give notice of the following information to members of the public							
9		accessing its records electronically, in any manner it deems appropriate:							
10									
11		(1) The identity of the court staff member to be contacted about the requirements							
12		for accessing the court's records electronically.							
13		Ter weedstang the court of records extensioning.							
14		(2) That copyright and other proprietary rights may apply to information in a							
15		case file, absent an express grant of additional rights by the holder of the							
16		copyright or other proprietary right. This notice must advise the public that:							
17		eopyright of other proprietary right and notice much was not prome than							
18		(A) Use of such information in a case file is permissible only to the extent							
19		permitted by law or court order; and							
20		permitted by twill be bounded under the control of							
21		(B) Any use inconsistent with proprietary rights is prohibited.							
22		(2) Inf was meanined with properties a promotion.							
23		(3) Whether electronic records are the official records of the court. The notice							
24		must describe the procedure and any fee required for obtaining a certified							
25		copy of an official record of the court.							
26		<u> </u>							
27		(4) That any person who willfully destroys or alters any court record maintained							
28		in electronic form is subject to the penalties imposed by Government Code							
29		section 6201.							
30		500M6M 6201.							
31	<u>(e)</u>	Access policy							
32	<u>(U)</u>	Trees points							
33		A privacy policy must be posted on the California Courts public-access website to							
34		inform members of the public accessing its electronic records of the information							
35		collected regarding access transactions and the uses that may be made of the							
36		collected information.							
37									
38	Rule	8.84 adopted effective January 1, 2016.							
39									
40	Rule	e 8.85. Fees for copies of electronic records							
41									
42	The	court may impose fees for the costs of providing copies of its electronic records,							
43		er Government Code section 68928.							

1									
2 3	Rule	le 8.85 adopted effective January 1, 2016.							
4	Rule	Rule 8.100. Filing the appeal							
5									
6	(a)	* * *							
7									
8	<b>(b)</b>	Fee a	and deposit						
9									
10		(1)	Unless otherwise provided by law, the notice of appeal must be accompanied						
11			by the \$775 filing fee under Government Code sections 68926 and						
12			68926.1(b), an application for a waiver of court fees and costs on appeal						
13			under rule 8.26, or an order granting such an application. The fee should may						
14			be paid by check or money order payable to "Clerk, Court of Appeal"; if the						
15			fee is paid in cash, the clerk must give a receipt. The fee may also be paid by						
16			any method permitted by the court pursuant to rules 2.258 and 8.78.						
17									
18		(2)-(	3) * * *						
19									
20		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective August 17,						
21		2003,	January 1, 2007, July 1, 2009, and July 27, 2012.)						
22									
23	(c)-(	(d) *	* *						
24		a							
25	<b>(e)</b>	Supe	erior court clerk's duties						
26		(1)							
27		(1)	The superior court clerk must promptly mail send a notification of the filing						
28			of the notice of appeal to the attorney of record for each party, to any						
29			unrepresented party, and to the reviewing court clerk.						
30		(2)							
31		(2)	The notification must show the date it was mailed sent and must state the						
32			number and title of the case and the date the notice of appeal was filed. If the						
33			information is available, the notification must include:						
34			(A) TI 11 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
35			(A) The name, address, telephone number, <u>e-mail address</u> , and California						
36			State Bar number of each attorney of record in the case;						
37			(B) ***						
38 39			(B) ***						
39 40			(C) The name, address, and telephone number and e-mail address of any						
40			unrepresented party.						
42			umepresented party.						
43		(3)	* * *						
. –		(~)							

1			
2		(4)	The mailing sending of a notification under (1) is a sufficient performance of
3		( )	the clerk's duty despite the death of the party or the discharge,
4			disqualification, suspension, disbarment, or death of the attorney.
5			
6		(5)–(	6) * * *
7			
8		(Suba	l (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
9		,	
10	<b>(f)</b>	* * *	
11			
12	<b>(g)</b>	Civil	case information statement
13	(8)		
14		(1)	Within 15 days after the superior court clerk mails sends the notification of
15		( )	the filing of the notice of appeal required by (e)(1), the appellant must serve
16			and file in the reviewing court a completed Civil Case Information Statement
17			(form APP-004), attaching a copy of the judgment or appealed order that
18			shows the date it was entered.
19			
20		(2)	If the appellant fails to timely file a case information statement under (1), the
21		( )	reviewing court clerk must notify the appellant by mail in writing that the
22			appellant must file the statement within 15 days after the clerk's notice is
23			mailed sent and that if the appellant fails to comply, the court may either
24			impose monetary sanctions or dismiss the appeal. If the appellant fails to file
25			the statement as specified in the notice, the court may impose the sanctions
26			specified in the notice.
27			1
28		(Suba	l (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f) effective January 1,
29			previously amended and relettered as subd (g) effective January 1, 2008; previously
30			ded effective January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2014.)
31			
32	Rule	8.100 d	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 1 effective January
33			eviously amended and renumbered as rule 8.100 effective January 1, 2007; previously
34		_	Sective January 1, 2003, August 17, 2003, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2009, July 27,
35			anuary 1, 2014.
36		,	
37			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
38			v
39	Subd	livisior	n (a). * * *
40			
41	Subd	livisior	n (b). * * *
42			
43	Subd	livisior	n (c)(2). * * *

1

2 **Subdivision** (e). Under subdivision (e)(2), a notification of the filing of a notice of appeal must 3 show the date that the clerk mailed sent the document. This provision is intended to establish the 4 date when the 20-day extension of the time to file a cross-appeal under rule 8.108(e) begins to run.

5

6 7

Subdivision (e)(1) requires the clerk to mail send a notification of the filing of the notice of 8 appeal to the appellant's attorney or to the appellant if unrepresented. Knowledge of the date of 9 that notification allows the appellant's attorney or the appellant to track the running of the 20-day

10 11

#### 12 Rule 8.104. Time to appeal

#### **Normal time** (a)

14 15 16

17

13

Unless a statute, rule 8.108, or rule 8.702 provides otherwise, a notice of (1) appeal must be filed on or before the earliest of:

18 19 20

60 days after the superior court clerk serves on the party filing the notice of appeal a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-stampedendorsed copy of the judgment, showing the date either was served;

22 23 24

25

26

21

60 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by (B) a party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-stampedendorsed copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of service; or

27 28

(C)

extension of time to file a cross-appeal under rule 8.108(e).

29 30 31

(2)

32 33

34

35 36

If the parties stipulated in the trial court under Code of Civil Procedure (3) section 1019.5 to waive notice of the court order being appealed, the time to appeal under (1)(C) applies unless the court or a party serves notice of entry of judgment or a filed-stamped endorsed copy of the judgment to start the time period under (1)(A) or (B).

37 38 39

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007, January 1, 2010, July 1, 2012, and July 1, 2014.)

40 41

(b)-(e) \* \* \*

1 Rule 8.104 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 2 effective January 2 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.104 effective January 1, 2007; previously 3 amended effective January 1, 2005, January 1, 2010, January 1, 2011, July 1, 2011, July 1, 2012, 4 and July 1, 2014. 5 6 Rule 8.108. Extending the time to appeal 7 8 (a)-(e) \* \* \* 9 10 Public entity actions under Government Code section 962, 984, or 985 **(f)** 11 12 If a public entity defendant serves and files a valid request for a mandatory 13 settlement conference on methods of satisfying a judgment under Government 14 Code section 962, an election to pay a judgment in periodic payments under 15 Government Code section 984 and rule 3.1804, or a motion for a posttrial hearing 16 on reducing a judgment under Government Code section 985, the time to appeal 17 from the judgment is extended for all parties until the earliest of: 18 19 90 days after the superior court clerk serves the party filing the notice of (1) 20 appeal with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment, or a filed-21 stamped endorsed copy of the judgment, showing the date either was served; 22 23 (2) 90 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by a 24 party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-25 stamped endorsed copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of service; or 26 27 \* \* \* (3) 28 29 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2011.) 30 31 (g)–(h) \* \* \* 32 33 Rule 8.108 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 3 effective January 34 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.108 effective January 1, 2007; previously 35 amended effective January 1, 2008, January 1, 2011, July 1, 2012, and January 1, 2015. 36 37 Rule 8.112. Petition for writ of supersedeas 38 39 (a) **Petition** 40 41 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 42

If the record has not been filed in the reviewing court:

1				
2		(A)	(B) *	* * *
3				
4		(C)	The	documents listed in (B) must comply with the following
5			requ	irements:
6				
7			(i)	If filed in paper form, they must be bound together at the end of
8				the petition or in separate volumes not exceeding 300 pages each
9				The pages must be consecutively numbered;
10				
11			(ii)	If filed in paper form, they must be index-tabbed by number or
12				letter, and
13			····	
14			(iii)	They must begin with a table of contents listing each document
15				by its title and its index-tab number or letter.
16	(F)	* * *	k	
17 18	(5)			
19	(511	hd (a) a	manda	d effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
20				2008, January 1, 2010, previously amenaea effective January 1, 2008, January 1, 2010, and July 1, 2013.)
21	200	, Janu	шу 1, 2	2000, January 1, 2010, and July 1, 2013.)
22	(b)–(d)	* * *		
23	(4)			
24	Rule 8.112	2 amend	led effe	ctive January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 49 effective Januar
25				nded and renumbered as rule 8.112 effective January 1, 2007; previously
26	_		-	ry 1, 2008, January 1, 2009, January 1, 2010, and July 1, 2013.
27				
28	<b>Rule 8.1</b> 2	23. Re	cord o	f administrative proceedings
29				
30	(a)–(b)	* * *		
31				
32	(c) Tra	ansmitt	tal to t	the reviewing court
33				
34				ed in (d), if any administrative record is designated by a party, the
35	-			erk must transmit the original administrative record, or electronic
36				ecord, with any clerk's or reporter's transcript sent to the reviewing
37				8.150. If the appellant has elected under rule 8.121 to use neither a
38	cle	rk's trai	nscript	nor a reporter's transcript, the superior court clerk must transmit

any administrative record designated by a party to the reviewing court no later than

45 days after the respondent files a designation under (b)(2) or the time for filing it

expires, whichever first occurs.

39

40 41

1 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously amended 2 and relettered as subd (c) effective January 1, 2013.) 3 (d)-(e) \*\*\* 4 5 6 Rule 8.123 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously 7 amended effective January 1, 2013. 8 9 Rule 8.124. Appendixes 10 11 **Notice of election** (a) 12 (1)–(2)\*\*\*13 14 15 The parties may prepare separate appendixes, but are encouraged to or they (3) 16 may stipulate to a joint appendix. 17 18 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 19 2005, January 1, 2007, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2010.) 20 21 \* \* \* **(b)** 22 23 **Document or exhibit held by other party** (c) 24 25 If a party preparing an appendix wants it to contain a copy of a document or an 26 exhibit in the possession of another party: 27 28 (1)–(2)\*\*\*29 30 If the party possessing the document or exhibit sends it to the requesting (3) 31 party non-electronically, that party must copy and return it to the possessing 32 party within 10 days after receiving it. 33 \* \* \* 34 **(4)** 35 36 On request, the reviewing court may return a document or an exhibit to the (5) 37 party that sent it non-electronically. When the remittitur issues, the reviewing 38 court must return all documents or exhibits to the party that sent them, if they 39 were sent non-electronically. 40 41 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2005; 42 previously amended effective January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2010.) 43

1	<b>(d)</b>	Forn	n of appendix
2 3		(1)	An appendix must comply with the requirements of rule 9.144(ab) (ad) for a
<i>3</i>		(1)	An appendix must comply with the requirements of rule 8.144(ab)–(ed) for a clerk's transcript.
5			cicik's transcript.
6		(2)	* * *
7		(2)	
8		(3)	An appendix must not be bound or transmitted electronically as one
9		(-)	document with a brief.
10			
11		(Suba	d (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); relettered as subd (d)
12		effect	tive January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)
13			
14	(e)-(	(g) *	* *
15			
16	Rule	8.124	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 5.1 effective
17		•	2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.124 effective January 1, 2007;
18	previ	iously a	umended effective January 1, 2005, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2010.
19		0.400	
20	Rule	e 8.128	3. Superior court file instead of clerk's transcript
21	(.)	* * *	
22	(a)	* * *	
23 24	<b>(b)</b>	Cost	estimate; preparation of file; transmittal
25	(D)	Cosi	estimate, preparation of the, transmittai
26		(1)	Within 10 days after a stipulation under (a) is filed, the superior court clerk
27		(1)	must mail send the appellant an estimate of the cost to prepare the file,
28			including the cost of sending the index under (3). The appellant must deposit
29			the cost or file an application for, or an order granting, a waiver of the cost
30			within 10 days after the clerk mails sends the estimate.
31			<u> </u>
32		(2)–(	(4) ***
33		. , ,	
34		(Suba	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2009.)
35			
36	Rule	8.128	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 5.2 effective
37	Janu	ary 1, 2	2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.128 effective January 1, 2007;
38	previ	iously a	amended effective January 1, 2008, and July 1, 2009.
39			
40	Rule	e <b>8.13</b> 0	). Reporter's transcript
41			
42	(a)	* * *	
43			

1	<b>(b)</b>	Depo	sit or substitute for cost of transcript
2 3		(1)	* * *
4		(1)	
5		(2)	If the reporter believes the deposit is inadequate, within 15 days after the
6		. ,	clerk mails sends the notice under (d)(1) the reporter may file with the clerk
7			and mail send to the designating party an estimate of the transcript's total cost
8			at the statutory rate, showing the additional deposit required. The party must
9			deposit the additional sum within 10 days after the reporter mails sends the
10			estimate.
11			
12		(3)	* * *
13			
14			(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
15		2007,	January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2014.)
16	( )	sie sie sie	
17 18	(c)	* * *	
19	( <b>d</b> )	Sune	rior court clerk's duties
20	( <b>u</b> )	Supc	Hor court eterk's duties
21		(1)	* * *
22		(1)	
23		(2)	The clerk must promptly mail send the reporter notice of the designation and
24		. ,	of the deposit or substitute and notice to prepare the transcript, showing the
25			date the notice was mailed sent to the reporter, when the court receives:
26			
27			(A)-(C) * * *
28			
29		(3)	If the appellant does not present the deposit under (b)(1) or a substitute under
30			(b)(3) with its notice of designation or does not present an additional deposit
31			required under (b)(2):
32			
33			(A) The clerk must promptly notify the appellant by mail in writing that,
34			within 15 days after the notice is mailed sent, the appellant must take
35 36			one of the following actions or the court may dismiss the appeal:
37			(i) (v) * * *
38			(i)-(v) * * *
39			(B) * * *
40			
41		(4)–(3	5) * * *
42			

1 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2 2007, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.) 3 4 \* \* \* (e) 5 6 **(f)** Filing the transcript; copies; payment 7 8 (1) Within 30 days after notice is  $\frac{\text{mailed}}{\text{mailed}}$  sent under (d)(2), the reporter must 9 prepare and certify an original of the transcript and file it in superior court. 10 The reporter must also file one copy of the original transcript, or more than 11 one copy if multiple appellants equally share the cost of preparing the record 12 (see rule 8.147(a)(2)). Only the reviewing court can extend the time to 13 prepare the reporter's transcript (see rule 8.60). 14 15 (2)-(4)\*\*\*16 17 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 18 2007, July 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.) 19 20 \* \* \* **(g)** 21 22 **(h)** Agreed or settled statement when proceedings cannot be transcribed 23 24 If any portion of the designated proceedings cannot be transcribed, the (1) 25 superior court clerk must so notify the designating party by mail in writing; 26 the notice must show the date it was mailed sent. The party may then 27 substitute an agreed or settled statement for that portion of the designated 28 proceedings by complying with either (A) or (B): 29 30 Within 10 days after the notice is mailed sent, the party may file in (A) 31 superior court, under rule 8.134, an agreed statement or a stipulation 32 that the parties are attempting to agree on a statement. If the party files 33 a stipulation, within 30 days thereafter the party must file the agreed 34 statement, move to use a settled statement under rule 8.137, or proceed 35 without such a statement; or 36 37 (B) Within 10 days after the notice is mailed sent, the party may move in 38 superior court to use a settled statement. If the court grants the motion, 39 the statement must be served, filed, and settled as rule 8.137 provides. 40 but the order granting the motion must fix the times for doing so. 41 42 (2)-(3)\*\*\*

1 (Subd (h) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (g); previously amended 2 effective January 1, 2007; previously relettered as subd (h) effective January 1, 2014.) 3 4 Rule 8.130 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 4 effective January 5 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.130 effective January 1, 2007; previously 6 amended effective January 1, 2005, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2008, January 1, 2010, and January 7 1, 2014. 8 9 **Advisory Committee Comment** 10 11 Subdivision (a). \* \* \* 12 13 Subdivision (b). \* \* \* 14 15 **Subdivision (c).** \* \* \* 16 17 **Subdivision (d).** Under subdivision (d)(2), the clerk's notice to the reporter must show the date 18 on which the clerk mailed sent the notice. This provision is intended to establish the date when 19 the period for preparing the reporter's transcript under subdivision (f)(1) begins to run. 20 21 Subdivision (e). \* \* \* 22 23 Subdivision (f). \* \* \*24 25 Rule 8.137. Settled statement 26 27 Motion to use settled statement (a) 28 (1)–(2)\*\*\*29 30 31 If the court denies the motion, the appellant must file a new notice 32 designating the record on appeal under rule 8.121 within 10 days after the 33 superior court clerk mails sends, or a party serves, the order of denial. 34 35 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 36 2007, and January 1, 2008.) 37 38 Time to file; contents of statement **(b)** 39 40 Within 30 days after the superior court clerk mails sends, or a party serves, an (1) 41 order granting a motion to use a settled statement, the appellant must serve 42 and file in superior court a condensed narrative of the oral proceedings that 43 the appellant believes necessary for the appeal. Subject to the court's

1 approval in settling the statement, the appellant may present some or all of 2 the evidence by question and answer. 3 4 (2)-(5)\*\*\*5 6 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 7 2007, and January 1, 2008.) 8 9 \* \* \* (c) 10 11 Rule 8.137 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 7 effective January 12 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.137 effective January 1, 2007; previously 13 amended effective January 1, 2008. 14 15 Rule 8.140. Failure to procure the record 16 17 **Notice of default** (a) 18 19 Except as otherwise provided by these rules, if a party fails to timely do an act 20 required to procure the record, the superior court clerk must promptly notify the 21 party by mail in writing that it must do the act specified in the notice within 15 days 22 after the notice is mailed sent, and that if it fails to comply, the reviewing court 23 may impose one of the following sanctions: 24 25 (1)–(2)\*\*\*26 27 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 28 2007, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.) 29 (b)-(c) \* \* \* 30 31 32 Rule 8.140 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 8 effective January 1, 2002; 33 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.140 effective January 1, 2007; previously 34 amended effective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014. 35 36 Rule 8.144. Form of the record 37 38 Paper and format (a) 39 40 In the clerk's and reporter's transcripts: (1) 41

1			(A) All documents filed must have a page size of 8½ by 11 inches. If filed
2			in paper form, the paper must be white or unbleached, 81/2 by 11
3			inches, and of at least 20-pound weight;
4			
5			(B)–(D) * * *
6			
7			(E) The margin must be at least 1½ inches on the bound side of the page
8			from the left edge.
9			
10		(2)	If filed in paper form, in the clerk's transcript only one side of the paper may
11			be used; in the reporter's transcript both sides may be used, but the margins
12			must then be 1¼ inches on each edge.
13			
14		(3)-(	(4) ***
15			
16		(Suba	d (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
17		2007,	, and January 1, 2014.)
18			
19	<b>(b)</b>	Inde	exes
20			
21		Exce	ept as provided in rule 8.45, at the beginning of the first volume of each:
22		(4)	
23		(1)	The clerk's transcript must contain alphabetical and chronological indexes
24			listing each document and the volume, where applicable, and page where it
25			first appears;
26		(2)	
27		(2)	The reporter's transcript must contain alphabetical and chronological indexes
28			listing the volume, where applicable, and page where each witness's direct,
29			cross, and any other examination, begins; and
30 31		(2)	The reporter's transcript must contain an index listing the volume where
		(3)	The reporter's transcript must contain an index listing the volume, where
32			applicable, and page where any exhibit is marked for identification and where
33 34			it is admitted or refused. The index must identify each exhibit by number or
35			letter and a brief description of the exhibit.
		(C I.	1(1)
36			d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
37 38		2007,	, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.)
39	(c)	Rind	ling and cover
40	(c)	DIIIU	ing and cover
41		(1)	If filed in paper form, clerk's and reporter's transcripts must be bound on the
42		(1)	left margin in volumes of no more than 300 sheets.
43			ien margin in volumes of no more than 500 sheets.
7.7			

1		(2)-(	3) ***
2			
3		(Suba	d (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
4		2014	
5			, 
6	(d)-	(f) * *	*
7	()	(-)	
8	Rule	8.144	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 9 effective January
9			eviously amended and renumbered as rule 8.144 effective January 1, 2007; previously
10			fective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2014.
11	correct	iaca ejj	20110 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
12			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
13			ravisory comment
14	Sub	division	<b>as (a) and (b).</b> Subdivisions (a)( $\frac{4}{2}$ ) and (b)( $\frac{1}{1}$ ) refer to special requirements concerning
15			confidential records established by rules $8.45-8.47$ . Rule $8.45(c)(2)$ and (3) establish
16			irements regarding references to sealed and confidential records in the alphabetical
17	_	_	ogical indexes to clerk's and reporter's transcripts.
18	ana	CIIIOIIOI	oglear mackes to elerk's and reporter's transcripts.
19	Rul	o & 147	7. Record in multiple or later appeals in same case
20	Kui	C 0.147	. Accord in multiple of later appeals in same case
21	(a)	* * *	
22	(a)		
23	<b>(b)</b>	Late	r appeal
24	(D)	Late	т аррсат
25		In an	appeal in which the parties are using either a clerk's transcript under rule
26			2 or a reporter's transcript under rule 8.130:
27		0.122	of a reporter 3 transcript under rule 6.150.
28		(1)	A party wanting to incorporate by reference all or parts of a record in a prior
29		(1)	appeal in the same case must specify those parts in its designation of the
30			record.
31			record.
32			(A) The prior appeal must be identified by its case name and number. If
33			only part of a record is being incorporated by reference, that part must
34			be identified by citation to the volume, where applicable, and page
35			numbers of the record where it appears and either the title of the
36			document or documents or the date of the oral proceedings to be
37			incorporated. The parts of any record incorporated by reference must be
38			identified in a separate section at the end of the designation of the
39			record.
39 40			rccord.
40			(P) (C) * * *
			(B)–(C) * * *
42 43		(2)	* * *
43		(2)	

1 2 3 4			(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2010.)			
5	Rule	8.147 a	umended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 10 effective January			
6	1, 20	02; pre	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.147 effective January 1, 2007; previously			
7	amen	nded effective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2010.				
8						
9	Rule	8.150	. Filing the record			
10	( )	ala ala ala				
11	(a)	* * *				
12	<b>(L.)</b>	D				
13	<b>(b)</b>	Kevi	ewing court clerk's duties			
14 15		On ro	eceiving the record, the reviewing court clerk must promptly file the original			
16			nail send notice of the filing date to the parties.			
17		allu <del>fi</del>	send notice of the fining date to the parties.			
18		(Subd	(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a) effective January			
19			(b) amended effective sandary 1, 2010, adopted as part of subt (a) effective sandary (2); previously amended and lettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2007.)			
20		1, 200	22, previously amenaeu and tettered as suba (b) effective samuary 1, 2007.)			
21	Rule	8 150 a	umended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 11 effective January			
22			viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.150 effective January 1, 2007.			
23	1, 20	02, p.c	riously amenaca and renameered as two offset offsettre vanidary 1, 2007.			
24	Rule	8.204	. Contents and form of briefs			
25						
26	(a)	* * *				
27	. ,					
28	<b>(b)</b>	Forn	1			
29						
30		(1)	A brief may be reproduced by any process that produces a clear, black image			
31			of letter quality. All documents filed must have a page size of 8½ by 11			
32			inches. If filed in paper form, the paper must be white or unbleached, 81/2 by			
33			11 inches, and of at least 20-pound weight.			
34						
35		(2)	Any conventional typeface font may be used. The typeface font may be either			
36			proportionally spaced or monospaced.			
37						
38		(3)	The type font style must be roman; but for emphasis, italics or boldface may			
39			be used or the text may be underscored. Case names must be italicized or			
40			underscored. Headings may be in uppercase letters.			
41						
42		(4)	Except as provided in (11), the type font size, including footnotes, must not			
43			be smaller than 13-point, and both sides of the paper may be used.			

1						
2	(5)–(	(5)–(7) * * *				
3						
4	(8)	If filed in paper form, the brief must be bound on the left margin. If the brief				
5	` '	is stapled, the bound edge and staples must be covered with tape.				
6						
7	(9)	* * *				
8						
9	(10)	If filed in paper form, the cover must be in the color prescribed by rule				
10		8.40(b). and, in In addition to providing the cover information required by				
11		rule 8.40(c), the cover must state:				
12						
13		(A)–(D) * * *				
14						
15	(11)	* * *				
16						
17	(Subd	(b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,				
18	2004,	July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, January 1, 2013, and January 1,				
19	2014.					
20						
21	(c)-(e) * *	*				
22						
1 2	- Rule 8 204 c	Rule 8.204 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 14 effective January				
23						
24	1, 2002; pre	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously				
24 25	1, 2002; pre amended eff	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously ective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1,				
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	1, 2002; pre amended eff	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously				
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	1, 2002; pre amended eff	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.				
24 25 26 27 28	1, 2002; pre amended eff	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously ective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1,				
24 25 26 27 28 29	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, amuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is	viously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, amuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2)	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2)	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, amuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and fonttype	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a sacceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).  (2), (3), and (4) of subdivision (b) state requirements of font-typeface, font type style, size (see also subd. (b)(11)(C)). The first two terms are defined in The Chicago				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and fonttype Manual of S	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, amuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and fonttype	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a sacceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).  (2), (3), and (4) of subdivision (b) state requirements of font-typeface, font type style, size (see also subd. (b)(11)(C)). The first two terms are defined in The Chicago				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and fonttype Manual of Subdivision font."	wiously amended and renumbered as rule 8.204 effective January 1, 2007; previously fective January 1, 2004, July 1, 2004, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2011, January 1, anuary 1, 2014.  Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a sacceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).  (2), (3), and (4) of subdivision (b) state requirements of font-typeface, font type style, size (see also subd. (b)(11)(C)). The first two terms are defined in The Chicago				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and font-ype Manual of Subdivision Subdivision	Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of is acceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).  (2), (3), and (4) of subdivision (b) state requirements of font-typeface, font type style, size (see also subd. (b)(11)(C)). The first two terms are defined in The Chicago tyle (15th ed., 2003) p. 839. Note that computer programs often refer to typeface as				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	1, 2002; pre amended eff 2013, and Jo Subdivision reproduction provision is Procedure (2 Paragraphs (and font-ype Manual of Subdivision Subdivision	Advisory Committee Comment  (b). The first sentence of subdivision (b)(1) confirms that any method of a sacceptable provided it results in a clear black image of letter quality. The derived from subdivision (a)(1) of rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Appellate 28 U.S.C.) (FRAP 32).  (2), (3), and (4) of subdivision (b) state requirements of font-typeface, font type style, size (see also subd. (b)(11)(C)). The first two terms are defined in The Chicago tyle (15th ed., 2003) p. 839. Note that computer programs often refer to typeface as (b)(2) allows the use of any conventional typeface font—e.g., Times New Roman, al, Helvetica, etc.—and permits the typeface font to be either proportionally spaced				

2 boldface, or underscoring for emphasis; it also requires case names to be italicized or 3 underscored. These provisions are derived from FRAP 32(a)(6). 4 5 Subdivision (b)(5) allows headings to be single-spaced; it is derived from FRAP 32(a)(4). The 6 provision also permits quotations of any length to be block-indented and single-spaced at the 7 discretion of the brief writer. 8 9 See also rule 1.200 concerning the format of citations. Brief writers are encouraged to follow the 10 citation form of the California Style Manual (4th ed., 2000). 11 12 Subdivision (c). \* \* \* 13 14 Subdivision (d). \* \* \* 15 16 Subdivision (e). \* \* \* 17 18 Rule 8.208. Certificate of Interested Entities or Persons 19 20 (a)-(c)\*\*\*21 22 Serving and filing a certificate (**d**) 23 24 (1)–(2)\*\*\*25 26 If a party fails to file a certificate as required under (1), the clerk must notify 27 the party by mail in writing that the party must file the certificate within 15 28 days after the clerk's notice is mailed sent and that if the party fails to 29 comply, the court may impose one of the following sanctions: 30 (A)–(B) \* \* \* 31 32 33 **(4)** \* \* \* 34 35 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); previously amended 36 and relettered as subd (d) effective January 1, 2008; previously amended effective January 37 1, 2009.) 38 39 (e)-(f) \*\*\*40 41 Rule 8.208 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 14.5 effective July 1, 2006; 42 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.208 effective January 1, 2007; previously 43 amended effective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2009.

Subdivision (b)(3) requires the type font style to be roman, but permits the use of italics,

Rule 8.212. Service and filing of briefs \* \* \* **Advisory Committee Comment** Subdivision (a). \* \* \* **Subdivision (b).** Extensions of briefing time are limited by statute in some cases. For example, under Public Resources Code section 21167.6(h) in cases under section 21167, extensions are limited to one 30-day extension for the opening brief and one 30-day extension for "preparation of responding brief." Under rule 8.42, the original signature of only one party is required on the stipulation filed with the court; the signatures of the other parties may be in the form of copies of the signed signature page of the document. Signatures on electronically filed documents are subject to the requirements of rule 8.77. Subdivision (b)(2) clarifies that a party seeking an extension of time from the presiding justice must proceed by application under rule 8.50 rather than by motion under rule 8.54. Subdivision (c). \*\*\*Rule 8.220. Failure to file a brief (a) Notice to file If a party fails to timely file an appellant's opening brief or a respondent's brief, the reviewing court clerk must promptly notify the party by mail in writing that the brief must be filed within 15 days after the notice is mailed sent and that if the party fails to comply, the court may impose one of the following sanctions: (1)–(2) \*\*\* (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008.) (b)-(d) \*\*\*Rule 8.220 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 17 effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.220 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2008.

# Rule 8.224. Transmitting exhibits

(a) \*\*

### (b) Transmittal

Unless the reviewing court orders otherwise, within 20 days after the first notice under (a) is filed:

(1) The superior court clerk must put any designated exhibits in the clerk's possession into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the reviewing court with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The superior court clerk must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not transmitted electronically, the superior court clerk must send two copies of the list. If the reviewing court clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign and return one a copy to the superior court clerk.

(2) Any party in possession of designated exhibits returned by the superior court must put them into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the reviewing court with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The party must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not transmitted electronically, the party must send two copies of the list. If the reviewing court clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign and return one a copy to the party.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(c) \*\*\*

# (d) Request and return by reviewing court

At any time the reviewing court may direct the superior court or a party to send it an exhibit. On request, the reviewing court may return an exhibit to the superior court or to the party that sent it. When the remittitur issues, the reviewing court must return all exhibits <u>not transmitted electronically</u> to the superior court or to the party that sent them.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 8.224 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 18 effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.224 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2008.

