## San Diego Court Case Information:

- Violation Date: 9/12/2017
- Disposition Date: 11/5/2017
- Arresting Agency= County Arrest
- Violation= VC 23152 (a, b) Driving under influence of alcohol
- Violation Type= Misdemeanor
- Disposition = Bail Forfeiture


## Local BOS Penalties:

- LCCF = \$2
- LCJF = \$2
- EMS = \$2
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint = \$1
- Additional EMS = \$2


## Court and local Fees:

- PC 1463.14(b) - DUI Lab Test Penalty (BOS: up to $\$ 50$ )
- PC 1202.4(b)- State Restitution Fine (min. $\$ 150 \mathrm{misd} . / \$ 300$ fel)
- PC 1202.4(I) - County Collection fee (BOS, up to $10 \%$ of Rest. Fine)
- VC 23645 (a) - Alcohol Edu and Prevention Penalty (up to \$50)
- GC 29550.2 - Booking Fee $=\$ 240$
- VC 42006- Night Court Fee = \$1


# Case Study \# 1 <br> Special Base Fine Distribution, DUI 



Case Study \# 1
Special Base Fine Distribution, DUI

## Penal Code 1463.14.

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1463, of the moneys deposited with the county treasurer pursuant to Section 1463, fifty dollars (\$50) of each fine collected for each conviction of a violation of Section $23103,23104,23105,23152$, or 23153 of the Vehicle Code shall be deposited in a special account that shall be used exclusively to pay for the cost of performing for the county, or a city or special district within the county, analysis of blood, breath or urine for alcohol content or for the presence of drugs, or for services related to that testing. The sum shall not exceed the reasonable cost of providing the services for which the sum is intended.
(Amended by Stats. 2007, Ch. 682, Sec. 5. Effective J anuary 1, 2008.)

## Penal Code 1463.16.

(a) Notwithstanding Section 1203.1 or 1463 , fifty dollars ( $\$ 50$ ) of each fine collected for each conviction of a violation of Section 23103, 23104, 23105, 23152, or 23153 of the Vehicle Code shall be deposited with the county treasurer in a special account for exclusive allocation by the county for the county's alcoholism program, with approval of the board of supervisors, for alcohol programs and services for the general population. These funds shall be allocated through the local planning process and expenditures reported to the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 11798.2 and subdivision (a) of Section 11818.5 of the Health and Safety Code. Programs shall be certified by the State Department of Health Care Services or have made application for certification to be eligible for funding under this section. The county shall implement the intent and procedures of subdivision (b) of Section 11812 of the Health and Safety Code while distributing funds under this section.
(Amended by Stats. 2013, Ch. 22, Sec. 78. Effective June 27, 2013. Operative July 1, 2013, by Sec. 110 of Ch. 22.)

## Penal Code 1463.18.

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1463, moneys which are collected for a conviction of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code and which are required to be deposited with the county treasurer pursuant to Section 1463 shall be allocated as follows:
(1) The first twenty dollars (\$20) of any amount collected for a conviction shall be transferred to the Restitution Fund. This amount shall be aggregated by the county treasurer and transferred to the State Treasury once per month for deposit in the Restitution Fund.
(2) The balance of the amount collected, if any, shall be deposited by the county treasurer pursuant to Section 1463.
(b) The amount transferred to the Restitution Fund pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any amount of any additional fine or assessment imposed pursuant to Sections 1202.4 and 1203.04, as operative on or before August 3, 1995, or Section 13967, as operative on or before September 28, 1994, of the Government Code. The amount deposited to the Restitution Fund pursuant to this section shall be used for the purpose of indemnification of victims pursuant to Section 13965 of the Government Code, with priority given to victims of alcohol-related traffic offenses.(Amended by Stats. 1996, Ch. 1077, Sec. 26. Effective January 1, 1997.

Case Study \# 1
Driving Under the Influence (DUI)

## Table 2

Special Distributions of Fines and Forfeitures Preceding PC 1463.001 Distribution

| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION | DISTRIBUTION |  | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FROM | TO |  |  |
| PC 1463.14(a) - Lab Fines for Convictions of Driving Under the Influence or Reckless Driving (collected as a fine, distributed as a fee) | DUI Under: <br> VC 23152, VC 23153. <br> Reckless Driving Under: <br> VC 23103, VC 23104, <br> VC 23105. | $\$ 50$ of each base fine collected. If the account becomes exhausted, the public entity ordering a test performed shall bear the costs of the test. | County special account. | To pay for the cost of performing analysis of blood, breath, or urine for alcohol content or for the presence of drugs; for criminalistics lab services related to such testing. | 3 |
|  |  | FUNDS NOT EXPENDED: Special account funds collected in the preceding fiscal year and not expended by November 1. | County General Fund in an amount equal to administrative costs. | To reimburse the County for administrative costs incurred to implement PC 1463.14. |  |
|  |  |  | Remainder to the City or County pursuant to PC 1463.001. | See PC 1463.001 (Table 1). |  |
| PC 1463.15 - Vehicle Inspection and Sobriety Checkpoint | VC 42001.2(b), if the County establishes a combined vehicle inspection and sobriety checkpoint program pursuant to VC 2814.1. | \$35 of fine collected to the County. | County special account. | To pay the cost incurred by the County for establishing and conducting the combined checkpoint program pursuant to VC 2814.1. | 3 |
| PC 1463.16 - Driving Under the Influence or Reckless Driving; Alcohol Programs and Services Fees | DUI Under: <br> VC 23152, VC 23153. <br> Reckless Driving Under: VC 23103, VC 23104, VC 23105. | \$50 per conviction from PC 1463.001 general collections for Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, San Joaquin, Sonoma, Stanislaus, and San Luis Obispo Counties. | County special account, less up to $5 \%$ for administrative costs. | Alcohol programs and services for the general public. | 3 |
|  |  | Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors may impose $\$ 50$ assessment on each defendant convicted under VC 23152 or VC 23153. |  |  |  |
|  |  | \$50 of fine collected under PC 1463.001 for all other Counties. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Up to 5\% of funds collected | County General Fund. | To offset administrative costs of collection and disbursement. |  |
| PC 1463.17 - Alcohol and Drug Testing | DUI Under: <br> VC 23152, VC 23153. <br> Reckless Driving Under: VC 23103, VC 23104, VC 23105. | PC 1463.001 - $\$ 50$ per conviction from general collections in Sonoma County. | Depending on where cost was incurred for performing analysis of blood, breath, or urine: <br> County special account | To pay the cost incurred for performing analysis of blood, breath, or urine for alcohol or drugs or for services related to this testing. | 3 |
|  |  |  | City special account |  |  |
|  |  |  | Special district special account |  |  |

