Title	Juvenile Law: Tribal Customary Adoption (Assem. Bill 1325 ([Cook]; Stats. 2009, ch. 287) (amend Cal. Rules of Court, rules 5.502, 5.690, 5.708, 5.715, 5.720, 5.722, 5.725, 5.726, 5.727, 5.728, 5.730 and 5.740; revise forms JV-300, JV-320, JV-321, JV-327, ADOPT-050, ADOPT-200, ADOPT-210, ADOPT-215, and ADOPT-220)
Summary	This proposal is required to implement Assembly Bill 1325 (Cook; Stats. 2009, ch. 287), which provides authority for courts in juvenile dependency cases to recognize and adopt tribal customary adoption as defined in new Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.24 as the permanent plan for an Indian child. As set out in Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.24, tribal customary adoption is an adoption by or through the custom, traditions, or law of an Indian child's tribe without requiring termination of the parental rights of the child's birth parents. AB 1325 requires the Judicial Council to adopt implementing rules and forms effective July 1, 2010.
Source	Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee Hon. Jerilyn L. Borack and Hon. Susan D. Huguenor, Cochairs
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Discussion	Under state and federal law, adoption is the preferred permanent plan for a dependent child who cannot be reunified with his or her parents in a timely manner. Traditionally, legal adoption in California requires the termination of the parental rights of a child's birth parents. Termination of parental rights is a concept that many tribal communities find objectionable. Assembly Bill 1325 makes various amendments to the provisions of the Welfare and Institutions Code <sup>1</sup> to allow, in the case of an Indian child, adoption through the custom, traditions, or law of the child's tribe without requiring termination of parental rights. Implementing the provisions of AB 1325 requires various changes to Judicial Council rules and forms governing the formulation and selection of a permanent plan for an Indian child and for procedures for adopting an Indian child for whom the permanent plan is tribal customary adoption.
	The committee recommends amendments to rule 5.502 to add definitions relating to tribal customary adoption and amendments to rules relating to concurrent planning, review hearings, the selection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All further code references are to the Welfare and Institutions Code unless otherwise stated.

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and implementation hearing, a prospective adoptive parent, the child's consent, and postpermanency review hearings.

### Definitions and use of terms

The committee recommends adding to the definitions contained in rule 5.502 definitions for the terms "Consultation with the child's tribe" or "consulted with the child's tribe," "Modification of parental rights," and "Tribal customary adoption" and amending the definition of "Preadoptive parent" to include reference to individuals designated by an Indian child's identified Indian tribe as adoptive parents for the purpose of a tribal customary adoption.

## Concurrent planning

The committee recommends amendments to rule 5.690(c) concerning concurrent planning to comply with the requirements of section 358.1 (j), which requires consideration in all evaluations and reports beginning at disposition, in consultation with an Indian child's tribe, of whether tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for an Indian child if reunification fails.

## **Review hearings**

The committee recommends amendments to rule 5.708, general review hearing requirements, and rules 5.715, 5.720, and 5.722, requirements for 12-, 18-, and 24- month review hearings, to comply with the requirement added as section 366.21(i)(1)(H) and 366.22(c)(1)(G) in AB 1325 that every assessment prepared for a status review hearing in the case of an Indian child must include discussion of whether tribal customary adoption should be considered, in consultation with the child's identified Indian tribe, as a permanent plan option.

### Selection and implementation hearing

The committee recommends amendments to rule 5.725, governing selection of the child's permanent plan. In accordance with the requirements of sections 366.24 and 366.26, as set out in AB 1325, the proposed revisions will recognize that in cases involving Indian children when the child's identified Indian tribe has identified tribal customary adoption as the tribe's preferred permanent plan, tribal customary adoption may be considered by the court as a permanent plan option on a par with other adoptions. As with the proposed amendments contained in rules 5.708, 5.715, 5.720, and 5.722, the committee also recommends similar changes to rule 5.725 to ensure that the child's identified Indian tribe is consulted as to whether tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for the child. In

accordance with the procedure contained in new section 366.24, and amended section 366.26, the proposed amendments to rule 5.725 would also allow the court to continue a selection hearing involving a tribal customary adoption for up to 120 days with court discretion to permit a further continuance of up to 60 days in order for the Indian child's identified Indian tribe to complete its own process to issue a tribal customary adoption order. The tribe's customary adoption order would then be filed with the court at least 20 days before the continued hearing. If the tribe does not file the tribal customary adoption order, the court would make new findings and orders and select a new permanent plan for the child.

When the tribe's customary adoption order is filed, sections 366.24(8), (13), (14) provide for it to be examined by the state court at the continued selection and implementation hearing to consider whether it should be granted full faith and credit. If it is granted full faith and credit the agency is authorized to make the tribal customary adoptive placement and sign a tribal customary adoptive placement agreement. Once the final adoption decree has been issued the court shall terminate jurisdiction.

### Prospective adoptive parents

The committee recommends changes to rules 5.726, 5.727, and 5.728, which define who qualifies as a prospective adoptive parent and accord certain rights to individuals who qualify as prospective adoptive parents. The proposed changes would recognize that when a child's permanent plan is tribal customary adoption, individuals designated by an Indian child's tribe as the adopting parents, qualify as prospective adoptive parents.

### Consent of child not required

The committee recommends changes to rule 5.730 to reflect that, unlike other adoptions, the consent of a child over the age of 12 is not required for a tribal customary adoption. New section 8600.5(a) of the Family Code provides that Part 2 of the Family Code, including section 8602—the section that requires the consent of a child over the age of 12 years to an adoption—does not apply to tribal customary adoption under section 366.24 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The Assembly Bill analysis, dated April 14, 2009, on page 3, item 13 also describes that the bill "exempts tribal customary adoption from various provisions of the Family Code applicable to adoption generally, including... the requirement that a child over the age of 12 years consent to the adoption." It should be noted, however, that

section 366.24(c)(7) provides that "[t]he child, birth parents, or Indian custodian and the tribal customary adoptive parents and their counsel, if applicable, may present evidence to the tribe regarding the tribal customary adoption and the child's best interest." Further, nothing in AB 1325 alters section 361.31(e), which provides that, where appropriate, the placement preference of an Indian child of sufficient age must be considered. This is consistent with the "Guidelines for State Courts; Indian Child Custody Proceedings" under the Indian Child Welfare Act (25 U.S.C. § 1901 et seq.) issued by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. The guidelines provide that the request of a child of sufficient age may be considered in determining the child's placement. The committee concludes, therefore, that while the consent of a child over the age of 12 is not required for a tribal customary adoption, the wishes of a child are still an important and appropriate factor for the court to consider when determining whether tribal customary adoption is the appropriate permanent plan for an Indian child. The committee has included an advisory comment to the rule that reflects this conclusion.

### Postpermanency review hearings

The committee recommends changes to rule 5.740, which deals with hearings subsequent to a permanent plan, to reflect that tribal customary adoption is now among the permanent plans that may be selected for an Indian child.

#### Interstate compact on the placement of children

AB 1325 makes no specific reference to the interstate compact on the placement of children ("ICPC"). Section 7907.3 of the Family Code says that the ICPC does not apply to any placement, sending, or bringing of an Indian child into another state pursuant to a transfer of jurisdiction to a tribal court under section 1911 of the Indian Child Welfare Act (25 U.S.C. § 1901 et seq.) In a tribal customary adoption, the tribal court does not take jurisdiction of the case. The committee concludes, therefore, that if an out-of -state placement is identified as the child's adoptive home for the purposes of a tribal customary adoption, the ICPC would apply to a placement made so long as the child remains a dependent of the juvenile court. The committee invites comments regarding the application of the ICPC.

### Child support obligations of biological parents

Section 366.24(c)(10) sets out certain requirements for a tribal customary adoption order. In particular, it states that "[T]he order shall not include any child support obligation from the birth parents or

Indian custodian. There shall be a conclusive presumption that any parental rights or obligations not specified in the tribal customary adoption order shall vest in the tribal customary adoptive parents." The committee concludes that the statute precludes a local child support enforcement agency from enforcing an action to collect child support against the biological parent of a child who has been adopted under to a tribal customary adoption.

Implementation of AB 1325 also requires revision to a number of forms. The committee recommends changes to mandatory form JV-300, *Notice of Hearing on Selection of a Permanent Plan,* to recognize that tribal customary adoption is among the options that may be selected as a permanent plan for an Indian child.

The committee also recommends changes to mandatory form JV-320, *Orders Under Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 366.26, 727.3, 727.31,* to recognize that tribal customary adoption is a permanency option for an Indian child and authorize the specific procedural requirements in AB 1325 surrounding tribal customary adoption orders.

Form JV-320 was revised in the spring 2009 rules and forms cycle, as part of the proposal titled: "Appellate Procedure: Appeals and Writ Proceedings in Juvenile Dependency and Delinquency Cases." That proposal was adopted by the Judicial Council at its October 23, 2009, meeting, with an effective date of July 1, 2010. The current proposal seeks to further amend form JV-320, with a proposed effective date of July 1, 2010. If adopted by the Judicial Council, the proposed version of this form would supersede the version adopted in October and would incorporate the changes from that earlier version.

The committee recommends changes to mandatory forms JV-321, *Request for Prospective Adoptive Parent Designation*, and JV-327, *Prospective Adoptive Parent Designation Order*, to acknowledge that individuals identified by an Indian child's tribe as adoptive parents through the tribal customary adoption process qualify as prospective adoptive parents.

The committee recommends changes to forms ADOPT-050, *How to Adopt a Child in California*; ADOPT-200, *Adoption Request*; ADOPT-210, *Adoption Agreement*; and ADOPT-215, *Adoption Order;* to include a discussion of and reflect the specific requirements for completion of a tribal customary adoption.

The committee recognizes that implementation of AB 1325 could
benefit from the revision of several juvenile forms in addition to those
listed here. In particular, the committee has identified three optional
forms for future revision: JV-415, Findings and Orders After
Dispositional Hearing; JV-421, Dispositional Attachment: Removal
From Custodial Parent-Placement With Nonparent; and JV-445,
Findings and Orders After Postpermanency Hearing-Parental Rights
Terminated; Permanent Plan of Adoption. Since these forms are
optional and must be revised in order to comply with Assembly Bill
938 (Committee on Judiciary); (Stats. 2009, ch. 261), which comes
into effect January 1, 2011, the committee is recommending that they
be revised at that time, in order to avoid the additional expense of
revising forms multiple times and to minimize the burden on local
courts.
The tribal customary adoption provisions, contained in AB 1325, will
sunset January 1, 2014, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted

sunset January 1, 2014, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014 and deletes or extends that date. As a result of this sunset provision, AB 1325 also contains versions of the relevant sections that will come into effect on January 1, 2014 unless the sunset date has been extended. This makes the text of AB 1325 quite lengthy. For ease of reference we have extracted the main substantive provisions of AB 1325. They are attached at pages 40 –60. The proposed amended rules and revised forms are attached at pages 7-39.