1	Rule	8.248. Prehearing conference
2	(a)	Statement and conference
4 5		After the notice of appeal is filed in a civil case, the presiding justice may:
6		
7		(1) ***
8		
9		(2) Order all necessary persons to attend a conference to consider a narrowing of
10		the case management issues, settlement, and other relevant matters.
11		
12		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
13 14		2007.)
15	<b>(b)</b>	* * *
16	(D)	
17	(c)	Proceedings after conference
18	(0)	110cccumgs utter comercine
19		(1) ***
20		
21		(2) If settlement is addressed at the conference, other than an inquiry solely about
22		the parties' interest in settlement, neither the presiding officer nor any court
23		personnel present at a the conference may participate in or influence the
24		determination of the appeal.
25		
26		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
27		
28	<b>(d)</b>	Time to file brief
29		
30		The time to file a party's brief under rule 8.212(a) is tolled from the date the Court
31		of Appeal mails sends notice of the conference until the date it mails sends notice
32 33		that the conference is concluded.
34		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
35		2007.)
36		2007.)
37	Rule	8.248 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 21 effective Januar
38		03; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.248 effective January 1, 2007.
39	,	, 1
40		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
41		
42	Subo	livision (a). * * *
43		

**Subdivision (d).** If a prehearing conference is ordered before the due date of the appellant's 2 opening brief, the time to file the brief is not extended but tolled, in order to avoid unwarranted lengthening of the briefing process. For example, if the conference is ordered 15 days after the 4 start of the normal 30-day briefing period, the rule simply *suspends* the running of that period; when the period resumes, the party will not receive an automatic extension of a full 30 days but rather the remaining 15 days of the original briefing period, unless the period is otherwise extended. 9 Under subdivision (d) the tolling period continues "until the date [the Court of Appeal] mails 10 sends notice that the conference is concluded" (italics added). This provision is intended to accommodate the possibility that the conference may not conclude on the date it begins. Whether or not the conference concludes on the date it begins, subdivision (d) requires the Court 14 of Appeal clerk to mail send the parties a notice that the conference is concluded. This provision is intended to facilitate the calculation of the new briefing due dates. 16 Rule 8.252. Judicial notice; findings and evidence on appeal (a)-(b) \*\*\*(c) Evidence on appeal (1)–(2) \*\*\* 24 For documentary evidence, a party may offer the original, a certified copy, or a photocopy, or, in a case in which electronic filing is permitted, an electronic copy. The court may admit the document in evidence without a hearing. 29 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 30 2007.) Rule 8.252 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 22 effective January 1, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.252 effective January 1, 2007; previously 34 amended effective January 1, 2009, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2015. 36 Rule 8.264. Filing, finality, and modification of decision (a)-(c) \*\*\*40 Consent to increase or decrease in amount of judgment

If a Court of Appeal decision conditions the affirmance of a money judgment on a

party's consent to an increase or decrease in the amount, the judgment is reversed

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1		บทโค	es hefore	e the decision is final under (b) the party serves and files two copies a		
2	unless, before the decision is final under (b), the party serves and files two copies a					
3	copy of a consent in the Court of Appeal. If a consent is filed, the finality period					
		runs from the filing date of the consent. The clerk must send one filed-				
4		Stam	<del>peu</del> endo	orsed copy of the consent to the superior court with the remittitur.		
5		/G 1	1 ( 1)	1.1.66 .: 1. 2016)		
6 7		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
8	Rule	8 264	amended	effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 24 effective January		
9				umended and renumbered as rule 8.264 effective January 1, 2007; previously		
10		-	•	nuary 1, 2009.		
11	umer	шеи ед	iective su	nuary 1, 2009.		
12	Rula	8 27°	2. Remit	ttitur		
13	Kuit	0.411	. Kulli	ititui		
14	(a)	* * *	:			
15	(a)					
16	<b>(b)</b>	Clor	k's dutio	oc.		
17	(D)	Ciei	k s uuu			
18		(1)	If a Co	urt of Annual designing not reviewed by the Sunrama Court:		
19		(1)	II a Co	urt of Appeal decision is not reviewed by the Supreme Court:		
			(A) *	* * *		
20			(A) *			
21			(D) T	The clark moves and the legger count on tribynal the Count of Anneal		
22			` /	The clerk must send the lower court or tribunal the Court of Appeal		
23			10	emittitur and a file <u>d</u> -stampedendorsed copy of the opinion or order.		
24		(2)	A G C	S		
25		(2)	After S	Supreme Court review of a Court of Appeal decision:		
26			(A) *	* * *		
27			(A) *	· · · · · ·		
28			(D) T			
29				The clerk must send the lower court or tribunal the Court of Appeal		
30				emittitur, a copy of the Supreme Court remittitur, and a filed-		
31			<del>S</del> i	tampedendorsed copy of the Supreme Court opinion or order.		
32						
33				nded effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
34		2007	.)			
35		/ <b>=</b> \ .	ata ata			
36	(c)-(	(d) *	* *			
37						
38				effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 26 effective January		
39	1, 20	03; pr	eviously a	amended effective January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008.		
40			. ~			
41	Rule	e 8.278	3. Costs	on appeal		
42						

1	$(\mathbf{a})$ –(	b) ***
2		
3	<b>(c)</b>	Procedure for claiming or opposing costs
5 6 7 8		(1) Within 40 days after the clerk sends notice of issuance of the remittitur, a party claiming costs awarded by a reviewing court must serve and file in the superior court a verified memorandum of costs under rule 3.1700.
9		(2)–(3) ***
10		
11 12		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
13 14		(d) ***
15 16 17		8.278 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously ded effective January 1, 2013.
18		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
19		·
20 21 22		rule is not intended to expand the categories of appeals subject to the award of costs. See 3.493 for provisions addressing costs in writ proceedings.
23 24	Subd	ivision (c). * * *
25 26 27 28 29	by the	<b>ivision</b> (d). Subdivision (d)(1)(B) is intended to refer not only to a normal record prepared e clerk and the reporter under rules 8.122 and 8.130 but also, for example, to an appendix red by a party under rule 8.124 and to a superior court file to which the parties stipulate rule 8.128.
30 31 32 33	briefs	ivision (d)(1)(D), allowing recovery of the "costs to notarize, serve, mail, and file the record, s, and other papers," is intended to include fees charged by electronic filing service providers ectronic filing and service of documents.
34 35 36 37	borro	interest expenses" in subdivisions $(d)(1)(F)$ and $(G)$ means the interest expenses incurred to w the funds that are deposited minus any interest earned by the borrower on those funds they are on deposit.
38 39	Rule	8.300. Appointment of appellate counsel by the Court of Appeal
40 41	(a)-(	e) ***
42 43		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>

l	Sub	<b>ubdivision</b> (b). The "designated oversight committee" referred to in subdivision (b)(2) is			
2	curre	currently the Appellate Indigent Defense Oversight Advisory Committee. The criteria approved			
3	by th	nis committee can be found on the judicial branch's public website at-www.courtsinfo.ca.gov.			
4	wwn	www.courts.ca.gov/4206.htm.			
5					
6	Rul	e <b>8.30</b> 4	. Filing the appeal; certificate of probable cause		
7			•		
8	(a)-	(b) * *	*		
9	` '	` /			
10	(c)	Noti	fication of the appeal		
11	` '		••		
12		(1)	When a notice of appeal is filed, the superior court clerk must promptly mail		
13		( )	send a notification of the filing to the attorney of record for each party, to any		
14			unrepresented defendant, to the reviewing court clerk, to each court reporter,		
15			and to any primary reporter or reporting supervisor. If the defendant also file		
16			a statement under (b)(1), the clerk must not mail send the notification unless		
17			the superior court files a certificate under (b)(2).		
18			une superior court mes a commente unact (o)(2).		
19		(2)	The notification must show the date it was mailed sent, the number and title		
20		(-)	of the case, and the dates the notice of appeal and any certificate under (b)(2)		
21			were filed. If the information is available, the notification must also include:		
22			were fried. If the information is available, the notification mast also include.		
23			(A) The name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and California		
24			State Bar number of each attorney of record in the case;		
25			State But number of each attorney of record in the case,		
26			(B) ***		
27			(D)		
28			(C) The name, address, and telephone number and e-mail address of any		
29			unrepresented defendant.		
30			umepresented detendant.		
31		(3)_(	4) * * *		
32		(3) (	<del>")</del>		
33		(5)	The mailing sending of a notification under (1) is a sufficient performance of		
34		(3)	the clerk's duty despite the discharge, disqualification, suspension,		
35			disbarment, or death of the attorney.		
36			disbarment, of death of the attorney.		
37		(6)	* * *		
38		(6)			
		(C1	1(a) amondod officiating I amondon 1 2016, marriant amondod officiating I		
39			l (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
40		2007	)		
41					

1 Rule 8.304 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 30 effective January 2 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.304 effective January 1, 2007; previously 3 amended effective July 1, 2007. 4 5 Rule 8.308. Time to appeal 6 7 (a) 8 9 **(b) Cross-appeal** 10 11 If the defendant or the People timely appeals from a judgment or appealable order, 12 the time for any other party to appeal from the same judgment or order is either the 13 time specified in (a) or 30 days after the superior court clerk mails sends 14 notification of the first appeal, whichever is later. 15 16 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; 17 previously amended effective January 1, 2008.) 18 19 (c)-(d) \*\*\*20 21 Rule 8.308 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 30.1 effective January 1, 2004; 22 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.308 effective January 1, 2007; previously 23 amended effective January 1, 2005, July 1, 2007, January 1, 2008, and July 1, 2010. 24 25 Rule 8.336. Preparing, certifying, and sending the record 26 27 (a)-(c) \*\*\*28 29 Reporter's transcript (d) 30 31 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 32 33 Any portion of the transcript transcribed during trial must not be retyped (4) 34 unless necessary to correct errors, but must be repaginated and bound 35 combined with any portion of the transcript not previously transcribed. Any 36 additional copies needed must not be retyped but, if the transcript is in paper 37 form, must be prepared by photocopying or an equivalent process. 38 \* \* \* 39 (5) 40 41 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 42 2007, and January 1, 2014.) 43

(e)-(h) \*\*\* 1 2 3 Rule 8.336 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 32 effective January 4 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.336 effective January 1, 2007; previously 5 amended effective January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2014. 6 7 Rule 8.344. Agreed statement 8 9 If the parties present the appeal on an agreed statement, they must comply with the 10 relevant provisions of rule 8.134, but the appellant must file an original and, if the 11 statement is filed in paper form, three copies of the statement in superior court within 25 12 days after filing the notice of appeal. 13 14 Rule 8.344 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 32.2 effective January 1, 2004; 15 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.344 effective January 1, 2007. 16 17 Rule 8.346. Settled statement 18 19 (a)-(b)\*\*\*20 21 Serving and filing the settled statement (c) 22 23 The applicant must prepare, serve, and file in superior court an original and, if the 24 statement is filed in paper form, three copies of the settled statement. 25 26 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 27 28 Rule 8.346 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 32.3 effective January 1, 2004; 29 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.346 effective January 1, 2007. 30 31 Rule 8.360. Briefs by parties and amici curiae 32 33 (a)-(b) \*\*\*34 35 (c) Time to file 36 37 (1)–(4) \*\*\* 38 39 If a party fails to timely file an appellant's opening brief or a respondent's 40 brief, the reviewing court clerk must promptly notify the party by mail in 41 writing that the brief must be filed within 30 days after the notice is mailed 42 sent, and that failure to comply may result in one of the following sanctions: 43

(A)-(B) \*\*\* 1 2 3 (6) 4 5 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 6 2007.) 7 (d)-(f) \*\*\*\*8 9 10 Rule 8.360 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 33 effective January 11 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.360 effective January 1, 2007; previously 12 amended effective January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2013. 13 14 Rule 8.380. Petition for writ of habeas corpus filed by petitioner not represented by 15 an attorney 16 17 (a)-(b) \*\*\*18 19 **Number of copies** (c) 20 21 In the Court of Appeal, the petitioner must file the original of the petition under (a) 22 and one set of any supporting documents. In the Supreme Court the petitioner must 23 file an original and, if the petition is filed in paper form, 10 copies of the petition 24 and an original and, if the document is filed in paper form, 2 copies of any 25 supporting document accompanying the petition unless the court orders otherwise. 26 27 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (a) effective January 28 1, 2005; previously amended and lettered as subd (c) effective January 1, 2009.) 29 30 Rule 8.380 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 60 effective January 31 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.380 effective January 1, 2007; previously 32 amended effective January 1, 2006, January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2014. 33 34 Rule 8.384. Petition for writ of habeas corpus filed by an attorney for a party 35 36 Form and content of petition and memorandum (a) 37 (1)–(2) \* \* \* 38 39 40 The petition and any memorandum must support any reference to a matter in 41 the supporting documents by a citation to its index tab number or letter and 42 page. 43

1 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of subd (b) effective January 2 1, 2006; previously amended and lettered as subd (a) effective January 1, 2009.) 3 (b)-(d) \*\*\*4 5 6 Rule 8.384 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 60.5 effective January 1, 2006; 7 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.384 effective January 1, 2007; previously 8 amended effective January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2014. 9 10 Rule 8.385. Proceedings after the petition is filed 11 \* \* \* 12 (a) 13 14 **(b) Informal response** 15 16 (1) \* \* \* 17 18 (2) The response must be served and filed within 15 days or as the court 19 specifies. If the petitioner is not represented by counsel in the habeas corpus 20 proceeding, one copy of the informal response and any supporting documents 21 must be served on the petitioner. If the petitioner is represented by counsel in 22 the habeas corpus proceeding, two copies the response must be served on the 23 petitioner's counsel. If the response is served in paper form, two copies must 24 be served on the petitioner's counsel. If the petitioner is represented by court-25 appointed counsel other than the State Public Defender's Office or Habeas 26 Corpus Resource Center, one copy must also be served on the applicable 27 appellate project. 28 \* \* \* 29 (3) 30 31 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 32 2014.) 33 34 (c)-(f)\*\*\*35 36 Rule 8.385 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 37 amended effective January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2014. 38 39 Rule 8.386. Proceedings if the return is ordered to be filed in the reviewing court 40 41 (a) 42

1	(D)	Serving and filling return			
2					
3		(1)–(2) * * *			
4		(2)			
5		` '	s of the The return and any supporting documents must be served		
6		•	tioner's counsel <del>, and if</del> . <u>If the return is served in paper form, two</u>		
7		_	st be served on the petitioner's counsel. If the petitioner is		
8		_	d for the habeas corpus proceeding by court-appointed counsel		
9 10			the State Public Defender's Office or Habeas Corpus Resource		
10		Center, on	e copy must be served on the applicable appellate project.		
12		(Subd (b) amondo	d offective Langam 1 2016, proviously amonded offective Langam 1		
13		(Suba (b) amenaed 2014.)	d effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
14		2014.)			
15	(c)	Form and conte	ent of return		
16	(C)	rorm and conte	in of return		
17		(1) ***			
18		(1)			
19		(2) Rule 8.486	$\delta(c)(1)$ and (2) govern the form of any supporting documents		
20		` '	ying the return. The return must support any reference to a matter		
21			porting documents by a citation to its index tab number or letter and		
22		page.			
23		1 0			
24		(3) ***			
25					
26		(Subd (c) amended	d effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
27		2014.)			
28					
29	$(\mathbf{d})$ –(	g) ***			
30					
31			ctive January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously		
32	amen	led effective Janua	ry 1, 2014.		
33					
34	Rule	8.405. Filing the	e appeal		
35					
36	(a)	* * *			
37	<b>(1.)</b>	a • .	1 11 1 4		
38	<b>(b)</b>	Superior court	clerk's duties		
39		(1) Whan a	tion of annual is filed the superior sount alarly revet income list-tally		
40		(1) When a no	otice of appeal is filed, the superior court clerk must immediately:		
41 42		(A) Mail	Sand a notification of the filing to:		
42		(A) Mail	Send a notification of the filing to:		
TJ					

1			(i)-(vi) * * *
2			
3			(B) ***
4			
5 6		(2)	The notification must show the name of the appellant, the date it was mailed sent, the number and title of the case, and the date the notice of appeal was
7			filed. If the information is available, the notification must also include:
8			
9 10			(A) The name, address, telephone number, <u>e-mail address</u> , and California State Bar number of each attorney of record in the case;
11			
12 13			(B) ***
			(C) The name address and telephone number and a mail address of any
14 15			(C) The name, address, and telephone number and e-mail address of any unrepresented party.
16			
17		(3)-(	(4) ***
18			
19		(5)	The mailing sending of a notification is a sufficient performance of the
20			clerk's duty despite the discharge, disqualification, suspension, disbarment,
21			or death of the attorney.
22			
23		(6)	* * *
24			
25		(Suba	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
26			
27	Rule	8.405 d	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2010.
28			
29			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
30	a		
31			(a). Notice of Appeal—Juvenile (California Rules of Court, Rule 8.400) (form JV-
32		-	e used to file the notice of appeal required under this rule. This form is available at
33	-		suse or county law library or online at www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms
34	www.	.courts	.ca.gov/forms
35			
36	Rule	8.406	5. Time to appeal
37			
38	(a)	* * *	
39			
40	<b>(b)</b>	Cros	ss-appeal
41			
42		If an	appellant timely appeals from a judgment or appealable order, the time for any
43		other	party to appeal from the same judgment or order is either the time specified in

1 (a) or 20 days after the superior court clerk mails sends notification of the first 2 appeal, whichever is later. 3 4 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 5 (c)-(d) \*\*\* 6 7 8 Rule 8.406 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2010; previously 9 amended effective July 1, 2010. 10 11 Rule 8.411. Abandoning the appeal 12 13 (a)-(b) \*\*\*14 15 (c) Clerk's duties 16 17 If the abandonment is filed in the superior court, the clerk must immediately (1) 18 mail send a notification of the abandonment to: 19 20 (A)-(C) \*\*\*21 22 If the abandonment is filed in the reviewing court and the reviewing court (2) 23 orders the appeal dismissed, the clerk must immediately mail send a 24 notification of the order of dismissal to every party. 25 26 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 27 28 Rule 8.411 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2010. 29 30 Rule 8.412. Briefs by parties and amici curiae 31 32 (a)-(c)\*\*\*33 34 Failure to file a brief (**d**) 35 36 Except in appeals governed by rule 8.416, if a party fails to timely file an (1) 37 appellant's opening brief or a respondent's brief, the reviewing court clerk 38 must promptly notify the party's counsel or the party, if not represented, by 39 mail in writing that the brief must be filed within 30 days after the notice is 40 mailed sent and that failure to comply may result in one of the following 41 sanctions: 42 \* \* \* 43 (A)–(B)

1		
2		(2)–(3) * * *
3		
4		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007;
5 6		previously amended effective July 1, 2010.)
7	(e)	* * *
8	(C)	
9	$Rul_{\theta}$	8.412 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 37.3 effective January 1, 2005;
10		iously amended and renumbered as rule 8.412 effective January 1, 2007; previously
11	-	nded effective July 1, 2007, and July 1, 2010.
12	unei	шей едресное Зину 1, 2007, ини Зину 1, 2010.
13	Rul	e 8.474. Procedures and data
14	1101	o of the first and add
15	(a)	* * *
16	(4)	
17	<b>(b)</b>	Data
18	(2)	
19		The clerks of the superior courts and the reviewing courts must the provide the data
20		required to assist the Judicial Council in evaluating the effectiveness of the rules
21		governing appeals and writs in juvenile cases.
22		go verning appears and write in juvernie eases.
23		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
24		(Suba (b) amenaca effective variation) 1, 20101)
25	Rule	8.474 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 38.6 effective January 1, 2005;
26		iously renumbered as rule 8.474 effective January 1, 2007.
27	Previ	ionsty rename erea as rule of the office transacty 1, 2007.
28	Rule	e 8.482. Appeal from judgment authorizing conservator to consent to
29		sterilization of conservatee
30		
31	(a)-	(b) ***
32	()	
33	(c)	Superior court clerk's duties
34	(-)	
35		After entering the judgment, the clerk must immediately:
36		
37		(1) ***
38		
39		(2) Mail Send certified copies of the judgment to the Court of Appeal and the
40		Attorney General.
41		
42		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
43		2007.)

1				
2	( <b>d</b> )–	(f) *:	* *	
3	(.)	<b>C</b>	P 1 4 9	
4 5	<b>(g)</b>	Coni	iaenu	ial material
6		(1)	* * *	
7		(1)		
8		(2)	Mate	rial under (1) must be sent to the reviewing court in a secure manner that
9		( )		erves its confidentiality. If the material is in paper format, it must be sent
10			_	e reviewing court in a sealed envelope marked "CONFIDENTIAL—
11			MAY	NOT BE EXAMINED WITHOUT A COURT ORDER."
12				
13		(Suba	d(g) an	nended effective January 1, 2016.)
14				
15	(h)-	(i) * *	* *	
16				
17				ed effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 39.1 effective
18	Janu	ary 1, 2	2005; p	previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.482 effective January 1, 2007.
19	D1.	0 407	D-4	42
20 21	Kuie	e <b>8.48</b> 6	. Peu	LUONS
22	(a)-	(b) *	* *	
23	(a)-	(D)		
24	(c)	Forn	n of su	ipporting documents
25	(0)	1 011	01 50	.pporting documents
26		(1)	Docu	iments submitted under (b) must comply with the following
27		( )		rements:
28			•	
29			(A)	If submitted in paper form, they must be bound together at the end of
30				the petition or in separate volumes not exceeding 300 pages each. The
31				pages must be consecutively numbered.
32				
33			(B)	If submitted in paper form, they must be index-tabbed by number or
34				letter.
35			(0)	
36			(C)	They must begin with a table of contents listing each document by its
37				title and its index-tab number or letter. If a document has attachments,
38				the table of contents must give the title of each attachment and a brief
39 40				description of its contents.
40		(2) (	(3) **	• *
42		(2)-(	٠, ١	
43				
. –				

1 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously amended 2 effective January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007; previously amended and relettered as 3 subd (c) effective January 1, 2009.) 4 5 (d)-(e) \*\*\* 6 7 Rule 8.486 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 56 effective January 8 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.490 effective January 1, 2007, and as 9 rule 8.486 effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective July 1, 2005, January 1, 2006, 10 July 1, 2006, January 1, 2008, July 1, 2009, January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2014. 11 12 Rule 8.488. Certificate of Interested Entities or Persons 13 14 (a)-(c) \*\*\*15 16 Failure to file a certificate (**d**) 17 18 If a party fails to file a certificate as required under (b) and (c), the clerk must (1) 19 notify the party by mail in writing that the party must file the certificate 20 within 10 days after the clerk's notice is mailed sent and that if the party fails 21 to comply, the court may impose one of the following sanctions: 22 23 (A)-(B)\*\*\*24 25 (2) 26 27 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 28 29 Rule 8.488 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 30 31 Rule 8.495. Review of Workers' Compensation Appeals Board cases 32 33 **Petition** (a) 34 35 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 36 37 (3) The petition must be accompanied by proof of service of two copies a copy 38 of the petition on the Secretary of the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board 39 in San Francisco, or two copies if the petition is served in paper form, and 40 one copy on each party who appeared in the action and whose interest is 41 adverse to the petitioner. Service on the board's local district office is not 42 required.

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1		/G 1 1							
1			(a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,						
2		2007.							
3									
4	<b>(b)</b>	* * *	* * *						
5 6	(c)	Conti	ificate of Interested Entities or Persons						
7	(C)	Ceru	incate of interested Entities of Tersons						
8		(1)–(2	2) ***						
9		(1) (	<del>-</del> )						
10		(3)	If a party fails to file a certificate as required under (1) and (2), the clerk must						
11		( )	notify the party by mail in writing that the party must file the certificate						
12			within 10 days after the clerk's notice is mailed sent and that failure to						
13			comply will result in one of the following sanctions:						
14			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
15			(A)–(B) ***						
16									
17		(4)	* * *						
18		(+)							
19		(Subd	(c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2006; previously						
20									
21		ameni	ded effective January 1, 2007.)						
22	Dula	9 405	amonded effective January 1, 2016, renealed and adopted as mile 57 effective January						
			umended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 57 effective January						
23		-	viously amended effective July 1, 2006; previously amended and renumbered as rule						
24 25	0.49	4 еђесп	ve January 1, 2007; previously renumbered as rule 8.495 effective January 1, 2009.						
23 26	Pul	s & 406	. Review of Public Utilities Commission cases						
27	Kui	C 0.470	. Review of I ubile etilities commission cases						
28	(a)-	(b) *:	* *						
29	(a)-	(D)							
30	(c)	Conti	ificate of Interested Entities or Persons						
31	(C)	Certi	incate of interested Entities of Tersons						
		(1) (	2) ***						
32		(1)– $(2)$	2)						
33		(2)							
34		(3)	If a party fails to file a certificate as required under (1) and (2), the clerk must						
35			notify the party by mail in writing that the party must file the certificate						
36			within 10 days after the clerk's notice is mailed sent and that failure to						
37			comply will result in one of the following sanctions:						
38									
39			(A)– $(B) * * *$						
40									
41		(4)	* * *						
42									

1 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2006; previously 2 amended effective January 1, 2007.) 3 4 Rule 8.496 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 58 effective January 5 1, 2005; previously amended effective July 1, 2006; previously amended and renumbered as rule 6 8.496 effective January 1, 2007. 7 8 Rule 8.498. Review of Agricultural Labor Relations Board and Public Employment 9 **Relations Board cases** 10 (a)-(c) \*\*\*11 12 13 **Certificate of Interested Entities or Persons** (d) 14 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 15 16 17 If a party fails to file a certificate as required under (1) and (2), the clerk must 18 notify the party by mail in writing that the party must file the certificate 19 within 10 days after the clerk's notice is mailed sent and that failure to 20 comply will result in one of the following sanctions: 21 (A)-(B) \*\*\*22 23 24 **(4)** 25 26 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2006; previously 27 amended effective January 1, 2007.) 28 29 Rule 8.498 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 59 effective January 30 1, 2005; previously amended effective July 1, 2006; previously amended and renumbered as rule 31 8.498 effective January 1, 2007. 32 33 Rule 8.504. Form and contents of petition, answer, and reply 34 35 (a) 36 37 **(b) Contents of a petition** 38 39 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 40 41 If the petition seeks review of a Court of Appeal opinion, a copy of the 42 opinion showing its filing date and a copy of any order modifying the opinion 43 or directing its publication must be bound at the back of the original petition

1			and each copy filed in the Supreme Court or, if the petition is not filed in				
2			paper form, attached.				
3							
4		(5)	If the petition seeks review of a Court of Appeal order, a copy of the order				
5			showing the date it was entered must be bound at the back of the original				
6			petition and each copy filed in the Supreme Court or, if the petition is not				
7			filed in paper form, attached.				
8			<del></del>				
9		(6)–(	(7) ***				
10		(0) (					
11		(Suh	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,				
12							
		2004	, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2009.)				
13	(-)	(-) <b>*</b>	* *				
14	(c)-(	(e) *	n n				
15							
16			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 28.1 effective January 1, 2003;				
17	-	-	amended and renumbered as rule 8.504 effective January 1, 2007; previously				
18	amer	ıded ef	fective January 1, 2004, January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011.				
19							
20	Rule	e <b>8.51</b> 2	2. Ordering review				
21							
22	(a)	Trai	nsmittal of record				
23							
24		On r	eceiving a copy of a petition for review or on request of the Supreme Court,				
25		whic	chever is earlier, the Court of Appeal clerk must promptly send the record to the				
26			reme Court. If the petition is denied, the Supreme Court clerk must promptly				
27		_	rn the record to the Court of Appeal if the record was transmitted in paper form.				
28		10001	The record to the court of rappowi				
29		(Suh	d (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
30		(Subt	a (u) umenueu effective sumuity 1, 2010.)				
31	(b)-	(A) *	**				
32	(D)-	( <b>u</b> )					
	D 1	0.512					
33			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 28.2 effective January 1, 2003;				
34	-	previously amended effective January 1, 2004; previously renumbered as rule 8.512 effective					
35	Janu	ary 1, 1	2007.				
36	ъ.	0.540					
37	Kul	e <b>8.54</b> (	O. Remittitur				
38							
39	(a)	* * *	•				
40							
41	<b>(b)</b>	Cler	k's duties				
42							
43		(1)	* * *				

1			
2		(2)	After review of a Court of Appeal decision, the Supreme Court clerk must
3			address the remittitur to the Court of Appeal and send that court two copies a
4			<u>copy</u> of the remittitur and two <u>a</u> file <u>d</u> -stampedendorsed copies copy of the
5			Supreme Court opinion or order. The clerk must send two copies of any
6			document sent in paper form.
7			
8		(3)	After a decision in an appeal from a judgment of death or in a cause
9			transferred to the court under rule 8.552, the clerk must send the remittitur
10			and a filed-stampedendorsed copy of the Supreme Court opinion or order to
11			the lower court or tribunal.
12			
13		(4)	* * *
14			
15		(Suba	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
16		2007.	
17			
18	(c)	* * *	
19			
20	Rule	8.540	amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 29.6 effective
21	Janu	ary 1, 2	2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.540 effective January 1, 2007.
22		·	
23	Rule	e 8.548	3. Decision on request of a court of another jurisdiction
24			
25	(a)-	(c) *	* *
26			
27	<b>(d)</b>	Serv	ing and filing the request
28			
29		The	requesting court clerk must file an original, and if the request is filed in paper
30		form	10 copies, of the request in the Supreme Court with a certificate of service on
31			arties.
32		•	
33		(Suba	d (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
34		,	
35	<b>(e)</b>	* * *	
36	` ,		
37	<b>(f)</b>	Proc	reedings in the Supreme Court
38	. ,		•
39		(1)–(	(5) ***
40			
41		(6)	After filing the opinion, the clerk must promptly send filed-stampedendorsed
42		\ /	copies to the requesting court and the parties and must notify that court and
43			the parties when the decision is final.

1 2 \* \* \* **(7)** 3 4 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 5 2007.) 6 7 Rule 8.548 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 29.8 effective January 1, 2003; 8 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.548 effective January 1, 2007. 9 10 Rule 8.610. Contents and form of the record 11 (a)-(b) \*\*\* 12 13 14 **Juror-identifying information** (c) 15 16 Any document in the record containing juror-identifying information must be 17 edited in compliance with rule 8.332. Unedited copies of all such documents and a 18 copy of the table required by the rule, under seal and bound together if filed in 19 paper form, must be included in the record sent to the Supreme Court. 20 21 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 22 2007.) 23 24 \* \* \* (d) 25 26 Rule 8.610 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 34.1 effective January 1, 2004; 27 previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.610 effective January 1, 2007; previously 28 amended effective January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2014. 29 30 Rule 8.616. Preparing the trial record 31 32 \* \* \* (a) 33 34 Reporter's duties **(b)** 35 \* \* \* 36 **(1)** 37 38 Any portion of the transcript transcribed during trial must not be retyped (2) 39 unless necessary to correct errors, but must be repaginated and bound 40 combined with any portion of the transcript not previously transcribed. Any 41 additional copies needed must not be retyped but, if the transcript is in paper 42 form, must be prepared by photocopying or an equivalent process. 43

l		(3)	* * *						
2									
3		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)							
4		( T)							
5	(c)-	(d) *	* *						
6									
7			amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 35 effective January						
8 9	1, 20	104; pro	eviously renumbered as rule 8.606 effective January 1, 2007.						
10	Rul	s 8 630	0. Briefs by parties and amicus curiae						
11	Ital	0.050	b. Direis by parties and aimeas cariac						
12	(a)-	(f) *	* *						
13	(4)	(-)							
14	<b>(g)</b>	Serv	vice						
15	ν (δ)								
16		(1)	* * *						
17		. ,							
18		(2)	The Attorney General must serve two paper copies or one electronic copy of						
19			the respondent's brief on each defendant's appellate counsel and, for each						
20			defendant sentenced to death, one copy on the California Appellate Project in						
21			San Francisco.						
22									
23		(3)	* * *						
24									
25		(Sub	d (g) amended effective January 1, 2016.)						
26									
27	<b>(h)</b>	* * *	<b>\$</b>						
28									
29			amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 36 effective January						
30		_	eviously amended and renumbered as rule 8.630 effective January 1, 2007; previously						
31	amei	ıded ef	fective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2011.						
32	ъ.	0.50							
33	Kul	e 8.702	2. Appeals						
34	(0)	* * *	è						
35	(a)	4. 4. 4							
36 37	(b)	Noti	as of appeal						
38	<b>(b)</b>	Nou	ce of appeal						
39		(1)	Time to appeal						
40		(1)	Time to appear						
41			The notice of appeal must be served and filed on or before the earlier of:						
42			The house of appear must be served and med on or before the earner or.						

