Invitation to Comment

Title	Telephone Appearances in Civil Cases (amend Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.670 and 3.722 and standard 3.1)
Summary	The ability of parties and attorneys to appear by telephone at hearings and conferences in civil cases has increased access to the courts and reduced litigation costs.
	To further improve the availability of telephone appearances, rule 3.670 would be amended. The rule would permit parties to appear by telephone at case management conferences, unless the court determines on a hearing-by-hearing basis that a personal appearance is required. Other changes would be made to the rule to clarify the types of hearings and conferences at which parties may appear by telephone. The time for a party to provide notice of intent to appear by telephone would be shortened, and a provision would be added permitting a party to join in a request to appear by telephone.
	Rule 3.722 on case management conferences and standard 3.1 would be amended to be consistent with the amendments to rule 3.670.
Source	Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee Hon. Lee Smalley Edmon, Chair
	Case Management Subcommittee Hon. Robert B. Freedman, Chair
Staff	Patrick O'Donnell, Committee Counsel, 415-865-7665, patrick.o'donnell@jud.ca.gov
Discussion	Background Rule 3.670 is the principal rule authorizing telephone appearances in civil cases. This rule, when it was originally adopted, provided for pilot projects in telephone appearances. Amendments have expanded the scope and application of the rule. It presently allows self-represented parties as well as attorneys to appear by telephone. It applies to all courts. The rule permits parties to appear by telephone at most hearings and conferences in civil cases, with certain exceptions.
	The Proposed Amendments This proposal would modify the current telephone appearance rule in several respects.

¹ A separate rule authorizing telephone appearances in child support proceedings was added, effective July 1, 2005. (See Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.324.)

First, a new opening subdivision would be added to rule 3.670. It would state that the intent of the rule is to promote uniformity of practices and procedures relating to telephone appearances in civil cases. It would also include a policy statement that courts, to the extent feasible, should permit parties to appear by telephone at appropriate conferences, hearings, and proceedings in civil cases. (See amended rule 3.670(a).)

Second the rule would be amended to specify that it applies to all general civil cases, except complex cases, and to unlawful detainer and probate proceedings. (See amended rule 3.670(b).) Comments are specifically invited as to whether any further changes to rule 3.670 are needed to clarify how it should apply in probate proceedings.

Third, the provision, which currently allows parties to appear by telephone in conferences and hearings, would be expanded to include proceedings. At the same time, this provision would be amended to specifically identify the types of hearings, conferences, and proceedings at which a party may appear by telephone: (1) case management conferences; (2) trial setting conferences; (3) hearings on law and motion, except for motions in limine; (4) hearings on discovery motions; (5) conferences to review the status of arbitration or mediation; and (6) hearings to review the dismissal of actions. (See amended rule 3.670(c).) This list, it should be noted, includes case management conferences. This is a significant change from the current version of rule 3.670, under which parties are required to appear in person at case management conferences unless the court permits telephone appearances.

Fourth, the rule would be amended to replace the present list of "exceptions" with a list of the types of conferences, hearings, and proceedings at which parties are required to appear in person: (1) trials and hearings at which witnesses are expected to testify, (2) hearings on temporary restraining orders, (3) settlement conferences, (4) trial management conferences, (5) hearings on motions in limine, and (6) hearings on petitions to confirm the sale of property under the Probate Code. (Amended rule 3.670(d)(1)–(6).) In addition, the rule would provide that personal appearances would be required for (1) applicants seeking ex parte orders, (2) persons ordered to appear to show cause why sanctions should not be imposed for violation of a court order or rule, and (3) persons ordered to appear in a order or citation issued under the Probate Code. (Amended rule 3.670(d)(7)–(9).)