Attachments

1

Rules 5.502, 5.690, 5.708, 5.715, 5.720, 5.722, 5.725, 5.726, 5.727, 5.728, 5.730 and 5.740 of the California Rules of Court would be amended effective July 1, 2010, to read:

1	Rule 5.502. Definitions and use of terms
2 3 4 5	Definitions (§§ 202(e), 319, 361, 361.5(a)(3), 366(a)(1)(B), 628.1, 636, 726, 727.3(c)(2), 727.4(d); 20 U.S.C. § 1415)
5 6 7	As used in these rules, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
8 9	(1) – (6) ***
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	(7) "Consultation with the child's tribe" or "consulted with the child's tribe" in relation to a tribal customary adoption under Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.24 means and includes discussion and communication between the agency and the authorized representative of the child's tribe regarding the case plan, the child's placement, and the appropriate permanent plan for the child, including whether or not a tribal customary adoption would be appropriate.
17 18 19	<del>(7)<u>(8)</u></del>
20 21	<u>(8)(9)</u>
22 23	<del>(9)<u>(10)</u></del>
24 25	(10)(11) (11)(12)
26 27 28	(11)(12)
28 29 30	( <u>12)(13)</u> ( <u>13)</u> (14)
30 31 32	(13)(14) (14)(15)
33 34 35	(14) <u>(15)</u> ( <u>15)(16)</u>
36 37	<del>(16)<u>(17)</u></del>

$\frac{1}{2}$	<del>(17)<u>(18)</u></del>	
2 3 4	<del>(18)<u>(19)</u></del>	
5	<del>(19)<u>(20)</u></del>	
6 7 8		fication of parental rights" means a modification of parental rights that tribal customary adoption under Welfare and Institutions Code
9		n 366.24.
10		
11	<del>(20)<u>(</u>22)</del>	
12	(21)(22)	
13 14	<del>(21)<u>(23)</u></del>	
15	<del>(22)(24)</del>	
16	() <u>()</u>	
17	<del>(23)<u>(</u>25)</del>	"Preadoptive parent" means a licensed foster parent who has been
18		ved to adopt a child by the California State Department of Social
19		es, when it is acting as an adoption agency, or by a licensed adoption
20 21		y, or, in the case of an Indian child for whom tribal customary adoption permanent plan, the individual designated by the child's identified
$\frac{21}{22}$	-	tribe as the prospective adoptive parent.
23		and as me prospective adoptive parenti
24	<del>(24)<u>(26)</u></del>	***
25		
26	<del>(25)<u>(</u>27)</del>	***
27	$(2 \mathbf{C})(2 \mathbf{Q})$	***
28 29	<del>(26)</del> (28)	
2) 30	<del>(27)</del> (29)	***
31	(=:)(=:)	
32	<del>(28)</del> (30)	***
33		
34	<del>(29)<u>(</u>31)</del>	***
35 36	(20)(22)	***
30 37	<del>(30)<u>(32)</u></del>	
38	<del>(31)</del> (33)	***
39		
40	<del>(32)<u>(</u>34)</del>	***
41		
42 43	<del>(33)<u>(</u>35)</del>	***
43		

1 2 3	<u>(36)</u>	"Tribal customary adoption" means adoption by and through the tribal custom, traditions, or law of an Indian child's tribe and under Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.24. Termination of parental rights is not			
4		required to effect a tribal customary adoption.			
5 6	Rule	e 5.690. General conduct of disposition hearing			
7 8	(a)	(b) ***			
8 9	(a)-				
10	(c)	Case plan (§ 16501.1)			
11	~ /				
12		Whenever child welfare services are provided, the social worker must			
13		prepare a case plan.			
14					
15		(1) ***			
16					
17 18		(2) The court must consider the case plan and must find as follows:			
18 19		(A) The social worker solicited and integrated into the case plan the			
20		input of the child, the child's family, the child's identified Indian			
21		tribe, <u>including consultation with the child's tribe on whether</u>			
22		tribal customary adoption as defined in section 366.24 is an			
23		appropriate permanent plan for the child if reunification is			
24		unsuccessful, and other interested parties; or			
25					
26		(B) ***			
27		(3) ***			
28 29		(3) ***			
29 30	Rul	e 5.708. General review hearing requirements			
31	Ituit	corrot. General review nearing requirements			
32	(a)–	(b) ***			
33	~ /				
34	(c)	Reports (§§ 366.05, 366.1, 366.21, 366.22, 366.25)			
35					
36		Before the hearing, the social worker must investigate and file a report			
37		describing the services offered to the family, progress made, and, if relevant,			
38		the prognosis for return of the child to the parent or legal guardian.			
39 40		(1) ***			
40 41		(1) ***			
41		(2) At least 10 calendar days before the hearing, the social worker must file			
43		the report and provide copies to the parent or legal guardian and his or			
		9			

1 2 3 4			her counsel, to counsel for the child, and to any CASA volunteer, and, in the case of an Indian child, to the child's identified Indian tribe. The social worker must provide a summary of the recommendations to any foster parents, relative caregivers, or certified foster parents who have
5			been approved for adoption.
6			
7		(3)	***
8			
9	( <b>d</b> )–	(f) **	<u>ক</u>
10	(-)	Car	
11	<b>(g)</b>	Case	e plan (§§ 16001.9, 16501.1)
12 13		The	court must consider the case plan submitted for the bearing and must
13 14			court must consider the case plan submitted for the hearing and must as follows:
14		mu	as follows.
16		$(1)_{-}$	(4) ***
17		(1)	
18		(5)	In the case of an Indian child, the agency consulted with the child's
19		<u>(07</u>	tribe and the tribe was actively involved in the development of the case
20			plan and plan for permanent placement, including whether tribal
21			customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for the child if
22			reunification is unsuccessful; or
23			
24		(6)	In the case of an Indian child, the agency did not consult with the
25			child's tribe. If the court makes such a finding, the court must order the
26			agency to consult with the tribe, unless the court finds that the tribe is
27			unable, unavailable, or unwilling to participate; and
28			
29		<del>(5)</del> (	<u>7)</u> ***
30	<b>A</b>		
31	(h)–	(0) **	ः <b>२</b> ४
32	<b>D</b> 1	1	
33	Rul	e 5.71	5. Twelve-month permanency hearing
34	(-)	***	
35	<b>(a)</b>		
36 37	(b)	Date	$\mathbf{rminations} \text{ and conduct of hearing } (88.361.5.366.366.1.366.21)$
37 38	(0)	Dett	erminations and conduct of hearing (§§ 361.5, 366, 366.1, 366.21)
38 39		Δttł	he hearing, the court and all parties must comply with all relevant
40			irements and procedures in rule 5.708, General review hearing
40		-	irements. The court must make all appropriate findings and orders
42		-	ified in rule 5.708 and proceed as follows:
43		-1.00	Free Provide and Provide and Portonial

1		(1)-(4) ***
2 3		(5) If the child is not returned to his or her parent or legal guardian, the
4		court must consider and state, for the record, in-state and out-of-state
5		options for permanent placement, including, in the case of an Indian
6		child, whether:
7		
8		(A) The agency has consulted the child's tribe about tribal customary
9		adoption;
10		(D) The shift $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ and $f_{3}$ and $f_{3}$ and $f_{3}$ and $f_{3}$
11 12		(B) The child's tribe concurs with tribal customary adoption; and
12		(C) Tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for
14		the child.
15		
16	Rul	e 5.720. Eighteen-month permanency review hearing
17		
18	<b>(a)</b>	***
19		
20 21	<b>(b)</b>	Determinations and conduct of hearing (§§ 361.5, 366.22)
21 22		At the hearing the court and all parties must comply with all relevant
22		requirements and procedures in rule 5.708, General review hearing
24		requirements. The court must make all appropriate findings and orders
25		specified in rule 5.708 and proceed as follows:
26		
27		(1)-(3) ***
28		
29 20		(4) If the child is not returned to his or her parent or legal guardian, the
30 31		court must consider and state, for the record, in-state and out-of-state options for permanent placement, including, in the case of an Indian
31		child, whether:
33		<u>enna, whether.</u>
34		(A) The agency has consulted the child's tribe about tribal customary
35		adoption;
36		
37		(B) The child's tribe concurs with tribal customary adoption; and
38		
39 40		(C) <u>Tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for</u>
40 41		the child.
41 42	Rul	• e 5.722. Twenty-four-month subsequent permanency review hearing
43	Trail	<i>con and</i> is wenty four month subsequent permanency ferrow heating

1	<b>(a)</b>	***		
2 3	( <b>b</b> )	Determinations and conduct of hearing (§ 366, 366.1, 366.25)		
4	(0)			
5		At the hearing, the court and all parties must comply with all relevant		
6		requirements and procedures in rule 5.708, General review hearing		
7		requirements. The court must make all appropriate findings and orders		
8 9		specified in rule 5.708 and proceed as follows:		
9 10		(1) – (2) ***		
11		$(1)^{-}(2)^{-}$		
12		(3) If the child is not returned to his or her parent or legal guardian, the		
13		court must consider and state, for the record, in-state and out-of-state		
14		options for permanent placement, including, in the case of an Indian		
15		child, whether:		
16 17		(A) The agency has consulted the child's tribe about tribal customary		
17		<u>adoption;</u>		
19		<u>udoption</u> ,		
20		(B) The child's tribe concurs with tribal customary adoption; and		
21				
22		(C) <u>Tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for</u>		
23 24		the child.		
24 25	Rul	e 5.725. Selection of permanent plan (§§ 366.26, 727.31)		
25 26	Kuit	<i>5.725.</i> Selection of permanent plan (33 500.20, 727.51)		
27	(a)-	(c) ***		
28				
29	<b>(d)</b>	Conduct of hearing		
30				
31 32		At the hearing, the court must state on the record that the court has read and considered the report of petitioner, the report of any CASA volunteer, the		
32 33		case plan submitted for this hearing, any report submitted by the child's		
34		caregiver under section 366.21(d), and any other evidence, and must proceed		
35		as follows:		
36				
37		(1) In the case of an Indian child, when, after the agency has consulted		
38		with the tribe, the court has, with the concurrence of the tribe,		
39 40		determined that tribal customary adoption is the appropriate permanent plan for the child, order a tribal customary adoption in accordance with		
40 41		section 366.24; or		
42				

1 2 3	(1)(2) Order parental rights terminated and the child, placed for adoption if the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that it is likely the child will be adopted, unless:
4 5	$(\mathbf{A})$ ( <b>D</b> ) ***
5 6	(A) - (B) ***
0 7	(C) The court finds a compelling reason to determine that termination
8	would be detrimental to the child because of the existence of one
9	of the following circumstances:
10	of the following circumstances.
10	(i)-(v) ***
12	
12	(vi) The child is an Indian child and termination of parental
14	rights would substantially interfere with the child's
15	connection to his or her tribal community or the child's
16	tribal membership rights, or the child's tribe has identified
17	guardianship, long-term foster care with a fit and willing
18	relative, tribal customary adoption, or another planned
19	permanent living arrangement for the child.
20	
21	( <u>2)(3)</u> ***
22	
23	<del>(3)(4)</del> ***
24	
25	(4)(5) If the court finds termination of parental rights to be detrimental to
26	the child for reasons stated in $(1)(2)(B)$ , the court must state the reasons
27	in writing or on the record.
28 29	(5)(6) If termination of nonental rights would not be detrimental to the shild
29 30	(5)(6) If termination of parental rights would not be detrimental to the child, but the shild is difficult to place for adoption because the shild (1) is a
30 31	but the child is difficult to place for adoption because the child (1) is a member of a sibling group that should stay together; (2) has a
31	diagnosed medical, physical, or mental handicap; or (3) is 7 years of
33	age or older and no prospective adoptive parent is identified or
34	available, the court may, without terminating parental rights, identify
35	adoption as a permanent placement goal and order the public agency
36	responsible for seeking adoptive parents to make efforts to locate an
37	appropriate adoptive family for a period not to exceed 180 days. During
38	the 180-day period, in order to identify potential adoptive parents, the
39	agency responsible for seeking adoptive parents for each child must, to
40	the extent possible, ask each child who is 10 years of age or older and
41	who is placed in out-of-home placement for six months or longer to
42	identify any individuals who are important to the child. The agency
43	may ask any other child to provide that information, as appropriate.