1			(A)	Five court days after the superior court clerk serves on the party filing
2				the notice of appeal a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment
3				or a file <u>d</u> -stamped <u>endorsed</u> copy of the judgment, showing the date
4				either was served; or
5				
6			(B)	Five court days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is
7				served by a party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of
8				judgment or a file <u>d</u> -stampedendorsed copy of the judgment,
9				accompanied by proof of service.
10				
11		(2)	* * *	
12				
13		(Suba	d(b) ar	mended effective January 1, 2016.)
14				
15	(c)–(	(g) * *	*	
16				
17	Rule	8.702	amend	ed effective January 1 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2014.
18				
19	Rule	e <b>8.7</b> 03	. Wr	it proceedings
20				
21	(a)	* * *		
22				
23	<b>(b)</b>	Petit	ion	
24				
25		(1)	Time	for filing petition
26				
27			A pe	tition for a writ challenging a superior court judgment or order governed
28			by th	ne rules in this chapter must be served and filed on or before the earliest
29			of:	•
30				
31			(A)	Thirty days after the superior court clerk serves on the party filing the
32			( )	petition a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or order, or
33				a file <u>d</u> -stampedendorsed copy of the judgment or order, showing the
34				date either was served; or
35				,
36			(B)	Thirty days after the party filing the petition serves or is served by a
37			( )	party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or order,
38				or a file <u>d-stampedendorsed</u> copy of the judgment or order,
39				accompanied by proof of service.
40				1 / 1
41		(2)	* * *	
42		( )		
43		(Suba	d(b) as	mended effective January 1, 2016.)
		12000	. (0) 00	

Rule 8.703 amended effective January 1 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2014. Rule 8.800. Application of division and scope of rules **Application** <u>(a)</u> The rules in this division apply to: (1)–(2) \*\*\* (Subd (a) amended and lettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as unlettered subdivision.) <u>(b)</u> Scope of rules The rules in this division apply to documents filed and served electronically as well as in paper form, unless otherwise provided. (Subd (b) adopted effective January 1, 2016.) Rule 8.800 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. **Rule 8.804 8.803. Definitions** As used in this division, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires: (1)-(22) \*\*\* (23) "Attach" or "attachment" may refer to either physical attachment or electronic attachment, as appropriate. (24) "Copy" or "copies" may refer to electronic copies, as appropriate. (25) "Cover" includes the cover page of a document filed electronically. (26) "Written" and "writing" include electronically created written materials, whether or not those materials are printed on paper. Rule 8.803 amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 8.804 effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective January 1, 2014. 

1	<u>Rule</u>	e 8.804. Requirements for signatures on documents							
2									
3	Exce	Except as otherwise provided, or required by order of the court, signatures on							
4	elect	electronically filed documents must comply with the requirements of rule 8.77.							
5									
6 7	Rule	8.804 adopted effective January 1, 2016.							
8	Rule	e 8.806. Applications							
9									
10 11	(a)-(	(b) ***							
12	(c)	Envelopes							
13									
14		If any party or parties in the case are served in paper form, an application must be							
15		accompanied by addressed, postage-prepaid envelopes for the clerk's use in							
16		mailing copies of the order on the application to all those parties.							
17									
18		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)							
19		(Silver (e) allicented effective valuation 1, 20101)							
20	( <b>d</b> )	* * *							
21	(42)								
22	Rule	8.806 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.							
23	Ruic	0.000 umenaca effective samary 1, 2010, adopted effective samary 1, 2007.							
24	Rula	e 8.814. Substituting parties; substituting or withdrawing attorneys							
25	Kuit	5. 0.014. Substituting parties, substituting of withdrawing attorneys							
26	(a)-(	(b) ***							
20 27	(a)-(								
28	(c)	Withdrawing attorney							
28 29	(C)	withdrawing attorney							
		(1) ***							
30		(1) ***							
31									
32		(2) The proof of service need not include the address of the party represented.							
33		But if the court grants the motion, the withdrawing attorney must promptly							
34		provide the court and the opposing party with the party's current or last							
35		known address, e-mail address, and telephone number.							
36									
37		(3) ***							
38									
39		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)							
40									
41	Rule	8.814 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.							
42									

## 1 Rule 8.821. Notice of appeal 2 3 (a)-(c) \*\*\* 4 5 (d) **Notification of the appeal** 6 7 **(1)** When the notice of appeal is filed, the trial court clerk must promptly mail 8 send a notification of the filing of the notice of appeal to the attorney of 9 record for each party and to any unrepresented party. The clerk must also 10 mail send or deliver this notification to the appellate division clerk. 11 12 (2) The notification must show the date it was mailed sent and must state the 13 number and title of the case and the date the notice of appeal was filed. 14 \* \* \* 15 (3) 16 17 **(4)** The mailing sending of a notification under (1) is a sufficient performance of 18 the clerk's duty despite the death of the party or the discharge, 19 disqualification, suspension, disbarment, or death of the attorney. 20 21 \* \* \* (5) 22 23 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 24 25 \* \* \* (e) 26 27 Rule 8.821 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 28 amended effective July 1, 2009, and January 1, 2013. 29 30 Rule 8.822. Time to appeal 31 32 Normal time (a) 33 34 (1) Unless a statute or rule 8.823 provides otherwise, a notice of appeal must be 35 filed on or before the earliest of: 36 37 (A) 30 days after the trial court clerk serves the party filing the notice of 38 appeal a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-39 stamped endorsed copy of the judgment, showing the date it was served; 40 41 30 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by (B) 42 a party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a

filed-stampedendorsed copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of 1 2 service; or 3 4 (C) \* \* \* 5 (2) 6 7 8 (3) If the parties stipulated in the trial court under Code of Civil Procedure 9 section 1019.5 to waive notice of the court order being appealed, the time to 10 appeal under (1)(C) applies unless the court or a party serves notice of entry 11 of judgment or a filed-stamped endorsed copy of the judgment to start the 12 time period under (1)(A) or (B). 13 14 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 15 2011, July 1, 2012, and March 1, 2014.) 16 (b)-(d) \*\*\*17 18 19 Rule 8.822 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 20 amended effective January 1, 2011, July 1, 2012, March 1, 2014. 21 22 Rule 8.823. Extending the time to appeal 23 24 (a)-(e) \*\*\*25 26 **(f)** Public entity actions under Government Code section 962, 984, or 985 27 28 If a public entity defendant serves and files a valid request for a mandatory 29 settlement conference on methods of satisfying a judgment under Government 30 Code section 962, an election to pay a judgment in periodic payments under 31 Government Code section 984 and rule 3.1804, or a motion for a posttrial hearing 32 on reducing a judgment under Government Code section 985, the time to appeal 33 from the judgment is extended for all parties until the earliest of: 34 35 60 days after the superior court clerk serves the party filing the notice of (1) 36 appeal with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-37 stamped endorsed copy of the judgment, showing the date either was served; 38 39 60 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by a (2) 40 party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a filed-41 stamped endorsed copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of service; or 42 \* \* \* 43 (3)

l					
2		(Suba	d (f) ar	nended	l effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2011.)
3					
4	$(\mathbf{g})$	(h) *	* *		
5		0.022			
6					ctive January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
7 8	amer	ided ef	tective	? Janua	ry 1, 2011, July 1, 2012, and March 1, 2014.
9	Dula	Q Q 2/	1 13/2	it of su	ipersedeas
10	Kuit	0.044	P. VVI.	11 01 51	ipersedeas
11	(a)	Petit	ion		
12	(a)	1 (11)	1011		
13		(1)–(	(3) *	* *	
14		(-) (	(2)		
15		(4)	If th	e recoi	rd has not been filed in the reviewing court:
16		( )			č
17			(A)-	-(B) *	* * *
18			,	( )	
19			(C)	The	documents listed in (B) must comply with the following
20				requi	irements:
21					
22				(i)	If filed in paper form, they must be bound together at the end of
23					the petition or in separate volumes not exceeding 300 pages each.
24					The pages must be consecutively numbered;
25					
26				(ii)	If filed in paper form, they must be index-tabbed by number or
27					letter; and
28					
29				(iii)	They must begin with a table of contents listing each document
30					by its title and its index <del>-tab</del> number or letter.
31		( <b>5</b> )	ala de	•-	
32		(5)	* * >	ĸ	
33		.a. 1	• • •		
34				mended	d effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
35		2010	.)		
36 37	(b)-	(A) *	* *		
38	(D)—	(u) ·	• •		
39	Pula	8 824	amana	lad affa	ctive January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
40					ry 1, 2010.
41	uner	шей ејј	icciive	зании	1 9 1, 2010.
42	Rule	e 8.825	5. Ab	andon	ment, voluntary dismissal, and compromise
43					,,

(a)-(c) \* \* \* 1 2 3 **Advisory Committee Comment** 4 5 Abandonment of Appeal (Limited Civil Case) (form APP-1067) may be used to file an 6 abandonment under this rule. This form is available at any courthouse or county law library or 7 online at www.courtsinfo.ca.gov/forms. 8 9 Rule 8.831. Notice designating the record on appeal 10 (a)-(b) \*\*\* 11 12 13 **Advisory Committee Comment** 14 15 Appellant's Notice Designating Record on Appeal (Limited Civil Case) (form APP-103) may be 16 used to file the designation required under this rule. This form is available at any courthouse or 17 county law library or online at www.courtsinfo.ca.gov/forms. To assist parties in making 18 appropriate choices, courts are encouraged to include information about whether the proceedings 19 were recorded by a court reporter or officially electronically recorded in any information that the 20 court provides to parties concerning their appellate rights. 21 22 If the appellant designates a clerk's transcript or reporter's transcript under this rule, the 23 respondent will have an opportunity to designate additional documents to be included in the 24 clerk's transcript under rule 8.832(b)(1)(2) or additional proceedings to be included in the 25 reporter's transcript under rule 8.834(a)(3). 26 27 Rule 8.833. Trial court file instead of clerk's transcript 28 29 \* \* \* (a) 30 31 Cost estimate; preparation of file; transmittal **(b)** 32 33 Within 10 days after the appellant serves a notice under rule 8.831 indicating (1) 34 that the appellant elects to use a clerk's transcript, the trial court clerk may 35 mail send the appellant a notice indicating that the appellate division for that 36 court has elected by local court rule to use the original trial court file instead 37 of a clerk's transcript and providing the appellant with an estimate of the cost 38 to prepare the file, including the cost of sending the index under (4). 39 40 (2) Within 10 days after the clerk mails sends the estimate under (1), the 41 appellant must deposit the estimated cost with the clerk, unless otherwise 42 provided by law or the party submits an application for a waiver of the cost 43 under rule 8.818 or an order granting a waiver of this cost.

1 2 (3)–(5) \*\*\* 3 4 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2009.) 5 6 Rule 8.833 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 7 amended effective July 1, 2009. 8 9 Rule 8.834. Reporter's transcript 10 11 **Notice** (a) 12 13 (1)–(3)\*\*\*14 15 Except when a party deposits a certified transcript of all the designated 16 proceedings under (b)(2)(D) with the notice of designation, the clerk must 17 promptly mail send a copy of each notice to the reporter. The copy must 18 show the date it was mailed sent. 19 20 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 21 2014.) 22 23 **Deposit or substitute for cost of transcript (b)** 24 25 Within 10 days after the clerk mails sends a notice under (a)(4), the reporter (1) 26 must file the estimate with the clerk—or notify the clerk in writing of the date 27 that he or she notified the appellant directly—of the estimated cost of 28 preparing the reporter's transcript at the statutory rate. 29 \* \* \* 30 (2) 31 32 (3) With its notice of designation, a party may serve and file a copy of its 33 application to the Court Reporters Board for payment or reimbursement from 34 the Transcript Reimbursement Fund under Business and Professions Code 35 section 8030.2 et seq. 36 37 (A)-(C) \* \* \*38 39 If the Court Reporters Board provisionally approves the application, the (D) 40 reporter's time to prepare the transcript under (d)(1) begins when the 41 clerk mails sends notice of the provisional approval under (4). 42 \* \* \* 43 **(4)** 

1										
2		(Sub	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,							
3		2014.)								
4										
5	(c)-	(e) *	* *							
6										
7 8	<b>(f)</b>	Noti	ce when proceedings cannot be transcribed							
9		(1)	If any portion of the designated proceedings were not reported or cannot be							
10		(1)	transcribed, the trial court clerk must so notify the designating party by mail							
11			in writing; the notice must:							
12			iii witting, the notice must.							
13			(A) ***							
14			$(\Lambda)$							
15			(B) Show the date it was mailed sent.							
16			(b) Show the date it was <del>maned</del> sent.							
17		(2)	Within 10 days after the notice under (1) is mailed sent, the designating party							
18		(2)	must file a new election notifying the court whether the party elects to							
19			proceed with or without a record of the identified oral proceedings. If the							
20			party elects to proceed with a record of these oral proceedings, the notice							
21										
22			must specify which form of the record listed in rule 8.830(a)(2) the party elects to use.							
23			elects to use.							
24			$(\Delta)_{-}(C)$ ***							
			(A)-(C) * * *							
25		(2)	* * *							
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>		(3)								
		/C 1								
28			d (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (e); previously relettered as							
29		suba	(f) effective January 1, 2014; previously amended effective March 1, 2014.)							
30	D 1	0.024								
31			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously							
32	amei	<i>1</i> аеа е <u>ј</u>	ffective March 1, 2014.							
33	D1.	. 0 02	5 December twick was and in as were officially alcotyonically accorded							
34	Kui	2 0.00	5. Record when trial proceedings were officially electronically recorded							
35	(0)	(a) *	* *							
36	(a)-	(c) *								
37	<b>(L)</b>	NI - 49								
38	<b>(d)</b>		ice when proceedings were not officially electronically recorded or cannot							
39		be ti	ranscribed							
40		(1)	If the annullant electronical and an index of the control of the c							
41		(1)	If the appellant elects under rule 8.831 to use a transcript prepared from an							
42			official electronic recording or the recording itself, the trial court clerk must							
43			notify the appellant by mail in writing if any portion of the designated							

1 2			proceedings was not officially electronically recorded or cannot be transcribed. The notice must:
3			transcribed. The notice must.
4			(A) ***
5			(A)
			(D) Show the data it was mailed cont
6 7			(B) Show the date it was mailed sent.
		(2)	Within 10 days often the notice and an (1) is mailed sout the annullant must
8		(2)	Within 10 days after the notice under (1) is mailed sent, the appellant must
9 10			file a new election notifying the court whether the appellant elects to proceed
			with or without a record of the oral proceedings that were not recorded or
11			cannot be transcribed. If the appellant elects to proceed with a record of these
12			oral proceedings, the notice must specify which form of the record listed in
13			rule 8.830(a)(2) the appellant elects to use.
14			(A)– $(C)$ ***
15			(A)–(C) * * *
16		/G 1	
17			d (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective March 1,
18 19		2014.	
	D 1	0.025	
20			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
21 22	amer	іаеа ед	fective July 1, 2010, and March 1, 2014.
23	Dul	. 8 838	3. Form of the record
24	Kuit	0.050	s. Form of the record
25	(a)	* * *	
26	( <b>u</b> )		
27	<b>(b)</b>	Inde	xes
28	(6)	muc	1200
29		At th	be beginning of the first volume of each:
30		1 10 011	or organisms or the tribe forming or enem.
31		(1)	The clerk's transcript must contain alphabetical and chronological indexes
32		(-)	listing each document and the volume, where applicable, and page where it
33			first appears;
34			mov upp vmz,
35		(2)	The reporter's transcript must contain alphabetical and chronological indexes
36		(-)	listing the volume, where applicable, and page where each witness's direct,
37			cross, and any other examination, begins; and
38			
39		(3)	The reporter's transcript must contain an index listing the volume, where
40		\ /	applicable, and page where any exhibit is marked for identification and where
41			it is admitted or refused.
42			
43		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

1		
2	<b>(c)</b>	Binding and cover
3		
4		(1) <u>If filed in paper form, clerk's and reporter's transcripts must be bound on the</u>
5		left margin in volumes of no more than 300 sheets, except that transcripts
6		may be bound at the top if required by a local rule of the appellate division.
7		
8		(2)–(3) * * *
9		
10		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
11		2014.)
12		
13	Rule	8.838 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
14	amer	nded effective January 1, 2014.
15		
16	Rule	e 8.840. Completion and filing of the record
17		
18	(a)	* * * *
19		
20	<b>(b)</b>	Filing the record
21		
22		When the record is complete, the trial court clerk must promptly send the original
23		to the appellate division and send to the appellant and respondent copies of any
24		certified statement on appeal and any copies of transcripts or official electronic
25		recordings that they have purchased. The appellate division clerk must promptly
26		file the original and mail send notice of the filing date to the parties.
27		
28		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as unlettered subd; previously
29		amended and lettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2014.)
30	D1 -	9.940
31		8.840 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
32 33	amer	nded effective January 1, 2014.
34	Dula	2 842 Failure to progue the record
35	Kuit	e 8.842. Failure to procure the record
36	(a)	Notice of default
37	(a)	Notice of default
38		Except as otherwise provided by these rules, if a party fails to do any act required
39		to procure the record, the trial court clerk must promptly notify that party by mail
40		in writing that it must do the act specified in the notice within 15 days after the
41		notice is mailed sent and that, if it fails to comply, the reviewing court may impos
42		the following sanctions:
43		the following sunctions.
7.5		

(1)–(2) \*\*\* 1 2 3 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 4 2014.) 5 6 \* \* \* **(b)** 7 8 Rule 8.842 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 9 amended effective January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2014. 10 11 Rule 8.843. Transmitting exhibits 12 (a)-(c) \* \* \* 13 14 15 (d) **Transmittal** 16 17 Unless the appellate division orders otherwise, within 20 days after notice under (a) 18 is filed or after the appellate division directs that an exhibit be sent: 19 20 The trial court clerk must put any designated exhibits in the clerk's (1) 21 possession into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the 22 appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The trial court 23 clerk must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not 24 transmitted electronically, the trial court clerk must send two copies of the 25 list. If the appellate division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign 26 and return one a copy to the trial court clerk. 27 28 (2) Any party in possession of designated exhibits returned by the trial court 29 must put them into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the 30 appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The party 31 must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not transmitted 32 electronically, the party must send two copies of the list. If the appellate 33 division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign and return one a copy

35 (Subd (d) a

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

3738

34

## (e) Return by appellate division

to the party.

3940

41

42

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On request, the appellate division may return an exhibit to the trial court or to the party that sent it. When the remittitur issues, the appellate division must return all exhibits <u>not transmitted electronically</u> to the trial court or to the party that sent them.

l									
2		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)							
3	D 1	1 0 0 4 2 1 1 1 20 1 1 1 20 1 1 1 20 20							
4 5	Kuie	Rule 8.843 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.							
6	Rule	e 8.851	. Appointment of appellate counsel						
7									
8	(a)	(c) *	* *						
9									
10			Advisory Committee Comment						
11	_	a							
12	_	-	Court-Appointed Lawyer in Misdemeanor Appeal (form CR-133) may be used to						
13 14	_		appellate counsel be appointed in a misdemeanor case. If the appellant was not						
15	_		by the public defender or other appointed counsel in the trial court, the appellant must ant's Financial Statement on Eligibility for Appointment of Counsel and						
16		· ·	nent and Record on Appeal at Public Expense (form MC-210) to show indigency.						
17			s are available at any courthouse or county law library or online at						
18			info.ca.gov/forms.						
19		<u>~</u>							
20	Rul	e <b>8.85</b> 2	2. Notice of appeal						
21									
22	(a)	* * *							
23									
24	<b>(b)</b>	Noti	fication of the appeal						
25									
26		(1)	When a notice of appeal is filed, the trial court clerk must promptly mail send						
27			a notification of the filing to the attorney of record for each party and to any						
28			unrepresented defendant. The clerk must also mail send or deliver this						
29 30			notification to the appellate division clerk.						
31		(2)	The notification must show the date it was mailed sent or delivered, the						
32		(2)	number and title of the case, the date the notice of appeal was filed, and						
33			whether the defendant was represented by appointed counsel.						
34			······································						
35		(3)–(	(4) ***						
36									
37		(5)	The mailing sending of a notification under (1) is a sufficient performance of						
38			the clerk's duty despite the discharge, disqualification, suspension,						
39			disbarment, or death of the attorney.						
40		,							
41		(6)	* * *						
42		/G I	1(1)						
43		(Suba	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)						

1 2 Rule 8.852 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 3 4 **Advisory Committee Comment** 5 6 Notice of Appeal (Misdemeanor) (form CR-132) may be used to file the notice of appeal required 7 under this rule. This form is available at any courthouse or county law library or online at 8 www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms www.courts.ca.gov/forms. 9 10 Subdivision (a). \* \* \* 11 12 Rule 8.853. Time to appeal 13 \* \* \* 14 (a) 15 16 **Cross-appeal (b)** 17 18 If the defendant or the People timely appeal from a judgment or appealable order, 19 the time for any other party to appeal from the same judgment or order is either the 20 time specified in (a) or 15 days after the trial court clerk mails sends notification of 21 the first appeal, whichever is later. 22 23 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 24 25 (c)-(d) \*\*\* 26 27 Rule 8.853 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 28 amended effective July 1, 2010. 29 30 Rule 8.862. Preparation of clerk's transcript 31 32 (a)-(b) \*\*\*33 34 **Probation officer's reports** (c) 35 36 A probation officer's report included in the clerk's transcript under rule 37 8.861(12)(D) must appear in only the copies of the appellate record that are sent to 38 the reviewing court, to appellate counsel for the People, and to appellate counsel 39 for the defendant who was the subject of the report or to the defendant if he or she 40 is self-represented. If the report is in paper form, it must placed in a sealed 41 envelope. The reviewing court's copy of the report, and if applicable, the envelope, 42 must be placed in a sealed envelope marked "CONFIDENTIAL—MAY NOT BE EXAMINED WITHOUT COURT ORDER—PROBATION OFFICER REPORT." 43

```
1
 2
            (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010.)
 3
      (d)-(e) * * *
 4
 5
 6
      Rule 8.862 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
 7
      amended effective July 1, 2009, January 1, 2010.
 8
 9
      Rule 8.864. Record of oral proceedings
10
11
            Appellant's election
      (a)
12
13
            The appellant must notify the trial court whether he or she elects to proceed with or
14
            without a record of the oral proceedings in the trial court. If the appellant elects to
15
            proceed with a record of the oral proceedings in the trial court, the notice must
16
            specify which form of the record of the oral proceedings in the trial court the
17
            appellant elects to use:
18
19
                  A reporter's transcript under rules 8.865–8.867 or a transcript prepared from
            (1)
20
                  an official electronic recording of the proceedings under rule 8.868(b). If the
21
                  appellant elects to use a reporter's transcript, the clerk must promptly mail
22
                  send a copy of appellant's notice making this election and the notice of
23
                  appeal to each court reporter;
24
25
            (2)–(3) ***
26
27
            (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
28
      (b)-(c) ***
29
30
31
      Rule 8.864 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
32
      amended effective January 1, 2010, and March 1, 2014.
33
34
      Rule 8.866. Preparation of reporter's transcript
35
36
      (a)
            When preparation begins
37
38
            (1)
39
40
                  If the notice sent to the reporter by the clerk under rule 8.864(a)(1) indicates
            (2)
41
                  that the appellant is the defendant and that the defendant was not represented
42
                  by appointed counsel at trial:
```

43

1 2 3			(A)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under rule 8.864(a)(1), the reporter must file with the clerk the estimated cost of preparing the reporter's transcript.			
4			(D)				
5			(B)	The clerk must promptly notify the appellant and his or her counsel of			
6				the estimated cost of preparing the reporter's transcript. The			
7				notification must show the date it was mailed sent.			
8			( <del>~</del> \				
9			(C)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under (B),			
10				the appellant must do one of the following:			
11							
12				(i)–(vii) * * *			
13			(D)				
14			(D)	If the trial court determines that the appellant is not indigent, within 10			
15				days after the date the clerk mails sends notice of this determination to			
16				the appellant, the appellant must do one of the following:			
17				(i) (vi) ***			
18				(i)-(vi) * * *			
19			(E)	* * *			
20 21			(E)				
22		(Cub.	d(a) = a	manded effective January 1 2016, proviously amonded effective March 1			
23		2014	(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective March 1,				
24		2014	•)				
25	(b)-	(e) *	* *				
26	(D)-	(C)					
27	<b>(f)</b>	Noti	ce wh	en proceedings were not reported or cannot be transcribed			
28	(1)	11001		on proceedings were not reported or cumiot se trunscrised			
29		(1)	If an	y portion of the oral proceedings to be included in the reporter's			
30		( )		cript was not reported or cannot be transcribed, the trial court clerk must			
31				otify the parties by mail in writing. The notice must:			
32				<u> </u>			
33			(A)	* * *			
34			,				
35			(B)	Show the date it was mailed sent.			
36							
37		(2)	With	in 15 days after this notice is mailed sent by the clerk, the appellant must			
38			serve	e and file a notice with the court stating whether the appellant elects to			
39			proc	eed with or without a record of the identified proceedings. When the			
40			party	elects to proceed with a record of these oral proceedings:			
41							
42			(A)	(B) ***			

1 2	(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March 1, 2014.)								
3 4	Rule 8.866 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective March 1, 2014.								
5 6	Rule	Rule 8.868. Record when trial proceedings were officially electronically recorded							
7		(T) als als als							
8	(a)-(	(d) ***							
9 10	(e)	Whon pro	eparation begins						
11	(e)	when pre	paration begins						
12		(1) ***							
13		(1)							
14		(2) If th	e appellant is the defendant and the defendant was not represented by						
15		` /	pinted counsel at trial:						
16									
17		(A)	Within 10 days after the date the defendant files the election under rule						
18		, ,	8.864(a)(1), the clerk must notify the appellant and his or her counsel						
19			of the estimated cost of preparing the transcript or the copy of the						
20			recording. The notification must show the date it was mailed sent.						
21									
22		(B)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under (A),						
23			the appellant must do one of the following:						
24									
25			(i)-(v) * * *						
26									
27		(C)	If the trial court determines that the appellant is not indigent, within 10						
28			days after the date the clerk mails sends notice of this determination to						
29			the appellant, the appellant must do one of the following:						
30									
31			(i)-(iv) * * *						
32									
33		(D)	* * *						
34									
35		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously amended							
36		and reletter	red as subd (e) effective March 1, 2014.)						
37			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
38	<b>(f)</b>	Notice when proceedings were not officially electronically recorded or cannot							
39		be transci	ribed						
40		(1) 70							
41		` '	y portion of the oral proceedings to be included in the transcript was not						
42		offic	cially electronically recorded under Government Code section 69957 or						

1 cannot be transcribed, the trial court clerk must so notify the parties by mail 2 in writing. The notice must: 3 \* \* \* 4 (A) 5 6 Show the date it was mailed sent. 7 8 (2) Within 15 days after this notice is mailed sent by the clerk, the appellant must 9 serve and file a notice with the court stating whether the appellant elects to 10 proceed with or without a record of the identified oral proceedings. When the 11 party elects to proceed with a record of these oral proceedings: 12 13 (A)–(B) \* \* \* 14 15 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March 1, 2014.) 16 17 Rule 8.868 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 18 amended effective July 1, 2010, and March 1, 2014. 19 20 Rule 8.870. Exhibits 21 (a)-(c) \* \* \* 22 23 24 **Transmittal** (d) 25 26 Unless the appellate division orders otherwise, within 20 days after the first notice 27 under (b) is filed or after the appellate division directs that an exhibit be sent: 28 29 **(1)** The trial court clerk must put any designated exhibits in the clerk's 30 possession into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the 31 appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits. The trial court 32 clerk must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not 33 transmitted electronically, the trial court clerk must send two copies of the 34 list. If the appellate division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign 35 and return one a copy to the trial court clerk. 36 37 (2) Any party in possession of designated exhibits returned by the trial court 38 must put them into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the 39 appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The party 40 must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not transmitted 41 electronically, the party must send two copies of the list. If the appellate 42 division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign and return one a copy 43 to the party.

```
1
 2
            (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
 3
 4
      (e)
            Return by appellate division
 5
 6
            On request, the appellate division may return an exhibit to the trial court or to the
 7
            party that sent it. When the remittitur issues, the appellate division must return all
 8
            exhibits not transmitted electronically to the trial court or to the party that sent
 9
            them.
10
11
            (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
12
13
      Rule 8.870 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
14
15
      Rule 8.872. Sending and filing the record in the appellate division
16
17
      (a)-(b) ***
18
19
            Filing the record
      (c)
20
21
            On receipt, the appellate division clerk must promptly file the original record and
22
            mail send notice of the filing date to the parties.
23
24
            (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
25
26
      Rule 8.872 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
27
28
      Rule 8.874. Failure to procure the record
29
30
      (a)
            Notice of default
31
32
            If a party fails to do any act required to procure the record, the trial court clerk must
33
            promptly notify that party by mail in writing that it must do the act specified in the
34
            notice within 15 days after the notice is mailed sent and that, if it fails to comply,
35
            the appellate division may impose the following sanctions:
36
37
            (1)–(2) ***
38
39
            (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
40
            * * *
41
      (b)
42
43
      Rule 8.874 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March 1, 2014.
```

1 2 Rule 8.881. Notice of briefing schedule 3 4 When the record is filed, the clerk of the appellate division must promptly mail send a 5 notice to each appellate counsel or unrepresented party giving the dates the briefs are due. 6 7 Rule 8.881 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 8 9 Rule 8.882. Briefs by parties and amici curiae 10 11 (a) \* \* \* 12 13 **Extensions of time (b)** 14 15 **(1)** Except as otherwise provided by statute, in a civil case, the parties may 16 extend each period under (a) by up to 30 days by filing one or more 17 stipulations in the appellate division before the brief is due. Stipulations must be signed by and served on all parties. If the stipulation is filed in paper form, 18 19 the original signature of at least one party must appear on the stipulation filed 20 in the appellate division; the signatures of the other parties may be in the 21 form of fax copies of the signed signature page of the stipulation. If the 22 stipulation is electronically filed, the signatures must comply with the 23 requirements of rule 8.77. 24 25 (2)-(4)\*\*\*26 27 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; 28 previously amended effective January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2013.) 29 30 Failure to file a brief (c) 31 32 **(1)** If a party in a civil appeal fails to timely file an appellant's opening brief or a 33 respondent's brief, the appellate division clerk must promptly notify the party 34 by mail in writing that the brief must be filed within 15 days after the notice 35 is mailed sent and that if the party fails to comply, the court may impose one 36 of the following sanctions: 37 (A)–(B) \*\*\* 38 39 40 If the appellant in a misdemeanor appeal fails to timely file an opening brief, (2) 41 the appellate division clerk must promptly notify the appellant by mail in 42 writing that the brief must be filed within 30 days after the notice is mailed

1 2			<u>sent</u> and that if the appellant fails to comply, the court may impose one of the following sanctions:							
3										
4			(A)–(B) ***							
5										
6		(3)	If the respondent in a misdemeanor appeal fails to timely file a brief, the							
7			appellate division clerk must promptly notify the respondent by mail in							
8			writing that the brief must be filed within 30 days after the notice is mailed							
9			<u>sent</u> and that if the respondent fails to comply, the court may impose one of							
10			the following sanctions:							
11										
12			(A)–(B) * * *							
13										
14		(4)	* * *							
15										
16			(c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously relettered as							
17		subd	(c) effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective March 1, 2014.)							
18	( T)	< >								
19 20	(d)-(	(e) *	* *							
21	Rule	8.882 a	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously							
22	amended effective January 1, 2009, January 1, 2010, January 1, 2013, and March 1, 2014.									
23										
24	Rule	8.883	. Contents and form of briefs							
25										
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	(a)-(	(b) *	* *							
28	<b>(c)</b>	Forn	1							
29										
30		(1)	A brief may be reproduced by any process that produces a clear, black image							
31			of letter quality. All documents filed must have a page size of 8 1/2 by 11							
32			inches. If filed in paper form, the paper must be white or unbleached, 81/2 by							
33			11 inches, and of at least 20-pound weight. Both sides of the paper may be							
34			used if the brief is not bound at the top.							
35										
36		(2)	Any conventional typeface font may be used. The typeface font may be either							
37			proportionally spaced or monospaced.							
38										
39		(3)	The type font style must be roman; but for emphasis, italics or boldface may							
40			be used or the text may be underscored. Case names must be italicized or							
41			underscored. Headings may be in uppercase letters.							
42										