Fifth, new subdivision (e) sets forth the court's discretion to modify the provisions in (c) permitting telephone appearances and in (d) requiring personal appearances. In exercising its discretion, the court should consider the general policy favoring telephone appearances in civil cases. (Amended rule 3.670(e)(1).) Under subdivision (e), the court may require a party to appear in person at a hearing, conference, or proceeding listed in (c) if the court determines on a hearing-by-hearing basis that a personal appearance would materially assist in the determination of the proceedings or in the effective management or resolution of the particular case. (Amended rule 3.670(e)(2).) Also, the court may permit a party to appear by telephone at a hearing, conference, or proceeding listed in (d) if the court determines that a telephone appearance is appropriate. (Amended rule 3.670(e)(3).)

Sixth, a new provision would be added specifying that if, at any time during a hearing, conference, or proceeding conducted by telephone, the court determines that a personal appearance is necessary, the court may continue the matter and require a personal appearance. (Amended rule 3.670(f).) This provision is based a on a similar provision in the current telephone appearance rule for hearings and conferences in child support cases. (See rule 5.324(i).)

Seventh, the current notice provisions for telephone appearances would be modified. Rule 3.670 presently requires a party that chooses to appear by telephone to give notice of intent to appear "at least five court days before the appearance." This would be changed to "at least three court days before the appearance." (Amended rule 3.670(g)(1)(B).) This shortened notice time appears to be workable under contemporary telephone appearance practices.

Eighth, a new provision would be added that would allow a party that has not given the preceding notice to join in the request to appear by telephone. A party may join by notifying the court and all other parties that it intends to appear by telephone no later than noon on the court day before the appearance. (Amended rule 3.670(g)(2).)

Ninth, a new provision would be added stating that the court, on a showing of good cause, may permit a party to appear by telephone even if the party has not given the notice required under (g)(1) or (2). (Amended rule 3.670(g)(4).) This recognizes that there may be circumstances under which a party who may not have anticipated the need to appear by telephone now may need to do so.

Finally, the provision in the rule concerning notice by the court that a personal appearance is required would be modified to be compatible with contemporary practice and procedure. The rule, instead of requiring notice by telephone, would provide for "reasonable notice." (Amended rule 3.670(h).) A sentence would be added: "The court may direct the court clerk, a court-appointed vendor, a party, or an attorney to provide the notification."

Related Amendments

If the proposed amendments are made to rule 3.670, rule 3.722 relating to case management conferences and standard 3.1 should be amended to be consistent with the new provisions in the telephone appearance rule.

Specifically, rule 3.722(c) should be amended to state that parties must appear at case management conferences either by telephone or personally as provided in rule 3.670. The provision in subdivision (c) based on current rule 3.670 that a party requires the permission of the court to appear telephonically would be eliminated.

In standard 3.1, subdivision (c) should be eliminated. It currently states that courts should specify by local rule or policy the types of motions they consider particularly suitable for telephone appearances. This provision should be repealed as obsolete and inconsistent with amended rule 3.670 because that rule is intended to create uniformity of practice and will specify the types of matters at which parties may appear by telephone throughout the state.

Attachment

Rules 3.670 and 3.722 and standard 3.1 of the California Rules of Court would be amended, effective January 1, 2008, to read:

anner	iucu,	criccitve familiary 1, 2000, to read.			
Rule	3.67	0. Telephone appearance			
<u>(a)</u>	Policy favoring telephone appearances				
	acces to the	intent of this rule is to promote uniformity in the practices and edures relating to telephone appearances in civil cases. To improve as to the courts and reduce litigation costs, courts should permit parties, to extent feasible, to appear by telephone at appropriate conferences, ings, and proceedings in civil cases.			
(a) (<u>b</u>	<u>o)</u> Ap	plication			
	This rule applies to all general civil cases as defined in rule 1.6, except complex cases, and to unlawful detainer and probate proceedings.				
(b) (<u>c)</u> Ge	neral provision <u>authorizing parties to appear by telephone</u>			
	Except as provided in (c), a party may appear by telephone in any conference or hearing at which witnesses are not expected to be called to testify. Except as provided in (e)(2), a party may appear by telephone at the following conferences, hearings, and proceedings:				
		Case management conferences, provided the party has made a good faith effort to meet and confer and has timely served and filed a case management statement before the conference date;			
	<u>(2)</u>	Trial setting conferences;			
	<u>(3)</u>	Hearings on law and motion, except motions in limine;			
	<u>(4)</u>	Hearings on discovery motions;			
	<u>(5)</u>	Conferences to review the status of an arbitration or mediation; and			
	<u>(6)</u>	Hearings to review the dismissal of an action.			
(c) (d	<u>Ex</u>	ceptions Required personal appearances			
		ept as provided in (e)(3), a personal appearance is required for hearings, erences, and proceedings not listed in (c), including the following:			