1			After that period the court must hold another hearing and proceed
2			according to $(1), (2)$ or $(6)$ $(7)$ .
3			
4		<del>(6)</del> (7	7) If the court finds that $(1)(2)(A)$ or $(1)(2)(B)$ applies, the court must
5		( ) <u> </u>	appoint the present custodian or other appropriate person to become the
6			child's legal guardian or must order the child to remain in foster care.
7			
8			(A)–(E) ***
9			
10		<del>(7)<u>(</u>8</del>	3) The court must consider the case plan submitted for this hearing and
11			must find as follows:
12			
13			(A)–(B) ***
14			
15			(C) In the case of an Indian child, the agency consulted with the
16			child's tribe and the tribe was actively involved in the
17			development of the case plan and plan for permanent placement,
18			including whether tribal customary adoption is an appropriate
19 20			permanent plan for the child if reunification is unsuccessful; or
20 21			(D) In the case of an Indian child, the agency did not consult with the
$\frac{21}{22}$			child's tribe. If the court makes such a finding, the court must
23			order the agency to consult with the tribe, unless the court finds
24			that the tribe is unable, unavailable, or unwilling to participate;
25			and
26			
27		<del>(8)</del> (9	)) ***
28			
29		<del>(9)(</del> 1	<u>(0)</u> ***
30			
31	<b>(e)</b>	Proc	cedures—- <del>termination of parental rights</del> <u>adoption</u>
32			
33		(1)	The court may not terminate parental rights or order adoption if a
34			review of the prior findings and orders reveals that at each and every
35			prior hearing at which the court was required to consider reasonable
36			efforts or services the court found that reasonable efforts had not been
37 38			made or that reasonable services had not been offered or provided. If at
38 39			any prior hearing the court found that reasonable efforts had been made or that reasonable services had been offered or provided, the court may
40			terminate parental rights.
40 41			erminate parentai rigino.
42		(2)	An order of the court terminating parental rights, ordering adoption
43		(-)	under section 366.26, or, in the case of an Indian child, tribal customary

1 2 3 4 5			the p prov by th	bition under section 366.24 is conclusive and binding on the child, barent, and all other persons who have been served under the isions of section 294. The order may not be set aside or modified the court, except as provided in rules 5.538, 5.540, and 5.542 with rd to orders by a referee.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12		(3)	paren licen adop may	the court declares the child free from custody and control of the nts, the court must at the same time order the child referred to a used county adoption agency for adoptive placement. A petition for option of the child may be filed and heard in the juvenile court, but not be granted until the appellate rights of the natural parents have exhausted.
13				
14		(4)	In th	e case of an Indian child for whom tribal customary adoption has
15			been	ordered in accordance with section 366.24, the court must
16				inue the hearing for up to 120 days to permit the tribe to complete
17			-	process for tribal customary adoption. In its discretion the court
18			<u>may</u>	grant a further 60-day continuance.
19			<pre>// • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</pre>	
20			<u>(A)</u>	No less than 20 days before the date set for the continued hearing,
21				the tribe must file the completed tribal customary adoption order
22				with the court;
23 24			<b>(D</b> )	The social worker must file an addendum report with the court at
24 25			<u>(B)</u>	<u>The social worker must file an addendum report with the court at least 7 days before the hearing;</u>
23 26				least / days before the hearing,
20 27			(C)	If the tribe does not file the tribal customary adoption order within
28			<u>(C)</u>	the designated time period, the court must make new findings and
29				orders under section 366.26(b) and select a new permanent plan
30				for the child.
31				
32	( <b>f</b> )–	(h) **	**	
33				
34	Rule	e 5.72	6. Pr	ospective adoptive parent designation (§ 366.26(n))
35				
36	<b>(a)</b>	Req	uest	procedure
37				
38			-	ent child's caregiver may be designated as a prospective adoptive
39 40		-		the court may make the designation on its own motion or on a
40		-	-	y a caregiver, the child, a social worker, <u>the child's identified Indian</u>
41 42		iribe	orth	e attorney for any of these parties.
42				

1 2 3 4 5		(1) A request for designation as a prospective adoptive parent may be made at a hearing where parental rights are terminated <u>or a plan of tribal</u> <u>customary adoption is ordered</u> or thereafter, whether or not the child's removal from the home is at issue.
6		(2)-(4) ***
7		
8	<b>(b)</b>	Criteria for designation as prospective adoptive parent
9		A serve incompared as set the fellowing emitted is to be desired at a
10 11		A caregiver must meet the following criteria to be designated as a
11		prospective adoptive parent:
12		(1)-(2) ***
13 14		(1) - (2)
15		(3) The caregiver has taken at least one step to facilitate the adoption
16		process. Steps to facilitate the adoption process include:
17		
18		(A)–(C) ***
19		
20		(D) In the case of an Indian child when tribal customary adoption has
21		been identified as the child's permanent plan, the child's
22		identified Indian tribe has designated the caregiver as the
23		prospective adoptive parent;
24		
25		( <u>D)(E)</u> ***
26		
27		( <u>E)(F)</u> ***
28		
29		( <u>F)(G)</u> ***
30		
31		( <u>G)(H)</u> ***
32		(II)(I) ***
33 24		( <u>H)(I)</u> ***
34 35	$(\mathbf{a})$	(f) ***
35 36	(0)-	(f) ***
30 37	Rul	e 5.727. Proposed removal (§ 366.26(n))
38	Lui	
39	(a)	Application of rule
40	< <b>/</b>	**
41		This rule applies, after termination of parental rights or, in the case of a tribal
42		customary adoption, modification of parental rights, to the removal by the
43		Department of Social Services (DSS) or a licensed adoption agency of a

1		depe	endent child from a prospective adoptive parent under rule 5.726(b) or		
2 3		from	a caregiver who may meet the criteria for designation as a prospective		
3	adoptive parent under rule 5.726(b). This rule does not apply if the caregiver				
4 5		requ	ests the child's removal.		
5					
6	(b)-	(i) **	*		
7					
8 9	Rul	e <b>5.7</b> 2	8. Emergency removal (§ 366.26(n))		
10	<b>(a)</b>	App	olication of rule		
11					
12			rule applies, after termination of parental rights or, in the case of tribal		
13			omary adoption, modification of parental rights, to the removal by the		
14 15		-	artment of Social Services (DSS) or a licensed adoption agency of a endent child from a prospective adoptive parent under rule 5.726(b) or		
16		-	a caregiver who may meet the criteria for designation as a prospective		
17			otive parent under rule 5.726(b) when the DSS or the licensed adoption		
18		-	icy has determined a removal must occur immediately due to a risk of		
19		-	sical or emotional harm. This rule does not apply if the child's removal is		
20			ed out at the request of the caregiver.		
21					
22	(b)-	(g) **	:*		
23		ίζ,			
24	Rul	e 5.73	0. Adoption		
25			-		
26	(a)–	(e) **	*		
27					
28	( <b>f</b> )	Con	isent		
29					
30		(1)	At the hearing, each adoptive parent and the child, if 12 years of age or		
31			older, must execute Adoption Agreement (form ADOPT-210) in the		
32			presence of and with the acknowledgment of the court.		
33					
34		(2)	If the child to be adopted is 12 years of age or older, he or she must		
35			also execute Adoption Agreement (form ADOPT-210), except in the		
36			case of a tribal customary adoption.		
37					
38			Advisory Committee Comment		
39					
40			e section 8600.5 exempts tribal customary adoption from various provisions of the		
41 42			e applicable to adoptions generally, including section 8602 which requires the consent		
42 43	of a child over the age of 12 for an adoption. However, under Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.24(c)(7), "[t]he child, birth parents, or Indian custodian and the tribal customary				
44			rents and their counsel, if applicable, may present evidence to the tribe regarding		
		-			

1	tribal customary adoption and the child's best interest." Under Welfare and Institutions Code			
2	section 317(c), for all children over 4, the attorney for the child must determine the child's wishes			
3	and advise the court of the child's wishes. Welfare and Institutions Code section 361.31(e)			
3 4 5	provides that "[w]here appropriate, the placement preference of the Indian child, when of			
5	sufficient age,shall be considered." This is consistent with Guideline F-3 of the "Guidelines			
6	for State Courts; Indian Child Custody Proceedings" issued by the Bureau of Indian Affairs on			
7	November 26, 1979 which recognizes that the request and wishes of a child of sufficient age are			
8	important in making an effective placement. The committee concludes, therefore, that while the			
9	consent of a child over the age of 12 is not required for a tribal customary adoption, the wishes of			
10 11	a child are still an important and appropriate factor for the court to consider when determining			
	whether tribal customary adoption is the appropriate permanent plan for an Indian child.			
12	( ) stastasta			
13	(g) ***			
14				
15	Rule 5.740. Hearings subsequent to a permanent plan (§§ 366.26, 366.3, 391)			
16				
17	(a) <b>Review hearings-adoption and guardianship</b>			
18				
19	Following an order for termination of parental rights or, in the case of tribal			
20	<u>customary adoption, modification of parental rights, or a plan for the</u>			
21	establishment of a guardianship under section 366.26, the court must retain			
22	jurisdiction and conduct review hearings at least every 6 months to ensure			
23	the expeditious completion of the adoption or guardianship.			
24				
25	(1)-(4) ***			
26				
27	(b)–(d) ***			

		_	JV-300		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHO	DUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):		FOR COURT USE ONLY		
—					
TELEPHONE NO.: E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):	FAX NO. (Optional):	DRA	AFT 5		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		11/2	4/09 xyz		
SUPERIOR COURT OF	CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF		4/09 XyZ		
STREET ADDRESS:					
MAILING ADDRESS:		Not	Approved by		
CITY AND ZIP CODE:			••••		
BRANCH NAME:		the .	Judicial Council		
CASE NAME:					
		CASE NUM	BER:		
NOTICE OF	HEARING ON SELECTION OF A PERMANENT PLAN				
NOTICE TO (name an	nd address):				
	—IMPORTANT NOTICE—				
A hearing under	Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.26 has been set	for the d	ate and time below		
	ne court will terminate parental rights and free the childr				
	dentified placement with a specific goal. You have the righ				
1 A beering will be be					
1. A hearing will be he	eid				
on (date):	at <i>(time):</i> in Dept.:		Room:		
located at	ourt address above other (specify address):				
2. At the hearing, the court will consider the recommendation of the social worker or probation officer and make an order concerning					
the following children (names):					
	L WORKER PROBATION OFFICER RECOMMENDS				
	stomary adoption.				
	ment of a legal guardianship.				
d. ldentified	I placement with a specific goa	l (specify	):		
	S, GUARDIANS, AND CHILDREN:				
a. You have the r	ight to be present at the hearing, to present evidence, and to be re atter, the court will appoint an attorney for you if you cannot affor	epresente	ed by an attorney. In a		
			h recommendations Parents and		
b. Prior to the hearing, the social worker or probation officer will prepare an assessment report with recommendations. Parents and guardians must be provided with a copy of this report. The social worker's probation officer's report dated:					
	is is not attached.				
c. If the court orde	rs termination of parental rights, the order may be final.				
d. The court will pr	oceed with this hearing whether or not you are present.				
Date:					
Dale.					
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME) (SI	GNATURE OF	PETITIONER)		
			Page 1 of 2		
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California	NOTICE OF HEARING ON SELECTION OF A PERMANENT	Γ PLAN	Welfare and Institutions Code, §§ 366.23, 366.24, 366.26, 728;		
JV-300 [Rev. July 1, 2010]	10		Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.504		

www.courtinfo.ca.gov

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

A hearing under Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.26 has been set for the date and time stated on the other side of this form.

At the hearing the court may:

• Terminate parental rights and free the child for adoption

or

- Order tribal customary adoption or
- Establish legal guardianship or
- Place the child in a planned permanent living arrangement.

You have the right to be present at this hearing and have an attorney represent you.



#### **Request for Accommodations**

Assistive listening systems, computer-assisted real-time captioning, or sign language interpreter services are available if you ask at least five days before the proceeding. Contact the clerk's office or go to www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms for Request for Accommodations by Persons With Disabilities and Response (form MC-410). (Civil Code, § 54.8.)