1 **(4)** Except as provided in (11), the type font size, including footnotes, must not 2 be smaller than 13-point. 3 (5)-(8)\*\*\*4 5 6 If filed in paper form, the brief must be bound on the left margin, except that (9) 7 briefs may be bound at the top if required by a local rule of the appellate 8 division. If the brief is stapled, the bound edge and staples must be covered 9 with tape. 10 11 (10)–(11)12 13 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 14 2011, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014.) 15 \* \* \* 16 (d) 17 18 Rule 8.883 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 19 amended effective January 1, 2011, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014. 20 21 Rule 8.888. Finality and modification of decision 22 (a)-(b) \*\*\* 23 24 25 Consent to increase or decrease in amount of judgment (c) 26 27 If an appellate division decision conditions the affirmance of a money judgment on 28 a party's consent to an increase or decrease in the amount, the judgment is reversed 29 unless, before the decision is final under (a), the party serves and files two copies a 30 copy of a consent in the appellate division. If a consent is filed, the finality period 31 runs from the filing date of the consent. The clerk must send one filed-32 stampedendorsed copy of the consent to the trial court with the remittitur. 33 34 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 35 36 Rule 8.888 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 37 38 Rule 8.890. Remittitur 39 40 \* \* \* (a) 41 42 **(b)** Clerk's duties 43

1	(1)	1) If an appellate division case is not transferred to the Court of Appeal under		
2		rule	8.1000 et seq., the appellate division clerk must:	
3				
4		(A)	* * *	
5				
6 7		(B)	Send the remittitur to the trial court with a file <u>d</u> -stamped <u>endorsed</u> copy of the opinion or order; and	
8				
9		(C)	Return to the trial court with the remittitur all original records, exhibits,	
10			and documents sent <u>nonelectronically</u> to the appellate division in	
11			connection with the appeal, except any certification for transfer under	
12			rule 8.1005, the transcripts or statement on appeal, briefs, and the	
13			notice of appeal.	
14	(2)	* * *		
15	(2)	* * *		
16	/G I	1 (1 )		
17			mended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,	
18 19	2011	.)		
20	(c)-(d) *	* *		
21	(C)-(u)			
22	Rulo 8 800	amond	ed effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously	
23			January 1, 2011, and March 1, 2014.	
24	итсписи сд	jeenve	Junuary 1, 2011, una March 1, 2017.	
25	Rule 8.89	1. Cos	sts and sanctions in civil appeals	
26				
27	(a)-(e) *	* *		
28	. , . ,			
29			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>	
30				
31	Subdivision	n (d). "	'Net interest expenses' in subdivisions (d)(1)(F) and (G) means the interest	
32	expenses incurred to borrow the funds that are deposited minus any interest earned by the			
33	borrower or	n those	funds while they are on deposit.	
34				
35	Subdivision	n (d)(1)	(D), allowing recovery of the "costs to notarize, serve, mail, and file the record,	
36	briefs, and other papers," is intended to include fees charged by electronic filing service provider			
37	for electron	ic filin	g and service of documents.	
38				
39	<b>Rule 8.90</b>	1. Not	tice of appeal	
40				
41	(a) ***	K		
42				

1 2	<b>(b)</b>	Notification of the appeal				
3 4 5 6 7		(1) When a notice of appeal is filed, the trial court clerk must promptly mail send a notification of the filing to the attorney of record for each party and to any unrepresented defendant. The clerk must also mail send or deliver this notification to the appellate division clerk.				
8 9		(2) The notification must show the date it was mailed sent or delivered, the number and title of the case, and the date the notice of appeal was filed.				
10 11 12		(3)–(4) * * *				
13 14 15		(5) The mailing sending of a notification under (1) is a sufficient performance of the clerk's duty despite the discharge, disqualification, suspension, disbarment, or death of the attorney.				
16 17 18		(6) ***				
19 20		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
21 22	Rule	8.901 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.				
23 24		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>				
25 26 27 28	Notice of Appeal and Record of Oral Proceedings on Appeal (Infraction) (form CR-142) may be used to file the notice of appeal required under this rule. This form is available at any courthouse or county law library or online at <a href="https://www.courtsinfo.ca.gov/forms">www.courtsinfo.ca.gov/forms</a> .					
29	Rule	8.902. Time to appeal				
30 31 32	(a)	* * *				
33 34	<b>(b)</b>	Cross-appeal				
35 36 37 38 39		If the defendant or the People timely appeals from a judgment or appealable order, the time for any other party to appeal from the same judgment or order is either the time specified in (a) or 30 days after the trial court clerk mails sends notification of the first appeal, whichever is later.				
40 41		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
42 43	(c)-(d) ***					

1 Rule 8.902 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 2 amended effective July 1, 2010. 3 4 Rule 8.904. Abandoning the appeal 5 6 (a)-(c) \* \* \* 7 8 **Advisory Committee Comment** 9 10 Abandonment of Appeal (Infraction) (form CR-145) may be used to file an abandonment under 11 this rule. This form is available at any courthouse or county law library or online at 12 www.courtsinfo.ca.gov/forms. 13 14 Rule 8.911. Prosecuting attorney's notice regarding the record 15 16 If the prosecuting attorney does not want to receive a copy of the record on appeal, within 17 10 days after the notification of the appeal under rule 8.901(b) is mailed sent to the 18 prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney must serve and file a notice indicating that 19 he or she does not want to receive the record. 20 21 Rule 8.911 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009. 22 23 Rule 8.915. Record of oral proceedings 24 25 (a) **Appellant's election** 26 27 The appellant must notify the trial court whether he or she elects to proceed with or 28 without a record of the oral proceedings in the trial court. If the appellant elects to 29 proceed with a record of the oral proceedings in the trial court, the notice must 30 specify which form of the record of the oral proceedings in the trial court the 31 appellant elects to use: 32 33 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 34 35 A reporter's transcript under rules 8.918–8.920 or a transcript prepared from 36 an official electronic recording of the proceedings under rule 8.917(b). If the 37 appellant elects to use a reporter's transcript, the clerk must promptly mail 38 send a copy of appellant's notice making this election and the notice of 39 appeal to each court reporter. 40 41 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 42

1 2	(b)-	)–(c) ***					
3 4		Rule 8.915 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective January 1, 2010, and March 1, 2014.					
5		W					
6	Rul	le 8.917. Record when trial proceedings were officially electronically recorded					
7							
8	(a)-	(d) *	* *				
9	(0)	<b>XX/l</b> a.		navation basing			
10 11	(e)	VV 110	en pre	paration begins			
12		(1)	* * *				
13		(1)					
14		(2)	If the	e appellant is the defendant:			
15		( )					
16			(A)	Within 10 days after the date the appellant files the election under rule			
17				8.915(a), the clerk must notify the appellant and his or her counsel of			
18				the estimated cost of preparing the transcript or the copy of the			
19				recording. The notification must show the date it was mailed sent.			
20							
21			(B)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under (A),			
22				the appellant must do one of the following:			
23							
24				(i)-(v) * * *			
25			(0)				
26			(C)	If the trial court determines that the appellant is not indigent, within 10			
27				days after the date the clerk mails sends notice of this determination to			
28 29				the appellant, the appellant must do one of the following:			
30				(i)–(iv) ***			
31				(1)—(1V)			
32			(D)	* * *			
33			(D)				
34		(Sub	d(e) an	nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously amended			
35				ed as subd (e) effective March 1, 2014.)			
36				, , ,			
37	<b>(f)</b>	Notice when proceedings were not officially electronically recorded or cannot					
38		be t	ranscr	ibed			
39							
40		(1)	•	y portion of the oral proceedings to be included in the transcript were not			
41				ially electronically recorded under Government Code section 69957 or			
42				ot be transcribed, the trial court clerk must so notify the parties by mail			
43			<u>in wı</u>	<u>riting</u> . The notice must:			

l				
2			(A)	* * *
3				
4			(B)	Show the date it was mailed sent.
5				
6		(2)	With	in 15 days after this notice is mailed sent by the clerk, the appellant must
7			serve	and file a notice with the court stating whether the appellant elects to
8			proce	eed with or without a record of the identified proceedings. When the
9			party	elects to proceed with a record of these oral proceedings:
10				
11			(A)-(	(B) ***
12				
13		(Suba	l (f) am	nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March 1, 2014.)
14				
15	Rule	8.917 d	amende	ed effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
16	amer	ided eff	ective .	July 1, 2010, and March 1, 2014.
17				
18	Rule	8.919	. Pre	paration of reporter's transcript
19				
20	(a)	Whe	n prej	paration begins
21				
22		(1)	* * *	
23				
24		(2)	If the	notice sent to the reporter by the clerk under rule 8.915(a)(3) indicates
25			that t	he appellant is the defendant:
26				
27			(A)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under rule
28				8.915(a)(3), the reporter must file with the clerk the estimated cost of
29				preparing the reporter's transcript; and
30				
31			(B)	The clerk must promptly notify the appellant and his or her counsel of
32				the estimated cost of preparing the reporter's transcript. The
33				notification must show the date it was mailed sent.
34				
35			(C)	Within 10 days after the date the clerk mailed sent the notice under (B),
36				the appellant must do one of the following:
37				
38				(i)-(vii) * * *
39				
40			(D)	If the trial court determines that the appellant is not indigent, within 10
41				days after the date the clerk mails sends notice of this determination to
42				the appellant, the appellant must do one of the following:
43				

1			(i)–(vi) * * *
2			
3			(E) ***
4			
5		(Sub	d (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective March 1,
6		2014	(.)
7			
8	<b>(b)</b> –	(e) *	* *
9			
10	<b>(f)</b>	Noti	ce when proceedings cannot be transcribed
11			
12		(1)	If any portion of the oral proceedings to be included in the reporter's
13			transcript was not reported or cannot be transcribed, the trial court clerk must
14			so notify the parties by mail in writing. The notice must:
15			
16			(A) ***
17			
18			(B) Show the date it was mailed sent.
19			
20		(2)	Within 15 days after this notice is mailed sent by the clerk, the appellant must
21			serve and file a notice with the court stating whether the appellant elects to
22			proceed with or without a record of the identified proceedings. When the
23			party elects to proceed with a record of these oral proceedings:
24			
25			(A)-(B) * * *
26			
27		(Sub	d (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March 1, 2014.)
28			
29	Rule	8.919	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously
30	amer	ided ef	fective March 1, 2014.
31			
32	Rule	<b>8.92</b> 1	1. Exhibits
33			
34	(a)	(c) * *	*
35			
36	<b>(d)</b>	Trai	nsmittal
37			
38		Unle	ess the appellate division orders otherwise, within 20 days after notice under (b)
39		is fil	ed or after the appellate division directs that an exhibit be sent:
40			
41		(1)	The trial court clerk must put any designated exhibits in the clerk's
42			possession into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the
43			appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The trial court

1		clerk must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not
2		transmitted electronically, the trial court clerk must send two copies of the
3		list. If the appellate division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign
4		and return one a copy to the trial court clerk.
5		
6		(2) Any party in possession of designated exhibits returned by the trial court
7		must put them into numerical or alphabetical order and send them to the
8		appellate division with two copies of a list of the exhibits sent. The party
9		must also send a list of the exhibits sent. If the exhibits are not transmitted
10		electronically, the party must send two copies of the list. If the appellate
11		division clerk finds the list correct, the clerk must sign and return one a copy
12		to the party.
13		
14		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
15		
16	<b>(e)</b>	Return by appellate division
17		
18		On request, the appellate division may return an exhibit to the trial court or to the
19		party that sent it. When the remittitur issues, the appellate division must return all
20		exhibits <u>not transmitted electronically</u> to the trial court or to the party that sent
21		them.
22		
23 24		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
24 25	D 1 -	9.021 1.2000
25 26	Kuie	8.921 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
27	Dul	e 8.922. Sending and filing the record in the appellate division
28	Kuit	c 0.722. Schung and hing the record in the appenate division
29	(a)-	(b) ***
30	(4)	
31	(c)	Filing the record
32	(0)	g
33		On receipt, the appellate division clerk must promptly file the original record and
34		mail-send notice of the filing date to the parties.
35		
36		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
37		()
38	Rule	8.922 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
39		
40	Rule	e 8.924. Failure to procure the record
41		
42	(a)	Notice of default
43		

1			party fails to do any act required to procure the record, the trial court clerk must				
2		promptly notify that party by mail in writing that it must do the act specified in the					
3			notice within 15 days after the notice is mailed sent and that, if it fails to comply,				
4		the r	eviewing court may impose the following sanctions:				
5							
6		(1)–(	(2) * * *				
7							
8		(Sub	d (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)				
9 10	<b>(b)</b>	* * *	<b>:</b>				
11	(D)						
12	Dula	9.024	amonded effective January 1 2016, adopted effective March 1 2014				
13	киге	0.924	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective March, 1, 2014.				
14	Dul	s Q 024	6. Notice of briefing schedule				
15	Kui	0.74	. Notice of offering schedule				
16	Who	n tha	record is filed, the clerk of the appellate division must promptly mail send, to				
			, 11 1 2				
17	eacn	appei	late counsel or unrepresented party, a notice giving the dates the briefs are due.				
18	D 1	0.026					
19	Kule	8.920	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.				
20	D1.	. 0 02	7. Duiofa				
21	Kui	0.94	7. Briefs				
22	(a)	* * *	•				
23	(a)	4. 4					
24	<b>(b)</b>	Eatl.	une to file a buief				
25	<b>(b)</b>	ram	ure to file a brief				
26 27		(1)	If the appellant fails to timely file an aponing brief, the appellate division				
		(1)	If the appellant fails to timely file an opening brief, the appellate division				
28			clerk must promptly notify the appellant by mail in writing that the brief must				
29			be filed within 20 days after the notice is mailed sent and that if the appellant				
30			fails to comply, the court may dismiss the appeal.				
31		(2)	If the respondent foils to timely file a brief the appellate division cloub must				
32		(2)	If the respondent fails to timely file a brief, the appellate division clerk must				
33			promptly notify the respondent by mail in writing that the brief must be filed				
34			within 20 days after the notice is mailed sent and that if the respondent fails				
35			to comply, the court will decide the appeal on the record, the appellant's				
36			opening brief, and any oral argument by the appellant.				
37		(2)	ע ע ע				
38		(3)	* * *				
39		/ <del>~</del> -					
40			d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective March 1,				
41		2014	.)				
42							

\* \* \* 1 (c) 2 3 Rule 8.927 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 4 amended effective March 1, 2014. 5 6 Rule 8.928. Contents and form of briefs 7 8 (a)-(b) \*\*\*9 10 (c) **Form** 11 12 (1) A brief may be reproduced by any process that produces a clear, black image 13 of letter quality. All documents filed must have a page size of 8 1/2 by 11 14 inches. If filed in paper form, the paper must be white or unbleached, 81/2 by 15 11 inches, and of at least 20-pound weight. Both sides of the paper may be 16 used if the brief is not bound at the top. 17 18 (2) Any conventional typeface font may be used. The typeface font may be either 19 proportionally spaced or monospaced. 20 21 The type font style must be roman; but for emphasis, italics or boldface may (3) 22 be used or the text may be underscored. Case names must be italicized or 23 underscored. Headings may be in uppercase letters. 24 25 (4) Except as provided in (11), the type font size, including footnotes, must not 26 be smaller than 13-point. 27 28 (5)–(8) \* \* \* 29 30 If filed in paper form, the brief must be bound on the left margin, except that (9) 31 briefs may be bound at the top if required by a local rule of the appellate 32 division. If the brief is stapled, the bound edge and staples must be covered 33 with tape. 34 (10)–(11) \*\*\* 35 36 37 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 38 2013, and March 1, 2014.) 39 (d) \* \* \* 40 41 42 Rule 8.928 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously 43 amended effective January 1, 2011, January 1, 2013, and March 1, 2014.

1		
2	Rule	e 8.930. Application
3	( )	XX7 *** 1** 1
4	(a)	Writ proceedings governed
5 6		Except as provided in (b), the rules in this chapter govern proceedings in the
7		appellate division for writs of mandate, certiorari, or prohibition, or other writs
8		within the original jurisdiction of the appellate division, including writs relating to
9		a postjudgment enforcement order of the small claims division. In all respects not
10		provided for in this chapter, rule 8.883, regarding the form and content of briefs,
11		applies.
12		upplies.
13		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
14		(Suba (a) amenaca effective samary 1, 2010.)
15	<b>(b)</b>	Writ proceedings not governed
16	. ,	
17		The rules in this chapter do not apply to:
18		
19		(1) Petitions for writs of supersedeas under rule 8.824;
20		
21		(2) Petitions for writs relating to acts of the small claims division other than a
22		postjudgment enforcement order; or
23		
24		(3) <u>Petitions for writs not within the original jurisdiction of the appellate</u>
25		division.
26		
27 28		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
28 29	Dulo	9 020 am and of affective January 1 2016, adopted effective January 1 2000
30	киге	8.930 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.
31		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
32		Advisory Committee Comment
33	Infor	mation on Writ Proceedings in Misdemeanor, Infraction, and Limited Civil Cases (form
34		-150-INFO) provides additional information about proceedings for writs in the appellate
35		ion of the superior court. This form is available at any courthouse or county law library or
36		e at www. <u>courts.ca.gov/forms</u> .
37		
38	Subc	livision (b) $(1)$ . The superior courts, not the appellate divisions, have original jurisdiction in
39	habe	as corpus proceedings (see Cal. Const., art. VI, § 10). Habeas corpus proceedings in the
40	supe	rior courts are governed by rules 4.550 et- seq.
41		

		<b>n</b> (b)(2). A petition that seeks a writ relating to an act of the small claims division a postjudgment enforcement order is heard by a single judge of the appellate division $\mathbf{n}$
(see	Code (	Civ. Proc. § 116.798(a)) and is governed by rules 8.970 et seq.
Rule	e <b>8.93</b> 2	1. Petitions filed by persons not represented by an attorney
(a)-	(b) *	**
(c)	Fori	m of supporting documents
	(1)	Documents submitted under (b) must comply with the following requirements:
		(A) <u>If submitted in paper form, they must be bound together at the end of the petition or in separate volumes not exceeding 300 pages each. The pages must be consecutively numbered.</u>
		(B) <u>If submitted in paper form, they must be index-tabbed by number or letter.</u>
		(C) They must begin with a table of contents listing each document by its title and its index-tab number or letter. If a document has attachment the table of contents must give the title of each attachment and a brie description of its contents.
	(2)	* * *
	(3)	Unless the court provides otherwise by local rule or order, only one set of esparately bound the supporting documents needs to be filed in support of espetition, an answer, an opposition, or a reply.
	(Sub 2011	d (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
( <b>d</b> )	* * *	k
		amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously fective January 1, 2009, January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2014.
Di	vision	3. Trial of Small Claims Cases on Appeal Rules Relating to Appeals an Writs in Small Claims Cases

1 2		8, Appellate Rules—Division 3, Rules Relating to Appeals and Writs in Small Claims; amended tive January 1, 2016.		
3 4 5		Chapter 1. Trial of Small Claims Cases on Appeal		
6 7		8, Appellate Rules——Division 3, Rules Relating to Appeals and Writs in Small Claims—Chapter ial of Small Claims Cases on Appeal; adopted effective January 1, 2016.		
8 9	Rule	e 8.950. Application		
10				
11 12 13	Civi	rules in this division chapter supplement article 7 of the Small Claims Act, Code of l Procedure sections 116.710 et seq., providing for new trials of small claims cases ppeal, and must be read in conjunction with those statutes.		
14 15 16 17 18 19	Rule 8.950 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 151 effective July 1, 1964; previously amended effective January 1, 1977, and January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 8.900 effective January 1, 2007; previously renumbered as rule 8.950 effective January 1, 2009.			
20	Rule	£ 8.952–8.966 * * *		
21	11011			
22 23		<b>Chapter 2. Writ Petitions</b>		
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>		8, Appellate Rules——Division 3, Rules Relating to Appeals and Writs in Small Claims—Chapter rit Petitions; adopted effective January 1, 2016.		
27 28	Rule	e 8.970. Application		
29 30	<u>(a)</u>	Writ proceedings governed		
31 32 33 34 35 36		Except as provided in (b), the rules in this chapter govern proceedings under Code of Civil Procedure section 116.798(a) for writs of mandate, certiorari, or prohibition, relating to an act of the small claims division, other than a postjudgment enforcement order. In all respects not provided for in this chapter, rule 8.883, regarding the form and content of briefs, applies.		
37 38	<u>(b)</u>	Writ proceedings not governed		
39 40		The rules in this chapter do not apply to:		
41 42 43		(1) Proceedings under Code of Civil Procedure section 116.798(c) for writs relating to a postjudgment enforcement order of the small claims division, which are governed by rules 8.930–8.936.		

1		
2		(2) Proceedings under Code of Civil Procedure section 116.798(b) for writs
3		relating to an act of a superior court in a small claims appeal, which are
4		governed by rules 8.485–8.493.
5		
6	Rule	8.970 adopted effective January 1, 2016.
7	110000	on the district control variation of the control of
8		Advisory Committee Comment
9		<del></del>
10	Code	of Civil Procedure section 116.798 provides where writs in small claims actions may be
11	heard	
12		<del>-</del>
13	The J	udicial Council form Information on Writ Proceedings in Small Claims Actions (form SC-
14		NFO) provides additional information about proceedings for writs in small claims actions in
15		opellate division of the superior court. This form is available at any courthouse or county law
16	_	y or online at www.courts.ca.gov/forms.
17	Horai	y of online at www.courts.ca.gov/jorns.
18	Rule	8.971. Definitions
19	Ruic	o.711. Definitions
20	The	definitions in rule 1.6 apply to these rules unless the context or subject matter
21		res otherwise. In addition, the following definitions apply to these rules:
22	rcqui	ites otherwise. In addition, the following definitions apply to these rules.
23	(1)	"Writ" means an order telling the small claims court to do something that the law
24	<u>(1)</u>	-
		says it must do, or not do something the law says it must not do. The various types
25		of writs covered by this chapter are described in statutes beginning at section 1067
26		of the Code of Civil Procedure.
27	(2)	
28	<u>(2)</u>	"Petition" means a request for a writ.
29	(2)	
30	<u>(3)</u>	"Petitioner" means the person asking for the writ.
31		
32	<u>(4)</u>	"Respondent" and "small claims court" mean the court against which the writ is
33		sought.
34		
35	<u>(5)</u>	"Real party in interest" means any other party in the small claims court case who
36		would be affected by a ruling regarding the request for a writ.
37		
38	Rule	8.971 adopted effective January 1, 2016.
39		
40	Rule	8.972. Petitions filed by persons not represented by an attorney
41		
42	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Petitions</u>
43		

1 2 3		<u>(1)</u>	A person who is not represented by an attorney and who requests a writ under this chapter must file the petition on a <i>Petition for Writ (Small Claims)</i> (form SC-300). For good cause the court may permit an unrepresented party to file
4			a petition that is not on that form.
5 6		<u>(2)</u>	If the petition raises any issue that would require the appellate division judge
7		<del>1=1</del>	considering it to understand what was said in the small claims court, it must
8			include a statement that fairly summarizes the proceedings, including the
9 10			parties' arguments and any statement by the small claims court supporting its ruling.
11			rumg.
12		<u>(3)</u>	The clerk must file the petition even if it is not verified but if the party asking
13			for the writ fails to file a verification within five days after the clerk gives
14 15			notice of the defect, the court may strike the petition.
16	<u>(b)</u>	Cont	tents of supporting documents
17			
18		<u>(1)</u>	The petition must be accompanied by copies of the following:
19 20			(A) The small claims court ruling from which the petition seeks relief;
21			The small claims court runing from which the petition seeks rener,
22			(B) All documents and exhibits submitted to the small claims court
23			supporting and opposing the petitioner's position; and
24			(C) Any other decompants or partiage of decompants submitted to the small
25 26			(C) Any other documents or portions of documents submitted to the small claims court that are necessary for a complete understanding of the case
27			and the ruling under review.
28			
29		<u>(2)</u>	If the petition does not include the required documents or does not present
30 31			facts sufficient to excuse the failure to submit them, the appellate division judge may summarily deny a stay request, the petition, or both.
32			judge may summarry deny a stay request, the petition, or both.
33	<u>(c)</u>	Forn	n of supporting documents
34			
35		<u>(1)</u>	Documents submitted under (b) must comply with the following
36 37			requirements:
38			(A) They must be attached to the petition. The pages must be consecutively
39			numbered.
40			
41			(B) They must each be given a number or letter.
42			

1 2 3 4 5		(2)	The clerk must file any supporting documents not complying with (1), but the court may notify the petitioner that it may strike or summarily deny the petition if the documents are not brought into compliance within a stated reasonable time of not less than five days.
6	<u>(d)</u>	Serv	<u>rice</u>
7			
8		<u>(1)</u>	The petition and all its attachments, and a copy of Information on Writ
9			Proceedings in Small Claims Cases (form SC-300-INFO) must be served
10			personally or by mail on all the parties in the case, and the petition must be
11			served on the small claims court.
12			
13		<u>(2)</u>	The petitioner must file a proof of service at the same time the petition is
14			<u>filed.</u>
15			
16		<u>(3)</u>	The clerk must file the petition even if its proof of service is defective but if
17			the party asking for the writ fails to file a corrected proof of service within
18			five days after the clerk gives notice of the defect, the court may strike the
19			petition or allow additional time to file a corrected proof of service.
20 21		<u>(4)</u>	The court may allow the petition to be filed without proof of service.
22			
23 24	Rule	8.972	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
25 26			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
27	Subc	livicio	n (a). Petition for Writ (Small Claims) (form SC-300) and Information on Writ
28			s in Small Claims Cases (form SC-300-INFO) are available at any courthouse or
29		_	library or online at www.courts.ca.gov/forms.
30	coun	ty ittv	Holdry of offine at www.courts.ca.gov/jornas.
31	Rule	<b>8.97</b> 3	3. Petitions filed by an attorney for a party
32			
33	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Gen</u>	eral application of rule 8.972
34			
35		Exce	ept as provided in this rule, rule 8.972 applies to any petition for an
36		extra	nordinary writ filed by an attorney under this chapter.
37			
38	<u>(b)</u>	<b>Forr</b>	n and content of petition
39			
40		<u>(1)</u>	A petition for an extraordinary writ filed by an attorney may, but is not
41			required to be, filed on Petition for Writ (Small Claims) (form SC-300). It
42			must contain all the information requested in that form.
43			

1		<u>(2)</u>	The petition must disclose the name of any real party in interest.
2 3 4 5 6		<u>(3)</u>	If the petition seeks review of small claims court proceedings that are also the subject of a pending appeal, the notice "Related Appeal Pending" must appear on the cover of the petition, and the first paragraph of the petition must state the appeal's title and any appellate division docket number.
7 8 9		<u>(4)</u>	The petition must be verified.
10 11 12		<u>(5)</u>	The petition must be accompanied by a memorandum, which need not repeat facts alleged in the petition.
13 14 15 16		<u>(6)</u>	Rule 8.883(b) governs the length of the petition and memorandum, but the verification and any supporting documents are excluded from the limits stated in rule 8.883(b)(1) and (2).
17 18		<u>(7)</u>	If the petition requests a temporary stay, it must explain the urgency.
19 20	Rule	8.973 a	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
21 22	Rule	8.974	. Opposition
23	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Preli</u>	minary opposition
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>		<u>(1)</u>	The respondent and real party in interest are not required to file any opposition to the petition unless asked to do so by the appellate division judge.
29 30 31		<u>(2)</u>	Within 10 days after the petition is filed, the respondent or any real party in interest may serve and file a preliminary opposition.
32 33 34 35		<u>(3)</u>	A preliminary opposition should contain any legal arguments the party wants to make as to why the appellate division judge should not issue a writ and a statement of any material facts not included in the petition.
36 37 38 39 40		<u>(4)</u>	Without requesting opposition, the appellate division judge may grant or deny a request for temporary stay, deny the petition, issue an alternative writ or order to show cause, or notify the parties that the judge is considering issuing a peremptory writ in the first instance.
41	<u>(b)</u>	Retu	rn or opposition; reply

1		<u>(1)</u>	If the appellate division judge issues an alternative writ or order to show
2			cause, the respondent or any real party in interest, individually or jointly, may
3			serve and file a return (which is a response to the petition) by demurrer,
4			verified answer, or both. If the appellate division judge notifies the parties
5			that he or she is considering issuing a peremptory writ in the first instance,
6			the respondent or any real party in interest may serve and file an opposition.
7			
8		<u>(2)</u>	Unless the appellate division judge orders otherwise, the return or opposition
9			must be served and filed within 30 days after the appellate division judge
10			issues the alternative writ or order to show cause or notifies the parties that it
11			is considering issuing a peremptory writ in the first instance.
12			
13		<u>(3)</u>	Unless the appellate division judge orders otherwise, the petitioner may serve
14			and file a reply within 15 days after the return or opposition is filed.
15			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16		<u>(4)</u>	If the return is by demurrer alone and the demurrer is not sustained, the
17		<del>~ ,</del>	appellate division judge may issue the peremptory writ without granting
18			leave to answer.
19			
20 21	<u>(c)</u>	<u>For</u>	m of preliminary opposition, return, or opposition
22		Λητ	preliminary opposition, return, or opposition must comply with rule 8.931(c).
23 24			is filed by an attorney, it must also comply with rule 8.932(b)(3)–(7).
25	Rule	8.974	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	Rule	e 8. 97	5. Notice to small claims court
28			
29	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Noti</u>	ce if writ issues
30 31		If a v	writ or order issues directed to any judge, court, or other officer, the appellate
32			sion clerk must promptly send a certified copy of the writ or order to the person
33			ntity to whom it is directed.
34			<del>y</del>
35	<u>(b)</u>	Noti	ce by telephone
36	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
37		<u>(1)</u>	If the writ or order stays or prohibits proceedings set to occur within seven
38		<del>1-1</del>	days or requires action within seven days—or in any other urgent situation—
39			the appellate division clerk must make a reasonable effort to notify the clerk
40			of the respondent small claims court by telephone. The clerk of the
41			respondent small claims court must then notify the judge or officer most
42			directly concerned.
43			ancony concorned.
TJ			

1 2 3		<u>(2)</u>	The appellate division clerk need not give notice by telephone of the summary denial of a writ, whether or not a stay was previously issued.
3 4 5	Rule	8.975 d	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
6	Rule	8.976	5. Filing, finality, and modification of decisions; remittitur
7 8	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Filin</u>	g of decision
9 10 11 12 13		proce	appellate division clerk must promptly file all opinions and orders in eedings under this chapter and promptly send copies showing the filing date to arties and, when relevant, to the small claims court.
14	<u>(b)</u>	<u>Fina</u>	lity of decision
15 16 17 18 19		<u>(1)</u>	Except as otherwise ordered by the appellate division judge, the following decisions regarding petitions for writs under this chapter are final in the issuing court when filed:
20 21 22			(A) An order denying or dismissing such a petition without issuance of an alternative writ, order to show cause, or writ of review; and
23 24 25			(B) An order denying or dismissing such a petition as moot after issuance of an alternative writ, order to show cause, or writ of review.
26 27 28		<u>(2)</u>	Except as otherwise provided in (3), all other decisions in a writ proceeding under this chapter are final 30 days after the decision is filed.
29 30 31 32 33 34		<u>(3)</u>	If necessary to prevent mootness or frustration of the relief granted or to otherwise promote the interests of justice, a judge in the appellate division may order early finality of a decision granting a petition for a writ under this chapter or denying such a petition after issuing an alternative writ, order to show cause, or writ of review. The decision may provide for finality on filing or within a stated period of less than 30 days.
35 36	<u>(c)</u>	Mod	ification of decisions
37 38 39 40		Rule chap	8.888(b) governs the modification of decisions in writ proceedings under this ter.
41 42	<u>(d)</u>	Rem	<u>ittitur</u>

1 2 3 4 5 6		writ listed recor	appellate division must issue a remittitur after the judge issues a decision in a proceeding under this chapter except when the judge issues one of the orders d in (b)(1). The remittitur is deemed issued when the clerk enters it in the rd. The clerk must immediately send the parties notice of issuance of the ttitur, showing the date of entry.
7 8	Rule	8.976	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
9			<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
10			
11	Subd	<u>livisio</u> 1	<b>n</b> (b)(1). Examples of situations in which the appellate division judge may issue an
12			ssing a writ petition include when the petitioner fails to comply with an order, when
13		_	calls the alternative writ, order to show cause, or writ of review as improvidently
14	grant	ed, or	when the petition becomes moot.
15			
16	Rule	8.977	7. Costs
17			
18	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Enti</u>	tlement to costs
19			
20			prevailing party in an original proceeding is entitled to costs if the appellate
21			ion judge resolves the proceeding after issuing an alternative writ, an order to
22		<u>show</u>	v cause, or a peremptory writ in the first instance.
23			
24	<u>(b)</u>	<u>Awa</u>	rd of costs
25			
26		<u>(1)</u>	In the interests of justice, the appellate division judge may award or deny
27			costs as the court deems proper.
28			
29		<u>(2)</u>	The opinion or order resolving the proceeding must specify the award or
30			denial of costs.
31			
32		<u>(3)</u>	Rule 8.891(b)–(d) governs the procedure for recovering costs under this rule.
33			
34	Rule	8.977	adopted effective January 1, 2016.
35			
36	Rule	8.101	18. Finality and remittitur
37			
38	(a)-(	<b>b</b> ) *	* *
39			
40	(c)	Whe	en the Court of Appeal issues a decision
41			
42		If the	e Court of Appeal issues a decision on a case it has ordered transferred from
43			ppellate division of the superior court, filing, finality, and modification of that

decision are governed by rule 8.264 and remittitur is governed by rule 8.272, except that the clerk must address the remittitur to the appellate division and send that court two copies a copy of the remittitur and two file-stamped copies a filed-endorsed copy of the Court of Appeal opinion or order. If the remittitur and opinion are sent in paper format, two copies must be sent. On receipt of the Court of Appeal remittitur, the appellate division clerk must promptly issue a remittitur if there will be no further proceedings in that court.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a); previously relettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2009; previously amended and relettered as subd (c) effective January 1, 2011.)