Updated as of January 1, $2018 \quad$ Updated Items within the Tables are Bolded Salifernia Controller- Page 11

| Trial Court Revenue Distribution Guidelines |  |  |  |  | Revision 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table 2 <br> Special Distributions of Fines and Forfeitures Preceding PC 1463.001 Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION | DISTRIBUTION |  | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
|  |  | FROM | TO |  |  |
| PC 1463.18 - Indemnification of Victims; Driving Under the Influence | DUI Under: <br> VC 23152, VC 23153. | First $\$ 20$ of any amount collected for a conviction. | State Restitution Fund. | Indemnification of victims of violent crimes, with priority given to victims of alcohol-related traffic accidents. | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Pursuant to } \\ \text { PC 1462.5, } \\ \text { PC 1463.18 } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Balance of fine to PC 1463.001. | General distribution pursuant to PC 1463.001. | See PC 1463.001 (Table 1). | have priority over all other Priority 3 distributions |

Case Study \# 1
Driving Under the Influence (DUI)


## Case Study \# 2

Base Enhancement Distribution, Health and Safety violation

## San Diego Court case information:

- Violation Date: 2/9/2018
- Disposition Date: $3 / 21 / 2018$
- Arresting Agency= County Arrest
- Violation= H\&S 11364, Possession of Controlled Substance Paraphernalia
- Violation Type= Misdemeanor
- Disposition = Guilty


## Local BOS Penalties:

- $\mathrm{LCCF}=\$ 2$
- LCJF = \$2
- EMS = \$2
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint = \$1
- Additional EMS = \$2

San Diego Superior Court, 2018 Misdemeanor and Infraction Bail Schedule
HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

| I/M | SECTION | DESCRIPTION | BAIL | PA | CT | PC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| M | $11364(\mathrm{a})$ | Possession of drug paraphernalia | 350 |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| M | $11375(\mathrm{~b})$ | Possession of controlled substance without a <br> prescription | 1,000 |  | $\checkmark$ |  |

## Guidelines, Table 4 - Drug and Domestic Violence Fine and Fee Distributions

Table 4 includes fines and fees relating to drug and domestic violence violations. H\&S 11372.5 requires that $\$ 50$ be deposited in the criminalistics laboratory fund for each conviction under specified controlled substance violations, regardless of whether this fee was collected or not collected. The required deposit can be made from money deposited under H\&S 11502 prior to the monthly $75 \%-25 \%$ distribution required by $\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~S} 11502$.

Pursuant to People v. Sierra, 37 Cal. App. 4th 1690 (1995), and People v. Sanchez, 64 Cal.App.4th 1329 (1998), the "criminal laboratory analysis fee" (H\&S 11372.5) and the "drug program fee" (H\&S 11372.7) should be accounted for as fines subject to state penalties, local penalties, the $20 \%$ state surcharge, Proposition 69 penalty assessment, court facilities penalty assessment, and the 2\% automation fee. The State Controller's Office notes that court rulings are split on this issue. However, the majority of opinions have held that the amounts levied pursuant to H\&S 11372.5 and $\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~S} 11372.7$ are to be treated as fines. The Guidelines are prepared in accordance with these decisions.

## California Legislative Information, LegInfo

H\&S section 11372.5.
(a) Every person who is convicted of a violation of Section 11350, 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11355, 11358, 11359, 11361, 11363, 11364, 11368, 11375, 11377, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, 11379.5, 11379.6, 11380, 11380.5, 11382, 11383, 11390, 11391, or 11550 or subdivision (a) or (c) of Section 11357, or subdivision (a) of Section 11360 of this code, or Section 4230 of the Business and Professions Code shall pay a criminal laboratory analysis fee in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50) for each separate offense. The court shall increase the total fine necessary to include this increment.

With respect to those offenses specified in this subdivision for which a fine is not authorized by other provisions of law, the court shall, upon conviction, impose a fine in an amount not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50), which shall constitute the increment prescribed by this section and which shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law.

## Case Study \# 2

Base Enhancement Distribution, Health and Safety violation

## H\&S section 11372.7.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) or (e), each person who is convicted of a violation of this chapter shall pay a drug program fee in an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for each separate offense. The court shall increase the total fine, if necessary, to include this increment, which shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law.

| Trial Court Revenue Distribution Guidelines |  |  |  |  | Revision 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table 4 <br> Drug and Domestic Violence Fine and Fee Distributions |  |  |  |  |  |
| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION/SITUATION | DISTRIBUTION | APPLICABLE FUND | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
| H\&S 11372.5 - Criminal Laboratory Analysis Fee <br> NOTE: H\&S 11372.5 collections are considered fines subject to state (PC 1464) \& local penalties (GC 76000), Stote Surcharge (PC 1465.7), DNA Identification Penalty Assessment (GC 76104.6), DNA Additional Penalty Assessment (GC 76104.7) and the Stote Court Construction Penalty (GC 70372) <br> Please see Page 41 | B\&P 4230, H\&S 11350, 11351, 11351.5, 11352, 11355, 11357(a) 11357(c), 11358, 11359, 11360(a), 11361, 11363, 11364, 11368, 11375, 11377, 11378, 11378.5, 11379, $11379.5,11379.6,11380$, 11380.5, 11382, 11383, 11390, 11391, 11550. | If the criminalistics lab is operated or contracted by the County: Up to $\$ 50$ (less administrative costs) to the County per conviction from H\&S 11502 collections, including subsequent H\&S 11502 collections. | County Criminalistics Laboratories Fund. | For costs incurred in criminalistics labs, the purchase of lab equipment, and lab employee education and training. | 3 |
|  |  | If the lab is a Department of Justice criminalistics lab: Up to $\$ 50$ (less up to $5 \%$ overhead) to the State per conviction from H\&S 11502 collections, including subsequent $\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~S}$ 11502 collections. | State General Fund. | Not specified. |  |
|  |  | FUNDS NOT EXPENDED: For funds collected in the preceding fiscal year and not expended, distribute according to H\&S 11502. | See H\&S 11502. | See H\&S 11502. |  |
| H\&S 11372.7 - Drug Program Fee <br> NOTE: H\&S 11372.7 collections are considered fines subject to the same penaity assessment as H\&S 11372.5 above <br> Please see Page 41 | Any violation of this chapter except H\&S 11357(b), subject to ability to pay pursuant to H\&S 11372.7(b) <br> Note: H\&S 11550 is not a part of this chapter. | $100 \%$ of the fee collected (up to $\$ 150$ ) to the County. | County Drug Program Fund. | To help support the County's drug abuse programs in the schools and community. | 3 |