		JV-320
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):		FOR COURT USE ONLY
		DRAFT 5
TELEPHONE NO.: FAX NO. (Optional):		_
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):		11/24/09 xyz
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF		J.
STREET ADDRESS:		
MAILING ADDRESS:		Not Approved by
CITY AND ZIP CODE:		the Judicial Council
BRANCH NAME:		the Judicial Council
CHILD'S NAME:		
ORDERS UNDER WELFARE AND INSTITU SECTIONS 366.24, 366.26, 727.3,		CASE NUMBER:
Child's name:		
Date of birth: Age	:	
Parent's name (if known):	Mo	other Father
Parent's name (if known):	Mo	other Father
1. a. Hearing date: Time:	Dept.:	Room:
b. Judicial officer:	Dept	Room.
c. Parties and attorneys present:		
2. The court has read and considered the assessment p 366.21(c) and the report and recommendation of the social worker probation officer a	prepared under Welfare and Inst nd other evidence.	itutions Code section 366.21(i) or
3. The court has considered the wishes of the child, con made in the best interest of the child.	nsistent with the child's age, and	all findings and orders of the court are
THE COURT FINDS AND ORDERS		
4. a Notice has been given as required by law.		
<ul> <li>This case involves an Indian child and the court fin child's tribe, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) original certified mail receipts, return cards, copies</li> </ul>	in accordance with Welfare and	Institutions Code section 224.2; the
5. The child is 10 years or older and is not present; the present, and was given an opportunity to attend.	court finds that the child was pro	operly notified of the right to be
6. The court takes judicial notice of all prior findings, or	ders, and judgments in this proce	eeding.
7. The court previously made a finding denying or termi sections 361.5, 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, 727.2, or 72	-	der Welfare and Institutions Code
Parent (name):		Mother Father
Parent (name):		Mother Father
		Page 1 of 5
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California N 2000 How, beth 2010		Welfare and Institutions Code, §§ 361.7, 366.24, 366.26 727.3, 727.31
JV-320 [Rev. July 1, 2010] SECTIONS 366.24, 366.	.26, 727.3, 727.31 21	Cal. Rules of Court, rules 5.485, 5.504, 5.590, 5.725, 5.810 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

	JV-320
CHILD'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:
—	
8. a. There is clear and convincing evidence that it is likely the child will be adopted	ed.
b. This case involves an Indian child and the court finds by evidence beyond a one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the child by result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child. ( <i>If item 8a or 8b i</i> or 12 is applicable. If item 8a or 8b is not checked, go to item 14 or 15.) The preadoptive home or with a person or family prepared to adopt the child child is unlikely to be adopted.	y the parent or Indian custodian is likely to is checked, go to item 9 <b>unless</b> item 10, 11, fact that the child is not placed in a
0 The percentel rights of	
<ul> <li>9. The parental rights of <ul> <li>a. Parent (name):</li> <li>b. Parent (name):</li> <li>c. Alleged fathers (names):</li> <li>d. Unknown mother All unknown fathers are terminated, adoption is the child's permanent plan, and the child is Social Services or a local licensed adoption agency for adoptive place</li> <li>e. The adoption is likely to be finalized by (date): (If item 9 is checked, go to items 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	-
10 This same involves on Indian shild. The persental rights of	
<ul> <li>10. This case involves an Indian child. The parental rights of</li> <li>a. Parent (name):</li> <li>b. Parent (name):</li> <li>c. Indian custodians (names):</li> <li>d. Alleged fathers (names):</li> <li>e. Unknown mother All unknown fathers</li> <li>are modified in accordance with the tribal customary adoption order of dated and comprising pages, which is accorded full The child is referred to the California Department of Social Services or</li> </ul>	faith and credit and fully incorporated herein.
<ul> <li>11. The child is living with a relative who is unable or unwilling to adopt the child becau on unwillingness to accept legal or financial responsibility for the child, but who is with a stable and permanent environment through legal guardianship. Removal or relative would be detrimental to the emotional well-being of the child. (If item 11 is</li> </ul>	ause of circumstances that do not include s willing and capable of providing the child of the child from the custody of his or her
12. Termination of parental rights would be detrimental to the child for the following r reasons below and go to item 15 or 16):	reasons (If item 12 is checked, check
<ul> <li>a. The parents or guardians have maintained regular visitation and contact from continuing the relationship.</li> <li>b. The child is 12 years or older and objects to termination of parental right c. The child is placed in a residential treatment facility, adoption is unlikely parental rights will not prevent a permanent family placement if the par residential error is no langer paneled.</li> </ul>	hts. y or undesirable, and continuation of
<ul> <li>residential care is no longer needed.</li> <li>d. The child is living with a foster parent or Indian custodian who is unable exceptional circumstances that do not include an unwillingness to accerchild, but who is willing and capable of providing the child with a stable the child from the physical custody of the foster parent or Indian custod well-being of the child. This clause does not apply to any child who is e (1) under the age of 6; or</li> <li>(2) a member of a sibling group with at least one child under the age placed together.</li> </ul>	ept legal or financial responsibility for the and permanent environment. Removal of dian would be detrimental to the emotional either
JV-320 [Rev. July 1, 2010] ORDERS LINDER WEI FARE AND INSTITU	ITIONS CODE Page 2 of 5

J	٧	-3	2	0
---	---	----	---	---

CHILD'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:	JV-320
12. e. There would be substantial interference with the child	- ·	
f The child is an Indian child and there is a compelling not be in the best interest of the child, including, but n	-	parental rights would
(1) Termination of parental rights would substantially		s or her tribal
community or the child's tribal membership right		
(2) The child's tribe has identified guardianship or a	nother permanent plan for the child.	
13. Termination of parental rights would not be detrimental to the ch	· · ·	
and the child is difficult to place because the child <i>(if item 13 is</i> a is a member of a sibling group that should stay togeth	-	lem 14).
b. has a diagnosed medical, physical, or mental disabilit		
c. is 7 years or older.		
14. a Termination of parental rights is not ordered at this time. Ad be made to locate an appropriate adoptive family. A report t		
date of this order):		-
(Do not check in the case of a tribal customary adoption. If 14c as appropriate, and go to items 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in items 14b and
b. Visitation between the child and		
Parent (name):		ther Eather
Parent (name):	Mot	ther Eather
Legal guardian (name):		
Other (name):		
is scheduled as follows (specify):		
c. Visitation between the child and <i>(names):</i>		
is detrimental to the child's physical or emotional well-bein	g and is terminated.	
15. The child's permanent plan is legal guardianship with a specific	: goal of <i>(specify)</i> :	
Adoption		
Dismissal of dependency		
Other (specify):		
(Name):		
is appointed legal guardian of the child, and <i>Letters of Guardia</i> adoption. If item 15 is checked, provide for visitation in items 15		-
a. Visitation between the child and		
Parent (name):	Mot	ther 🔲 Father
Parent (name):	Mot	ther 🔲 Father
Legal guardian <i>(name):</i>		
Other (name):		
is scheduled as follows (specify):		
<ul> <li>b. Visitation between the child and (names):</li> <li>is detrimental to the child's physical or emotional well</li> </ul>	-being and is terminated.	
c. Dependency Wardship is terminated.		
d. Dependency Wardship is not terminated. The ( <i>date</i> ):	e likely date for termination of the depende (If this item is checked, go to items 17, 5	
JV-320 [Rev. July 1, 2010] ORDERS LINDER WELEARD	E AND INSTITUTIONS CODE	Page 3 of 5
	366.26, 727.3, 727.31	

	JV-320
CHILD'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:
-	
The juvenile court retains jurisdiction of the guardianship under W	elfare and Institutions Code section 366.4.
16. a The child's permanent plan is an identified placement with (name	of placement):
with a specific goal of (specify):	
	acement with a fit and willing relative
	ive foster care setting
<ul> <li>(3) tribal customary adoption</li> <li>(7) independent I</li> <li>(4) legal guardianship</li> <li>as a lifelong c</li> </ul>	iving with identification of a caring adult to serve connection
The child's specific goal is likely to be achieved by (date): (If item 16a is checked, provide for visitation in items 16b and 16c	as appropriate and go to items 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21)
b. Visitation between the child and	
Parent (name):	Mother Father
Parent (name):	Mother Father
Legal guardian <i>(name):</i>	
Other (name):	
is scheduled as follows (specify):	
c. Visitation between child and <i>(names):</i>	
is detrimental to the child's physical or emotional well-being and i	is terminated.
17. The child's placement is necessary.	
	offerte including whatever stops are people and
19. I he agency has complied with the case plan by making reasonable to finalize the permanent plan. If this case involves an Indian child, t	
efforts to provide remedial and rehabilitative programs designed to p	<b>č</b>
these efforts have been proven unsuccessful.	
20. The services set forth in the case plan include those needed to assi transition from foster care to independent living. ( <i>This finding is required</i> )	
	this box is checked, go to items 22 and 23 if applicable,
and items 24 and 25.)	
22. All prior orders not in conflict with this order will remain in full force a	and effect.
23. Other (specify):	

				JV-320
CHILD'S NAME:			CASE NUMBER:	
-				
24. Next hearing date:	Time:	Dopt :	Room:	
		Dept.:		<i>,</i>
			empts to locate an adoptive f	amily
b. Continued hearing	under 366.24(c)(6) for r	eceipt of the tribal custon	nary adoption order.	
c. Six-month postpern	nanency review			
25. The Parent (name):			Mothe	er 🔲 Father
Parent (name):			Mothe	er 🗌 Father
Indian custodian (name)	:			
Child				
Other (name):				
have been advised of their app	beal rights (under Cal. F	Rules of Court, rule 5.590	)).	
	5 (		,	

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

JUDICIAL OFFICER

JV-321	Request for Prospective Adoptive Parent Designation	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.			
an address or telephone	n, bring it to the clerk of the court. If you want to keep e number confidential, fill out form JV-322, Confidential ve Adoptive Parent, and do not write the address or orm.	DRAFT 5 11/24/09 xyz			
prospective adopti	the person or persons you want to be designated as ve parents:	Not Approved by the Judicial Council			
b. Name:		Fill in court name and street address:         Superior Court of California, County of			
d. Phone number:					
$\bigcirc$	rson in (1), fill out below.	Fill in child's name and date of birth:			
	child child's attorney other	Child's Name:			
		Date of Birth:			
		Fill in case number:			
a. Name of child's b. Address of child	child's attorney and you know who the child's attorney is, s attorney: d's attorney: of child's attorney:				
<u> </u>	) years of age or older. Child's phone number:				
5 The child has lived with the person from ( <i>date</i> ): to the present. In order for the person in 1 to become a prospective adoptive parent, the child must be living with that person now.					
$\checkmark$ The person in (1)	6 Date of Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.26 hearing: <i>The person in</i> (1) <i>should not file this form with the court until a Welfare and Institutions Code section 366.26</i> <i>hearing has been scheduled.</i>				
<b>7</b> $\square$ The person in (	1 is committed to adopting the child.				

# Child's name:

- **8**) The person in 1 has (*check all that apply*):
  - a. Applied for an adoptive home study
  - b. In a case in which tribal customary adoption is the permanent plan, been identified by the Indian child's tribe as the prospective adoptive parent.
  - c.  $\Box$  Cooperated with an adoptive home study
  - d. 🔲 Signed an adoptive placement agreement
  - e. Requested de facto parent status
  - f. D Been designated by the juvenile court or the licensed adoption agency as the adoptive parent or parents
  - g. Discussed a postadoption contact agreement with the social worker, child's attorney, child's Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) volunteer, adoption agency, or court
  - h. U Worked to overcome any impediments that have been identified by the California Department of Social Services or the licensed adoption agency
  - i.  $\Box$  Attended any of the classes required of prospective adoptive parents
    - Taken other steps toward adopting the child (*explain*):

*If you need more space, attach a sheet of paper and write "JV-321, Item 8—Steps Toward Adoption" at the top.* Number of pages attached:\_\_\_\_\_

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the information in items 1 through 8 is true and correct, which means if I lie on this form, I am committing a crime.