#### (d) Documents to be returned

When the Court of Appeal denies or vacates transfer or issues a remittitur under (c), the Court of Appeal clerk must return to the appellate division <u>any part of</u> the record sent <u>nonelectronically</u> to the Court of Appeal under rule 8.1007 and any exhibits <u>that were sent nonelectronically</u>.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); previously relettered as subd (d) effective January 1, 2009; previously amended effective January 1, 2011.)

Rule 8.1018 amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted as rule 69 effective January 1, 2003; previously renumbered as rule 8.1018 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011.

#### Rule 10.2. Judicial Council membership and terms

(a) \*\*\*

#### (b) Council officers and duties

(1) \*\*\*

#### (2) Chairs and vice-chairs of the internal committees

The Judicial Council has <u>four five</u> internal committees composed of Judicial Council members, as specified in rule 10.10. The Chief Justice appoints for a one-year term the chair and vice-chair of each of the council's internal committees. Chairs call meetings, as necessary, and provide reports to the council on the activities of the internal committees.

1 (3) Officers 2 3 The Judicial Council has seven eight officers: the chair, vice-chair, secretary, 4 and the chairs of the council's four five internal committees. 5 6 **(4)** Administrative Director of the Courts 7 8 The Administrative Director-of the Courts is the secretary to the Judicial 9 Council and performs administrative and policymaking functions as provided 10 by the Constitution and the laws of the State of California and as delegated 11 by the Judicial Council and the Chief Justice. The secretary is not a voting 12 member of the council. 13 14 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective August 14, 15 2009.) 16 (c)-(e) \*\*\* 17 18 19 Rule 10.2 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.2 effective January 1, 1999; 20 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.2 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended 21 effective August 14, 2009, and January 1, 2015. 22 23 Rule 10.5. Notice and agenda of council meetings 24 25 \* \* \* (a) 26 27 **(b) Meeting schedule** 28 29 The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council must publish a regular 30 annual schedule that states the planned date, purpose, and location of each meeting. 31 Additional meetings may be scheduled as necessary. 32 33 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 34 2004, and January 1, 2007.) 35 36 (c) **Notice of business meetings** 37 38 "Business meetings" are council meetings at which a majority of voting members 39 are present to discuss and decide matters within the council's jurisdiction. The 40 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council must give public notice of the 41 date, location, and agenda of each business meeting at least seven days before the 42 meeting. The notice must state whether the meeting is open or closed. If the 43 meeting is partly closed, the notice must indicate which agenda items are closed. A

1 2		meeting may be conducted without notice in case of an emergency requiring prompt action.
3		prompt action.
4		(Subd (a) amonded effective Langam 1 2016; proviously amonded effective Langam 1
5		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2004.)
6		2004.)
7	( <b>d</b> )	Budget meetings
8	( <b>u</b> )	Dudget meetings
9		A "budget meeting" is that portion of any business meeting at which trial court
10		budgets are to be discussed. The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial
11		Council must provide notice of a budget meeting in the same manner as any other
12		business meeting. Budget meetings normally are scheduled as follows:
13		business meeting. Dudget meetings normany are seneduled as follows.
14		(1)–(4) ***
15		
16		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2004.)
17		(Suba (a) amenaca ejjecure vanaan) 1, 2010, aaopiea ejjecure vanaan) 1, 200 m
18	(e)	Form of notice
19	(-)	
20		The notice and agenda for council meetings must be posted at the Administrative
21		Office of the Courts and on the California Courts Web site website
22		(www.courtsinfo.ca.gov). In addition, the notice and agenda for budget meetings
23		must be provided to designated employee representatives who have submitted a
24		written request to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council
25		(attention Secretariat Judicial Council Support).
26		
27		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d); previously amended
28		and relettered as subd (e) effective January 1, 2004; previously amended effective January
29		1, 2007.)
30		
31	<b>(f)</b>	* * *
32		
33	<b>(g)</b>	Meeting materials
34		
35		(1) ***
36		
37		(2) Budget materials
38		
39		(A)  * * *
40		
41		(B) Distribution
42		Matarials must be used associated as the Colon of Colon o
43		Materials must be made available by posting on the California Courts

1				Web site website and by distribution to designated employee
2				representatives who have submitted a written request to the
3				Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council of California
4				(attention Secretariat Judicial Council Support).
5				
6			(C)	* * *
7			( )	
8		(Sub	d (g) an	nended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended and
9				s subd (g) effective January 1, 2004; previously amended effective January 1,
10		2007		(g)
11		_00,	• /	
12	(h)	* * *	:	
13	(11)			
14	Rule	10.5 a	mended	l effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.5 effective January 1, 1999;
15				d effective January 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.5
16	-	-	nuary 1	
17	ејјес	iive Ju	шигу 1	, 2007.
18	Rula	106	India	cial Council meetings
19	Kui	. 10.0.	Juuit	an council meetings
20	(a)-	(c) *	* *	
21	(a)-	( <b>c</b> )		
22	( <b>d</b> )	Dog	unete t	o speak—general
23	( <b>u</b> )	Keq	ucsis i	o speak—general
23 24		Tho	Exami	tive and Planning Committee, in its discretion, may allow a member of
25				o speak at a business meeting. Unless the Chief Justice waives this
26				it, any member of the public who wishes to speak at a business meeting
27				it a request of no more than two pages to the chair of the Executive and
28			_	ommittee by delivering it to the Administrative Office of the Courts
29				uncil (attention Judicial Council Support) at least four business days
30		belo	re the i	meeting.
31		(1)	(a) + ·	* *
32		(1)–(	(2) * '	r
33			- , -,	
34				nended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
35		2004	, and Jo	anuary 1, 2007.)
36		_		
37	<b>(e)</b>	Pres	entatio	on of information on trial court budget matters
38				
39		(1)	* * *	
40				
41		(2)	Oral <sub>.</sub>	presentation
42				
43			Any o	designated employee representative who wishes to make an oral

1 presentation to the Judicial Council must make a written request to the 2 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council of California (attention 3 Secretariat Judicial Council Support) no later than 24 hours before the 4 meeting unless the issue has arisen within the last five business days before 5 the meeting, in which case the written request may be made on the day of the 6 meeting. 7 8 \* \* \* (3) 9 10 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2004; 11 previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) 12 (f)-(g) \*\*\*13 14 15 Rule 10.6 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.6 effective January 1, 1999; 16 previously amended effective January 1, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.6 17 effective January 1, 2007. 18 19 Rule 10.10. Judicial Council internal committees 20 21 (a)-(c) \*\*\*22 23 (d) **Meetings** 24 25 Each internal committee meets as often as necessary to perform its responsibilities. 26 The Administrative Director of the Courts, as secretary of the Judicial Council, 27 may attend and participate in the meetings of each internal committee. Internal 28 committee meetings are closed to the public but may be opened at the committee 29 chair's discretion. 30 31 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c); previously amended 32 and relettered as subd (d) effective August 14, 2009.) 33 34 (e)-(g) \*\*\*35 36 Rule 10.10 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.10 effective January 1, 1999; 37 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.10 effective January 1, 2007; previously 38 amended effective August 14, 2009, and February 20, 2014. 39

Rule 10.11. Executive and Planning Committee

40

41

42 43 (a)-(e) \* \* \*

# (f) Topics for making policy and receiving updates

The committee develops a schedule of topics that the council intends to consider for making policy and receives updates from the Administrative Director-of the Courts or Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.

(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.)

(g)-(j) \*\*\*

Rule 10.11 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.11 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.11 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2002, September 1, 2003, January 1, 2005, and August 14, 2009.

## Rule 10.12. Policy Coordination and Liaison Committee

### (a) Legislative activities

The Policy Coordination and Liaison Committee performs the following functions:

- (1) Taking a position on behalf of the council on pending legislative bills, after evaluating input from the council advisory bodies and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, and any other input received from the courts, provided that the position is consistent with the council's established policies and precedents;
- (2) Making recommendations to the council on all proposals for council-sponsored legislation and on an annual legislative agenda after evaluating input from council advisory bodies and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, and any other input received from the courts; and
- (3) \*\*\*

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b); previously amended effective September 1, 2003; previously amended and relettered as subd (a) effective August 14, 2009.)

(b)-(d) \* \* \*

Rule 10.12 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.12 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.12 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective September 1, 2003, and August 14, 2009.

1		
2	Rule	10.13. Rules and Projects Committee
3		
4	(a)-(	e) ***
5		
6	<b>(f)</b>	Responsibility of the Administrative Director of the Courts
7		
8		The Administrative Director is responsible for ensuring that items submitted to the
9		committee for circulation for comment and the council's agenda comply with the
10		committee's procedures and its guidelines on format and style.
11		
12		(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.)
13		
14	Rule	10.13 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.13 effective January 1, 1999;
15		ously amended and renumbered as rule 10.13 effective January 1, 2007; previously
16	-	ded effective September 1, 2003, and August 14, 2009.
17		
18	Rule	10.14. Litigation Management Committee
19		
20	(a)	Litigation oversight
21	()	
22		The Litigation Management Committee oversees litigation and claims against trial
23		court judges, appellate court justices, the Judicial Council, the Administrative
24		Office of the Courts its staff, the trial and appellate courts, and the employees of
25		those bodies in which the likely monetary exposure is \$100,000 or more or that
26		raise issues of significance to the judicial branch by:
27		raise issues of significance to the judicial orange by.
28		(1) ***
29		
30		(2) Consulting with the Administrative Director or General Chief Counsel, on
31		request, regarding important strategy issues.
32		request, regarding important strategy issues.
33		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
34		2003, January 1, 2007, December 9, 2008, and August 14, 2009.)
35	<b>(b)</b>	* * *
36	<b>(b)</b>	
37	(-)	
38	(c)	Strategic decisions
39		The committee work was bired in 1 11 1 10 202/1)
40		The committee resolves written objections described in rule 10.202(d) presented by
41		the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services.
42		

1 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2 2003, January 1, 2007, and August 14, 2009.) 3 4 Rule 10.14 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.14 effective January 1, 2001; 5 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.14 effective January 1, 2007; previously 6 amended effective January 1, 2003, December 9, 2008, and August 14, 2009. 7 8 Rule 10.16. Technology Committee 9 10 (a) 11 12 Coordination **(b)** 13 14 The committee coordinates the activities of the Administrative Director of the 15 Courts, council internal committees and advisory committees, the courts, justice partners, and stakeholders on matters relating to court information technology. The 16 17 committee also, in collaboration or consultation with the Policy Coordination and 18 Liaison Committee, coordinates with other branches of government on information 19 technology issues. 20 21 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective September 1, 22 2015.) 23 (c)-(i) \* \* \* 24 25 26 Rule 10.16 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective February 20, 2014; previously 27 amended effective September 1, 2015. 28 29 Rule 10.20. Proposals for new or amended rules, standards, or forms; rule-making 30 process in general 31 32 (a) 33 34 **(b) Proposals** 35 36 The council will consider proposals that are submitted to it by an internal 37 committee, an advisory committee, a task force, or the Administrative Office of the 38 Courts Judicial Council staff, in accordance with rule 10.22 and any policies and 39 procedures established by the Rules and Projects Committee. 40 41 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; repealed and adopted effective January 1, 42 2002; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

1 2 \* \* \* (c) 3 4 Rule 10.20 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.20 effective January 1, 1999; 5 previously amended effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 6 10.20 effective January 1, 2007. 7 8 Rule 10.21. Proposals from members of the public for changes to rules, standards, 9 or forms 10 11 **Application** (a) 12 13 This rule applies to proposals for changes to rules, standards, or forms by a member 14 of the public (any person or organization other than a Judicial Council internal 15 committee, advisory committee, or task force, or the Administrative Office of the 16 Courts Judicial Council staff). 17 18 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 19 20 **(b)** Submission and content of proposals 21 22 Proposals must be submitted in writing to: Judicial Council of California, 23 Attention: General Chief Counsel. Proposals should include: 24 25 (1)–(8) \*\*\* 26 27 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 28 29 Advisory committee's review of proposal (c) 30 31 The General Chief Counsel must refer each proposal from a member of the public 32 to an appropriate advisory committee for consideration and recommendation, or, if 33 no appropriate advisory committee exists, to the Rules and Projects Committee. An 34 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff member may 35 independently review the proposal and present an analysis and a recommendation 36 to the committee. The committee may take one of the following actions: 37 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 38 39 40 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) 41 42

Rule 10.21 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.21 effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.21 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 10.22. Rule-making procedures

#### (a) Who may make proposals

A Judicial Council internal committee, advisory committee, task force, or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff may recommend that the council adopt, amend, or repeal a rule or standard or adopt, approve, revise, or revoke a form.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

## (b) Legal and advisory committee review

The internal committee, advisory committee, task force, or Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff (the proponent) must first submit its proposal to the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services for legal and drafting review. If the proponent is not an advisory committee, and an appropriate advisory committee exists, the proponent must also submit the proposal to that advisory committee for review.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

# (c) Recommendation to Rules and Projects Committee

After the proposal has been reviewed by the Office of the General Counsel <u>Legal</u> <u>Services</u> and any appropriate advisory committee, the proponent must submit the proposal to the Rules and Projects Committee with a recommendation that it be (1) circulated for public comment or (2) submitted to the council for approval without public comment.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

```
(d)-(g) ***
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Rule 10.22 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.22 effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.22 effective January 1, 2007.

1	Rule	10.30. Judicial Council advisory bodies
2		
3	(a)	* * *
4		
5	<b>(b)</b>	Functions
6		
7		The advisory bodies:
8		
9		(1)–(2) ***
10		
11		(3) Generally do not implement policy. The council may, however, assign
12		policy-implementation and programmatic responsibilities to an advisory body
13 14		and may request it make recommendations to the Administrative Office of
15		the Courts Director on implementation of council policy or programs;
16		(4) ***
17		(4)
18		(5) Are responsible, through the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial
19		Council staff, for gathering stakeholder perspectives on policy
20		recommendations they plan to present to the council.
21		recommendations they plan to present to the council.
22		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.)
23		(one a (o) annother a green, e variable) 1, 2010, and proceed officers of 120 guilt 11, 2007.
24	(c)-(	e) ***
25		
26	<b>(f)</b>	Role of the Administrative Director-of the Courts
27		
28		The Administrative Director of the Courts sits as an ex officio member of each
29		advisory body.
30		
31		(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.)
32		
33	<b>(g)</b>	* * *
34		
35	Rule	10.30 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.30 effective January 1, 1999;
36	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 10.30 effective January 1, 2007; previously
37	amen	ded effective September 1, 2003, August 14, 2009, and February 20, 2014.
38	_	
39	Rule	10.34. Duties and responsibilities of advisory committees
40		
41	(a)	* * *
42		

#### 1 **Annual charges (b)** 2 3 **(1)** 4 5 (2) Advisory committees have limited discretion to pursue matters in addition to 6 those specified in each committee's annual charge, as long as the matters are 7 consistent with a committee's general charge, within the limits of resources 8 available to the committee, and within any other limits specified by the 9 council, the designated internal committee, or the Administrative Director of 10 the Courts. 11 12 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.) 13 \* \* \* 14 **(c)** 15 16 Role of the Administrative Director-of the Courts (**d**) 17 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 18 19 20 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.) 21 22 Role of staff (e) 23 24 Advisory committees are assisted by the Judicial Council staff-of the (1) 25 Administrative Office of the Courts. The duties of staff members include 26 drafting committee annual agendas, managing the committee's budget and 27 resources, coordinating committee activities, providing legal and policy 28 analysis to the committee, organizing and drafting reports, selecting and 29 supervising consultants, providing technical assistance, and assisting 30 committee chairs in presenting the committee's recommendations to the 31 Judicial Council. Staff may provide independent legal or policy analysis of 32 issues that is different from the committee's position, if authorized to do so 33 by the Administrative Director of the Courts. 34 35 (2) Staff report to the Administrative Director of the Courts. The decisions or 36 instructions of an advisory body or its chair are not binding on the staff 37 except in instances when the council or the Administrative Director has 38 specifically authorized such exercise of authority. 39 40 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009.) 41 42 **(f)** Review of annual agendas

1		(1)–(	2) * * *
2			
3		(3)	To pursue matters in addition to those specified in its annual charge, an
4			advisory committee must have the approval of the internal committee with
5			oversight responsibility for the advisory committee. The matters must be
6			consistent with the advisory committee's general charge, as set forth in the
7			rules of court, its approved annual agenda, and the council's long-range
8			strategic plan. The additional matters must also be within the committee's
9			authorized budget and available resources, as specified by the council or the
10			Administrative Director of the Courts.
11		/G 1	1/0 1 1 0 0 1 1 2016 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 2000
12			l (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective August 14, 2009;
13		previ	ously amended effective February 20, 2014.)
14	D 1	10.24	
15			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.34 effective January 1, 1999;
16	-	•	imended and renumbered as rule 10.34 effective January 1, 2007; previously
17 18	amer	<i>паеа</i> е <u></u> ∏	fective January 1, 2002, September 1, 2003, August 14, 2009, and February 20, 2014.
19	Dul	n 10 46	6. Trial Court Presiding Judges Advisory Committee
20	Kuit	C 10.40	s. That Court Tresiding Judges Advisory Committee
21	(a)	* * *	
22	( <b>a</b> )		
23	<b>(b)</b>	Addi	itional duties
24	(~)	1 2 0 0 0 1	
25		In ad	dition to the duties specified in rule 10.34, the committee may:
26			ı , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
27		(1)	* * *
28		( )	
29		(2)	Respond and provide input to the Judicial Council, appropriate advisory
30			committees, or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff
31			on pending policy proposals and offer new recommendations on policy
32			initiatives in the areas of legislation, rules, forms, standards, studies, and
33			recommendations concerning court administration; and
34			
35		(3)	Provide for liaison between the trial courts and the Judicial Council, its
36			advisory committees, task forces, and working groups, and the
37			Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.
38			
39		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective September 1,
40		2000,	April 18, 2003, and January 1, 2007.)
41			
42	(c)–(	(f) **	* *
43			

1 Rule 10.46 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.46 effective January 1, 1999; 2 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.46 effective January 1, 2007; previously 3 amended effective September 1, 2000, April 18, 2003, and July 1, 2013. 4 5 Rule 10.48. Court Executives Advisory Committee 6 7 (a) 8 9 **Additional duties (b)** 10 11 In addition to the duties specified in rule 10.34, the committee must: 12 13 (1)–(4) \*\*\* 14 15 Meet periodically with the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 16 Council's executive team to enhance branch communications. 17 18 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 19 2004, January 1, 2007, and February 20, 2014.) 20 21 (c)-(g) \*\*\*22 23 Rule 10.48 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.48 effective January 1, 1999; 24 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.48 effective January 1, 2007; previously 25 amended effective January 1, 2004, January 1, 2008, and February 20, 2014. 26 27 Rule 10.50. Governing Committee of the Center for Judicial Education and 28 Research 29 30 (a) **Establishment and purpose** 31 32 In 1973, the Judicial Council of California and the California Judges Association 33 created the Center for Judicial Education and Research (CJER), which 34 subsequently became the Education Division of the Administrative Office of the 35 Courts. The Governing Committee of CJER was made an advisory committee to 36 the council in 1993 through the adoption of former rule 1029. In 2001, the rule that 37 specifies the CJER Governing Committee's duties was made consistent with the 38 rules pertaining to other Judicial Council advisory committees, but it continues to 39 acknowledge the historic participation of the California Judges Association. 40 41 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective December 18, 2001;

previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

42

(b)-(f) \*\*\* 1 2 3 Rule 10.50 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.50 effective January 1, 1999; 4 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.50 effective January 1, 2007; previously 5 amended effective December 18, 2001, and January 1, 2015. 6 7 Rule 10.51. Court Interpreters Advisory Panel 8 9 \* \* \* (a) 10 11 **Additional duty (b)** 12 13 The advisory panel is charged with reviewing and making recommendations to the 14 council on the findings of the study of language and interpreter use and need for 15 interpreters in court proceedings that is conducted by the Administrative Office of 16 the Courts Judicial Council every five years under Government Code section 17 68563. 18 19 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective October 1, 20 2004.) 21 (c)-(d) \*\*\* 22 23 24 Rule 10.51 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.51 effective January 1, 1999; 25 previously amended effective July 1, 1999, and October 1, 2004; previously renumbered as rule 26 10.51 effective January 1, 2007. 27 28 Rule 10.52. Administrative Presiding Justices Advisory Committee 29 30 \* \* \* (a) 31 32 **Additional duties (b)** 33 34 In addition to the duties described in rule 10.34, the committee must: 35 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 36 37 38 **(4)** Comment on and make recommendations to the council about appellate court 39 operations, including: 40 41 (A) Initiatives to be pursued by the council or the Administrative Office of 42 the Courts its staff; and 43

1		(B) ***
2		
3		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
4		2007.)
5		
6	(c)	* * *
7		
8	<b>(d)</b>	Funding
9	, ,	
10		Each year, the committee must recommend budget change proposals to be
11		submitted to the Chief Justice for legislative funding to operate the appellate courts.
12		These proposals must be consistent with the budget management guidelines of the
13		Judicial Council's Finance Division office of the Administrative Office of the
14		Courts.
15		
16		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
17		2007.)
18		2007.)
19	(e)	* * *
20	(0)	
21	<b>(f)</b>	Administrative Director of the Courts
22	(-)	
23		* * *
24		
25		(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
26		2007.)
27		2007.)
28	Rule	10.52 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.52 effective January 1, 1999;
29		pusly amended and renumbered as rule 10.52 effective January 1, 2007.
30	previo	rusty untertacted and retrumbered as rule 10.52 effective summary 1, 2007.
31	Rule	10.56. Collaborative Justice Courts Advisory Committee
32	Ituic	10.00 Condoctative dustice Courts Havisory Committee
33	(a)	* * *
34	(a)	
35	<b>(b)</b>	Additional duties
36	(D)	ARMINOMIA MUICO
37		In addition to the duties described in rule 10.34, the committee must:
38		
39		(1)–(4) ***
40		

1		(5)	Make recommendations regarding grant funding programs that are
2			administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council
3			staff for drug courts and other treatment courts; and
4		(6)	* * *
5		(6)	
6		/G I	
7			d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
8		2007.	
9	(-)	* * *	
10	<b>(c)</b>	4. 4. 4.	
11	D 1	10.56	
12			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.56 effective January 1, 2000;
13	-	-	umended effective January 1, 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule
14 15	10.50	э еђест	ive January 1, 2007.
16	Dula	. 10 10	22. Acceptance of gifts
17	Kuit	10.10	2. Acceptance of girts
18	(a)	Δdm	ninistrative Director's of the Courts' authority to accept gifts
19	(a)	1 I WIII	inistrative Director so the courts authority to accept gitts
20		The	Administrative Director of the Courts may accept on behalf of any entity listed
21			) any gift of real or personal property if the gift and any terms and conditions
22		` .	ound to be in the best interest of the state. Any applicable standards used by
23			Director of Finance under Government Code section 11005.1 may be
24			idered in accepting gifts.
25		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
26		(Suba	l (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as unlettered subd; previously
27			ded and lettered as subd (a) effective January 1, 2004; previously amended effective
28			ary 1, 2007.)
29			
30	<b>(b)</b>	Dele	gation of authority
31	` /		·
32		The	Administrative Director may delegate the authority to accept gifts to the
33			wing, under any guidelines established by the Administrative Office of the
34			ts Director:
35			
36		(1)–(	3) ***
37			
38		(4)	The Judicial Council's director of the Finance Division of the Administrative
39		` /	Office of the Courts, for gifts to the Judicial Council and the Administrative
40			Office of the Courts.
41			
42		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2004;
43		previ	ously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

1					
2 3		Rule 10.102 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 989.7 effective September 13, 1991; previously amended and renumbered as rule 6.102 effective January 1, 2004, and as rule			
4	10.10	)2 effec	tive January 1, 2007.		
5					
6	Rule	10.10	3. Limitation on intrabranch contracting		
7	(0)	D.C.	:'4'aa		
8 9	(a)	Delli	nitions		
10		Earn	ourposes of this rule, "judicial branch entity" includes a trial court, a Court of		
11					
12			eal, the Supreme Court, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial		
13		Coun	<u>lCII</u> .		
13		(Cb.)	I(a) amonded effective I amount 1 2016)		
15		(Suba	(a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
16	(b) (	(A) *	* *		
17	(b)-(	( <b>u</b> ) ·			
18	Dula	10 102	amonded effective January 1 2016, adopted as mile 6 102 effective January 1 2004.		
19			amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.103 effective January 1, 2004;		
20	previ	ousty a	mended and renumbered as rule 10.103 effective January 1, 2007.		
21	Dulo	10 10	4. Limitation on contracting with former employees		
22	Kuic	10.10	4. Emiliation on contracting with former employees		
23	(a)	Trial	and appellate court contracts with former employees		
24	(a)	11141	and appendic court contracts with former employees		
25		Δ tris	al or appellate court may not enter into a contract for goods or services for		
26			h compensation is paid with a person previously employed by that court or by		
27			deministrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council:		
28		tiic 1	diffinistrative office of the courts sauteful council.		
29		(1)	* * *		
30		(1)			
31		(2)	For a period of 24 months following the date of the former employee's		
32		(2)	retirement, dismissal, or separation from service, if he or she engaged in any		
33			of the negotiations, transactions, planning, arrangements, or any part of the		
34			decision-making process relevant to the contract while employed in any		
35			capacity by the court or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial		
36			Council.		
37					
38		(Subd	(a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
39		( = 110 0	(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
40	<b>(b)</b>	Adm	inistrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council contracts with former		
41	()		oyees		
42		-T			

1 2		The Administrative Office of the Courts <u>Judicial Council</u> may not enter into a contract for goods or services for which compensation is paid with a person		
3				
4		previously employed by it:		
		(1) For a period of 12 months following the data of the former ampleyee's		
5		(1) For a period of 12 months following the date of the former employee's		
6		retirement, dismissal, or separation from service, if he or she was employed		
7		in a policymaking position at the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial		
8		Council in the same general subject area as the proposed contract within the		
9		12-month period before his or her retirement, dismissal, or separation; or		
10		(2) F : 1 C24		
11		(2) For a period of 24 months following the date of the former employee's		
12		retirement, dismissal, or separation from service, if he or she engaged in any		
13		of the negotiations, transactions, planning, arrangements, or any part of the		
14		decision-making process relevant to the contract while employed in any		
15		capacity by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council.		
16				
17		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
18 19		2007.)		
20	(c)	Policymaking position		
21	(C)	1 oneymaking position		
22		"Policymaking position" includes:		
23		Toneymaking position metades.		
24		(1)–(2) ***		
25		(1) $(2)$		
26		(3) In the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council, the		
27		Administrative Director of the Courts, the Chief Deputy Director, Chief of		
28		Staff, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Administrative Officer, any director,		
29		and any other position designated by the Administrative Director as a		
30		policymaking position.		
31		pone, maning position.		
32		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
33		(2.10.11 (2) 3.11.21.11 2,0		
34	<b>(d)</b>	Scope		
35		•		
36		This rule does not prohibit any court or the Administrative Office of the Courts		
37		<u>Judicial Council</u> from (1) employing any person or (2) contracting with any former		
38		judge or justice.		
39				
40		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
41				
42	Rule	10.104 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.104 effective January 1, 2004;		
43	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 10.104 effective January 1, 2007.		

1		
2	Rule	10.105. Allocation of new fee, fine, and forfeiture revenue
3		
4	(a)	* * *
5		
6	<b>(b)</b>	Methodology
7		
8		The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must recommend a
9		methodology for the allocation and must recommend an allocation based on this
10		methodology. On approval of a methodology by the Judicial Council, the
11		Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must issue a Finance
12		Memo stating the methodology adopted by the Judicial Council.
13		
14		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
15		2007.)
16		
17	Rule	10.105 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.105 effective December 10,
18		previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.105 effective January 1, 2007.
19	ŕ	
20	Rule	10.106. Judicial branch travel expense reimbursement policy
21		• • •
22	(a)	* * *
23		
24	<b>(b)</b>	Applicability
25		
26		The judicial branch travel expense reimbursement policy applies to official state
27		business travel by:
28		
29		(1) ***
30		
31		(2) Officers, employees, retired annuitants, and members of the Supreme Court,
32		the Courts of Appeal, superior courts, the Judicial Council and its staff, the
33		Administrative Office of the Courts, the Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and
34		the Commission on Judicial Performance; and
35		
36		(3) Members of task forces, working groups, commissions, or similar bodies
37		appointed by the Chief Justice, the Judicial Council, or the Administrative
38		Director-of the Courts.
39		
40		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
41		
42	(c)	Amendments
43		

The Judicial Council delegates to the Administrative Director-of the Courts, under article VI, section 6(c) of the California Constitution and other applicable law, the authority to make technical changes and clarifications to the judicial branch travel expense reimbursement policy. The changes and clarifications must be fiscally responsible, provide for appropriate accountability, and be in general compliance with the policy initially adopted by the Judicial Council.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 10.106 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2008.

### Rule 10.172. Court security plans

(a)-(c) \*\*\*

# (d) Submission of court a plan to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council

On or before November 1, 2009, each superior court must submit a court security plan to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) Judicial Council. On or before February 1, 2011, and each succeeding February 1, each superior court must report give notice to the AOC Judicial Council whether it has made any changes to the court security plan and, if so, identify each change made and provide copies of the current court security plan and current assessment report. In preparing any submission, a court may request technical assistance from the AOC Judicial Council staff.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

## (e) Plan review process

The AOC Judicial Council staff will evaluate for completeness submissions identified in (d). Annually, the submissions and evaluations will be provided to the Working Group on Court Security Advisory Committee. Any submissions determined by the working group advisory committee to be incomplete or deficient must be returned to the submitting court for correction and completion. No later than July 1 of each year, the working group must submit to the Judicial Council a summary of the submissions for the Judicial Council's report to the Legislature.

(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(f) \*\*\*

Rule 10.172 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2009.

1 2

# 3 4

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**Advisory Committee Comment** 5

This rule is adopted to comply with the mandate in Government Code section 69925, which requires the Judicial Council to provide for the areas to be addressed in a court security plan and to establish a process for the review of such plans. The Working Group on Court Security is authorized by Government Code section 69927 and established by rule 10.170 for the purpose of studying and making recommendation to the Judicial Council regarding court security matters. For the assistance of the courts and sheriffs in preparing and submitting their court security plans. the Working Group on Court Security has prepared Court Security Plan Guidelines with respect to each of the subject areas identified in subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2). The courts and sheriffs may obtain copies of the Court Security Plan Guidelines from the Administrative Office of the Courts' Emergency Response and Security unit.

14 15

# Rule 10.180. Court facilities standards

16 17 18

#### (a) **Development of standards**

19 20

21

22

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff is responsible for developing and maintaining standards for the alteration, remodeling, renovation, and expansion of existing court facilities and for the construction of new court facilities.

23 24 25

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective April 21, 2006.)

26 27 28

#### **(b) Adoption by the Judicial Council**

29 30

31

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33

34

The standards developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must be submitted to the Judicial Council for review and adoption as the standards to be used for court facilities in the state. Nonsubstantive changes to the standards may be made by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff; substantive changes must be submitted to the Judicial Council for review and adoption.

35 36 37

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective April 21, 2006.)

38 39 40

#### Use of standards (c)

41 42

43

The Judicial Council and its staff, the Administrative Office of the Courts, affected courts, and advisory groups on court facilities issues created under these rules must

1 use the standards adopted under (b) in reviewing or recommending proposed 2 alteration, remodeling, renovation, or expansion of an existing court facility or new 3 construction. Courts and advisory groups must report deviations from the standards 4 to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff through a process 5 established for that purpose. 6 7 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective June 23, 2004, 8 and April 21, 2006.) 9 10 Rule 10.180 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.150 effective July 1, 2002; 11 previously amended effective June 23, 2004, and April 21, 2006; previously renumbered as rule 12 10.180 effective January 1, 2007. 13 14 Rule 10.181. Court facilities policies, procedures, and standards 15 16 Responsibilities of the Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council (a) 17 staff 18 19 The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, after consultation 20 with the Court Facilities Transitional Task Force, must prepare and present to the 21 Judicial Council recommendations for policies, procedures, and standards 22 concerning the operation, maintenance, alteration, remodeling, renovation, 23 expansion, acquisition, space programming, design, and construction of appellate 24 and trial court facilities under Government Code sections 69204(c) and 70391(e). 25 26 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as part of unlettered subd; 27 previously amended and lettered as subd (a) effective January 1, 2007.) 28 29 **(b)** \* \* \* 30 31 Rule 10.181 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.180 effective June 23, 2004; 32 previously amended effective April 21, 2006; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.181 33 effective January 1, 2007. 34 35 Rule 10.182. Operation and maintenance of court facilities 36 37 (a) **Intent** 38 39 The intent of this rule is to allocate responsibility and decision making for the 40 operation and maintenance of court facilities among the courts and the 41 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. 42 43 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

## (c) Responsibilities of the courts

2 3

(1) The affected courts must consult with the Administrative Office of the Courts

Judicial Council staff concerning the annual operations and maintenance
needs assessment, development of annual priorities, and fiscal planning for
the operational and maintenance needs of court facilities, including
contingency planning for unforeseen facility maintenance needs.

(2) Each court to which responsibility is delegated under (b)(3) must report to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff quarterly or more often, as provided in the delegation. The report must include the activities and expenditures related to the delegation that are specified for reporting in the delegation. Each court must also account to The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff for all expenditures related to the delegation. The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff may conduct an internal audit of any receipts and expenditures.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

Rule 10.182 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.181 effective June 23, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.182 effective January 1, 2007.

## Rule 10.183. Decision making on transfer of responsibility for trial court facilities

#### (a) Intent

The intent of this rule is to allocate among the Judicial Council, the trial courts, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, responsibility and decision making for the transfer of responsibility for trial court facilities from the counties to the Judicial Council.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