Case Study \# 2
Base Enhancement Distribution, Health and Safety violation


## San Diego Court Case Information:

- Violation Date: 1/7/2018
- Disposition Date: 3/22/2018
- Arresting Agency= Oceanside Police Department
--\% Split between County and City (Refer to PC 1463.002)
- Violation = VC 22349 (a) 16-25 MPH Over 55 MPH Limit
- Violation Type = Infraction
- Disposition = Traffic School


## Local BOS Penalties:

- $\operatorname{LCCF}=\$ 2$
- LCJF = \$2
- EMS = \$2
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint = \$1
- Additional EMS = \$2


## Additional Court Fees:

- VC11205.2- Additional Court TS Admin Fee up to actual costs (\$67)
- VC11208(c)—Additional DMV TS Admin Fee (\$3 per CCR, Title 13, Sec 345.00(g))
- VC42006 - Night Court Fee = \$1
- VC40508.6- DMV Administrative Fee (up to \$10) (Note: DMV Admin. Fee does not apply to cases disposed with traffic school.)

Case Study \# 3:
Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation
Uniform Bail and Penalty Schedules, pg. ix:

## VIII. Traffic Violator School

A. Vehicle Code section 42007 provides that

1. The court shall collect a fee from every person ordered or permitted to attend traffic violator school in an amount equal to the total bail set forth for the eligible offense in the uniform countywide bail schedule;
2. Where multiple offenses are charged on a single notice to appear, the "total bail" amount collected is the amount applicable to the greater of the eligible offenses; and
3. The court may set a lesser fee upon a showing that the defendant is unable to pay the full amount.
B. Vehicle Code section 40512.6 provides that the fee may be converted to bail and forfeited if the defendant fails to submit proof of school completion within the time ordered by the court.
C. Vehicle Code section 42007.1(a) provides that a $\$ 49$ fee, a fee for monitoring traffic violator schools, and a TAP fee under Vehicle Code section 11205.2(c) are to be added to the "total bail" of the offense eligible for traffic violator school.
D. Vehicle Code section 42005 prohibits drivers of commercial vehicles from eligibility for traffic violator school. Drivers with a Class A, Class B, or commercial Class C driver's license may attend traffic violator school to avoid points for traffic violations in a vehicle that requires only a class M or noncommercial class C license. Vehicle Code section 42005(d) excludes violations of Vehicle Code sections 20001, 20002, 23103, 23104, 23105, 23140, 23152, 23153, or 23103 , as specified in section 23103.5 , from eligibility for traffic violator school for pretrial diversion, a confidential conviction, or to avoid points.


## Case Study \# 3:

## Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation

| Table 7 <br> Criminal Related Fee Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION/SITUATION | DISTRIBUTION | APPLICABLE FUND | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
| VC 42007 - Uniform Fee for Attending Traffic Violator <br> School (TVS) or CourtSupervised Driving Instruction | Fee equal to the total bail for the eligible offense from every person ordered to attend a traffic violator school or other court-supervised program of driving instruction. | For fees resulting from a City arrest: |  |  | 4 |
|  |  | An amount equal to the amount that would have been deposited into the treasury of the appropriate city pursuant to PC 1463.001 (b)(3) (i.e. net of $2 \%$ court automation). | City, City and County For Vehicle Code violations, Traffic Safety Fund. | Not specified. |  |
|  |  |  | Other agencies, not specified. | Not specified. |  |
|  |  | Amount of the troffic violator school fee ottributed to locol penalties, pursuont to GC 76000 : |  |  |  |
| TVS Fee equals (totol bail): <br> Step 1: county base fine + state <br> penalty + locol penalty + DNA |  | $\$ 2$ of each $\$ 7$ of amount attributed to the local penalty. | Maddy Emergency Medical Services Fund (GC 76104). | For support of emergency medical services as specified. |  |
| penalty (AB 1806) + EMAT <br> penalty |  | Balance of amount attributed to the local penalty. | County General Fund. | Not specified. |  |
|  |  | $\$ 2$ of each $\$ 10$ of amount attributed to the base fine. | tributed to the EMS penoity, | pursuant to GC 76000.5: |  |
| Step 2: city base fine + EMS penalty + state court facilities construction penalty ${ }^{+}$ |  |  | Maddy Emergency Medical Services Fund (GC 76104). | For support of emergency medical services as specified. |  |
| aditional EMS Penalty |  | Amount of the troffic violator school fee ottributed to court construction penalities, pursuant to GC 70372: |  |  |  |
| Excluded from Total Bail: <br> The 20\% state surchorge, the court security fee, the criminal conviction assessment, and the Add"I TVS fee (VC 42007.1) are imposed and collected in addition to the TVS fee; they are not components of the TVS fee itself. They are distributed pursuant to their own codes. |  | To the State, pursuant to GC 70372(a). | State Court Facilities Construction Fund. | See Table 6, GC 70372(a). |  |
|  |  | Bolance of the troffic violotor school fee: |  |  |  |
|  |  | 100\% to the County. | $\$ 1$ to the Courthouse Construction Fund (GC 76100), if applicable. | See GC 76000 (Table 6). |  |
|  |  |  | \$1 to the Criminal Justice Facilities Construction Fund (GC 76101), if applicable. | See GC 76000 (Table 6). |  |
|  |  |  | General Fund. | Not specified. |  |
|  | Additional fee up to $\$ 35$ if TVS fee is collected in installments. | To the Court. | Not specified. | To cover administrative and clerical costs for processing an installment payment. |  |