Type or print your name	Sign your name
Type or print your name	Sign your name

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

	Prospective Adoptive Pa	arent	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
	<b>1-327</b> Designation Order		
(•)	s order was made:		DRAFT 3
	$\Box$ On the court's own motion		
b.	☐ At the request of		11/16/09 xyz
	(name):		
C	The request was made:		Not Approved by
с.	(1) Orally at the hearing held on ( <i>date</i> ):		
	<ul> <li>(1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2</li></ul>		the Judicial Council
	Adoptive Parent Designation, on (date):		Fill in court name and street address:         Superior Court of California, County of
The co	ourt finds and orders:		
<b>(2)</b>	The child's current caregiver or caregivers		
$\bigcirc$	(name):		
	(name):		
	$\Box$ is $\Box$ are designated as the child's prospective of the child's prospective of the child of	ctive adoptive	Fill in child's name and date of birth:
	parent or parents because:		Child's Name:
	a. The child has lived with the caregiver or caregisix months	vers for at least	Date of Birth:
	b. The child's permanent plan is tribal customary	adoption and the	Fill in case number:
	tribe has identified the caregiver or caregivers a prospective parent or adoptive parents	<b>^</b>	Case Number:
	c. The caregiver or caregivers currently expresses	a commitment to	
	adopting the child and		
	d. The caregiver or caregivers has taken at least of	ne step to facilitate	
	the adoption.		
(3) □	The child's current caregiver or caregivers		
$\bigcirc$	(name):		
	(name):		
	$\Box$ does $\Box$ do not qualify as the prospective a	doptive parent or pa	rents of the child, and the request for
	designation as the prospective adoptive parent or p	• • •	-
	a. $\Box$ The child has not lived with the caregiver	or caregivers for at l	east six months.
	b. $\square$ The caregiver or caregivers does not curre	-	
	c. The caregiver or caregivers has not taken		
	d. □ Other ( <i>explain</i> ):	• •	*
$\frown$			
<b>(4)</b> □	The court thinks that the request for designation as		tive parent will be contested or wants
	more evidence on the request, and orders a hearing	· ·	_
	The hearing will be on ( <i>date</i> ): at		
	in department of the superior cou	irt located at:	
	Date:		
		Judge (or Judici	al Officer)
	of California, www.courtinfo.ca.gov Prospective A	doptive Parent	<b>JV-327</b> , Page 1 of 1
		ion Order	
Cal. Rules of C	purt, rule 5.726	28	

# DRAFT 4 Not Approved by the Judicial Council XYZ 11/16/09

# ADOPT-050 How to Adopt a Child in California

In California, there are several kinds of adoption. Learn about stepparent/domestic partner adoptions on page 1 and independent, agency, and international adoptions and adoption of an Indian child on page 2.

# **Stepparent/Domestic Partner Adoptions**

If you want to adopt your stepchild or the child of your domestic partner, fill out and file the forms listed below. You can get them from the court clerk or from the California Courts Self-Help Web site: *www.courtinfo.ca.gov*.

# Fill out court forms.

ADOPT-200	Adoption Request	This tells the judge about you and the child you are adopting.
ADOPT-210	Adoption Agreement	This tells the judge that you and the child, if over 12, agree to the
		adoption. Fill it out, but do not sign it until the judge says so.
ADOPT-215	Adoption Order	The judge signs this form if your adoption is approved.

# 2) Take your forms to court.

1

Take the completed forms to the court clerk in the county where you live. The court will charge a filing fee. Or, if you have a lawyer or are using an agency, take the forms to them.

# 3) The social worker writes a report.

In every adoption, a social worker writes a report. This report gives important information to the judge about the adopting parents and the child. The social worker will ask you questions. You may have to fill out forms. The social worker will file the report with the court and send you a copy. When you get the report, ask the clerk for a date for your adoption hearing.

# **4** Go to court on the date of your hearing.

Bring:

The child you are adopting

Form ADOPT-210

- Form ADOPT-215
- A camera, if you want a photo of you and your child with the judge
- Friends/relatives

### Independent, Agency, or International Adoptions

If this is an independent, agency, or international adoption, fill out and file the forms below. You can get them from the court clerk or from the California Courts Self-Help Web site: *www.courtinfo.ca.gov*.

## Fill out and file court forms.

ADOPT-200	Adoption Request	This tells the judge about you and the child you are adopting.
ADOPT-210	Adoption Agreement	This tells the judge that you and the child, if over 12, agree to the
		adoption. Fill it out, but do not sign it until the judge says so.
ADOPT-215	Adoption Order	The judge signs this form if your adoption is approved.
ADOPT-230	Adoption Expenses	This tells the judge about all your adoption expenses.

### The social worker writes a report.

In every adoption, a social worker writes a report. This report gives important information to the judge about the adopting parents and the child. The social worker will ask you questions. You may have to fill out forms. The social worker will file the report and send you a copy. When you get the report, ask the clerk for a date for your adoption hearing.

### **3**) Go to court on the date of your hearing.

Bring:

The child you are adopting

- Form ADOPT-210
- Form ADOPT-215
- Form ADOPT-230

A camera, if you want a photo of you and your child with the judge

Friends/relatives



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# Is this an "open" adoption?

If you want your child to have contact with his or her birth family, fill out ADOPT-310, which asks for an open adoption.

# 5) If you are adopting an Indian child ...

Also fill out and bring:

Form ADOPT-220 Adoption of Indian Child

Form ADOPT-225 Parent of Indian Child Agrees to End Parental Rights

If you are adopting through a tribal customary adoption:

Attach a copy of the tribal customary adoption to *Adoption Request*, ADOPT-200

Attach a copy of the tribal customary adoption to the Adoption Order, ADOPT-215

ADOPT-200 Adoption Request	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
If you are adopting more than one child, fill out an adoption request for each child.	DRAFT 4 11/16/09 xyz
1 Your name (adopting parent): a	Not approved by the Judicial Council
b	
Relationship to child:	
Street address:	
City: State: Zip:	Fill in court name and street address:
Telephone number: ()	
Lawyer ( <i>if any</i> ): (Name, address, telephone numbers, number):	
	Fill in case number if known:
<b>2</b> Type of adoption ( <i>check one</i> ):	Case Number:
☐ Agency ( <i>name</i> ): Joinder has been filed. ☐ Joinder will be fi	lad
<ul> <li>Tribal customary adoption (attach tribal custor</li> <li>Independent</li> <li>International (name of agency):</li> <li>Stepparent</li> <li>Relative</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>(3) Information about the child:</li><li>a. The child's new name will be:</li></ul>	e. Place of birth ( <i>if known</i> ):
b. 🛛 Boy 🖾 Girl	City: Country:
c. Date of birth:Age:	f. If the child is 12 or older, does the child agree to
d. Child's address ( <i>if different from yours</i> ):	the adoption? $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ No
Street:State:Zip:	- g. Date child was placed in your physical care:
CityStateZip	
(4) Child's name before adoption: ( <i>Fill out ONLY if this is an independent, a relative, or a stepparent adoption or a tribal customary adoption.</i> )	(To be completed by the clerk of the superior court if a hearing date is available.)
$(\mathbf{s})$ Does the shild have a local quardian? $\Box \mathbf{x}$	Hearing is set for:
(5) Does the child have a legal guardian? $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ N	Date:
<i>If yes, attach a copy of the Letters of Guardianship and fill out below:</i>	Date Time: Dept.:Room:
a. Date guardianship ordered:	1
b. County:	
c. Case number:	
6 Is the child a dependent of the court?  Yes No. If yes, fill out below:	adoption without your input.
Juvenile case number:	_
County:	_

		Case Number:
You	name:	
(7)	Child mav have Indian ancestry:  Yes No	
<u> </u>	If yes, attach Form ADOPT-220, Adoption of Indian Child.	
(8)	Names of birth parents, if known:	
$\bigcirc$	a. Mother:	
	b. Father:	
9	If this is an agency adoption	
_	a. I have received information about the Adoption Assistance Program Remental health services available through Medi-Cal or other programs.	
	b. All persons with parental rights agree that the child should be placed for of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency (Fam. Code, § 8700) a approved by the California Department of Social Services. $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ relationship to child of each person who has not signed the consent form	nd have signed a relinquishment form No ( <i>if no, list the name and</i>
	c. This is a tribal customary adoption under Welfare and Institutions Code been modified under and in accordance with the attached tribal customa ordered placed for adoption.	
10	If this is an independent adoption	
	a. A copy of the Independent Adoptive Placement Agreement, a California is attached. (This is required in most independent adoptions; see Fam. C	-
	b. All persons with parental rights agree to the adoption and have signed the Agreement, a California Department of Social Services form. ( <i>if no, list the name and relationship to child of each person who has no</i>	
	c. I will file promptly with the department or delegated county adoption as department in the investigation of the proposed adoption.	ency the information required by the
(11)	If this is a stepparent adoption	
$\bigcirc$	a. The birth parent (name): has sig	ned a consent 🔲 will sign a consent
	b. The birth parent (name): has sig	ned a consent 🔲 will sign a consent
	c. The adopting parents were married on <b>or</b> The domestic partnership w ( <i>date</i> ): ( <i>For court use only. This does not affect is no waiting period.</i> )	
12	There is no presumed or biological father because the child was conceiv semen provided to a medical doctor or a sperm bank. (Fam. Code, § 76	
13	<ul> <li>Contact after adoption</li> <li>Form ADOPT-310, <i>Contact After Adoption Agreement</i>, □ is attached</li> <li>□ will be filed at least 30 days before the adoption hearing □ is under</li> <li>□ This is a tribal customary adoption. Postadoption contact is governed border.</li> </ul>	ided at this time
14	☐ The consent of the ☐ birth mother ☐ presumed father is not n	ecessary because (specify Fam. Code,
(15)	A court ended the parental rights of (attach copy of order):	
$\smile$	Name: Relationship to child:	on ( <i>date</i> )
	Name: Relationship to child:	
Revised	July 1, 2010 Adoption Request	<b>ADOPT-200,</b> Page 2 of 3
	32	→

r name:					
	The child is the subject of a tribal customary adoption order under Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366.24, which has				
modified the parental rights of (attach a copy of order):         Name:		on (date):			
		on ( <i>date</i> ):			
I will ask the court to end the parental rights of (attach copy of Petition to Terminate Parental Rights or Freedom From Parental Custody, if filed):     Name: Relationship to child:					
name:	Relationship to chi	lid:			
Code, § 8604(b))	(Attach copy of Application for Freedom Fre				
	Relationship to chi				
Name:	Relationship to chi	ild:			
	ving persons with parental rights has died:				
	Relationship to chi				
Name:	Relationship to chi	ild:			
b. Will treat the	years older than the child d. Has a suit e child as his or her own e. Agrees to	table home for the child <i>and</i> adopt the child			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suit e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child	adopt the child he adopting parents and the child have the legal			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suit e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child to approve the adoption and to declare that t f parent and child, with all the rights and duti	adopt the child the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suite e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child to approve the adoption and to declare that t f parent and child, with all the rights and duti customary adoption. I ask the court to appro- e child have the legal relationship of parent a	a adopt the child the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366.24.			
<ul> <li>Each adopting parta. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent.</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suite e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child to approve the adoption and to declare that t f parent and child, with all the rights and duti customary adoption. I ask the court to appro- e child have the legal relationship of parent a customary adoption order and in accordance esenting you in this case, he or she must sign	a adopt the child the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366.24.			
<ul> <li>Each adopting parta. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent.</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suite e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child to approve the adoption and to declare that t f parent and child, with all the rights and duti customary adoption. I ask the court to appro- e child have the legal relationship of parent a customary adoption order and in accordance esenting you in this case, he or she must sign	a adopt the child the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366.24.			
<ul> <li>Each adopting parta. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent.</li> </ul>	years older than the child d. Has a suite e child as his or her own e. Agrees to and care for the child to approve the adoption and to declare that t f parent and child, with all the rights and duti customary adoption. I ask the court to appro- e child have the legal relationship of parent a customary adoption order and in accordance	a adopt the child the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366.24.			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represented by the second second</li></ul>	rent:years older than the childd. Has a suitee child as his or her owne. Agrees toand care for the childe. Agrees toto approve the adoption and to declare that thef parent and child, with all the rights and dutionI customary adoption. I ask the court to appropriatee child have the legal relationship of parent andcustomary adoption order and in accordancee senting you in this case, he or she must sign $Type or print your name$	<ul> <li>adopt the child</li> <li>the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of</li> <li>ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. &amp; Inst. Code, § 366.24.</li> <li>a here:</li> <li><i>Signature of attorney for adopting parents</i></li> <li>of California that the information in this form</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represented by the second second</li></ul>	rent:years older than the childd. Has a suitee child as his or her owne. Agrees toand care for the childto approve the adoption and to declare that thef parent and child, with all the rights and dutionI customary adoption. I ask the court to appropriatee child have the legal relationship of parent andcustomary adoption order and in accordancee senting you in this case, he or she must sign $ $	<ul> <li>adopt the child</li> <li>the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of</li> <li>ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. &amp; Inst. Code, § 366.24.</li> <li>a here:</li> <li>Signature of attorney for adopting parents</li> <li>of California that the information in this form a this form, I am guilty of a crime.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent to the second se</li></ul>	rent:years older than the childd. Has a suitee child as his or her owne. Agrees toand care for the childe. Agrees toto approve the adoption and to declare that thef parent and child, with all the rights and dutionI customary adoption. I ask the court to appropriatee child have the legal relationship of parent and customary adoption order and in accordancee senting you in this case, he or she must sign $ $	<ul> <li>adopt the child</li> <li>the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of</li> <li>ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. &amp; Inst. Code, § 366.24.</li> <li>a here:</li> <li><i>Signature of attorney for adopting parents</i></li> <li>of California that the information in this form</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent to the second se</li></ul>	rent:years older than the childd. Has a suitee child as his or her owne. Agrees toand care for the childto approve the adoption and to declare that thef parent and child, with all the rights and dutionI customary adoption. I ask the court to appropriatee child have the legal relationship of parent andcustomary adoption order and in accordancee senting you in this case, he or she must sign $ $	<ul> <li>adopt the child</li> <li>the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of</li> <li>ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. &amp; Inst. Code, § 366.24.</li> <li>a here:</li> <li>Signature of attorney for adopting parents</li> <li>of California that the information in this form a this form, I am guilty of a crime.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Each adopting par</li> <li>a. Is at least 10</li> <li>b. Will treat the</li> <li>c. Will support</li> <li>I ask the court relationship of inheritance.</li> <li>This is a tribal parents and the attached tribal</li> <li>If a lawyer is represent to the second se</li></ul>	rent:years older than the childd. Has a suitee child as his or her owne. Agrees toand care for the childe. Agrees toto approve the adoption and to declare that thef parent and child, with all the rights and dutionI customary adoption. I ask the court to appropriatee child have the legal relationship of parent andcustomary adoption order and in accordancee senting you in this case, he or she must sign $Type or print your name$ enalty of perjury under the laws of the State orto my knowledge. This means that if I lie or $Type or print your name$	<ul> <li>adopt the child</li> <li>the adopting parents and the child have the legal es of this relationship, including the right of</li> <li>ove the adoption and to declare that the adopting and child, with all of the rights and duties stated e with Welf. &amp; Inst. Code, § 366.24.</li> <li>a here:</li> <li>Signature of attorney for adopting parents</li> <li>of California that the information in this form a this form, I am guilty of a crime.</li> </ul>			