```
(b)-(c) ***
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## (d) Responsibilities of the Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council staff

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff are responsible for the following matters related to transfer of responsibility for court facilities, in addition to matters expressly authorized by statute:

1		(1)–(4) * * *
2		
3		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
4		2007.)
5		
6	<b>(e)</b>	Appeal of county facilities payment amount
7		
8		The Administrative Director of the Courts must obtain the approval of the
9		Executive and Planning Committee before pursuing correction of a county facilities
10		payment amount under Government Code section 70367. This provision does not
11		preclude the Administrative Director of the Courts from submitting a declaration as
12		required by Government Code section 70367(a). The Administrative Director of the
13		Courts must report to the Executive and Planning Committee any decision not to
14		appeal a county facilities payment amount.
15		
16		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
17		
18	Rule	10.183 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.182 effective June 23, 2004;
19		ously amended and renumbered as rule 10.183 effective January 1, 2007.
20	•	
21	Rule	10.184. Acquisition, space programming, construction, and design of court
22		facilities
23		
24	(a)	Intent
25	()	
26		The intent of this rule is to allocate responsibility and decision making for
27		acquisition, space programming, construction, and design of court facilities among
28		the courts, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council, and its
29		staff.
30		<u>5411</u> .
31		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
32		(Suba (a) amenaea effective sanuary 1, 2010.)
33	<b>(b)</b>	Responsibilities of the Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council
34	(6)	staff
35		<u>Stati</u>
36		(1) In addition to those matters expressly provided by statute, the Administrative
37		Office of the Courts is Judicial Council staff are responsible for the
38		acquisition, space programming, construction, and design of a court facility,
39		consistent with the facilities policies and procedures adopted by the Judicial
40		Council and the California Rules of Court.
40		Council and the Camornia Rules of Court.
41		(2) The Administrative Office of the Courte Indicial Council staff must account
		(2) The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must prepare
43		and submit to the Judicial Council separate annual capital outlay proposals

for the appellate courts and the trial courts, as part of the yearly judicial branch budget development cycle, specifying the amounts to be spent for these purposes. The capital outlay proposal for the trial courts must specify the money that is proposed to be spent from the State Court Facilities Construction Fund and from other sources. The annual capital outlay proposals must be consistent with the Five-Year Capital Infrastructure Plan or must recommend appropriate changes in the Five-Year Capital Infrastructure Plan. The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must, whenever feasible, seek review and recommendations from the Court Facilities Transitional Task Force before recommending action to the Judicial Council on these issues.

(3) The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must consult with the affected courts concerning the annual capital needs of the courts.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

#### (c) Responsibilities of the courts

(1) Affected courts must consult with the Administrative Office of the Courts <u>Judicial Council staff</u> concerning the courts' annual capital needs.

(2) \*\*\*

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

## (d) Advisory group for construction projects

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, in consultation with the leadership of the affected court, must establish and work with an advisory group for each court construction or major renovation project. The advisory group consists of court judicial officers, other court personnel, and others affected by the court facility. The advisory group must work with the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff on issues involved in the construction or renovation, from the selection of a space programmer and architect through occupancy of the facility.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 10.184 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.183 effective June 23, 2004; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.184 effective January 1, 2007.

1	Rule	e 10.201.	Claim and litigation procedure
2 3	(a)	Definiti	ons
4 5		As used	in this chapter:
6			
7 8		(1)–(2)	* * *
9 10 11		G	of the General Counsel Legal Services" means the Office of the eneral Counsel of the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial ouncil's Legal Services office; and
13 14		(4) **	< *
15 16 17		(Subd (a <sub>2</sub>	) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
18	<b>(b)</b>	Procedi	ure for action on claims
19	(~)	110000	
20		To carry	y out the Judicial Council's responsibility under Government Code section
21		912.7 to	act on a claim, claim amendment, or application for leave to present a late
22		claim ag	gainst a judicial branch entity or a judge, the Office of the General Counsel
23		Legal Se	ervices, under the direction of the Administrative Director of the Courts,
24		must:	
25			
26		(1)– $(2)$	* * *
27		(2) 10	
28		· /	determined by the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services to be
29		-	oppropriate, refer a claim or claim amendment for further investigation to a
30			aims adjuster or other investigator under contract with the Administrative
31		0	ffice of the Courts Judicial Council;
32 33		(4) *	* *
34		(4) *	
35		(5) A	llow a claim in the amount justly due as determined by the Office of the
36		` /	eneral Counsel Legal Services if it is a proper charge against the judicial
37			ranch entity and the amount is less than \$100,000; and
38		01	unen entity und the uniount is less than \$100,000, and
39		(6) *	* *
40		( )	
41		(Subd (b	) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
42			d December 9, 2008.)

1					
2	<b>(c)</b>	Allowance and payment of claims			
3					
4		The following may allow and authorize payment of any claim arising out of the			
5		activities of a judicial branch entity or judge:			
6		(1) The Office of the Company Common Level Commisser and another direction of the			
7 8		(1) The Office of the General Counsel Legal Services, under the direction of the			
		Administrative Director-of the Courts, if the payment is less than \$100,000;			
9		or			
10		(2) ***			
11		(2) ***			
12					
13		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective December 9,			
14 15		2008.)			
16	(4)	Sottlement of lawquite and navment of judgments			
17	<b>(d)</b>	Settlement of lawsuits and payment of judgments			
18		The following may settle lawsuits, after consultation with the affected entity and			
19		any judge or employee being defended by the Judicial Council, and authorize			
20					
21		payment of judgments arising out of the activities of a judicial branch entity or judge:			
22		Judge.			
23		(1) The Office of the General Counsel Legal Services, under the direction of the			
24		Administrative Director-of the Courts, if the payment is less than \$100,000			
25		and the lawsuit does not raise issues of significance to the judicial branch; or			
26		and the lawsait does not raise issues of significance to the judicial orangin, or			
27		(2) ***			
28					
29		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective December 9,			
30		2008.)			
31		2000.)			
32	Rule	10.201 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.201 effective January 1, 2003			
33		iously amended and renumbered as rule 10.201 effective January 1, 2007; previously			
34	-	nded effective December 9, 2008.			
35		anca ejjecure z ecomoci y, <b>z</b> ecesi			
36	Rule	e 10.202. Claims and litigation management			
37					
38	(a)	* * *			
39	` '				
40	<b>(b)</b>	Duties of the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services			
41	` /	<del></del>			
42		To carry out the duty of the Judicial Council to provide for the representation,			
43		defense, and indemnification of justices of the Courts of Appeal or the Supreme			

Court, judges, subordinate judicial officers, court executive officers and 1 2 administrators, and trial and appellate court employees under part 1 (commencing 3 with section 810) to part 7 (commencing with section 995), inclusive, of the 4 Government Code, the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services, under the 5 direction of the Administrative Director-of the Courts and the General-Chief 6 Counsel, must: 7 (1)–(8) \*\*\* 8 9 10 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, 11 January 1, 2003; January 1, 2007, and December 9, 2008.) 12 13 (c) **Duties of trial and appellate courts** 14 15 The trial and appellate courts must: 16 17 Notify the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services promptly on receipt (1) 18 of notice of a dispute that is likely to result in a claim or lawsuit, or of a claim 19 or lawsuit filed, against the court, a justice, a judge or subordinate judicial 20 officer, a court executive officer or administrator, or a court employee, and 21 forward the claim and lawsuit to the Office of the General Counsel Legal 22 Services for handling; and 23 24 (2) Consult with the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services regarding 25 strategic and settlement decisions in claims and lawsuits. 26 27 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, 28 January 1, 2003, and January 1, 2007.) 29 30 (d) Disagreements about major strategic decisions 31 32 Following consultation with the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services, a 33 presiding judge or administrative presiding justice may object to a proposed decision of the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services about major strategic 34 35 decisions, such as retention of counsel and proposed settlements, by presenting to 36 the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services a written statement of the 37 objection. The Office of the General Counsel Legal Services must present the 38 written objection to the Litigation Management Committee, which will resolve the 39 objection.

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2003;

previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

40 41

42

Rule 10.202 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.800 effective January 1, 2001; previously renumbered as rule 6.202 effective January 1, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.202 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 2002, and December 9, 2008.

#### Rule 10.203. Contractual indemnification

#### (a) Intent

The intent of this rule is to facilitate the use of contractual indemnities that allocate legal risk and liability to parties that contract with a superior court or Court of Appeal, the Supreme Court, or the Judicial Council, or the Administrative Office of the Courts (a "judicial branch entity" as defined in Gov. Code, § 900.3).

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

## (b) Defense and indemnification provisions

Notwithstanding rule 10.14, 10.201, or 10.202, a judicial branch entity may enter into a contract that requires the contractor or the contractor's insurer to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the entity and its officers, agents, and employees against claims, demands, liability, damages, attorney fees, costs, expenses, or losses arising from the performance of the contract. Upon receipt of notice of a claim or lawsuit that may be subject to contractual indemnities, the judicial branch entity must notify the Office of the General Counsel Legal Services, which will manage the claim or lawsuit to obtain the benefits of the contractual indemnities to the extent consistent with the interests of the public and the judicial branch.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

Rule 10.203 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.203 effective October 15, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.203 effective January 1, 2007.

## Rule 10.350. Workers' compensation program

#### (a) Intent

The intent of this rule is to:

(1) Establish procedures for the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council's workers' compensation program for the trial courts; and

1		(2)	* * *
2			
3		(Suba	l (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
4		2007.	
5			
6	<b>(b)</b>	Duti	es of <del>the Administrative Office of the Courts</del> <u>Judicial Council staff</u>
7			
8		To ca	arry out the duty of the Judicial Council to establish a workers' compensation
9		progr	ram for the trial courts, the Administrative Office of the Courts the council's
10		Hum	an Resources <del>Division</del> office must:
11			
12		(1)-(	4) ***
13			
14		(5)	Make personnel available by telephone to consult with trial courts regarding
15			the cost and benefits of the plan being offered by the Administrative Office of
16			the Courts Judicial Council; and
17			
18		(6)	* * *
19			
20		(Suba	l (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
21		2007.	)
22			
23	<b>(c)</b>	Duti	es of the trial courts
24			
25		(1)	Each trial court that elects to participate in the program made available
26			through the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council must:
27			
28			(A) Timely notify the Human Resources Division office of its decision to
29			participate in the workers' compensation program being offered
30			through the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council;
31			
32			(B) Timely complete and return necessary paperwork to the Human
33			Resources <del>Division</del> office; and
34			
35			(C) ***
36			
37		(2)	Each trial court that elects not to participate in the workers' compensation
38			program available through the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial
39			Council must:
40			
41			(A) ***
42			

Timely submit to the Human Resources <del>Division</del> office for its approval 1 (B) 2 the information necessary to evaluate the workers' compensation 3 program identified by the trial court to provide benefits for its 4 employees; and 5 6 (C) 7 8 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 9 2007.) 10 11 Rule 10.350 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.302 effective January 1, 2005; 12 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.350 effective January 1, 2007. 13 14 Rule 10.452. Minimum education requirements, expectations, and 15 recommendations 16 17 (a)-(c) \*\*\*18 19 Responsibilities of Chief Justice and administrative presiding justices (d) 20 21 The Chief Justice and each administrative presiding justice: 22 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 23 24 25 In addition to the educational leave required under (d)(1)–(2), should grant 26 leave to a justice, clerk/administrator, or managing attorney to serve on 27 education committees and as a faculty member at education programs when 28 the individual's services have been requested for these purposes by the 29 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, the California 30 Judges Association, or the court. If a court's calendar would not be adversely 31 affected, the court should grant additional leave for a justice, the 32 clerk/administrator, or the managing attorney to serve on an educational 33 committee or as a faculty member for judicial branch education; 34 \* \* \* 35 **(4)** 36 37 Must ensure that justices, the clerk/administrator, and the managing attorney (5) 38 are reimbursed by their court in accordance with the travel policies issued by 39 the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council for travel expenses 40 incurred in attending in-state education programs as a participant, except to 41 the extent that: (i) certain expenses are covered by the Administrative Office 42 of the Courts Judicial Council; or (ii) the education provider or sponsor of the

1 program pays the expenses. Provisions for these expenses must be part of 2 every court's budget. The Chief Justice or the administrative presiding justice 3 may approve reimbursement of travel expenses incurred by justices, the 4 clerk/administrator, and the managing attorney in attending out-of-state 5 education programs as a participant; and 6 7 (6) Must retain the records and cumulative histories of participation provided by 8 justices. These records and cumulative histories are subject to periodic audit 9 by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. The Chief 10 Justice and the administrative presiding justice must report the data from the 11 records and cumulative histories on an aggregate basis to the Judicial 12 Council, on a form provided by the Judicial Council, within six months after 13 the end of each three-year period. 14 15 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 16 2008.) 17 18 Responsibilities of presiding judges (e) 19 20 Each presiding judge: 21 (1)–(2) \* \* \* 22 23 24 In addition to the educational leave required or authorized under rule 10.603 25 or (e)(1)–(2), should grant leave to a judge or subordinate judicial officer or 26 the executive officer to serve on education committees and as a faculty 27 member at education programs when the judicial officer's or executive 28 officer's services have been requested for these purposes by the Judicial 29 Council staff, the California Judges Association, or the court. If a court's 30 calendar would not be adversely affected, the presiding judge should grant 31 additional leave for a judge or subordinate judicial officer or executive officer 32 to serve on an educational committee or as a faculty member for judicial 33 branch education; 34 (4)–(5) \* \* \* 35 36 37 Must ensure that judges, subordinate judicial officers, and the court executive 38 officer are reimbursed by their court in accordance with the Trial Court 39 Financial Policies and Procedures Manual for travel expenses incurred in 40 attending in-state education programs as a participant, except to the extent 41 that: (i) certain expenses are covered by the Administrative Office of the

Courts Judicial Council; or (ii) the education provider or sponsor of the

program pays the expenses. Provisions for these expenses must be part of

42

1 every court's budget. The presiding judge may approve reimbursement of 2 travel expenses incurred by judges, subordinate judicial officers, and the 3 court executive officer in attending out-of-state education programs as a 4 participant; and 5 6 **(7)** Must retain the records and cumulative histories of participation provided by 7 judges. These records and cumulative histories are subject to periodic audit 8 by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. The 9 presiding judge must report the data from the records and cumulative 10 histories on an aggregate basis to the Judicial Council, on a form provided by 11 the Judicial Council, within six months after the end of each three-year 12 period. 13 14 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 15 2008.) 16 17 Responsibilities of Supreme Court and Court of Appeal justices, **(f)** 18 clerk/administrators, managing attorneys, and supervisors 19 20 Each court's justices, clerk/administrator, managing attorney, and supervisors: 21 22 (1)–(2) \*\*\* 23 24 Should allow and encourage court personnel, in addition to participating as (3) 25 students in educational activities, to serve on court personnel education 26 committees and as faculty at court personnel education programs when an 27 employee's services have been requested for these purposes by the 28 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff or the court; 29 \* \* \* 30 **(4)** 31 32 (5) Must ensure that supervisors and other court personnel are reimbursed by 33 their court in accordance with the travel policies issued by the Administrative 34 Office of the Courts Judicial Council for travel expenses incurred in attending 35 in-state education programs as a participant, except to the extent that: (i) 36 certain expenses are covered by the Administrative Office of the Courts 37 <u>Judicial Council</u>; or (ii) the education provider or sponsor of the program 38 pays the expenses. Provisions for these expenses must be part of every 39 court's budget. The clerk/administrator or the managing attorney may 40 approve reimbursement of travel expenses incurred by supervisors and other 41 court personnel in attending out-of-state education programs as a participant. 42 43 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008.)

1 2 Responsibilities of trial court executive officers, managers, and supervisors **(g)** 3 4 Each trial court's executive officer, managers, and supervisors: 5 (1)–(2) \* \* \* 6 7 8 (3) Should allow and encourage court personnel, in addition to participating as 9 students in education activities, to serve on court personnel education 10 committees and as faculty at court personnel education programs when an 11 employee's services have been requested for these purposes by the Judicial 12 Council staff or the court; 13 (4) \*\*\* 14 15 16 Must ensure that managers, supervisors, and other court personnel are 17 reimbursed by their court in accordance with the Trial Court Financial 18 Policies and Procedures Manual for travel expenses incurred in attending in-19 state education programs as a participant, except to the extent that: (i) certain 20 expenses are covered by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 21 Council; or (ii) the education provider or sponsor of the program pays the 22 expenses. Provisions for these expenses must be part of every court's budget. 23 The court executive officer may approve reimbursement of travel expenses 24 incurred by managers, supervisors, and other court personnel in attending 25 out-of-state education programs as a participant. 26 27 (Subd (g) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (f); previously amended and 28 relettered as subd (g) effective January 1, 2008.) 29 30 Rule 10.452 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously 31 amended effective January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2012. 32 33 Rule 10.455. Ethics orientation for Judicial Council members and for judicial 34 branch employees required to file a statement of economic interests 35 \* \* \* 36 (a) 37 38 **Definitions (b)** 39 40 For purposes of this rule, "judicial branch employee" includes an employee of a trial or appellate court or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council, 41 42 but does not include court commissioners or referees. 43

1		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
2	(-)	T-4:2-1 C
3 4	(c)	Judicial Council members and judicial branch employees
5 6 7 8		(1) The Administrative Office of the Courts <u>Judicial Council staff</u> must provide an ethics orientation course for Judicial Council members and for judicial branch employees who are required to file a statement of economic interests.
9		(2)–(3) ***
10		
11		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
12		( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13	Rule	10.455 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.301 effective January 1, 2004;
14	previ	ously amended and renumbered as rule 10.301 effective January 1, 2007, and as rule 10.455
15	effect	ive January 1, 2013.
16		
17	Rule	10.461. Minimum education requirements for Supreme Court and Court of
18		Appeal justices
19		
20	(a)	* * *
21	<b>~</b> \	
22	<b>(b)</b>	Content-based requirement
23		
24		Each new Court of Appeal justice, within two years of confirmation of
25		appointment, must attend a new appellate justice orientation program sponsored by
26		a national provider of appellate orientation programs or by the Administrative
27		Office of the Courts' Judicial Council's Education Division/Center for Judicial Education and Research.
28 29		Education and Research.
30		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as unlettered subd effective January
31		1, 2007; previously amended and lettered as subd (b) effective January 1, 2008; previously
32		amended effective January 1, 2012.)
33		umenaea effective samaary 1, 2012.)
34	(c)-(	e) ***
35	(-) (	
36	Rule	10.461 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously
37		ded effective January 1, 2008, August 15, 2008, January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2013.
38		
39		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
40		- -
41	The r	equirements formerly contained in subdivision (e)(2) of rule 970, which has been repealed,
42	are ca	arried forward without change in rule 10.461(b).
43		

The Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) has Judicial Council staff have developed both a manual format and an automated format of the individual justice's recording and reporting form referenced in rule 10.461(e) that gathers all the information needed by the Chief Justice or the administrative presiding justice to complete the aggregate report to the Judicial Council required under rule 10.452(d)(6). The Chief Justice or the administrative presiding justice may determine which form should be used in his or her court and may provide the manual or automated format of the AOC council-developed form (available from the AOC's council's Education Division/Center for Judicial Education and Research) or may provide another appropriate form that has been developed by his or her court or by another court that gathers all the information needed by the Chief Justice or the administrative presiding justice to complete the aggregate report to the Judicial Council.

# Rule 10.462. Minimum education requirements and expectations for trial court judges and subordinate judicial officers

#### (c) Content-based requirements

(1) Each new trial court judge and subordinate judicial officer must complete the "new judge education" provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts'

<u>Judicial Council's Education Division/</u>Center for Judicial Education and Research (CJER) as follows:

$$(2)$$
- $(4)$  \* \* \*

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2008, July 1, 2008, and January 1, 2012.)

Rule 10.462 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2008, July 1, 2008, August 15, 2008, January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2013.

#### **Advisory Committee Comment**

The minimum judicial education requirements in rule 10.462 do not apply to retired judges seeking to sit on regular court assignment in the Assigned Judges Program. Retired judges who seek to serve in the Assigned Judges Program must comply with the Chief Justice's Standards and Guidelines for Judges Who Serve on Assignment, which includes education requirements.

1				
2	The A	Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) has Judicial Council staff have developed both a		
3	manual format and an automated format of the individual judge's recording and reporting form			
4	referenced in rule 10.462(f) that gathers all the information needed by the presiding judge to			
5		plete the aggregate report to the Judicial Council required under rule 10.452(e)(7). The		
6	_	ding judge may determine which form should be used in his or her court and may provide		
7	_	nanual or automated format of the AOC council-developed form (available from the AOC's		
8		ation Division/ Judicial Council's Center for Judicial Education and Research) or may		
9		de another appropriate form that has been developed by his or her court or by another court		
10	•	gathers all the information needed by the presiding judge to complete the aggregate report to		
11	_	idicial Council.		
12	the st	ductar Council.		
13	Rula	10.468. Content-based and hours-based education for superior court judges		
14	Kuic	and subordinate judicial officers regularly assigned to hear probate		
15		proceedings		
16		proceedings		
17	(a)	Definitions		
18	(a)	Definitions		
19		As used in this rule, the following terms have the meanings stated below:		
20		As used in this rule, the following terms have the meanings stated below.		
21		(1)_(5) ***		
22		(1)–(5) * * *		
		(6) "A OC" is the Administrative Office of the Counts		
23		(6) "AOC" is the Administrative Office of the Courts.		
24		(7)(()"CIED": 44 - 4 - CE 1 4: - Di-i-: - /L-1: - 1 C: 12- C4 f L-1: - 1		
25		(7)(6)"CJER" is the AOC Education Division/Judicial Council's Center for Judicial		
26		Education and Research.		
27		(0)/7)%(CIA?; /1 C 1;C ; I 1 A ; /;		
28		(8)(7)"CJA" is the California Judges Association.		
29				
30		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
31				
32	(b)*	* *		
33				
34	<b>(c)</b>	Hours-based continuing education		
35				
36		(1)–(5) * * *		
37				
38		(6) A judicial officer may fulfill the education requirement in (1) or (2) through		
39		AOC council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule		
40		10.481(a)), or education approved by the judicial officer's presiding judge as		
41		meeting the education criteria specified in rule 10.481(b).		
42				
43		(7) ***		

1					
2		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,			
3		2012.)			
4					
5	(d)	* * *			
6	( )				
7	<b>(e)</b>	Record keeping and reporting			
8		(1)			
9		(1) ***			
10					
11		(2) Presiding judges' records of judicial officer participation in the education			
12		required by this rule are subject to audit by the AOC Judicial Council staff			
13		under rule 10.462. The AOC Judicial Council staff may require courts to			
14		report participation by judicial officers in the education required by this rule			
15		to ensure compliance with Probate Code section 1456.			
16					
17		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)			
18					
19	Rule	10.468 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously			
20	amen	ded effective January 1, 2012.			
21					
22	Rule	2 10.469. Judicial education recommendations for justices, judges, and			
23		subordinate judicial officers			
24					
25	(a)	* * *			
26					
27	<b>(b)</b>	Jury trial assignment			
28					
29		Each judge or subordinate judicial officer assigned to jury trials should regularly			
30		use the Administrative Office of the Courts' Education Division/Judicial Council			
31		CJER educational materials or other appropriate materials and should regularly			
32		complete CJER or other appropriate educational programs devoted to the conduct			
33		of jury voir dire and the treatment of jurors.			
34		ga y v v a a a a a a a a a a a a a ga a a a			
35		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,			
36		2012.)			
37		2012.)			
38	(c)-(	(A) ***			
39	(•)-(	<del>~</del> )			
40	Rula	10.469 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously			
41		10.409 amenaea ejjective January 1, 2010, aaopiea ejjective January 1, 2008, previousty aded effective January 1, 2012.			
41	amen	wed effective January 1, 2012.			
$+ \angle$					

1	Rule	10.478. Content-based and hours-based education for court investigators,
2		probate attorneys, and probate examiners
3		
4	<b>(a)</b>	Definitions
5		
6		As used in this rule, the following terms have the meanings specified below, unless
7		the context or subject matter otherwise require:
8		
9		(1)–(4) ***
10		
11		(5) "AOC" is the Administrative Office of the Courts;
12		
13		(6-5) "CJER" is the AOC Education Division/Judicial Council's Center for Judicial
14		Education and Research.
15		
16		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
17		
18	<b>(b)</b>	Content-based requirements for court investigators
19		
20		(1) ***
21		
22		(2) A court investigator may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through
23		AOC council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule
24		10.481(a)), or education approved by the court executive officer or the court
25		investigator's supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in rule
26		10.481(b).
27		
28		(3)–(4) * * *
29		
30		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
31		2012.)
32		
33	<b>(c)</b>	Content-based education for probate attorneys
34		
35		(1) ***
36		
37		(2) A probate attorney may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through AOC
38		council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule 10.481(a)), or
39		education approved by the court executive officer or the probate attorney's
40		supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in rule 10.481(b).
41		
42		(3)–(4) * * *
43		

	(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2012.)
( <b>d</b> )	Content-based education for probate examiners
	(1) ***
	(2) A probate examiner may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through AOC-council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule 10.481(a)), or education approved by the court executive officer or the probate examiner's supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in rule 10.481(b).
	(3)–(4) * * *
	(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2012.)
(e)	Hours-based education for court investigators
	(1) ***
	(2) A court investigator may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through AOC council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule 10.481(a)), or education approved by the court executive officer or the court investigator's supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in rule 10.481(b).
	(3)–(4) ***
	(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2012.)
<b>(f)</b>	Hours-based education for probate attorneys
	(1) * * *
	(2) A probate attorney may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through AOC council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule 10.481(a)), or education approved by the court executive officer or the probate attorney's supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in rule 10.481(b).
	(3)–(4) ***
	(e)

1					
2		(Subd	(f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
3		2012.)			
4		•			
5 6	( <b>g</b> )	Hour	rs-based education for probate examiners		
7		(1)	* * *		
8		(1)			
9		(2)	A probate examiner may fulfill the education requirement in (1) through		
10		(2)	AOC council-sponsored education, an approved provider (see rule		
11			10.481(a)), or education approved by the court executive officer or the		
12			probate examiner's supervisor as meeting the education criteria specified in		
13			rule 10.481(b).		
14			Tute 10.461(b).		
15		(2) (	<i>1</i> ) ***		
16		(3)–(4	4) ***		
		/C1- 1	1/->		
17			l(g) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,		
18 19		2012.	)		
20	<b>(h)</b>	* * *			
21	(11)				
22	(i)	Dogo	rd keeping and reporting		
23	(1)	Neco	Tu keeping and reporting		
24		(1)	* * *		
25		(1)			
26		(2)	The AOC Judicial Council staff may require courts to report participation by		
27		(2)	court investigators, probate attorneys, and probate examiners in the education		
28			required by this rule as necessary to ensure compliance with Probate Code		
29			section 1456.		
30			SCCION 1430.		
31		(Subd	! (i) amended effective January 1, 2016.)		
32		(Suba	(i) amenaea effective sanuary 1, 2010.)		
33	Pula	10 478	amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously		
34			Sective January 1, 2012.		
35	umen	шей ејј	ective Junuary 1, 2012.		
36	Rula	10.48	1. Approved providers; approved course criteria		
37	Kuit	10.70	1. Approved providers, approved course criteria		
38	(a)	Annr	roved providers		
39	(a)	<sup>1</sup> 1ppi	Toved providers		
40		The 4	Administrative Office of the Courts' Judicial Council's Education		
41			<del>sion/Center for Judicial Education and Research (CJER) is responsible for</del>		
42			taining a current list of approved providers. The list of approved providers		
43			include the Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council, the		
TJ		must	merade the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council, tile		

1 California Judges Association, and all California state courts and should include 2 other reputable national and state organizations that regularly offer education 3 directed to justices, judges, and court personnel. The director of the Education 4 Division/CJER may add or remove organizations from the list of approved 5 providers as appropriate according to these criteria. Any education program offered 6 by any of the approved providers that is relevant to the work of the courts or 7 enhances the individual participant's ability to perform his or her job may be 8 applied toward the education requirements and expectations stated in rules 10.461– 9 10.479, except for the requirements stated in rules 10.461(b), 10.462(c), and 10 10.473(b), for which specific providers are required. 11 12 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 13 2008, and January 1, 2012.) 14 \* \* \* 15 **(b)** 16 17 Rule 10.481 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 10.471 effective January 1, 18 2007; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.481 effective January 1, 2008; previously 19 amended effective January 1, 2012. 20 21 **Advisory Committee Comment** 22 23 Subdivision (b). The director of the Education Division/CJER is available to assist those 24 authorized to approve a request to apply education offered by a non-approved provider in 25 determining whether the education meets the listed criteria. 26 27 Rule 10.491. Minimum education requirements for Administrative Office of the 28 Courts Judicial Council executives, managers, supervisors, and other 29 employees 30 31 **Applicability** (a) 32 33 All Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) Judicial Council executives, 34 managers, supervisors, and other employees must complete these minimum 35 education requirements. 36 37 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 38 39 **Content-based requirements (b)** 40 41 Each new manager or supervisor must complete the AOC's New (1) 42 Manager/Supervisor Orientation within six months of being hired or assigned 43 as a manager or supervisor.