Case Study \# 3:<br>Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation

## Vehicle Code section 42007

(a) (1) The clerk of the court shall collect a fee from every person who is ordered or permitted to attend a traffic violator school pursuant to Section 41501 or 42005 in an amount equal to the total bail set forth for the eligible offense on the uniform countywide bail schedule. As used in this subdivision, "total bail" means the amount established pursuant to Section 1269b of the Penal Code in accordance with the Uniform Bail and Penalty Schedule adopted by the Judicial Council, including all assessments, surcharges, and penalty amounts. Where multiple offenses are charged in a single notice to appear, the "total bail" is the amount applicable for the greater of the qualifying offenses. However, the court may determine a lesser fee under this subdivision upon a showing that the defendant is unable to pay the full amount.

The fee shall not include the cost, or any part thereof, of traffic safety instruction offered by a traffic violator school.
(2) The clerk may accept from a defendant who is ordered or permitted to attend traffic violator school a payment of at least 10 percent of the fee required by paragraph (1) upon filing a written agreement by the defendant to pay the remainder of the fee according to an installment payment schedule of no more than 90 days as agreed upon with the court. The Judicial Council shall prescribe the form of the agreement for payment of the fee in installments. When the defendant signs the Judicial Council form for payment of the fee in installments, the court shall continue the case to the date in the agreement to complete payment of the fee and submit the certificate of completion of traffic violator school to the court. The clerk shall collect a fee of up to thirty-five dollars (\$35) to cover administrative and clerical costs for processing an installment payment of the traffic violator school fee under this paragraph.
(3) If a defendant fails to make an installment payment of the fee according to an installment agreement, the court may convert the fee to bail, declare it forfeited, and report the forfeiture as a conviction under Section 1803. The court may also charge a failure to pay under Section 40508 and impose a civil assessment as provided in Section 1214.1 of the Penal Code or issue an arrest warrant for a failure to pay. For the purposes of reporting a conviction under this subdivision to the department under Section 1803, the date that the court declares the bail forfeited shall be reported as the date of conviction.
(b) Revenues derived from the fee collected under this section shall be deposited in accordance with Section 68084 of the Government Code in the general fund of the county and, as may be applicable, distributed as follows:
(1) In any county in which a fund is established pursuant to Section 76100 or 76101 of the Government Code, the sum of one dollar (\$1) for each fund so established shall be deposited with the county treasurer and placed in that fund.
(2) In any county that has established a Maddy Emergency Medical Services Fund pursuant
to Section 1797.98a of the Health and Safety Code, an amount equal to the sum of each two dollars (\$2) for every seven dollars (\$7) that would have been collected pursuant to Section 76000 of the Government Code and, commencing January 1, 2009, an amount equal to the sum of each two dollars (\$2) for every ten dollars (\$10) that would have been collected pursuant to Section 76000.5 of the Government Code with respect to those counties to which that section is applicable shall be deposited in that fund. Nothing in the

## Case Study \# 3: <br> Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation

act that added this paragraph shall be interpreted in a manner that would result in either of the following:
(A) The utilization of penalty assessment funds that had been set aside, on or before January 1, 2000, to finance debt service on a capital facility that existed before January 1 , 2000.
(B) The reduction of the availability of penalty assessment revenues that had been pledged, on or before January 1, 2000, as a means of financing a facility which was approved by a county board of supervisors, but on J anuary 1, 2000, is not under construction.
(3) The amount of the fee that is attributable to Section 70372 of the Government Code shall be transferred pursuant to subdivision (f) of that section.
(c) For fees resulting from city arrests, an amount equal to the amount of base fines that would have been deposited in the treasury of the appropriate city pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 1463.001 of the Penal Code shall be deposited in the treasury of the appropriate city.
(d) The clerk of the court, in a county that offers traffic school shall include in any courtesy notice mailed to a defendant for an offense that qualifies for traffic school attendance the following statement:

NOTICE: If you are eligible and decide not to attend traffic school your automobile insurance may be adversely affected. For drivers with a noncommercial driver's license, one conviction in any 18-month period will be held confidential and not show on your driving record if you complete a traffic violator school program. For drivers with a commercial driver's license, one conviction in any 18-month period will show on your driving record without a violation point if you complete a traffic violator school program.
(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a county that has established a Maddy Emergency Medical Services Fund pursuant to Section 1797.98a of the Health and Safety Code shall not be held liable for having deposited into the fund, prior to January 1, 2009, an amount equal to two dollars (\$2) for every ten dollars (\$10) that would have been collected pursuant to Section 76000.5 of the Government Code from revenues derived from traffic violator school fees collected pursuant to this section.
(Amended by Stats. 2013, Ch. 523, Sec. 31. Effective January 1, 2014.)

Case Study \# 3:<br>Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation

## Penal Code section 1465.7

(a) A state surcharge of 20 percent shall be levied on the base fine used to calculate the state penalty assessment as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1464.
(b) This surcharge shall be in addition to the state penalty assessed pursuant to Section 1464 of the Penal Code and may not be included in the base fine used to calculate the state penalty assessment as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1464.
(c) After a determination by the court of the amount due, the clerk of the court shall cause the amount of the state surcharge collected to be transmitted to the General Fund.
(d) Notwithstanding Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 76000) of Title 8 of the Government Code and subdivision (b) of Section 68090.8 of the Government Code, the full amount of the surcharge shall be transmitted to the State Treasury to be deposited in the General Fund. Of the amount collected from the total amount of the fines, penalties, and surcharges imposed, the amount of the surcharge established by this section shall be transmitted to the State Treasury to be deposited in the General Fund.
(e) When any deposited bail is made for an offense to which this section applies, and for which a court appearance is not mandatory, the person making the deposit shall also deposit a sufficient amount to include the surcharge prescribed by this section.
(f) When amounts owed by an offender as a result of a conviction are paid in installment payments, payments shall be credited pursuant to Section 1203.1d. The amount of the surcharge established by this section shall be transmitted to the State Treasury prior to the county retaining or disbursing the remaining amount of the fines, penalties, and forfeitures imposed.
(g) Notwithstanding Sections 40512.6 and 42007 of the Vehicle Code, the term "total bail" as used in subdivision (a) of Section 42007 of the Vehicle Code does not include the surcharge set forth in this section. The surcharge set forth in this section shall be levied on what would have been the base fine had the provisions of Section 42007 not been invoked and the proceeds from the imposition of the surcharge shall be treated as otherwise set forth in this section.
(Amended by Stats. 2007, Ch. 176, Sec. 63. Effective August 24, 2007.)