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Α	DOPT-210	Adoption Agreement	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
1	Your name (adopti	ng parent):	DRAFT 7 12/14/09 xyz
	a		-
	b.		Indicial Council
		ld:	
	*	if you have a lawyer):	
		g you nuve a lawyer).	
			Fill in court name and street address:
		State: Zip:	
	•	:()	
		Name, address, telephone number, and State	
			Fill in case number if known: Case Number:
			Case Number.
(2)	Child's name befor	re adoption:	
$\bigcirc$		adoption:	
		Age:	
	Data		•
	Date:	<i>Type or print your name</i>	Signature of child (child must sign at hearing if 12 or older; optional if child is under 12)
4	a. I am the adopti (1) Be adopted	e adopting parent, read and sign below. Sign ing parent listed in $(1)$ , and I agree that the cl and treated as my legal child ( <i>Fam. Code</i> § 8 some rights as a natural child born to me, inclusion	nild will: 2612(b)) and
	-		
	Date:	<i>Type or print your name</i>	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	b. I am married to adoption of the		lopting parent listed in (1), and I agree to his or her
	Data		•
	Date:	<i>Type or print your name</i>	Signature of spouse or registered domestic partner (maybe signed before hearing)
	Council of California, www.courtin July 1, 2010, Mandatory Form	fo.ca.gov Adoption Agreen	nent ADOPT-210, Page 1 of 2

Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.730

Your name: \_

Revised	l July 1, 2010	Adoption Ac	ADOPT-210, Page 2 d
			Judge (or Judicial Officer)
	Date:		
8	Executed:		
	Date.	Type or print your name	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	Date:		•
<ul> <li>For stepparent adoptions only: If you are the legal parent of the child listed in (2), read and sign below. Sign at the here I am the legal parent of the child and am the spouse or registered domestic partner of to (1), and I agree to his or her adoption of my child.</li> </ul>			
	Date:	Type or print your name	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	Date:	Type or print your name	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	attached).	ights and duties stated in the tribal cust rents, we are each in agreement with th	tomary adoption order dated ( <i>copy</i> e other parent's adoption of the child.
0	I/we are the adopti a. Be adopted and	ng parents listed in ①, and I/we agree treated as my/our legal child (Fam. Co	that the child will: de. § 8612(b)) and
6	If this is a tribal customary adoption, read and sign below. Sign at the hearing in front of the judge.		
	Date:	<i>Type or print your name</i>	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	I am in agreement	with the other parent's adoption of the	child.
	Date:	<i>Type or print your name</i>	Signature of adopting parent (sign at hearing)
	I am in agreement	with the other parent's adoption of the	child.
		-	
5	<ul> <li>If there are two adopting parents, read and sign below. Sign at the hearing in front of the judge. We are the adopting parents listed in 1, and we agree that the child will:</li> <li>(a) Be adopted and treated as our legal child (<i>Fam. Code. § 8612(b)</i>) and</li> <li>(b) Have the same rights as a natural child born to us, including the right to inherit our estate.</li> </ul>		

A	DOPT-215 Adoption Ord	er	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
1	Your name (adopting parent): a	Zip: hone number, and State	DRAFT 9 12/14/09 xyz Not approved by the Judicial Council <i>Fill in court name and street address:</i> Superior Court of California, County of
2	Type of adoption: ( <i>Check one</i> ) Agency ( <i>name</i> ): Independent International ( <i>name of agency</i> ):		Fill in case number if known: Case Number:
	<ul> <li>Relative</li> <li>Stepparent</li> <li>Tribal Customary Adoption (name</li> </ul>		
3	Child's name after adoption:         First Name:       M         Date of birth:       M         Place of birth:       M         City:       State	Age: e: Country:	
( <b>4</b> ) ( <b>5</b> )	Name of adoption agency ( <i>if any</i> ): Hearing date: Dept.: Div.: Clerk's office telephone number:(	Rm.: Judge:	
6	People present at the hearing:          Adopting parents       Lawyer for         Child       Child's law         Parent keeping parental rights (step         Other people present (list each name)         a.         b.         If there are more names, attach as	adopting parents yyer pparent/domestic partner): <i>ne and relationship to child):</i>	
$\sim$	additional names and each person		
(7)	The judge finds that the child ( <i>check a.</i> a. Is 12 or older and agrees to the b. Is under 12		
Judicial (	Council of California, www.courtinfo.ca.gov	Adoption Order	ADOPT-215, Page 1 of 2

		Case Number:				
Your	name:					
	c. This is a tribal customary adoption and the child's consent i	s not required.				
8	The judge has reviewed the report and other documents and evidence and finds that each adopting parent:a. Is at least 10 years older than the childd. Has a suitable home for the child <i>and</i> b. Will treat the child as his or her owne. Agrees to adopt the childc. Will support and care for the childd.					
9	<ul> <li>□ This case is a relative adoption petitioned under Family Code set</li> <li>□ The adopting relative □ The child, who is 12 or older,</li> <li>before adoption be listed on this order. (<i>Fam. Code, § 8714.5(g)</i></li> <li>The child's name before adoption was:</li> <li><u>First Name:</u> Middle Name:</li> </ul>	has requested that the child's name				
10	☐ The child is an Indian child. The judge finds that this adoption r Indian Child Welfare Act and that there is good cause to give pr will fill out (14) below.	· ·				
(11)	☐ The judge approves the <i>Contact After Adoption Agreement</i> (AD ☐ As submitted ☐ As amended on ADOPT-310	OPT-310)				
12	This is a tribal customary adoption, The tribal customary adoption tribe dated containing pages and attached hereto	order of the				
13	The judge believes the adoption is in the child's best interest and on The child's name after adoption will be:	ders this adoption.				
	First Name: Middle Name:	Last Name:				
	The adopting parent or parents and the child are now parent and ch of the parent-child relationship, or in the case of a tribal customary tribal customary adoption order and Welfare and Institutions Code,	adoption all the rights and duties set out in the				
	Date:					
	Judge (or Judicial C Clerk will fill out section					
14	Clerk's Certificate of Mailing         For the adoption of an Indian child, the Clerk certifies:         I am not a party to this adoption. I placed a filed copy of:         ADOPT-200, Adoption Request					
		After Adoption Agreement				
	in a sealed envelope, marked "Confidential" and addressed to: Chief, Division of Social Services Bureau of Indian Affairs 1849 C Street, NW Mail Stop 310-SIB Washington, DC 20240 The envelope was mailed by U.S. mail, with full postage, from:					
	Place: on ( <i>date</i> ):					
		, Deputy				
Revised Ju		ADOPT-215, Page 2 of 2				

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Al	DOPT-220	Adoption of Indian C	hild		Cas	se Number:
/	This form is attached	to Adoption Request (ADOPT-200)	).			
1	a	(adopting parent or parents):				
		:				
					ate:	Zip:
						*
		nave one): (Name, address, phone #,				
	reucial law says life	state courts must send a copy of all a	doption orders for	or an Indi	an chin	u to the Secretary of the
2)	Interior within 30 day	state courts must send a copy of all a ys. The state court must also send the	e following inform	mation. <i>I</i>	Please co	omplete the rest of the for
2	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name:		e following inform	mation. <i>I</i>	Please co	omplete the rest of the for
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth:	ys. The state court must also send the	e following inform	mation. <i>I</i>	Please co	omplete the rest of the for
2)	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth:	ys. The state court must also send the Age:	e following infor	mation. <i>I</i>	Please co	omplete the rest of the for
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth:	ys. The state court must also send the	e following inform	mation. <i>I</i>	Please co	omplete the rest of the for
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth: Indian child's tribe ( Enrollment #:	ys. The state court must also send the Age:	e following inform	mation. <i>I</i> heck here i heck here i mber.	Please co if you do if tribe o	omplete the rest of the for o not know. does not have an enrollm
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth: Indian child's tribe ( Enrollment #: Indian child's biolog	ys. The state court must also send the Age:		mation. <i>I</i> neck here i neck here i mber.	Please co if you do if tribe o	omplete the rest of the for o not know. does not have an enrollma
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth: Indian child's tribe ( Enrollment #: Indian child's biolog Address:	ys. The state court must also send the Age:		mation. <i>I</i> neck here i neck here i mber.	Please co if you do	omplete the rest of the for o not know. does not have an enrollm
	Interior within 30 day Indian child's name: Date of birth: Indian child's tribe ( Enrollment #: Indian child's biolog Address: City: Check here if you	ys. The state court must also send the Age:		mation. <i>I</i> heck here i heck here i mber.	Please co	omplete the rest of the for o not know. does not have an enrollm
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6	Indian child's biological Indian grandmother(s) (name(s); include maiden name(s) if you know them):
	Check here if you do not know.
7	Indian child's biological Indian grandfather(s) (names):
	Check here if you do not know.
8	Name of any agency with information about this adoption:
9	Other people with information about the Indian child's ancestry: Name Relationship to Child
	a
	b
	c
10	<ul> <li>Parental rights (<i>check all that apply</i>):</li> <li>a. A court ended parental rights on (<i>date</i>):</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>c. Parent(s) voluntarily agreed in writing to end their parental rights.</li> </ul>
	(1) ADOPT-225 will be recorded in front of a judge and filed with the court before the adoption hearing on ( <i>date</i> ):
	(2) ADOPT-225 was recorded in front of a judge and is attached to ADOPT-200 (Adoption Request).
	(3) $\square$ ADOPT-225 was signed at least 10 days after the birth date of the Indian child.
	<ul> <li>d. A judge has certified that he or she fully explained the terms and consequences of the parents' agreement to end parental rights and that the parent(s) understood.</li> <li>(1) This certificate was filed with the court on (<i>date</i>):; OR</li> <li>(2) This certificate is attached to ADOPT-200 or will be filed before the adoption hearing.</li> </ul>
(11)	<i>Note:</i> The court will notify the American Indian tribe of the child's adoption.

## EXCERPTS OF AB 1325

SECTION 1. Section 8600.5 is added to the Family Code, to read:

8600.5. (a) Tribal customary adoption as defined in Section 366.24 of the Welfare and Institutions Code and as applied to Indian Children who are dependents of the court, does not apply to this part.

(b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.