1			
2		(2)	Each new employee, including each new manager or supervisor, must
3			complete the AOC's New Employee Orientation within six months of being
4			hired and should complete it as soon as possible after being hired.
5			
6		(3)	The Administrative Director of the Courts may require new managers,
7		( )	supervisors, and other employees to complete specific AOC compliance
8			courses in addition to the required orientation courses.
9			1
10		(Suba	d (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
11		(~	· (=) ·······
12	(c)	Hou	rs-based requirements
13			
14		(1)–(	(5) ***
15			
16		(6)	Each hour of participation in traditional (live, face-to-face) education;
17			distance education such as broadcasts, videoconference courses, and online
18			coursework; and faculty service counts toward the requirement on an hour-
19			for-hour basis. The Administrative Director of the Courts or an executive,
20			manager, or supervisor, if delegated by the Administrative Director, has
21			discretion to determine the number of hours, if any, of traditional (live, face-
22			to-face) education required to meet the continuing education requirement.
23			
24		(7)	* * *
25		. ,	
26		(8)	The Administrative Director of the Courts may require executives, managers.
27		( )	supervisors, and other employees to complete specific AOC compliance
28			courses as part of the continuing education requirements.
29			
30		(Suba	d (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
31			, and July 1, 2013.)
32		,	,
33	( <b>d</b> )	Exte	nsion of time
34	(-)		
35		(1)	For good cause, the Administrative Director-of the Courts or an executive,
36		(-)	manager, or supervisor, if delegated by the Administrative Director, may
37			grant a one-year extension of time to complete the education requirements in
38			this rule. If an extension is granted, the subsequent two-year compliance
39			period begins immediately after the extended compliance period ends, unless
40			otherwise determined by the Administrative Director.
41			omer determined of the Hammindanie Director.
42		(2)	* * *
43		(2)	
TJ			

1		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2013.)
2		
3	<b>(e)</b>	* * *
4 5	<b>(F)</b>	Degrapoibilities of Administrative Director of the Counts and of ACCIndicial
	<b>(f)</b>	Responsibilities of Administrative Director-of the Courts and of AOCJudicial
6 7		<b>Council</b> executives, managers, and supervisors
8		The Administrative Director of the Courts and each AOC Judicial Council
9		executive, manager, and supervisor:
10		executive, manager, and supervisor.
11		(1)–(3) ***
12		(1)–(3)
13		(4) Must ensure that executives, managers, supervisors, and other employees are
14		reimbursed by the AOC in accordance with the travel policies issued by the
15		Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council for travel expenses
16		incurred in attending in-state education programs as a participant in order to
17		complete the minimum education requirements in (b)–(c). Provisions for
18		these expenses must be part of the AOC's Judicial Council's budget. The
19		Administrative Director of the Courts may approve reimbursement of travel
20		expenses incurred by executives, managers, supervisors, and other employees
21		in attending out-of-state education programs as participants.
22		
23		(Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective July 1, 2008.)
24		
25	Rule	10.491 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously
26	amer	nded effective July 1, 2008, January 1, 2012, and July 1, 2013.
27		
28	Rule	e 10.500. Public access to judicial administrative records
29		
30	(a)	(b) * * *
31		
32	<b>(c)</b>	Definitions
33		
34		As used in this rule:
35		
36		(1)–(2) * * *
37		
38		(3) "Judicial branch entity" means the Supreme Court, each Court of Appeal,
39		each superior court, <u>and</u> the Judicial Council <del>, and the Administrative Office</del>
40		of the Courts.
41 42		(4)_(6) ***
42		(4)–(6) * * *
<del>+</del> 3		

```
1
            (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
 2
 3
      (d)
 4
 5
      (e)
            Public access
 6
 7
            (1)
 8
 9
            (2)
                  Examples
10
11
                  Judicial administrative records subject to inspection and copying unless
12
                  exempt from disclosure under subdivision (f) include, but are not limited to,
13
                  the following:
14
15
                        Budget information submitted to the Administrative Office of the
16
                        Courts Judicial Council after enactment of the annual Budget Act;
17
                  (B)-(F) ***
18
19
20
            (3)–(12) ***
21
22
            (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
23
24
      (f)-(i) ***
25
26
      (j)
            Public access disputes
27
28
                  Unless the petitioner elects to proceed under (2) below, disputes and appeals
29
                  of decisions with respect to disputes with the Judicial Council,
30
                  Administrative Office of the Courts, or a superior court regarding access to
31
                  budget and management information required to be maintained under rule
32
                  10.501 are subject to the process described in rule 10.803.
33
34
            (2)-(6) * * *
35
36
37
            (Subd (j) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
38
39
      Rule 10.500 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010.
40
41
                                    Advisory Committee Comment
42
43
      Subdivision (a). * * *
```

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1
 2
      Subdivisions (b)(1) and (b)(2). * * *
 3
 4
      Subdivision (c)(2). * * *
 5
 6
      Subdivision (e)(4). ***
 7
 8
      Subdivision (f)(3).* * *
 9
10
      Subdivision (f)(10). * * *
11
12
      Subdivision (f)(11). * * *
```

 **Subdivision (j)(1).** Under current rule 10.803 a petitioner may file a writ in a superior court regarding a dispute with a superior court or the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council with respect to disclosure of records and information required to be maintained under current rule 10.802. The writ petition must be heard on an expedited basis and includes a right to an appeal. The statutory authority for the hearing process set forth in current rule 10.803, Government Code section 71675(b), does not extend this procedure to other disputes with respect to public access. The rule provides that petitioners with a dispute with any other judicial branch entity, or with respect to records that are not required to be maintained under rule 10.802, may follow the procedure set forth in (j)(2) through (j)(6), which is equivalent to the dispute resolution process set out in current rule 10.803 may also elect to proceed with his or her dispute under the procedure set forth in (j)(2) through (j)(6).

#### Rule 10.501. Maintenance of budget and management information

#### (a) Maintenance of information by the superior court

Each superior court must maintain for a period of three years from the close of the fiscal year to which the following relate:

(1) Official documents of the superior court pertaining to the approved superior court budget allocation adopted by the Judicial Council and actual final yearend superior court revenue and expenditure reports as required in budget procedures issued by the Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council staff to be maintained or reported to the council, including budget allocation, revenue, and expenditure reports;

```
(2)–(3) * * * *
(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
```

1 2 **(b)** Maintenance of information by the Administrative Office of the Courts 3 **Judicial Council staff** 4 5 The Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council staff must maintain for a 6 period of three years from the close of the fiscal year to which the following relate: 7 \* \* \* 8 **(1)** 9 10 (2) Actual final year-end superior court revenue and expenditure reports required 11 by budget procedures issued by the Administrative Office of the Courts 12 Judicial Council staff to be maintained or reported to the council that are 13 received from the courts, including budget revenues and expenditures for 14 each superior court; 15 16 (3)-(4) \* \* \* 17 18 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 19 20 Rule 10.501 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2010. 21 22 Rule 10.502. Judicial sabbatical pilot program 23 24 (a)-(b) \*\*\*25 26 (c) **Application** 27 28 An eligible judge may apply for a sabbatical by submitting a sabbatical 29 proposal to the Administrative Director of the Courts with a copy to the 30 presiding judge or justice. 31 32 \* \* \* (2) 33 34 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 35 2007.) 36 37 (d) **Judicial Sabbatical Review Committee** 38 39 A Judicial Sabbatical Review Committee will be appointed to make 40 recommendations to the Judicial Council regarding sabbatical requests. 41 \* \* \* 42 (1) 43

1 (2) Staffing 2 3 The committee will be staffed by the Judicial Council's Human Resources 4 Division office of the Administrative Office of the Courts and may elect its 5 chair and vice-chair. 6 7 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 8 2007.) 9 10 **Evaluation** (e) 11 12 (1) The Administrative Director-of the Courts must forward all sabbatical 13 requests that comply with (c) to the Judicial Sabbatical Review Committee. 14 (2)–(3) \*\*\* 15 16 17 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 18 (f)-(j) \*\*\* 19 20 21 Rule 10.502 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.151 effective January 1, 2003; 22 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.502 effective January 1, 2007. 23 24 Rule 10.601. Superior court management 25 26 \* \* \* (a) 27 28 Goals **(b)** 29 30 The rules in this division are intended to ensure the authority and responsibility of 31 the superior courts to do the following, consistent with statutes, rules of court, and 32 standards of judicial administration: 33 (1)–(4) \*\*\* 34 35 36 Provide input to the Judicial Council, the Trial Court Budget Working Group 37 Advisory Committee, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 38 Council on the trial court budget process; and 39 \* \* \* 40 (6) 41 42 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 43 2002, and January 1, 2007.)

1 2 \* \* \* (c) 3 4 Rule 10.601 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2501 effective July 1, 1998; renumbered as rule 6.601 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended effective January 1, 5 6 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.601 effective January 1, 2007. 7 8 Rule 10.620. Public access to administrative decisions of trial courts 9 10 (a) 11 12 **Budget priorities (b)** 13 14 The Administrative Office of the Courts Director may request, on 30 court days' 15 notice, recommendations from the trial courts concerning judicial branch budget 16 priorities. The notice must state that if a trial court is to make recommendations, the 17 trial court must also give notice, as provided in (g), that interested members of the 18 public may send input to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council. 19 20 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 21 2005, and January 1, 2007.) 22 23 \* \* \* (c) 24 25 (**d**) Other decisions requiring public input 26 27 Each trial court must seek input from the public, as provided in (e), before making 28 the following decisions: 29 30 A request for permission from the Administrative Office of the Courts (1) 31 Judicial Council staff to reallocate budget funds from one program 32 component to another in an amount greater than \$400,000 or 10 percent of 33 the total trial court budget, whichever is greater. 34 \* \* \* 35 (2) 36 37 (3) The planned, permanent closure of any court location for an entire day or for 38 more than one-third of the hours the court location was previously open for 39 either court sessions or filing of papers. As used in this subdivision, planned 40 closure does not include closure of a location on a temporary basis for 41 reasons including holidays, illness, or other unforeseen lack of personnel, or 42 public safety. 43

1 (4) The cessation of any of the following services at a court location	on:
2 3 (A) The Family Law Facilitator; or	
4	
5 (B) The Family Law Information Center.	
6	
7 (Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective	e January 1,
8 2007.)	
9	
10 (e) ***	
11	
12 (f) Information about other trial court administrative matters	
13	
A trial court must provide notice, not later than 15 court days after th following:	ie event, of the
15 following: 16	
17 (1)–(4) * * *	
18	
19 (5) A significant permanent decrease in the number of hours that a	- court location
20 is open during any day for either court sessions or filing of pap	
21 those governed by (d)(3). As used in this paragraph, a significa	
does not include a decrease in response to an emergency need t	
23 location on a temporary basis for reasons including illness or o	
24 <u>unforeseen lack of personnel or public safety.</u>	
25	
26 (6) The action taken on any item for which input from the public w	was required
27 under (d). The notice must show the person or persons who ma	ade the
decision and a summary of the written and e-mail input receive	ed.
29	
30 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective	January 1,
31 2007.)	
32	
33 (g)–(k) ***	
34	
Rule 10.620 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.620 effective January 1	•
previously amended effective January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumber	red as rule
37	
38 20 Administra Committee Comment	
39 <u>Advisory Committee Comment</u> 40	
The procedures required under this rule do not apply where statutes specify another	ier procedure for
42 giving public notice and allowing public input. (See, e.g., Gov. Code, § 68106 [no	-

court services]; id., § 68511.7 [notice of proposed court budget plan].)

1			
2	Rule	10.660. Enforcement of agreements—petitions (Gov. Code, §§ 71639.5,	
3		71825.2)	
4			
5	(a)	* * *	
6			
7	<b>(b)</b>	Assignment of Court of Appeal justice to hear the petition	
8			
9		(1) ***	
10			
11		(2) When the petition is filed, the clerk of the court must immediately request of	
12		the <u>Judicial Council's</u> <del>Judicial Assignments Unit</del> <u>Assigned Judges Program</u>	
13		of the Administrative Office of the Courts the assignment of a hearing judge	
14		from the panel established under (e).	
15			
16		(3) * * *	
17			
18		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective December 10,	
19		2004, and January 1, 2007.)	
20			
21	(c)-(	e) * * *	
22			
23	Rule	10.660 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2211 effective January 1, 2001;	
24	previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.660 effective January 1, 2007; previously		
25	amen	ded effective December 10, 2004, and October 24, 2008.	
26			
27	Rule	10.670. Trial court personnel plans	
28			
29	(a)-(	(d) ***	
30			
31	<b>(e)</b>	Submission of personnel plans	
32			
33		The superior court of each county must submit to the Judicial Council a personnel	
34		plan in compliance with these provisions by March 1, 1999. The superior court of	
35		each county must submit to the Judicial Council any changes to this plan by March	
36		1 of every following year. If requested by a superior court, the Administrative	
37		Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must review the court's personnel plan	
38		and provide the court with technical assistance in preparing the plan.	
39			
40		(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,	
41		2007.)	
42			

1 Rule 10.670 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2520 effective July 1, 1998; 2 previously renumbered as rule 6.650 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended and 3 renumbered as rule 10.670 effective January 1, 2007. 4 5 Rule 10.742. Use of attorneys as court-appointed temporary judges 6 (a)-(b) \*\*\*7 8 9 Record and report of uses 10 11 Each trial court that uses attorneys as temporary judges must record and report to 12 the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff on a quarterly basis 13 information concerning its use of them. The report must state: 14 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 15 16 17 (Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 18 2007.) 19 20 Rule 10.742 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.742 effective July 1, 2006; 21 previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.742 effective January 1, 2007. 22 23 Rule 10.761. Regional Court Interpreter Employment Relations Committees 24 25 \* \* \* (a) 26 27 **Membership (b)** 28 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 29 30 31 Each Regional Court Interpreter Employment Relations Committee may **(4)** 32 appoint a chief negotiator to bargain with recognized employee 33 organizations. The chief negotiator may be Judicial Council staff-of the 34 Administrative Office of the Courts. 35 \* \* \* 36 (5) 37 38 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 39 2006, and January 1, 2007.) 40 (c)-(d) \*\*\* 41 42

1 Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council staff **(e)** 2 3 The Judicial Council staff of the Administrative Office of the Courts will assist 4 each Regional Court Interpreter Employment Relations Committee in performing 5 its functions. 6 7 (Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 8 9 Rule 10.761 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.661 effective March 1, 2003; 10 previously amended effective January 1, 2006; previously amended and renumbered as rule 11 10.761 effective January 1, 2007. 12 13 Rule 10.762. Cross-assignments for court interpreter employees 14 15 \* \* \* (a) 16 17 **Definitions (b)** 18 19 As used in this rule: 20 21 (1)–(3) \*\*\* 22 23 "Regional court interpreter coordinator" means an a Judicial Council (4) 24 employee-of the Administrative Office of the Courts-whose duty it is to 25 locate, assign, and schedule available court interpreter employees for courts 26 within and across regions, which are described under Government Code 27 section 71807(a). 28 29 (5) \* \* \* 30 31 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 32 2007.) 33 \* \* \* 34 (c) 35 36 Payment for cross-assignments (d) 37 38 The home court must issue payment to the court interpreter for all cross-39 assignments, including per diem compensation and mileage reimbursement. The 40 Administrative Office of the Courts-Judicial Council staff will administer funding 41 to the home court for payments associated with cross-assignments. 42

(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) (e)-(f) \*\*\*Rule 10.762 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.662 effective March 1, 2003; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.762 effective January 1, 2007. Rule 10.776. Definitions As used in the rules in this chapter, the following terms have the meanings stated below: (1)–(4) \*\*\* An "accredited educational institution" is a college or university, including a community or junior college, accredited by a regional accrediting organization recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation; and. (6) "AOC" is the Administrative Office of the Courts. Rule 10.776 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008. Rule 10.777. Qualifications of court investigators, probate attorneys, and probate examiners (a)-(e) \* \* \* **(f)** Record keeping and reporting The AOC-Judicial Council may require courts to report on the qualifications of the court investigators, probate attorneys, or probate examiners hired or under contract under this rule, and on waivers made under (e), as necessary to ensure compliance with Probate Code section 1456. (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016.) Rule 10.777 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008. Rule 10.781. Court-related ADR neutrals (a) Qualifications of mediators for general civil cases

1 Each superior court that makes a list of mediators available to litigants in general 2 civil cases or that recommends, selects, appoints, or compensates mediators to 3 mediate any general civil case pending in the court must establish minimum 4 qualifications for the mediators eligible to be included on the court's list or to be 5 recommended, selected, appointed, or compensated by the court. A court that 6 approves the parties' agreement to use a mediator who is selected by the parties and 7 who is not on the court's list of mediators or that memorializes the parties' 8 agreement in a court order has not thereby recommended, selected, or appointed 9 that mediator within the meaning of this rule. In establishing these qualifications, 10 courts are encouraged to consider the Model Qualification Standards for Mediators 11 in Court-Connected Mediation Programs for General Civil Cases issued by the 12 Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. 13 14 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2011.) 15 (b)-(d) \*\*\*16 17 18 Rule 10.781 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1580.1 effective January 1, 19 2001; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.781 effective January 1, 2007; previously 20 amended effective July 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011. 21 22 Rule 10.782. ADR program information 23 24 (a) **Report to Judicial Council** 25 26 Each court must report information on its ADR programs to the Judicial Council, as 27 requested by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. 28 29 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 30 2007.) 31 32 \* \* \* **(b)** 33 34 Rule 10.782 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1580.2 effective January 1, 35 2001; previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007. 36 37 Rule 10.800. Superior court budgeting

38 39

40 41

42

\* \* \*

**Development of budget requests** 

(a)

**(b)** 

1 Each superior court must prepare and submit to the Administrative Office of the 2 Courts-Judicial Council a budget according to the schedule and procedures 3 established by the Judicial council. 4 5 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 6 2002, and January 1, 2007.) 7 8 \* \* \* (c) 9 10 Rule 10.800 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2530 effective July 1, 1998; 11 renumbered as rule 6.700 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended effective January 1, 12 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.800 effective January 1, 2007. 13 14 Rule 10.801. Superior court budget procedures 15 16 Adoption of budget procedures by the Administrative Office of the Courts (a) 17 **Judicial Council staff** 18 19 The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff must adopt superior 20 court budget procedures to be included in the Trial Court Financial Policies and 21 Procedures Manual, the annual Baseline Budget Development Package, and the 22 annual Budget Change Request Package. These procedures include the following: 23 24 (1)–(9) \*\*\* 25 26 (Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 27 2002, and January 1, 2007.) 28 29 **Technical assistance (b)** 30 31 The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, on request, provides 32 technical assistance and ongoing training in budget development and 33 implementation to the superior courts. 34 35 (Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 36 2002, and January 1, 2007.) 37 38 Rule 10.801 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 2531 effective July 1, 1998; 39 renumbered as rule 6.701 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended effective January 1, 40 2002; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.801 effective January 1, 2007. 41 42 Rule 10.805. Notice of change in court-county relationship

If, under Government Code section 77212, the county gives notice to the superior court that the county will no longer provide a specific county service or the court gives notice to the county that the court will no longer use a specific county service, the court must, within 10 days of receiving or giving such notice, provide a copy of this notice to the <u>Judicial Council's</u> Finance <u>Division office</u> of the <u>Administrative Office</u> of the <u>Courts</u>.

Rule 10.805 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.705 effective January 1, 2000; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.805 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 10.811. Reimbursement of costs associated with homicide trials

**(a)–(b)** \*\*\*

#### (c) Submission

A request for reimbursement must be submitted by the court's presiding judge or executive officer to the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. All requests for reimbursement must comply with guidelines approved by the Judicial Council and include a completed *Request for Reimbursement of Extraordinary Homicide Trial Costs* form.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

Rule 10.811 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.711 effective January 1, 2005; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.811 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 10.815. Fees to be set by the court

$$(a)-(d) ***$$

#### (e) Reporting requirement

Each court that charges a fee under this rule must provide the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff with a description of the fee, how the amount of the fee was determined, and how the fee is applied.

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(Subd (e) amended effective January 1, 2016.)
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(f)-(g) ***
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Rule 10.815 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.712 effective January 1, 2006; previously amended effective July 1, 2006; amended and renumbered as rule 10.815 effective January 1, 2007.

1		
2	Rule	e 10.820. Acceptance of credit cards by the superior courts
3		
4	(a)	Delegation of authority to Administrative Director of the Courts
5		
6		The Administrative Director of the Courts is authorized, under rule 10.80, to
7		approve on behalf of the Judicial Council requests from the superior courts to
8		accept credit cards for the payment of court fees or to impose a charge for the use
9		of credit cards. The authority is given to the Judicial Council by Government Code
10		section 6159.
11		
12		(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
13		2007.)
14		
15	<b>(b)</b>	Standards for use of credit cards
16		
17		The Administrative Director of the Courts is authorized to approve requests under
18		(a) for acceptance of credit cards if all of the following are true:
19		
20		(1)–(3) ***
21		
22		(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
23		2007.)
24		
25	<b>(c)</b>	Standards for charge for the use of credit cards
26		
27		The Administrative Director-of the Courts is authorized to approve requests under
28		(a) for the imposition of a charge for the use of credit cards if both of the following
29		are true:
30		
31		(1)–(2) ***
32		
33		(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
34		2007.)
35		
36	<b>(d)</b>	Referral to Judicial Council
37		
38		The Administrative Director of the Courts may refer any request under (a) to the
39		Judicial Council for its action.
40		
41		(Subd (d) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1,
42		2007.)
13		

(e) \*\*\*

Rule 10.820 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.703 effective January 1, 2000; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.820 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2009.

#### Rule 10.830. Disposal of surplus court personal property

(a) \*\*\*

## (b) Exception for disposal of technology equipment acquired on or after July 1, 2000

A superior court that wishes to dispose of surplus technology equipment to which the court acquired title on or after July 1, 2000 must provide a written description of such technology equipment to the Administrative Director of the Courts. If, within 60 days of receipt of the description, the Administrative Director determines that another court of record of the State of California is in need of the surplus technology equipment, the court holding title to the equipment must donate it to the court determined to be in need. If the Administrative Director determines that no other court needs the equipment or makes no determination within 60 days of receiving the written description of it, the court holding title to the equipment may dispose of it as provided in (a), (c), and (d). The Administrative Director must provide to the courts a definition of the term "technology equipment" as used in this rule and must provide 30 days' notice of any amendment to the definition.

(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)

(c)-(d) \*\*\*

Rule 10.830 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 6.709 effective January 1, 2001; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.830 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 10.854. Standards and guidelines for trial court records

#### (a) The standards and guidelines

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, in collaboration with trial court presiding judges and court executives, must prepare, maintain, and distribute a manual providing standards and guidelines for the creation, maintenance, and retention of trial court records (the *Trial Court Records Manual*), consistent with the Government Code and the rules of court and policies adopted by

the Judicial Council. The manual should assist the courts and the public to have complete, accurate, efficient, and accessible court records. Before the manual is issued, it must be made available for comment from the trial courts.

(Subd (a) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(b) \*\*\*

## (c) Updating the manual

The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, in collaboration with trial court presiding judges and court executives, must periodically update the *Trial Court Records Manual* to reflect changes in technology that affect the creation, maintenance, and retention of court records. Except for technical changes, corrections, or minor substantive changes not likely to create controversy, proposed changes in the manual must be made available for comment from the courts before the manual is updated or changed. Courts must be notified of any changes in the standards or guidelines, including all those relating to the permanent retention of records.

(Subd (c) amended effective January 1, 2016.)

(d) \*\*\*

Rule 10.854 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2011.

#### Rule 10.870. Trial court automation standards

Each superior court that acquires, develops, enhances, or maintains automated accounting or case management systems through funding provided under Government Code section 68090.8 must comply with the standards approved by the Judicial Council. The approved standards are stated in *Judicial Council Trial Court Automation Standards* published by the Administrative Office of the Courts.

Rule 10.870 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as rule 1011 effective March 1, 1992; renumbered as rule 999.1 effective July 1, 1993; previously amended and renumbered as rule 10.870 effective January 1, 2007.

#### Rule 10.960. Court self-help centers

(a)-(e) \* \* \*

1 **(f) Budget and funding** 2 3 A court must include in its annual budget funding necessary for operation of its 4 self-help center. In analyzing and making recommendations on the allocation of 5 funding for a court self-help center, the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial 6 Council staff will consider the degree to which individual courts have been 7 successful in meeting the guidelines and procedures for the operation of the self-8 help center. 9 10 (Subd (f) amended effective January 1, 2016.) 11 12 Rule 10.960 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2008; previously 13 amended effective February 20, 2014, and January 1, 2015. 14

1	Standards of Judicial Administration
2 3	Standard 5.40. Juvenile court matters
4	Standard 5.40. Juvenine court matters
5	(a)-(h) * * *
6	
7	<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
8	
9	Subdivision (a). * * *
10	
11 12	Subdivision (b)(2). * * *
13	<b>Subdivision</b> (c)(4). * * *
14	Subdivision (c)(4).
15	Subdivision (d)(4). Juvenile court law is a specialized area of the law that requires dedication and
16	study. The juvenile court judge has a responsibility to maintain high quality in the practice of law
17	in the juvenile court. The quality of representation in the juvenile court depends in good part on
18	the education of the lawyers who appear there. In order to make certain that all parties receive
19	adequate representation, it is important that attorneys have adequate training before they begin
20	practice in juvenile court and on a continuing basis thereafter. The presiding judge of the juvenile
21	court should mandate such training for all court-appointed attorneys and urge leaders of public
22	law offices to provide at least comparable training for attorneys assigned to juvenile court.
23	A mainimum of significance of continuing local allocation is accorded to the same and
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	A minimum of six hours of continuing legal education is suggested; more hours are recommended. Education methods can include lectures and tapes that meet the legal education
26	requirements.
27	requirements.
28	In addition to basic legal training in juvenile dependency and delinquency law, evidentiary issues,
29	and effective trial practice techniques, training should also include important related issues,
30	including child development, alternative resources for families, effects and treatment of substance
31	abuse, domestic violence, abuse, neglect, modification and enforcement of all court orders,
32	dependency, delinquency, guardianships, conservatorships, interviewing children, and
33	emancipation. Education may also include observational experience such as site visits to
34	institutions and operations critical to the juvenile court.
35	
36 37	A significant barrier to the establishment and maintenance of well-trained attorneys is a lack of
38	educational materials relating to juvenile court practice. Law libraries, law offices, and court systems traditionally do not devote adequate resources to the purchase of such educational
39	materials.
40	
41	Effective January 1, 1993, guidelines and training material will be available from the
42	Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.
43	

ivision (e)(11). * * *
dard 5.45. Resource guidelines for child abuse and neglect cases
* * *
Distribution of guidelines
The Administrative Office of the Courts <u>Judicial Council staff</u> will distribute a copy of the resource guidelines to each juvenile court and will provide individual copies to judicial officers and court administrators on written request.
(Subd (b) amended effective January 1, 2016; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.)
lard 5.45 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as sec. 24.5 effective July 1, 1997; ously amended and renumbered as standard 5.45 effective January 1, 2007.
<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
abuse and neglect cases impose a special obligation on juvenile court judges to oversee progress. Case oversight includes monitoring the agency's fulfillment of its responsibilities parental cooperation with the case plan. Court involvement in child welfare cases occurs attaneously with agency efforts to assist the family. Federal and state legal mandates assign to evenile court a series of interrelated and complex decisions that shape the course of state vention and determine the future of the child and family.
the almost all other types of cases in the court system, child abuse and neglect cases deal with agoing and changing situation. In a child welfare case, the court must focus on agency work and parental behavior over an extended period of time. In making a decision, the court take into account the agency's plan to help the family and anticipated changes in parental wior. At the same time, the court must consider the evolving circumstances and needs of each
ourpose of these resource guidelines is to specify the essential elements of properly acted court hearings. The guidelines describe the requirements of juvenile courts in fulfilling oversight role under federal and state laws, and they specify the necessary elements of a fair, ugh, and speedy court process in child abuse and neglect cases. The guidelines cover all sof the court process, from the initial removal hearing to the end of juvenile court vement. These guidelines assume that the court will remain involved until after the child has safely returned home, has been placed in another permanent home, or has reached hood.

Currently, juvenile courts in California operate under the same juvenile court law and rules, and yet the rules are implemented with considerable variation throughout the state. In part, this is due to the lack of resource guidelines. The adoption of the proposed resource guidelines will help encourage more consistent juvenile court procedures in the state.

The guidelines are meant to be goals, and, as such, some of them may appear out of reach because of fiscal constraints or lack of judicial and staff resources. The Judicial Council Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee and <u>Judicial Council</u> staff of the Administrative Office of the Courts are committed to providing technical assistance to each juvenile court to aid in implementing these goals.

#### Standard 10.16. Model code of ethics for court employees

 Each trial and appellate court should adopt a code of ethical behavior for its support staff, and in doing so should consider rule 10.670(c)(12) of the California Rules of Court, and the model Code of Ethics for the Court Employees of California approved by the Judicial Council on May 17, 1994, and any subsequent revisions. The approved model code is published by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council.

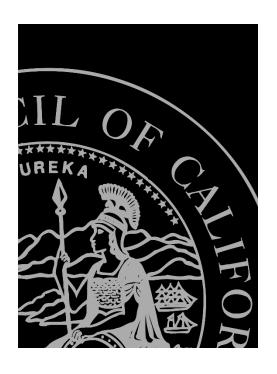
Standard 10.16 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as sec. 35 effective July 1, 1994; previously amended and renumbered as standard 10.16 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective July 1, 2008.

#### Standard 10.80. Court records management standards

Each court should develop records management practices consistent with the standards approved by the Judicial Council. The approved standards are specified in Judicial Council Court Records Management Standards, published by the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council.

Implementation of these standards, which cover creation, use, maintenance, and destruction of records, should lead to more efficient court administration, better protection and preservation of records, and improved public access to records.

Standard 10.80 amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted as sec. 34 effective January 1, 1993; previously amended and renumbered as standard 10.80 effective January 1, 2007.



# Judicial Council Governance Policies

JUNE 2008 JANUARY 2016



## **Judicial Council Governance Policies**

#### I. Governance Process

#### A. The Judicial Council

1.-3. \*\*\*

#### 4. Judicial Branch Goals

The Judicial Council develops judicial branch goals in its strategic and operational plans. At six-year intervals, the council develops and approves a long-range strategic plan. At three-year intervals, the council develops and approves an operational plan for the implementation of the strategic plan. Each plan is developed in consultation with branch stakeholders and justice system partners. The goals and priorities of the council are set forth in the *Justice in Focus: The Strategic Plan for the California's Judicial Branch* 2006–2012:

5. \*\*\*

#### 6. Council Officers and Duties

The Judicial Council has seven eight officers: the Chair, Vice-Chair, Secretary, and the chairs of the council's four five internal committees: Executive and Planning, Litigation Management, Policy Coordination and Liaison, and Rules and Projects, and Judicial Council Technology.

The Chief Justice serves as Chair of the council and performs those functions prescribed by the Constitution and the laws of the State of California. The Chair is a voting member of the council.

The Chief Justice appoints a Vice-Chair from among the judicial members of the council. When the Chair is absent, unable to serve, or so directs, the Vice-Chair performs all of the duties of the Chair.

The Chief Justice appoints a Judicial Council member to serve as chair of the council in the event that both the Chief Justice and the council's Vice-Chair are absent or unable to serve. The Chief Justice determines the individuals to serve as chair from among the internal committee chairs and vice-chairs.

The Chief Justice appoints the chairs and vice-chairs of the council's <u>four five</u> internal committees from among the members of the council. Internal committee chairs are appointed for a one-year term. Committee chairs call meetings, as necessary, and provide reports to the council on the activities of the internal committees. <u>Meetings of the internal committees are closed to the public but may be opened at the chair's discretion.</u>

The Administrative Director-of the Courts serves as Secretary to the council and performs administrative and policymaking functions as provided by the Constitution and the laws of the State of California and as delegated by the council and the Chief Justice (see II.B, *infra*, for duties of the Administrative Director). The Secretary is not a voting member of the council.

Together, the Chief Justice and the Administrative Director, on behalf of the Judicial Council and with regard to the budgets of the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeal, the trial courts, the Judicial Council, the Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff, may: (1) make technical changes to the proposed budget, and (2) participate in budget negotiations with the legislative and executive branches consistent with the goals and priorities of the council.

The Chief Justice and the Administrative Director, on behalf of the Judicial Council, also may allocate funding appropriated in the State Budget to the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeal, the Judicial Council, the Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.

After the end of each fiscal year, the Administrative Director reports to the Judicial Council on actual expenditures in the budgets of the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeal, the trial courts, the Judicial Council, the Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.

7 \*\*\*

#### B. Council Internal Committees

The internal committees of the Judicial Council assist the full membership of the council in its responsibilities by providing recommendations in their assigned areas including rules for court administration, practice, and procedure, and by performing duties delegated by the council. Internal committees generally work at the same policy level as the council, focusing on the establishment of policies that emphasize long-term strategic leadership and that align with judicial branch goals.

#### 1. Executive and Planning Committee

The Executive and Planning Committee has the following functions and makes regular reports to the full council on its actions:

f. Developing a schedule of topics about which the council wishes to consider making policy or to receive updates from the Administrative Director or Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff.

#### 4. Litigation Management Committee

The Litigation Management Committee has the following functions and takes the following actions:

- a. Overseeing litigation and claims against trial court judges, appellate court justices, the Judicial Council, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the trial and appellate courts, and the employees of those bodies that seek recovery of \$100,000 or more, or raise important policy or court operations issues, by: (1) reviewing and approving any proposed settlement, stipulated judgment, or offer of judgment; and (2) consulting with the Administrative Director or General Chief Counsel on important strategy issues. Important policy or court operations issues may include whether to initiate litigation on behalf of a court, when to defend a challenged court practice, or how to resolve disputes where the outcome might have statewide implications.
- b. \*\*\*
- c. When necessary, resolving written objections to major strategic decisions, such as retention of counsel and proposed settlements, presented by the General Chief Counsel.

#### C. Council Advisory Bodies

Council advisory bodies are typically advisory committees and task forces. They use the individual and collective experience, opinions, and wisdom of their members to provide policy recommendations and advice to the council on topics the Chief Justice or the council specifies. The council and its internal committees provide direction to the advisory bodies.

Council advisory bodies work at the same policy level as the council, developing recommendations that focus on strategic goals and long-term impacts that align with judicial branch goals.

Council advisory bodies generally do not implement policy. The council may, however, assign policy-implementation and programmatic responsibilities to an advisory body and may request it make recommendations to staff on implementation of council policy or programs.

Council advisory bodies do not speak or act for the council except when formally given such authority for specific and time-limited purposes.

Council advisory bodies, through staff, are responsible for gathering stakeholder perspectives on policy recommendations they plan to present to the council.

The Chief Justice assigns oversight of each council advisory body to an internal committee. The council gives a general charge to each advisory body specifying the body's subject matter jurisdiction.

#### 1. Council Advisory Committees

a.-b. \* \* \*

c. Advisory committees have limited discretion to pursue matters in addition to those specified by the council in each committee's annual charge, as long as the matters are consistent with a committee's general charge, within the limits of resources available to the committee, and within any other limits specified by the council, the designated internal committee, or the Administrative Director—of the Courts.

d.-e. \*\*\*

f. Staff report to the Administrative Director-of the Courts. Decisions or instructions of an advisory body or its leader are not binding on the staff except in instances when the council or the Administrative Director has specifically authorized such exercise of authority.

#### 2. Council Task Forces and Other Advisory Bodies

The Chief Justice, Judicial Council, or the Administrative Director-of the Courts may establish task forces and other advisory bodies to work on specific projects that cannot be addressed by the council's standing advisory committees. These task forces and other advisory bodies may be required to report to one of the council's internal committees or the Administrative Director, as designated in the charge.

## II. Council-Staff Relationship

## A. Unity of Control

- 1. The Judicial Council appoints an Administrative Director of the Courts who serves at the pleasure of the council and performs functions prescribed by the California Constitution and delegated by the council and the Chief Justice. Adopting rules of court administration, practice, and procedure is not delegated to the Administrative Director.
- 2. \*\*\*
- 3. The Administrative Director, under the supervision of the Chief Justice, employs, organizes, and directs a staff agency, known as the Administrative Office of the Courts. The Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff assists the

council and its Chair in carrying out their duties under the Constitution and laws of the State of California.

4. The Administrative Director is responsible for staff performance and has sole authority to assign, supervise, and direct staff. The Administrative Director is responsible for ensuring the completeness and quality of reports and other work product presented to the council. Council members may from time to time request information or assistance from staff, unless in the Director's opinion such requests require an unreasonable amount of staff time or become disruptive. Council members and advisory body members may individually provide information to the Administrative Director on the performance of the Judicial Council staff-and the Administrative Office of the Courts.

The Administrative Director is responsible for allocating financial and other resources of the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff to achieve the goals of the Judicial Council and to implement the council's policies.

## B. Relationship of the Administrative Director to the Council's Internal Committees and Advisory Bodies

\* \* \*

### C. Accountability of the Administrative Director

The Administrative Director is accountable to the council and the Chair for the performance of the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff. The Administrative Director's charge is to accomplish the council's goals and priorities, while avoiding the use of illegal, imprudent, or unethical means.

The Administrative Director reports to the Judicial Council at least once annually on the progress made toward achieving the council's goals. When the council sets the direction on projects or programs that require more than one year to complete, the Administrative Director will report back to the council at regular intervals on status and significant developments.

### D. Delegation to the Administrative Director

The Administrative Director may use any reasonable interpretation of Judicial Council policies to achieve the council's goals, consistent with the limitations from the council and the Chief Justice.

In carrying out these duties, the Administrative Director is responsible for allocating the financial and other resources of the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council staff (including, for example, funding the operation of advisory bodies and other activities) to achieve the branch goals and policies adopted by the Judicial Council of California.

1			Appendix F			
2 3		Guidelines for the Juvenile Dependency Counsel Collections Program				
4 5	1–4	<b> </b> ***				
6 7	5.	Dete	rmination of Cost of Legal Services			
8 9 10 11 12 13 14		servi event of leg proce an ar	court is charged with determining the cost of dependency-related legal ces. In doing so, the court may adopt one of the three methods in (a)–(c). In no t will the court seek reimbursement of an amount that exceeds the actual cost gal services already provided to the children and the responsible person in the eeding. The court may update its determination of the cost of legal services on mual basis, on the conclusion of the dependency proceedings in the juvenile t, or on the cessation of representation of the child or responsible person.			
16 17		(a)	* * *			
18 19		<b>(b)</b>	Cost Model			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		(c)	The court may determine the cost of legal services provided to a child or responsible person in a dependency proceeding by applying the Uniform Regional Cost Model available on *serranus.jud.ca.gov** **serranus.courtinfo.ca.gov** or from *jdccp@jud.ca.gov**. Use of the cost model as described in this section will ensure that the court seeks reimbursement of an amount that most closely approximates, but does not exceed, the actual cost incurred by the court.  ***			
29 30	6–9	* * *				
31 32						
33 34	10.	Colle	ection Services			
35 36		(a)	* * *			
37		<b>(b)</b>	<b>Outside Collection Services Providers</b>			
38 39 40			When appropriate and consistent with policy FIN 10.01, a court may use an outside collection services provider.			
41 42 43			(1) Collection Services Provided by County			

1 If collection services are provided by the county, the agreement should 2 be formalized by a memorandum of understanding (MOU) between the 3 court and county. AOC Judicial Council staff will provide a sample 4 MOU on request. An electronic copy of the MOU, including a scanned 5 copy of the completed signature page, must be sent to jdccp@jud.ca.gov. 6 7 8 (2) Collection Services Provided by Private Vendor 9 10 A court that uses a private collection service should use a vendor that 11 has entered into a master agreement with the AOC Judicial Council to 12 provide comprehensive collection services. A court that uses such a 13 vendor should complete a participation agreement and send it to the 14 AOC Judicial Council staff via e-mail to jdccp@jud.ca.gov. 15 16 (3) Court Option for AOC Judicial Council Agreement with Collection 17 Services Provider 18 19 At a court's request, the AOC Judicial Council may directly enter into 20 an MOU with the county or an agreement with a private collection 21 services vendor for dependency counsel reimbursement collection 22 services. 23 24 \* \* \* 11. 25 26 12. Remittance and Reporting of Collected Revenue 27 28 Courts will remit collected revenue to the AOC Judicial Council, less costs 29 recoverable under section 903.47(a)(1)(B), in the same manner as required under 30 Government Code section 68085.1 and will report this revenue on row 130 of 31 Court Remittance Advice (form TC-145). The AOC Judicial Council will deposit 32 the revenue received under these guidelines into the Trial Court Trust Fund. 33 34 **AOC** Judicial Council Collections Agreement Option (a) 35 36 Where the AOC Judicial Council has entered into an MOU or agreement with 37 a county or a private collection services vendor under section 10(b)(3) of 38 these guidelines, funds will be remitted directly to the AOC Judicial Council 39 under the terms of the MOU or the agreement.

40 41

42

**13.** 

**Program Data Reporting** 

Each court should report collections program data to the AOC Judicial Council staff to ensure implementation of the Legislature's intent by determining the cost-effectiveness of the program and confirming that efforts to collect reimbursement do not negatively impact reunification; to provide a basis for projecting the amount of future reimbursements; and to evaluate the effectiveness of the reimbursement program at both statewide and local levels.

**(a)** \*\*\*

#### 14. Technical Assistance

AOC staff to the Judicial Council staff will provide technical assistance on request to courts that do not yet have a dependency counsel reimbursement program in place or that wish to coordinate with other courts in establishing a regional reimbursement program. Courts may send requests by e-mail to jdccp@jud.ca.gov to receive technical assistance, which can include (but is not limited to) services such as:

(a)-(c) \* \* \*

(d) Working with current collection services providers who have entered into master agreements with the AOC <u>Judicial Council</u> to ensure compliance with the JDCCP reporting requirements.

Appendix F amended effective January 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.

1	Kul	e 5.12. Discovery motions Request for order regarding discovery
2	( )	
3	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Use of terms</u>
5		In a family law proceeding, the term "request for order" has the same meaning as
6		the terms "motion" or "notice of motion" when they are used in the Code of Civil
7		Procedure.
8		
9		(Subd (a) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)
10		
11	<del>(a)</del> (l	<u>o)</u> Applicable law
12		
13		Family law discovery motions are A request for order regarding discovery in family
14		court is subject to the provisions of for discovery motions under Code of Civil
15		Procedure sections 2016.010 through 2036.050 and Family Code sections 2100 et
16		seq. through 2113 regarding disclosure of assets and liabilities.
17		
18		(Subd (b) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a).)
19		
20	<del>(b)</del> (c	2)Applicable rules
21		
22		Discovery proceedings brought in a case under the Family Code must comply with
23		applicable civil rules <u>for motions</u> , including:
24		(1)–(5) ***
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>		(1)–(5) ***
27		(Subd (a) amonded and relationed effective July 1 2016; adopted as subd (b)
28		(Subd (c) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b).)
29	Pula	5.12 amended effective July 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.
30	Kute	5.12 amended effective July 1, 2010, adopted effective January 1, 2015.
31		
32	Rule	e 5.62. Appearance by respondent <del>or defendant</del>
33		
34	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Use of terms</u>
35	<u> </u>	
36		In a family law proceeding, the term "request for order" has the same meaning as
37		the terms "motion" or "notice of motion" when they are used in the Code of Civil
38		Procedure.
39		
40		(Subd (a) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)
41		
42	<del>(a)</del> (l	<u>o)</u> Appearance
43		

1	Except as provided in Code of Civil Procedure section 418.10 and Family Code				
2		<u>secti</u>	ons 2012 and 3409, a respondent or defendant is deemed to have appeared		
3		made	e a general appearance in a proceeding when he or she files:		
4					
5		(1)	* * *		
6					
7		(2)	A notice of motion request for order to strike, under section 435 of the Code		
8			of Civil Procedure;		
9					
10		(3)	A notice of motion request for order to transfer the proceeding under section		
11			395 of the Code of Civil Procedure; or		
12					
13		(4)	* * *		
14					
15		(Sub	d (b) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a).)		
16		,			
17	<del>(b)</del> (c	c)Noti	ce required after appearance		
18	` _		•		
19		Afte	r appearance, the respondent <del>or defendant</del> or his or her attorney is entitled to		
20			the of all subsequent proceedings of which notice is required to be given by		
21	these rules or in civil actions generally.				
22					
23		(Sub	d (c) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b).)		
24		(~			
25	<del>(e)</del> (d	l)No n	notice required		
26	\		1		
27		Whe	re a respondent or defendant has not appeared, notice of subsequent		
28			eedings need not be given to the respondent or defendant except as provided in		
29		-			
30					
31		(Suba	d (d) amended and relettered effective January 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c).)		
32		(2000			
33	Rule	5.62 a	mended effective July 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.		
34	711110	5.02 W	menuca effective viii, 1, 2010, autopieu effective valually 1, 2010.		
35	Rule	e <b>5.63</b> .	Motion Request for order to quash proceeding or responsive relief		
36			to quasi-processing or responsive rener		
37	<u>(a)</u>	Use	of terms		
38	<u>(u)</u>	CBC			
39		Ina	family law proceeding, the term "request for order" has the same meaning as		
40			erms "motion" or "notice of motion" when they are used in the Code of Civil		
41			edure.		
+1 42		1100	oddio.		
+2 43		(Sub	d (a) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)		
T.J		(Sub	л (и) иморієй еffесніче зину 1, 2010.)		

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1
 2
      (a)(b)* * *
 3
 4
            (Subd (b) relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (a).)
 5
 6
      (b)(c) Service of respondent's motion request for order to quash
 7
 8
            The motion request for order to quash must be served in compliance with Code of
 9
            Civil Procedure section 1005(b). If the respondent files a notice of motion request
10
            for order to quash, no default may be entered, and the time to file a response will be
11
            extended until 15 days after service of the court's order denying the motion request
12
            for order to quash.
13
14
            (Subd (c) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (b).)
15
      (c)(d) * * *
16
17
18
            (Subd (d) relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (c).)
19
20
      (d)(e)Waiver
21
22
            The parties are deemed to have waived the grounds set forth in (a)(b) if they do not
23
            file a motion request for order to quash within the time frame set forth.
24
25
            (Subd (e) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (d).)
26
27
      (e)(f) Relief
28
29
            When a motion request for order to quash is granted, the court may grant leave to
30
            amend the petition or response and set a date for filing the amended pleadings. The
31
            court may also dismiss the action without leave to amend. The action may also be
32
            dismissed if the motion request for order has been sustained with leave to amend
33
            and the amendment is not made within the time permitted by the court.
34
35
            (Subd (f) amended and relettered effective July 1, 2016; adopted as subd (e).)
36
37
      Rule 5.63 amended effective July 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.
38
39
      Rule 5.92. Request for court order; response responsive declaration
```