## Case Study \# 3: <br> Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation

## Penal Code section 1463.002.

The base fine amounts from city arrests shall be subject to distribution according to the following schedule:

| San Diego |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Carlsbad ....................... | 8 |
| Chula Vista ...................... | 23 |
| Coronado ...................... | 25 |
| Del Mar ....................... | 8 |
| El Cajon ...................... | 17 |
| Escondido ........................ | 16 |
| Imperial Beach ...................... | 8 |
| La Mesa ....................... | 23 |
| Lemon Grove ...................... | 8 |
| National City ....................... | 14 |
| Oceanside ...................... | 15 |
| San Marcos ....................... | 8 |
| Vista ........................ | 8 |
| San Diego ....................... | 6 |
| County percentage ...................... | 25 |

With respect to any city arrest from a city which is not set forth in the above schedule, the county percentage shall apply. A county and city therein may, by mutual agreement, adjust these percentages. Where a county and a city have, prior to June 1, 1991, entered into an agreement to adjust the percentage specified in this section, or where a county and a city have entered into an agreement governing the distribution of revenue from parking penalties, those agreements shall remain in full force and effect until changed by mutual agreement.
(Added by Stats. 1991, Ch. 189, Slec. 20. Effective July 29, 1991.)/

# DNA PENALTY ASSESSMENT (PROPOSITION 69) DISTRIBUTION GUIDELINES 



## California State Controller

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING
DECEMBER 2004

Traffic Violator School Fee Distribution:

For traffic school violations, the DNA Identification Penalty Assessment is part of the total bail. Therefore, it is part of the traffic violator school fee pursuant to Vehicle Code (VC) section 42007. There is no specific distribution to the DNA Identification Fund from the traffic violator school fee; thus, it is like PC section 1464, part of the VC section 42007 distribution to the county general fund.

Case Study \# 3:
Regular Traffic School Distribution, Speeding Violation


## San Diego Court Case Information:

- Violation Date: 7/10/2017
- Disposition Date: 8/27/2017
- Arresting Agency= County Sheriff
- Violation $=$ VC 21457(a) Actions Required at Flashing Red Signal
- Violation Type= Infraction
- Disposition = Bail Forfeiture
- Priors $=1$ (one)


## Local BOS Penalties:

- LCCF = \$2
- LCJF = \$2
- $E M S=\$ 2$
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint $=\$ 1$
- Additional EMS = \$2


## Court Fees:

- Priors/DMV Admin Fee, VC 40508.6 , up to $\$ 10$
- Night Court \$1

Case Study \＃ 4
Bail Forfeiture Distribution，Red Light Violation

| Section |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 若 } \\ & \text { R } \end{aligned}$ | （\％See Pref | FRACT ace，Sect |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IXED PE } \\ & \text { ( }{ }^{* *} \text { See P } \\ & \text { cle Code) } \end{aligned}$ | aLTY SCHEDU <br> face，Section IV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Base } \\ & \text { Fine/ } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { County } \\ & \text { PA }+1 / 10 \end{aligned}$ | DNA PA＊ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Court } \\ \mathrm{PA}^{+} / 10 \end{gathered}$ | ＂ 苐 劵 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EMS } \\ & \mathrm{PA}^{*} / 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 台 } \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { 岗 } \end{aligned}$ | Fine Surcharge \＆PA Subtotal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { y } \\ & \text { 4 } \\ & \text { 模 } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TAP } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ | Total Bail ${ }^{4 *}$ Fee |  |  |
|  |  | 10／10 |  | 7 | 5／10 | 5 | 20\％ |  | 4 |  | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 21212 | （a） |  | 33 | Under 18 Shall Not Operate Bicycle，Noumotorized Scooter，or Skateboard／Wear In－line or Roller Skates／Ride Bicycle，Nonmotorized Scooter，or Skateboard as Passenger Without a Helmet | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1 a | 0 |
| 21213 | （a） |  | Operation of Class 3 Electric Bicycle by Person Under 16 Years of Age | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1 a | 0 |
| 21213 | （b） |  | Violation of Helmet Requirement for Class 3 Electric Bicycle | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1 a | 0 |
| 21221 |  | 3 | Motorized Scooter Operation Requirements | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21221.5 |  | 35 | Operating a Motor Scooter While Under the Influence | 70 | 70 | 49 | 35 | 35 | 14 | 14 | 4 | 291 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 367 | 4a | 0 |
| 21223 | （a－c） | 30 | Motorized Scooter Equipment Requirements During Darkness | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 1 |
| 21226 | （b，c） | 37 | Violation of Motorized Scooter Muffler Equipment Requirements | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21226 | （d） | 8 | Violation of Motorized Scooter ExhaustNoise Level <br> Requirements／Operation of Motorized Scooter With Unlawfully Modified Exhaust System | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21228 |  | 30 | Operating Motorized Scooter at Less Than Normal Speed of Traffic | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21229 | （ $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ） | ${ }^{4}$ | Failure to Operate Motorized Scooter in Bicycle Lane | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21235 | （a－j） | 4 | Illegal Operation of Motorized Scooter | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21260 | （a），（b）（2） |  | Illegal Operation of Low－Speed Vehicle | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21281.5 |  |  | Illegal Operation of Electrical Personal Assistive Mobility Device | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21291 |  | 0 | Operation of Electrically Motorized Board by Person Under 16 Years of Age | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21292 |  | 43 | Operation of Electrically Motorized Board by Person Without Wearing Helmet as Required | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1 a | 0 |
| 21293 | （a－c） | 4 | Operation of Electrically Motorized Board During Darkness Without Required Equipment | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1 a | 0 |
| 21294 | （a－c） | 45 | Illegal Operation of Electrically Motorized Board | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21296 | （a） | 4 | Operation of Electrically Motorized Board While Under Influence of Alcohol or Drug | 70 | 70 | 49 | 35 | 35 | 14 | 14 | 4 | 291 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 367 | 4a | 0 |
| 21367 | （b，c） |  | Failure to Obey Traffic Control Devices at Construction Site | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21451 | （ $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ） |  | ＂Green＂Signal－Vehicular Responsibilities | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21451 | （c，d） |  | ＂Green＂Signal－Pedestrian Responsibilities | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21452 | （b） |  | Failure of Pedestrian to Properly Respond to Signal of Yellow Light or Arrow | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | 1a | 0 |
| 21453 | （a），（c） | 4 | ＇Red＇Signal－Vehicular Responsibilities | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 4 | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | la | 0 |
| 21453 | （b） | ${ }^{4}$ | ＇Red＇Signal－Vehicular Responsibilities with Right Turn | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 1 |
| 21453 | （d） |  | ＂Red＇Signal－Pedestrian Responsibilities | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21454 | （c） | 4 | Lane Use－Red Control Signal | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 4 | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | 2a | 0 |
| 21454 | （d） |  | Lane Use－Flashing Yellow Control Signals |  | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21455 |  |  | Traffic Control Signal at Other Than Intersection | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21456 | （a－c） |  | Pedestrian Violation of＇Walk＂or＂Wait＇Signals | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 21457 | （a） | 3 | Actions Required at Flashing Red Signal | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 4 | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | 1a | 0 |
| 21457 | （b） |  | Actions Required at Flashing Yellow Signal | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21460 | （ $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ） |  | Improper Turns Over Double Lines／Solid Lines to Right Prohibited | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21460.5 | （c） |  | Improper Turn From Two－Way Left－Tum Lane | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21461 | （a） |  | Driver Failure to Obey Signs／Signals | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | ？ |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 0 |
| 21461.5 |  |  | Pedestrian Failure to Obey Signs／Signals | 25 | 30 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 5 |  | 4 | 121 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 197 | la | 0 |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Case Study \# 4<br>Bail Forfeiture Distribution, Red Light Violation