SEC. 4. Section 358.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

358.1. Each social study or evaluation made by a social worker or child advocate appointed by the court, required to be received in evidence pursuant to Section 358, shall include, but not be limited to, a factual discussion of each of the following subjects:

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(j) For an Indian child, in consultation with the Indian child's tribe, whether tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent plan for the child if reunification is unsuccessful.

SEC. 6. Section 361.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

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(f) If the court, pursuant to paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), or (15) of subdivision (b) or paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), does not order reunification services, it shall, at the dispositional hearing, that shall include a permanency hearing, determine if a hearing under Section 366.26 shall be set in order to determine whether adoption, guardianship, or long-term foster care, or in the case of an Indian child, in consultation with the child's tribe, tribal customary adoption, is the most appropriate plan for the child, and shall consider in-state and out-of-state placement options. If the court so determines, it shall conduct the hearing pursuant to Section 366.26 within 120 days after the dispositional hearing. However, the court shall not schedule a hearing so long as the other parent is being provided reunification services pursuant to subdivision (a).

The court may continue to permit the parent to visit the child unless it finds that visitation would be detrimental to the child.

(g) (1) Whenever a court orders that a hearing shall be held pursuant to Section 366.26, including, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, tribal customary adoption is

recommended, it shall direct the agency supervising the child and the licensed county adoption agency, or the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties that are not served by a county adoption agency, to prepare an assessment that shall include:

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(G) In the case of an Indian child, in addition to subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, an assessment of the likelihood that the child will be adopted, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, a customary tribal adoption, as defined in Section 366.24, is recommended. If tribal customary adoption is recommended, the assessment shall include an analysis of both of the following:

(i) Whether tribal customary adoption would or would not be detrimental to the Indian child and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

(ii) Whether the Indian child cannot or should not be returned to the home of the Indian parent or Indian custodian and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

SEC. 8. Section 366.21 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

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(i) (1) Whenever a court orders that a hearing pursuant to Section 366.26, including, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, tribal customary adoption is recommended, shall be held, it shall direct the agency supervising the child and the licensed county adoption agency, or the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties that are not served by a county adoption agency, to prepare an assessment that shall include:

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(H) In the case of an Indian child, in addition to subparagraphs (A) to (G), inclusive, an assessment of the likelihood that the child will be adopted, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, a customary tribal adoption, as defined in Section 366.24, is recommended. If tribal customary adoption is recommended, the assessment shall include an analysis of both of the following:

(i) Whether tribal customary adoption would or would not be detrimental to the Indian child and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

(ii) Whether the Indian child cannot or should not be returned to the home of the Indian parent or Indian custodian and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

SEC. 10. Section 366.22 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

366.22. (a) When a case has been continued pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 366.21, the permanency review hearing shall occur within 18 months after the date the child was originally removed from the physical custody of his or her parent or legal guardian...

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(c) (1) Whenever a court orders that a hearing pursuant to Section 366.26, including when a tribal customary adoption is recommended, shall be held, it shall direct the agency supervising the child and the licensed county adoption agency, or the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties that are not served by a county adoption agency, to prepare an assessment that shall include:

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(G) In the case of an Indian child, in addition to subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, an assessment of the likelihood that the child will be adopted, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, a customary tribal adoption, as defined in Section 366.24, is recommended. If tribal customary adoption is recommended, the assessment shall include an analysis of both of the following:

(i) Whether tribal customary adoption would or would not be detrimental to the Indian child and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

(ii) Whether the Indian child cannot or should not be returned to the home of the Indian parent or Indian custodian and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

SEC. 12. Section 366.24 is added to the Welfare and Institutions Code, to read:

366.24. (a) For purposes of this section, "tribal customary adoption" means adoption by and through the tribal custom, traditions, or law of an Indian child's tribe. Termination of parental rights is not required to effect the tribal customary adoption.

(b) Whenever an assessment is ordered pursuant to Section 361.5, 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, or 366.26 for Indian children, the assessment shall address the option of tribal customary adoption.

(c) For purposes of Section 366.26, in the case of tribal customary adoptions, all of the following apply:

(1) The child's tribe or the tribe's designee shall conduct a tribal customary adoptive home study prior to final approval of the tribal customary adoptive placement.

(A) Where a tribal designee is conducting the home study, the designee shall do so in consultation with the Indian child's tribe. The designee may include a licensed county adoption agency, the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties not served by a county adoption agency, or a California licensed adoption agency. Any tribal designee must be an entity authorized to request a search of the Child Abuse Central Index and, if necessary, a check of any other state's child abuse

and neglect registry and authorized to request a search for state or federal level criminal offender records information through the Department of Justice.

(B) The standard for the evaluation of the prospective adoptive parents' home shall be the prevailing social and cultural standard of the child's tribe. The home study shall include an evaluation of the background, safety and health information of the adoptive home, including the biological, psychological and social factors of the prospective adoptive parent or parents and an assessment of the commitment, capability and suitability of the prospective adoptive parent or parents to meet the child's needs.

(2) In all cases, an in-state check of the Child Abuse Central Index and, if necessary, a check of any other state's child abuse and neglect registry shall be conducted. If the tribe chooses a designee to conduct the home study, the designee shall perform a check of the Child Abuse Central Index pursuant to Section 1522.1 of the Health and Safety Code as it applies to prospective adoptive parents and persons over 18 years of age residing in their household. If the tribe conducts its own home study, the agency that has the placement and care responsibility of the child shall perform the check.

(3) In all cases prior to final approval of the tribal customary adoptive placement, a state and federal criminal background check through the Department of Justice shall be conducted on the prospective tribal customary adoptive parents and of persons over 18 years of age residing in their household. If the tribe chooses a designee to conduct the home study, the designee shall perform the state and federal criminal background checks. If the tribe conducts its own home study, the agency that has the placement and care responsibility of the child, shall perform the state and federal criminal background check. An individual who is the subject of the check may be provided, by the entity performing the background check, a copy of his or her state or federal level criminal offender record information search response as provided to that entity by the Department of Justice if the entity has denied a criminal background clearance based on this information and the individual makes a written request to the entity for a copy specifying an address to which it is to be sent. The state or federal level criminal offender record information search response shall not be modified or altered from its form or content as provided by the Department of Justice and shall be provided to the address specified by the individual in his or her written request. The entity shall retain a copy of the individual's written request and the response and date provided.

(4) If federal or state law provides that tribes may conduct all required background checks for prospective adoptive parents, the tribally administered background checks shall satisfy the requirements of this section, so long as the standards for the background checks are the same as those applied to all other prospective adoptive parents in the State of California.

(5) Under no circumstances shall final approval be granted for an adoptive placement in any home if the prospective adoptive parent or any adult living in the prospective tribal customary adoptive home has any of the following:

(A) A felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, spousal abuse, crimes against a child, including child pornography, or a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, or homicide, but not including other physical assault and battery. For purposes of

this subdivision, crimes involving violence means those violent crimes contained in clause (i) of subparagraph (A) and subparagraph (B), or paragraph (1) of, subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.

(B) A felony conviction that occurred within the last five years for physical assault, battery, or a drug-related offense.

(6) If the tribe identifies tribal customary adoption as the permanent placement plan for the Indian child, the court may continue the selection and implementation hearing governed by Section 366.26 for a period not to exceed 120 days to permit the tribe to complete the process for tribal customary adoption and file with the court a tribal customary adoption order evidencing that a tribal customary adoption has been completed. The tribe shall file with the court the tribal customary adoption order no less than 20 days prior to the date set by the court for the continued selection and implementation hearing. The department shall file with the court the addendum selection and implementation hearing court report no less than seven days prior to the date set by the court for the tribe for filing a tribal customary adoption order up to, but not exceeding, 60 days. If the child's tribe does not file the tribal customary adoption order within the designated time period, the court shall make new findings and orders pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 366.26 and this subdivision to determine the best permanent plan for the child.

(7) The child, birth parents, or Indian custodian and the tribal customary adoptive parents and their counsel, if applicable, may present evidence to the tribe regarding the tribal customary adoption and the child's best interest.

(8) Upon the court affording full faith and credit to the tribal customary adoption order and the tribe's approval of the home study, the child shall be eligible for tribal customary adoptive placement. The agency that has placement and care responsibility of the child shall be authorized to make a tribal customary adoptive placement and sign a tribal customary adoptive placement agreement and, thereafter, shall sign the adoption assistance agreement pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 16120. The prospective adoptive parent or parents desiring to adopt the child may then file the petition for adoption. The agency shall supervise the adoptive placement for a period of six months unless either of the following circumstances exists:

(A) The child to be adopted is a foster child of the prospective adoptive parents whose foster care placement has been supervised by an agency before the signing of the adoptive placement agreement in which case the supervisory period may be shortened by one month for each full month that the child has been in foster care with the family.(B) The child to be adopted is placed with a relative with whom they have an established relationship.

(9) All licensed public adoption agencies shall cooperate with and assist the department in devising a plan that will effectuate the effective and discreet transmission to tribal customary adoptees or prospective tribal customary adoptive parents of pertinent medical information reported to the department or the licensed public adoption agency, upon the request of the person reporting the medical information. (A) A licensed public adoption agency may not place a child for tribal customary adoption unless a written report on the child's medical background and, if available, the medical background on the child's biological parents, so far as ascertainable, has been submitted to the prospective tribal customary adoptive parents and they have acknowledged in writing the receipt of the report.

(B) The report on the child's background shall contain all known diagnostic information, including current medical reports on the child, psychological evaluations, and scholastic information, as well as all known information regarding the child's developmental history.

(10) The tribal customary adoption order shall include, but not be limited to, a description of (A) the modification of the legal relationship of the birth parents or Indian custodian and the child, including contact, if any, between the child and the birth parents or Indian custodian, responsibilities of the birth parents or Indian custodian, and the rights of inheritance of the child and (B) the child's legal relationship with the tribe. The order shall not include any child support obligation from the birth parents or Indian custodian. There shall be a conclusive presumption that any parental rights or obligations not specified in the tribal customary adoptive parents.

(11) Prior consent to a permanent plan of tribal customary adoption of an Indian child shall not be required of an Indian parent or Indian custodian whose parental relationship to the child will be modified by the tribal customary adoption.

(12) After the prospective adoptive parent or parents desiring to adopt the child have filed the adoption petition, the agency that has placement, care and responsibility for the child shall submit to the court, a full and final report of the facts of the proposed tribal customary adoption. The requisite elements of the final court report shall be those specified for court reports in the department's regulations governing agency adoptions.
(13) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, after the tribal customary adoption order has been issued and afforded full faith and credit by the state court, the tribal customary adoptive parents shall have all of the rights and privileges afforded to, and are subject to all the duties of, any other adoptive parent or parents pursuant to the laws of this state.

(14) Consistent with Section 366.3, after the tribal customary adoption has been afforded full faith and credit and a final adoption decree has been issued, the court shall terminate its jurisdiction over the Indian child.

(15) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the transfer of those proceedings to a tribal court where transfer is otherwise permitted under applicable law.

(d) The following disclosure provisions shall apply to tribal customary adoptions:

(1) The petition, agreement, order, report to the court from any investigating agency, and any power of attorney filed in a tribal customary adoption proceeding is not open to inspection by any person other than the parties to the proceeding and their attorneys and the department, except upon the written authority of the judge of the juvenile court. A judge may not authorize anyone to inspect the petition, agreement, order, report to the court from any investigating agency, and any power of attorney except in exceptional circumstances and for good cause approaching the necessitous.

(2) Except as otherwise permitted or required by statute, neither the department nor any licensed adoption agency shall release information that would identify persons who receive, or have received, tribal customary adoption services. However, employees of the department and licensed adoption agencies shall release to the State Department of Social Services any requested information, including identifying information, for the purpose of recordkeeping and monitoring, evaluation, and regulation of the provision of tribal customary adoption services.

(3) The department and any licensed adoption agency may, upon written authorization for the release of specified information by the subject of that information, share information regarding a prospective tribal customary adoptive parent or birth parent with other social service agencies, including the department and other licensed adoption agencies, or providers of health care as defined in Section 56.05 of the Civil Code.