#### 1 Request for order; procedures <del>(a)</del> 2 3 In a family law proceeding other than an action under the Domestic Violence <del>(1)</del> 4 Prevention Act or a local child support agency action under the Family Code, 5 a notice of motion or order to show cause must be filed on a Request for 6 Order (form FL-300), unless another Judicial Council form has been adopted 7 or approved for the specific motion or order to show cause. 8 9 <del>(2)</del> In an action under the Domestic Violence Prevention Act, a notice of motion 10 or order to show cause to modify existing orders that were entered after a 11 hearing may be filed on a Request for Order (form FL-300). 12 In a local child support action under the Family Code, a notice of motion or 13 (3)14 order to show cause filed by any party other than the local child support 15 agency may be filed on a Request for Order (form FL-300). 16 17 The Request for Order (form FL-300) must set forth facts sufficient to notify <del>(4)</del> 18 the other party of the declarant's contentions in support of the relief 19 requested. 20 21 <del>(5)</del> A completed Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) or Financial 22 Statement (Simplified) (form FL-155) must be filed with the Request for 23 Order (form FL-300) when relevant to the relief requested unless a current 24 form is on file with the court. 25 26 <del>(6)</del> The moving party must file the documents with the court to obtain a court 27 date and then serve a copy on the responding party. 28 29 If the request for order seeks court orders pending a hearing or seeks an 30 order that the other party attend the hearing, the Request for Order 31 (form FL-300) and appropriate attachments must be served in the 32 manner specified for the service of a summons in Code of Civil Procedure section 413.10 et seq. 33 34 35 If the Request for Order (form FL-300) is filed after entry of a <del>(B)</del> judgment of dissolution of marriage, nullity of marriage, legal 36 separation of the parties, or paternity, or after a permanent order in any 37 38 other proceeding in which the visitation, custody, or support of a child 39 was at issue, it must be served as specified in Family Code section 215. 40 41 (C) All other requests for order and appropriate attachments may be served 42 as specified in Code of Civil Procedure section 1010 et.seq.

1		<del>(7)</del>	The documents served must include a blank copy of the following:
2			
3			(A) Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320);
4			
5			(B) Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) or Financial
6			Statement (Simplified) (form FL-155) when completed declarations are
7			among the papers required to be served.
8	<b>-</b> .	_	
9	<del>(b)</del>	Resp	onding papers
10			
11			spond to the issues raised in the Request for Order (form FL-300) and
12			ed papers, the responding party must complete, file, and serve a <i>Responsive</i>
13		<del>Decl</del>	ration to Request for Order (form FL-320).
14		(1)	
15		<del>(1)</del>	The Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) must set
16			forth facts sufficient to notify the other party of the declarant's contentions in
17			response to the request for order and in support of any relief requested.
18		(2)	
19		<del>(2)</del>	The responding papers may request relief related to the orders requested in
20			the moving papers. Unrelated relief must be sought by filing a separate
21			request for order as specified in (a).
22		(2)	A
23		<del>(3)</del>	A completed <i>Income and Expense Declaration</i> (form FL-150) or <i>Financial</i>
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>			Statement (Simplified) (form FL-155) must be attached to the Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) when relevant to the relief
26			
27			<del>requested.</del>
28	<del>(c)</del>	Morr	orandum of points and authorities
29	(C)	WICH	standam of points and authornies
30		Non	emorandum of points and authorities need be filed with a Request for Order
31			FL-300) or a Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320)
32			required by the court on a case-by-case basis.
33		diffee	required by the court on a case by case basis.
34	<del>(d)</del>	Addi	ional documents
35	(4)	1100	
36		As st	ecified in these rules, the moving and responding parties may be required to
37			lete, file, and serve additional papers to request or respond to a <i>Request for</i>
38			(form FL-300) about child custody and visitation (parenting time), attorney
39			nd costs, support, and other financial matters.
40			, 11 /
41	<u>(a)</u>	<u>A</u> ppl	cation
42			
43		<u>(1)</u>	In a family law proceeding under the Family Code:

1						
2			<u>(A)</u>	The term "request for order" has the same meaning as the terms		
3				"motion" or "notice of motion" when they are used in the Code of Civil		
4				Procedure;		
5						
6			<u>(B)</u>	A Request for Order (form FL-300) must be used to ask for court		
7				orders, unless another Judicial Council form has been adopted or		
8				approved for the specific request; and		
9						
10			<u>(C)</u>	A Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) must be		
11				used to respond to the orders sought in form FL-300, unless another		
12				Judicial Council form has been adopted or approved for the specific		
13				purpose.		
14						
15		<u>(2)</u>	<u>In an</u>	action under the Domestic Violence Prevention Act, a Request for		
16			<u>Orde</u>	er (form FL-300) must be used to request a modification or termination		
17			of all	orders made after a hearing on Restraining Order After Hearing (form		
18			DV-1	<u>130).</u>		
19						
20		<u>(3)</u>	In a l	local child support action under the Family Code, any party other than		
21			the lo	ocal child support agency must use Request for Order (form FL-300) to		
22			ask f	or court orders.		
23						
24		(Suba	Subd (a) adopted effective July 1, 2016; previous subd (a) repealed effective January 1,			
25		2016.	.)			
26						
27	<u>(b)</u>	Requ	uest fo	or order; required forms and filing procedure		
28						
29		<u>(1)</u>	The I	Request for Order (form FL-300) must set forth facts sufficient to notify		
30			the o	ther party of the moving party's contentions in support of the relief		
31			reque	ested.		
32						
33		<u>(2)</u>	When	n a party seeks orders for spousal or domestic partner support, attorney's		
34			fees a	and costs, or other orders relating to the parties' property or finances:		
35						
36			<u>(A)</u>	The party must complete an Income and Expense Declaration (form		
37				FL-150) and file it with the Request for Order (form FL-300); and		
38						
39			<u>(B)</u>	The Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) must be current,		
40				as described in rule 5.260 and include the documents specified in form		
41				FL-150 that demonstrate the party's income.		
12						
13		<u>(3)</u>	When	n seeking child support orders:		

1			
2			(A) A party must complete an <i>Income and Expense Declaration</i> (form FL-
3			150) and file it with the Request for Order (form FL-300);
4			
5			(B) The <i>Income and Expense Declaration</i> (form FL-150) must be current,
6			as described in rule 5.260 and include the documents specified in the
7			form that demonstrate the party's income; and
8			
9			(C) A party may complete a current Financial Statement (Simplified) (form
10			FL-155) instead of a current <i>Income and Expense Declaration</i> (form
11			FL-150) only if the party meets the requirements listed in form FL-155.
12		(4)	
13		<u>(4)</u>	The moving party may be required to complete, file, and have additional
14			forms or attachments served along with a <i>Request for Order</i> (form FL-300)
15 16			when seeking court orders for child custody and visitation (parenting time),
17			attorney's fees and costs, support, and other financial matters. For more information, see <i>Information Sheet for Request for Order</i> (form FL-300-
18			INFO).
19			<u>INTO).</u>
20		<u>(5)</u>	The moving party must file the documents with the court clerk to obtain a
21		(5)	court date and then have a filed copy served on all parties in the case within
22			the timelines required by law.
23			
24		<u>(6)</u>	No memorandum of points and authorities need be filed with a <i>Request for</i>
25		<del></del>	Order (form FL-300) unless required by the court on a case-by-case basis.
26			
27		(Suba	(b) adopted effective July 1, 2016; previous subd (b) repealed effective January 1,
28		2016.	
29			
30	<u>(c)</u>	Requ	est for temporary emergency (ex parte) orders
31			
32			moving party seeks temporary emergency orders pending the hearing, the
33		movi	ng party must:
34		(4)	
35		<u>(1)</u>	Comply with rules 5.151 through 5.169 of the California Rules of Court;
36		(2)	
37		<u>(2)</u>	Complete and include a proposed <i>Temporary Emergency (Ex Parte) Orders</i>
38			(form FL-305) with the Request for Order (form FL-300); and
39 40		(3)	Comply with specified local court procedures and/or local court rules about
41		<u>(3)</u>	reserving the day for the temporary emergency hearing, submitting the
42			paperwork to the court, and use of local forms.
43			puper work to the court, and use of focal forms.

1 2 3		(Subd (c) adopted effective July 1, 2016; previous subd (c) repealed effective January 1, 2016.)			
4 5	<u>(d)</u>	Request for order shortening time (for service or time until the hearing)			
6 7		If the moving party seeks an order for a shorter time to serve documents or a shorter time until the hearing:			
8 9 10 11 12		(1) The moving party must submit the request as a temporary emergency order on form FL-300 and comply with the requirements of rules 5.151 through 5.169 of the California Rules of Court; and			
13 14 15 16		(2) The moving party's request must be supported by a declaration or a statement of facts showing good cause for the court to prescribe shorter times for the filing and service of the <i>Request for Order</i> (form FL-300) than the times specified in Code of Civil Procedure section 1005.			
17 18 19		(3) The court may issue the order shortening time in the "Court Orders" section of the <i>Request for Order</i> (form FL-300).			
20 21 22 23		(Subd (d) adopted effective July 1, 2016; previous subd (d) repealed effective January 1, 2016.)			
24 25	<u>(e)</u>	Issuance by court clerk			
26 27		The court clerk's authority to issue a <i>Request for Order</i> (form FL-300) as a ministerial act is limited to those orders or notices:			
28 29 30		(1) For the parties to attend orientation and confidential mediation or child custody recommending counseling; and			
31 32 33 34		(2) That may be delegated by a judicial officer and do not require the use of judicial discretion.			
35		(Subd (e) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)			
36 37	<u>(f)</u>	Request for order; service requirements			
38 39 40 41 42 43		(1) The Request for Order (form FL-300) and appropriate documents or orders must be served in the manner specified for the service of a summons in Code of Civil Procedure sections 415.10 through 415.95, including personal service, if:			

1			(A) The court granted temporary emergency orders pending the hearing;
2			
3			(B) The responding party has not yet appeared in the case as described in
4			<u>rule 5.62; or</u>
5			
6			(C) The court ordered personal service on the other party.
7		(2)	
8		<u>(2)</u>	A Request for Order (form FL-300) must be served as specified in Family
9			Code section 215 if filed after entry of a family law judgment or after a
10			permanent order was made in any proceeding in which there was at issue the
11			custody, visitation (parenting time), or support of a child.
12			
13			(A) Requests to change a judgment or permanent order for custody,
14			visitation (parenting time), or support of a child may be served by mail
15			on the other party or parties only if the moving party can verify the
16			other parties' current address.
17			(D) Destaurties Describes Address Varification (forms EL 224) may be
18 19			(B) Declaration Regarding Address Verification (form FL-334) may be
20			used as the address verification required by Family Code section 215.  The completed form, or a declaration that includes the same
21			information, must be filed with the proof of service of the Request for
22			Order.
23			<u>Order.</u>
24		<u>(3)</u>	All other requests for orders and appropriate documents may be served as
25		<u>(3)</u>	specified in Code of Civil Procedure section 1010 et seq., including service
26			by mail.
27			by man.
28		<u>(4)</u>	The following blank forms must be served with a <i>Request for Order</i> (form
29		<del>( ' ' / '</del>	FL-300):
30			<u>112 300).</u>
31			(A) Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320); and
32			
33			(B) Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150), when the requesting
34			party is serving a competed FL-150 or FL-155.
35			<del> </del>
36		(Sub	d (f) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)
37		,	
38	(g)	Res	ponsive declaration to request for order; procedures
39			
40		To r	espond to the issues raised in the Request for Order (form FL-300) and
41		acco	mpanying papers, the responding party must complete, file, and have a
42		Resp	ponsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) served on all parties in
43		the c	case.

1		
2	<u>(1)</u>	The Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) must set
3		forth facts sufficient to notify the other party of the declarant's contentions in
4		response to the request for order and in support of any relief requested.
5		
6	<u>(2)</u>	The responding party may request relief related to the orders requested in the
7		moving papers. However, unrelated relief must be sought by scheduling a
8		separate hearing using Request for Order (form FL-300) and following the
9		filing and service requirements for a Request for Order described in this rule.
10		
11	<u>(3)</u>	A completed Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) must be filed
12		with the Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320)
13		following the same requirements specified above in rule 5.92(b)(2) and
14		<u>(b)(3).</u>
15		
16	<u>(4)</u>	The responding party may be required to complete, file, and serve additional
17		forms or attachments along with a Responsive Declaration to Request for
18		Order (form FL-320) when responding to a Request for Order (form FL-300)
19		about child custody and visitation (parenting time), attorney fees and costs,
20		support, and other financial matters. For more information, read <i>Information</i>
21		Sheet: Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320-INFO).
22		
23	<u>(5)</u>	No memorandum of points and authorities need be filed with a <i>Responsive</i>
24		Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) unless required by the court
25		on a case-by-case basis.
26		
27	<u>(6)</u>	A Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) may be
28		served on the parties by mail, unless otherwise required by court order.
29		
30	(Suba	l (g) adopted effective July 1, 2016.)
31	D 1 500	
32	Rule 5.92 ar	nended effective July 1, 2016; adopted effective July 1, 2012.
33		
34		<b>Advisory Committee Comment</b>
35	TI F 1	
36	•	and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee and the Elkins Implementation Task Force
37		ule 5.92 and Request for Order (form FL-300) in response to Elkins Family Law Task
38		l Report and Recommendations (April 2010) for one comprehensive form and related
39 40	-	to replace the <i>Order to Show Cause</i> (form FL-300) and <i>Notice of Motion</i> (form FL-
40	<u>301). (See p</u>	age 35 of the final report online at www.courts.ca.gov/elkins-finalreport.pdf.)
41		

1	Rule		1. Request for <u>temporary</u> emergency <u>(ex parte)</u> orders; application;	
2		requ	uired documents	
3	(a) (b) ***			
4 5	(a)-(b) ***			
5 6	(a)	Dog	wined decomments	
7	(c)	Keq	uired documents	
8		A request for emergency orders must be in writing and must include all of the		
9		following completed documents when relevant to the relief requested:		
10		10110	with ground decaments when refer and to the refler requested.	
11		(1)	Request for Order (form FL-300) that identifies the relief requested.	
12		( )	1 7-	
13		(2)	When relevant to the relief requested, a current Income and Expense	
14			Declaration (form FL-150) or Financial Statement (Simplified) (form FL-	
15			155) and Property Declaration (form FL-160);	
16				
17		(3)	Temporary Emergency (Ex Parte) Orders (form FL-305) to serve as the	
18			proposed temporary order;	
19				
20		(4)	A written declaration regarding notice of application for emergency orders	
21			based on personal knowledge and; <u>Declaration Regarding Notice and</u>	
22			Service of Request for Temporary Emergency (Ex Parte) Orders (form FL-	
23			303), a local court form, or a declaration that contains the same information	
24			as form FL-303 may be used for this purpose.	
25				
26		(5)	* * *	
27				
28		(Subd (c) amended effective July 1, 2016.)		
29	( T)	( ) N		
30	(d)-(e) ***			
31	D 1	5 151		
32	Rule 5.151 amended effective July 1, 2016; adopted effective January 1, 2013.			
33				