State Controllers Office, Trial Court Revenue and Distribution Guidelines, pg. 10:

| Table 2 <br> Special Distributions of Fines and Forfeitures Preceding PC 1463.001 Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION | DISTRIBUTION |  | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
|  |  | FROM | T0 |  |  |
| PC 1305.3 - Recovery of Costs and Attorney's Fees by Prosecuting Agency for Opposing Motion to Vacate Forfeiture | Forfeited bail, when a prosecuting agency incurs costs and attorney's fees in successfully opposing a motion to vacate the forfeiture and in collecting on the summary judgment. | Actual costs and attorney's fees of opposing a motion to vacate a forfeiture and of collecting on the summary judgment from forfeited bail prior to PC 1463.001 distribution. | District attorney, county counsel, or applicable prosecuting attorney. | To reimburse actual costs and attorney's fees incurred by a prosecuting agency in successfully opposing a motion to vacate the forfeiture and in collecting the summary judgment. | N/A |
|  |  |  | Remainder: General distribution pursuant to PC 1463.001. | See PC 1463.001 (Table 1). |  |
| PC 1463.9 - Litter Fines | Any of the following: H\&S 13002, PC 374.3, VC 23111, VC 23112, VC 23113(a). | $50 \%$ of PC 1463.001 moneys collected for PC 1463.9. | General distribution pursuant to PC 1463.001. | County or City portion restricted to litter cleanup activities. | 3 |
|  |  | Remaining 50\% of PC 1463.001 moneys collected for PC 1463.9. | General distribution pursuant to PC 1463.001. | See PC 1463.001 (Table 1). |  |
| PC 1463.11 - Red Light <br> Violations | Any of the following: VC 21453(a) and (c), VC 21454(c), VC 21457(a). | After deducting the $2 \%$ automation, $30 \%$ of PC 1463.001, PC 1464, GC 70372(a), GC 76000, and GC 76000.10 moneys. <br> 30\% excludes state surcharge and other penalty assessments, such as: GC 76000.5 (EMS), GC 76104.6 (DNA), and GC 76104.7 (DNA). | If a County arrest, to County General Fund. | Not specified. | 3 |
|  |  |  | If a City arrest, to City General Fund. | Not specified. <br> See PC 1463.001 (Table 1), PC 1464, GC 70372(a), and GC 76000 (Table 6). |  |
|  |  | Balance of PC 1463.001, PC 1464, GC 76000, and GC 70372(a) moneys. | Distributions pursuant to PC 1463.001, PC 1464, GC 70372(a), and GC 76000, on a pro rata basis. |  |  |

## Red Light Violations:

The DNA Identification Penalty Assessment is not reduced by the $30 \%$ red light distribution ( PC section 1463.11) or railroad crossing distribution (PC section 1463.12). These distributions only reduce the base fine and the penalty assessments imposed pursuant to PC section 1464 and GC section 76000.

## California Legislative Information (LegInfo):

## Penal Code section 1463.11.

Notwithstanding Sections 1463 and 1464 of this code and Section 76000 of the Government Code, moneys that are collected for a violation of subdivision (a) or (c) of Section 21453 of, subdivision (c) of Section 21454 of, or subdivision (a) of Section 21457 of, the Vehicle Code, and which are required to be deposited with the county treasurer pursuant to Section 1463 of this code shall be allocated as follows:
(a) The first 30 percent of the amount collected shall be allocated to the general fund of the city or county in which the offense occurred.
(b) The balance of the amount collected shall be deposited by the county treasurer under Sections 1463 and 1464.
(Added by Stats. 1997, Ch. 852, Sec. 2. Effective January 1, 1998.)