1		
2	<u>(1)</u>	Trials and hearings at which witnesses are expected to testify;
3	(2)	
4	<u>(2)</u>	Hearings on temporary restraining orders;
5	(1)(2) Sattlament conferences unless the court orders otherwise.
6 7	(1) (.	3) Settlement conferences , unless the court orders otherwise ;
8	(2)	Case management conferences, unless the court permits telephone
9	(2)	appearances at those conferences; and
10		appearances at those conferences, and
11	(3)	Any hearing or conference for which the court, in its discretion,
12	(5)	determines that a personal appearance would materially assist in a
13		determination of the proceeding or in resolution of the case. The court
14		must make this determination on a case by case basis.
15		· ·
16	(4)	Trial management conferences under rule 3.1408; ²
17		
18	<u>(5)</u>	Hearings on motions in limine; and
19		
20	<u>(6)</u>	Hearings on petitions to confirm the sale of property under the Probate
21		Code.
22		
23	<u>In a</u>	addition, except as provided in (e)(3), a personal appearance is required
24	<u>for</u>	the following persons:
25		
26	<u>(7)</u>	_ * *
27		seeking an order:
28		
29		(A) For permission to file a memorandum in excess of the applicable
30		page limits;
31		
32		(B) To set hearing dates on alternative writs and orders to show cause
33		<u>or</u>
34		
35		(C) By stipulation of the parties;
36	(0)	
37	<u>(8)</u>	Persons ordered to appear to show cause why sanctions should not be
38		imposed for violation of a court order or a rule; or
39		

 $^{^{2}}$ Proposed new rule 3.1408 on trial management conferences is being circulated for public comment at the same time as this rule.

1 2		<u>(9)</u>	Persons ordered to appear in an order or citation issued under the Probate Code.
3 4 5 6			ne proceedings under (7), (8), and (9), parties who are not required to ear in person under this rule may appear by telephone.
7	<u>(e)</u>	Cou	rt discretion to modify rule
8			
9		(1)	Policy favoring telephone appearances in civil cases
10			
11			In exercising its discretion under this provision, the court should
12			consider the general policy favoring telephone appearances in civil
13			<u>cases.</u>
14			
15		<u>(2)</u>	Court may require personal appearances
16			
17			The court may require a party to appear in person at a hearing,
18			conference, or proceeding listed in (c) if the court determines on a
19			hearing-by-hearing basis that a personal appearance would materially
20			assist in the determination of the proceedings or in the effective
21			management or resolution of the particular case.
22			
23		<u>(3)</u>	Court may permit appearances by telephone
24			
25			The court may permit a party to appear by telephone at a hearing,
26			conference, or proceeding listed in (d) if the court determines that a
27			telephone appearance is appropriate.
28			
29	<u>(f)</u>	Nee	d for personal appearance
30			
31			t any time during a hearing, conference, or proceeding conducted by
32			bhone, the court determines that a personal appearance is necessary, the
33		cour	t may continue the matter and require a personal appearance.
34			
35	(d) (<u>s</u>	<u>g)</u> No	tice by party
36			
37		(1)	A party choosing to appear by telephone at a hearing, conference, or
38			proceeding under this rule must either:
39			
40			(A) Place the phrase "Telephone Appearance" below the title of the
41			moving or opposing papers; or
42			