Bail Forfeiture Distribution, Red Light Violation


# Case Study \# 5: <br> Special Traffic School Distribution, Red Light Violation 

## San Diego Court Case Information:

- Violation Date: $1 / 10 / 2018$
- Disposition Date: 3/25/2018
- Arresting Agency= City of San Diego Police Department
- \%Split between County and City (Refer to PC 1463.002)
- Violation= VC 21453(a) Actions Required at Flashing Red Signal
- Violation Type= Infraction
- Disposition = Traffic School

Local BOS Penalties:

- LCCF = \$2
- LCJF = \$2
- $\mathrm{EMS}=\$ 2$
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint = \$1
- Additional EMS = \$2


## Court Fees:

- Additional DMV TS Admin Fee, CCR, Title 13, Section 345.00(g), \$3
- Additional Court TS Admin Fee (up to actual cost), VC11205.2(c), $\$ 94.60$
- Night Court \$1


# Case Study \# 5: <br> Special Traffic School Distribution, Red Light Violation 



## Case Study \# 5: <br> Special Traffic School Distribution, Red Light Violation

| Trial Court Revenue Distribution Guidelines |  |  |  |  | Revision 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table 7 <br> Criminal Related Fee Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| CODE SECTION | VIOLATION/SITUATION | DISTRIBUTION | APPLICABLE FUND | FUND USE/SPECIAL PROVISION | PRIORITY OF INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS |
| VC 42007.1 - Public Offenses |  | 49\% to the County. | General Fund. | Not specified. | 4 |
|  | Additional $\$ 49$ fee. | $51 \%$ to the State. | Immediate Critical Needs <br> Account of the State <br> Court Facilities <br> Construction Fund. | Established pursuant to GC 70371.5. |  |
|  | Additional fee determined by the department pursuant to VC 11208(c). | To the department administering this section. | Not specified. | To defray the cost of routine monitoring of traffic violator school instruction. |  |
|  | Additional fee, if any, established by the court pursuant to VC 11205.2 (c). | To the court administering this section. | Not specified. | To defray the costs incurred by a traffic assistance program. |  |
| VC 42007.3 - Traffic Violator School for Red Light Violations; Fees | Fee equal to the total bail for the eligible offense from every person ordered to attend a traffic violator school or other court supervised program of driving instruction. | $30 \%$ of VC 42007 fee to the City or County, based on jurisdiction of arrest. | If a County arrest, to the County General Fund. | Not specified. | 4 |
|  |  |  | If a City arrest, to the City General Fund. | Not specified. |  |
|  |  | Remainder of VC 42007 fee. | Distributions pursuant to VC 42007 of this table. | See VC 42007. |  |

## Red Light Violations:

The DNA Identification Penalty Assessment is not reduced by the $30 \%$ red light distribution (PC section 1463.11) or railroad crossing distribution (PC section 1463.12). These distributions only reduce the base fine and the penalty assessments imposed pursuant to PC section 1464 and GC section 76000.

## Penal Code section 1463.002. <br> The base fine amounts from city arrests shall be subject to cistribution according to the following schedule:

| San Diego |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Carisbad ...................... | 8 |
| Chula Vista ....................... | 23 |
| Coronado ....................... | 25 |
| Del Mar ..................... | 8 |
| ElCajon ...n+w............... | 17 |
| Escondido ....................... | 16 |
| Imperial Beach ...................... | 8 |
| La Mesa .................... | 23 |
| Lemon Grove ....................... | 8 |
| National City ...................... | 14 |
| Oceansicle ......................- | 15 |
|  | 8 |
| Vista ....................... | 8 |
| San Diego +.................... | 6 |
| County percentage .................... | 25 |

Case Study \# 5:
Special Traffic School Distribution, Red Light Violation


## Multiple Violations Distribution

## San Diego Court Case Information:

- Violation Date: 4/7/2018
- Disposition Date: 5/29/2018
- Arresting Agency= City of Imperial Beach
--\% Split between County and City (Refer to PC 1463.002)
- Violation type:

VC §22450(a) Failure to Stop at Stop Sign - Infraction
VC §23152(a) Driving under Influence of Alcohol— Misdemeanor

- Disposition $=$ Bail Forfeiture

Local BOS Penalties:

- $\quad$ LCCF $=\$ 2$
- LCJF = \$2
- $\mathrm{EMS}=\$ 2$
- DNA = \$0
- Auto Fingerprint $=\$ 1$
- Additional EMS = \$2


## Additional Court Fees:

- PC 1463.14(b) - DUI Lab Test Penalty (BOS: up to \$50)
- PC 1202.4(b)- State Restitution Fine (min. $\$ 150$ misd./ $\$ 300$ fel)
- PC 1202.4(I)-County collection fee (BOS, up to $10 \%$ of Rest. Fine)
- VC 23645 (a) - Alcohol Edu and Prevention Penalty (up to \$50)
- GC 29550.2 - Booking Fee $=\$ 240$
- VC 42006- Night Court Fee = \$1


## Case Study \＃6： <br> Multiple Violations Distribution

| TRAFFIC MISDEMEANOR BAIL AND PENALTY SCHEDULE （＊See Preface，Section III）（＊＊See Preface，Section IV） （Vehicle Code） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Section | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | Offense | Base <br> Fine | State PA* | County $\mathrm{PA}^{*} / 10$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DNA } \\ & \text { PA* } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Court } \\ \text { PA }^{*} / 10 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { EMS } \\ \mathrm{PA}^{*} / 1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | Fine Surcharge \＆PA Subtotal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { y } \\ & 0 \\ & y \\ & \vdots \\ & \text { B } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䂞 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { 者 } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | Total Bail ＊＊ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 10／10 | 7 | 5／10 | 5 | 20\％ | 2 | 4 |  | 40 | 30 | 1 |  |
| 23110 | （a） |  | Throwing Substance at Vehicle Prohibited | 250 | 250 | 175 | 125 | 125 | 50 | 50 | 4 | 1029 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 1100 |
| 23112.5 | （a） |  | Hazardous Materials－Notification of Agency Required | 2000 | 2000 | 1400 | 1000 | 1000 | 400 | 400 | 4 | 8204 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 8275 |
| 23118 | （f）（4） |  | Release of Impounded Vehicle by Legal Owner or Agent Prior to End of Impoundment Period | 2000 | 2000 | 1400 | 1000 | 1000 | 400 | 400 | 4 | 8204 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 8275 |
| 23127 |  |  | Motor Vehicle on Riding／Hiking Trails Prohibited |  | 50 | 35 | 25 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 4 | 209 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 280 |
| 23152 | （ $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ） | 101 | Driving Under Influence of Alcohol | 390 | 300 | 273 | 195 | 195 | 78 | 78 | 4 | 1603 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 1674 |
| 23152 | （c） | 102 | Driving While Addicted to Drug |  | 390 | 273 | 195 | 195 | 78 | 78 | 4 | 1603 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 1674 |
| 23152 | （d） | 103 | Driving Commercial Vehicle Under Influence of Alcohol | 450 | 450 | 315 | 225 | 225 | 90 | 90 | 4 | 1849 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 1920 |
| 23152 | （f） | 104 | Driving Under Influence of Drug | 390 | 390 | 273 | 195 | 195 | 78 | 78 | 4 | 1603 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 1674 |
| 23152 | （g） | 105 | Driving Under Influence of Alcohol and Drug | 500 | 500 | 350 | 250 | 250 | 100 | 100 | 4 | 2054 | 40 | 30 | 1 | 2125 |


| TRAFFIC INFRACTION FIXED PENALTY SCHEDULE （＊See Preface，Section III）（＊＊See Preface，Section IV） （Vehicle Code） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{4}{4} \\ & \frac{0}{4} \end{aligned}$ | Offense | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Base } \\ & \text { Fine/ } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { State } & \text { County } \\ \mathrm{PA}^{*} & \mathrm{PA}^{*} / 10\end{array}$ |  | DNA PA＊ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Court } \\ \text { PA }^{*} / 10 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { EMS } \\ \text { PA }^{*} / 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { 芯 } & \text { Fine } \\ \text { H } & \text { Surcharge } \\ \text { \& } & \text { \& PA } \\ \text { in } & \text { Subtotal } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 曹 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { 婁 } \\ & \frac{2}{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TAP } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ | Total Bail ＊＊Fee | 㡽 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10／10 | 7 | 5／10 | 5 | 20\％ |  | 4 |  | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 22407 | 77 | Posted Speed for Designated Vehicles－In Excess of Speed Limit by 10 MPH or More | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 4 | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | 4a | 1 |
| 22409 |  | Speed Limit for Solid Tire Vehicle $\geq 26 \mathrm{MPH}$ Over Limit | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 4 | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | 4 a | 1 |
| 22409 |  | Speed Limit for Solid Tire Vehicle 16－25 MPH Over Limit | 70 | 70 | 49 | 35 | 35 | 14 | 14 | 4 | 291 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 367 | 4a | 1 |
| 22409 |  | Speed Limit for Solid Tire Vehicle，1－15 MPH Over Limit | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 1 |
| 22410 |  | Exceeding Speed Limit for Metal Tire Vehicles | 35 | 40 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 1 |
| 22413 |  | Violation of Speed Limit Set by Local Authority for Steep Grades |  |  |  | e Speed Chart］ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22450 （a） |  | Failure to Stop at Stop Sign |  |  | 28 | 20 | 20 | 7 |  | 4 | 162 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 238 | 2a | 1 |
| 22450 （b） | ${ }^{78}$ | Failure to Stop at Stop Sign at Railroad Grade Crossing | 100 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 20 | ， | 414 | 40 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 490 | 4a | 1 |

1464．（a）（1）Subject to Chapter 12 （commencing with Section 76000）of Title 8 of the Government Code，and except as otherwise provided in this section，there shall be levied a state penalty in the amount of ten dollars（\＄10）for every ten dollars（\＄10），or part of ten dollars（\＄10），upon every fine，penalty，or forfeiture imposed and collected by the courts for all criminal offenses，including all offenses，except parking offenses as defined in subdivision（i）of Section 1463，involving a violation of a section of the Vehicle Code or any local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code．
（2）Any bail schedule adopted pursuant to Section 1269b or bail schedule adopted by the Judicial Council pursuant to Section 40310 of the Vehicle Code may include the necessary amount to pay the penalties established by this section and Chapter 12 （commencing with Section 76000）of Title 8 of the Government Code，and the surcharge authorized by Section 1465．7，for all matters where a personal appearance is not mandatory and the bail is posted primarily to guarantee payment of the fine．
（3）The penalty imposed by this section does not apply to the following：
（A）Any restitution fine．
（B）Any penalty authorized by Chapter 12 （commencing with Section 76000）of Title 8 of the Government Code．
（C）Any parking offense subject to Article 3 （commencing with Section 40200）of Chapter 1 of Division 17 of the Vehicle Code．
（D）The state surcharge authorized by Section 1465．7．
（b）Where multiple offenses are involved，the state penalty shall be based upon the total fine or bail for each case．When a fine is suspended，in whole or in part，the state penalty shall be reduced in proportion to the suspension．

## Case Study \# 6: <br> Multiple Violations Distribution

| Penal Code section 1463.002. <br> The base fine amounts from city arr the following schedule: | sts shall be |
| :---: | :---: |
| San Diego |  |
| Carlsbad ...................... | 8 |
| Chula Vista ...................... | 23 |
| Coronado ...................... | 25 |
| Del Mar ...................... | 8 |
| El Cajon ...................... | 17 |
| Escondido ...................... | 16 |
| Imperial Beach ...................... | 8 |
| La Mesa ...................... | 23 |
| Lemon Grove ...................... | 8 |
| National City ..................... | 14 |
| Oceanside ...................... | 15 |
| San Marcos ...................... | 8 |
| Vista ..................... | 8 |
| San Diego ..................... | 6 |
| County percentage ...................... | 25 |

With respect to any city arrest from a city which is not set forth in the above schedule, the county percentage shall apply. A county and city therein may, by mutual agreement, adjust these percentages. Where a county and a city have, prior to June 1, 1991, entered into an agreement to adjust the percentage specified in this section, or where a county and a city have entered into an agreement governing the distribution of revenue from parking penalties, those agreements shall remain in full force and effect until changed by mutual agreement.
(Added by Stats. 1991, Ch. 189, Secc. 20. Effective July 29, 1991.)

Case Study \# 6:
Multiple Violations Distribution