- (B) At least <u>five three</u> court days before the appearance, notify the court and all other parties of the party's intent to appear by telephone. If the notice is oral, it must be given either in person or by telephone. If the notice is in writing, it must be given by filing a "Notice of Intent to Appear by Telephone" with the court at least <u>five three</u> court days before the <u>hearing appearance</u> and by serving the notice at the same time on all other parties by personal delivery, fax transmission, express mail, or other means reasonably calculated to ensure delivery to the parties no later than the close of the next business day.
- (2) If after receiving notice from another party as provided under (1) a party that has not given notice also decides to appear by telephone, the party may do so by notifying the court and all other parties that have appeared in the action of its intent to appear by telephone no later than noon on the court day before the appearance.
- (2)(3) If a party that has given notice that it intends to appear by telephone under (1) subsequently chooses to appear in person, the party must so notify the court and all other parties that have appeared in the action, by telephone, at least two court days before the hearing appearance.
- (3)(4) The court, on a showing of good cause, may permit a party to appear by telephone at a hearing, conference, or proceeding even if the party has not given the notice required under (1) or (2).

(e)(h) Notice by court

After a party has requested a telephone appearance under (d)(g), if the court requires the personal appearance of the party, the court must notify give reasonable notice to all parties by telephone at least one court day before the hearing. The court may direct the court clerk, a court-appointed vendor, a party, or an attorney to provide the notification. In courts using a telephonic tentative ruling system for law and motion matters, court notification that parties must appear in person may be given as part of the court's tentative ruling on a specific law and motion matter if that notification is given one court day before the hearing.

(f)(i) Private vendor; charges for service

A court may provide teleconferencing for court appearances by entering into a contract with a private vendor. The contract may provide that the vendor

may charge the party appearing by telephone a reasonable fee, specified in the contract, for its services. (g)(j) Audibility and procedure The court must ensure that the statements of participants are audible to all other participants and that the statements made by a participant are identified as being made by that participant. (h)(k) Reporting All proceedings involving telephone appearances must be reported to the same extent and in the same manner as if the participants had appeared in person. (i)(1) Conference call provider A court, by local rule, may designate a particular conference call provider that must be used for telephone appearances. (j)(m) Information on telephone appearances The court must publish notice providing parties with the particular information necessary for them to appear by telephone at conferences, and hearings, and proceedings in that court under this rule. Rule 3.722. Case management conference (a)-(b)***(c) Preparation for the conference At the conference, counsel for each party and each self-represented party

At the conference, counsel for each party and each self-represented party must appear by telephone or personally or, if permitted as provided in under rule 3.670(c)(2), by telephone; must be familiar with the case; and must be prepared to discuss and commit to the party's position on the issues listed in rules 3.724 and 3.727.

(d)-(e) * * *

Standard 3.1. Appearance by telephone

(a)-(b)***(c) Types of matters desired to be heard by telephone Each court should specify, by local court rule or uniform local written policy, the types of motions and hearings it considers particularly suitable for hearing by telephone appearance. The rule or policy should encourage appearance by telephone in nonevidentiary civil matters if appearance of counsel in person would not materially assist in a determination of the proceeding or in settlement of the case. (d)(c) * * * (e)(d) * * *

Item SP07-23 Response Form

3.670 and 3.722 and standard 3.1)
Agree with proposed changes
☐ Agree with proposed changes if modified
☐ Do not agree with proposed changes
Comments:
Name:Title:
Organization:
☐ Commenting on behalf of an organization
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Please write or fax or respond using the Internet to:
Address: Ms. Camilla Kieliger, Judicial Council, 455 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94102
Fax: (415) 865-7664 Attention: Camilla Kieliger
Internet: http://www.courtinfo.ca.gov/invitationstocomment/commentform.htm

Your comments may be written on this *Response Form* or directly on the proposal or as a letter. If you are not commenting directly on this sheet please remember to attach it to your comments for identification purposes.