(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the department and any other licensed adoption agency may furnish information relating to a tribal customary adoption petition or to a child in the custody of the department or any licensed public adoption agency to the juvenile court, county welfare department, public welfare agency, private welfare agency licensed by the department, provider of foster care services, potential adoptive parents, or provider of health care as defined in Section 56.05 of the Civil Code, if it is believed the child's welfare will be promoted thereby.

(5) The department and any licensed adoption agency may make tribal customary adoption case records, including identifying information, available for research purposes, provided that the research will not result in the disclosure of the identity of the child or the parties to the tribal customary adoption to anyone other than the entity conducting the research.

(e) This section shall remain operative only to the extent that compliance with its provisions does not conflict with federal law as a condition of receiving funding under Title IV-E or the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 670 et seq.).

(f) The Judicial Council shall adopt rules of court and necessary forms required to implement tribal customary adoption as a permanent plan for dependent Indian children. The Judicial Council shall study California's tribal customary adoption provisions and their affects on children, birth parents, adoptive parents, Indian custodians, tribes, and the court, and shall report all of its findings to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2013. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) The number of families served and the number of completed tribal customary adoptions.

(2) The length of time it takes to complete a tribal customary adoption.

(3) The challenges faced by social workers, court, and tribes in completing tribal customary adoptions.

(4) The benefits or detriments to Indian children from a tribal customary adoption.

(g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.

SEC. 13. Section 366.25 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

366.25. (a) (1) When a case has been continued pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 366.22, the subsequent permanency review hearing shall occur within 24 months after the date the child was originally removed from the physical custody of his or her parent or legal guardian. The court shall order the return of the child to the physical custody of his or her parent or legal guardian unless the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the return of the child to his or her parent or legal guardian would create a substantial risk of detriment to the safety, protection, or physical or emotional well-being of the child. The social worker shall have the burden of establishing that detriment. At the subsequent permanency review hearing, the court shall consider the criminal history, obtained pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) of Section 16504.5, of the parent or legal guardian subsequent to the child's removal to the extent that the criminal record is substantially related to the welfare of the child or parent or legal guardian's ability to exercise custody and control regarding his or her child provided that the parent or legal guardian agreed to submit fingerprint images to obtain criminal history information as part of the case plan. The failure of the parent or legal guardian to participate regularly and make substantive progress in court-ordered treatment programs shall be prima facie evidence that return would be detrimental. In making its determination, the court shall review and consider the social worker's report and recommendations and the report and recommendations of any child advocate appointed pursuant to Section 356.5; shall consider the efforts or progress, or both, demonstrated by the parent or legal guardian and the extent to which he or she availed himself or herself of services provided; and shall make appropriate findings pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 366.

(2) Whether or not the child is returned to his or her parent or legal guardian, the court shall specify the factual basis for its decision. If the child is not returned to a parent or legal guardian, the court shall specify the factual basis for its conclusion that return would be detrimental. If the child is not returned to his or her parents or legal guardian, the court shall consider and state for the record, in-state and out-of-state options for the child's permanent placement. If the child is placed out of the state, the court shall make a determination whether the out-of-state placement continues to be appropriate and in best interests of the child.

(3) If the child is not returned to a parent or legal guardian at the subsequent permanency review hearing, the court shall order that a hearing be held pursuant to Section 366.26 in order to determine whether adoption, or, in the case of an Indian child, tribal customary adoption, guardianship, or long-term foster care is the most appropriate plan for the child. However, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, based on the evidence already presented to it, including a recommendation by the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties that are not served by a

county adoption agency or by a licensed county adoption agency, that there is a compelling reason, as described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (g) of Section 366.21, for determining that a hearing held under Section 366.26 is not in the best interest of the child because the child is not a proper subject for adoption or, in the case of an Indian child, tribal customary adoption, and has no one willing to accept legal guardianship, then the court may, only under these circumstances, order that the child remain in foster care. If the court orders that a child who is 10 years of age or older remain in long-term foster care, the court shall determine whether the agency has made reasonable efforts to maintain the child's relationships with individuals other than the child's siblings who are important to the child, consistent with the child's best interests, and may make any appropriate order to ensure that those relationships are maintained. The hearing shall be held no later than 120 days from the date of the subsequent permanency review hearing. The court shall also order termination of reunification services to the parent or legal guardian. The court shall continue to permit the parent or legal guardian to visit the child unless it finds that visitation would be detrimental to the child. The court shall determine whether reasonable services have been offered or provided to the parent or legal guardian. For purposes of this subdivision, evidence of any of the following circumstances shall not, in and of themselves, be deemed a failure to provide or offer reasonable services:

(A) The child has been placed with a foster family that is eligible to adopt a child, or has been placed in a preadoptive home.

(B) The case plan includes services to make and finalize a permanent placement for the child if efforts to reunify fail.

(C) Services to make and finalize a permanent placement for the child, if efforts to reunify fail, are provided concurrently with services to reunify the family.

(b) (1) Whenever a court orders that a hearing pursuant to Section 366.26 shall be held, it shall direct the agency supervising the child and the licensed county adoption agency, or the State Department of Social Services when it is acting as an adoption agency in counties that are not served by a county adoption agency, to prepare an assessment that shall include:

(A) Current search efforts for an absent parent or parents.

(B) A review of the amount of, and nature of, any contact between the child and his or her parents and other members of his or her extended family since the time of placement. Although the extended family of each child shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, "extended family" for the purposes of this paragraph shall include, but not be limited to, the child's siblings, grandparents, aunts, and uncles.

(C) An evaluation of the child's medical, developmental, scholastic, mental, and emotional status.

(D) A preliminary assessment of the eligibility and commitment of any identified prospective adoptive parent or legal guardian, including a prospective tribal customary adoptive parent, particularly the caretaker, to include a social history including screening for criminal records and prior referrals for child abuse or neglect, the capability to meet the child's needs, and the understanding of the legal and financial rights and

responsibilities of adoption and guardianship. If a proposed legal guardian is a relative of the minor, and the relative was assessed for foster care placement of the minor prior to January 1, 1998, the assessment shall also consider, but need not be limited to, all of the factors specified in subdivision (a) of Section 361.3.

(E) The relationship of the child to any identified prospective adoptive parent or legal guardian, including a prospective tribal customary adoptive parent, the duration and character of the relationship, the motivation for seeking adoption or legal guardianship, and a statement from the child concerning placement and the adoption or legal guardianship, unless the child's age or physical, emotional, or other condition precludes his or her meaningful response, and if so, a description of the condition.

(F) An analysis of the likelihood that the child will be adopted if parental rights are terminated.

(G) In the case of an Indian child, in addition to subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, an assessment of the likelihood that the child will be adopted, when, in consultation with the child's tribe, a customary tribal adoption, as defined in Section 366.24, is recommended. If tribal customary adoption is recommended, the assessment shall include an analysis of both of the following:

(i) Whether tribal customary adoption would or would not be detrimental to the Indian child and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

(ii) Whether the Indian child cannot or should not be returned to the home of the Indian parent or Indian custodian and the reasons for reaching that conclusion.

(2) (A) A relative caregiver's preference for legal guardianship over adoption, if it is due to circumstances that do not include an unwillingness to accept legal or financial

responsibility for the child, shall not constitute the sole basis for recommending removal of the child from the relative caregiver for purposes of adoptive placement.

(B) A relative caregiver shall be given information regarding the permanency options of guardianship and adoption, including the long-term benefits and consequences of each option, prior to establishing legal guardianship or pursuing adoption.

(c) If, at any hearing held pursuant to Section 366.26, a guardianship is established for the minor with a relative, and juvenile court dependency is subsequently dismissed, the relative shall be eligible for aid under the Kin-GAP Program, as provided for in Article 4.5 (commencing with Section 11360) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 9.

(d) As used in this section, "relative" means an adult who is related to the minor by blood, adoption, or affinity within the fifth degree of kinship, including stepparents, stepsiblings, and all relatives whose status is preceded by the words "great," "great-great," or "grand," or the spouse of any of those persons even if the marriage was terminated by death or dissolution.

(e) The implementation and operation of subdivision (a) enacted at the 2005–06 Regular Session shall be subject to appropriation through the budget process and by phase, as provided in Section 366.35.

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted

SEC. 15. Section 366.26 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

366.26. (a) This section applies to children who are adjudged dependent children of the juvenile court pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 360. The procedures specified herein are the exclusive procedures for conducting these hearings; Part 2 (commencing with Section 3020) of Division 8 of the Family Code is not applicable to these proceedings. Section 8616.5 of the Family Code is applicable and available to all dependent children meeting the requirements of that section, if the postadoption contact agreement has been entered into voluntarily. For children who are adjudged dependent children of the juvenile court pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 360, this section and Sections 8604, 8605, 8606, and 8700 of the Family Code and Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 7660) of Part 3 of Division 12 of the Family Code specify the exclusive procedures for permanently terminating parental rights with regard to, or establishing legal guardianship of, the child while the child is a dependent child of the juvenile court. (b) At the hearing, which shall be held in juvenile court for all children who are dependents of the juvenile court, the court, in order to provide stable, permanent homes for these children, shall review the report as specified in Section 361.5, 366.21, 366.22, or 366.25, shall indicate that the court has read and considered it, shall receive other evidence that the parties may present, and then shall make findings and orders in the following order of preference:

(1) Terminate the rights of the parent or parents and order that the child be placed for adoption and, upon the filing of a petition for adoption in the juvenile court, order that a hearing be set. The court shall proceed with the adoption after the appellate rights of the natural parents have been exhausted.

(2) Order, without termination of parental rights, the plan of tribal customary adoption, as described in Section 366.24, through tribal custom, traditions, or law of the Indian child's tribe, and upon the court affording the tribal customary adoption order full faith and credit at the continued selection and implementation hearing, order that a hearing be set pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).

(3) Appoint a relative or relatives with whom the child is currently residing as legal guardian or guardians for the child, and order that letters of guardianship issue.

(4) On making a finding under paragraph (3) of subdivision (c), identify adoption or tribal customary adoption as the permanent placement goal and order that efforts be made to locate an appropriate adoptive family for the child within a period not to exceed 180 days.

(5) Appoint a nonrelative legal guardian for the child and order that letters of guardianship issue.

(6) Order that the child be placed in long-term foster care, subject to the periodic review of the juvenile court under Section 366.3.

In choosing among the above alternatives the court shall proceed pursuant to subdivision (c).

(c) (1) If the court determines, based on the assessment provided as ordered under subdivision (i) of Section 366.21, subdivision (b) of Section 366.22, or subdivision (b) of Section 366.25, and any other relevant evidence, by a clear and convincing standard, that it is likely the child will be adopted, the court shall terminate parental rights and order the child placed for adoption. The fact that the child is not yet placed in a preadoptive home nor with a relative or foster family who is prepared to adopt the child, shall not constitute a basis for the court to conclude that it is not likely the child will be adopted. A finding under subdivision (b) or paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) of Section 361.5 that reunification services shall not be offered, under subdivision (e) of Section 366.21 that the whereabouts of a parent have been unknown for six months or that the parent has failed to visit or contact the child for six months, or that the parent has been convicted of a felony indicating parental unfitness, or, under Section 366.21 or 366.22, that the court has continued to remove the child from the custody of the parent or guardian and has terminated reunification services, shall constitute a sufficient basis for termination of parental rights. Under these circumstances, the court shall terminate parental rights unless either of the following applies:

(A) The child is living with a relative who is unable or unwilling to adopt the child because of circumstances that do not include an unwillingness to accept legal or financial responsibility for the child, but who is willing and capable of providing the child with a stable and permanent environment through legal guardianship, and the removal of the child from the custody of his or her relative would be detrimental to the emotional well-being of the child. For purposes of an Indian child, "relative" shall include an "extended family member," as defined in the federal Indian Child Welfare Act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(2)).

(B) The court finds a compelling reason for determining that termination would be detrimental to the child due to one or more of the following circumstances:

(i) The parents have maintained regular visitation and contact with the child and the child would benefit from continuing the relationship.

(ii) A child 12 years of age or older objects to termination of parental rights.

(iii) The child is placed in a residential treatment facility, adoption is unlikely or undesirable, and continuation of parental rights will not prevent finding the child a permanent family placement if the parents cannot resume custody when residential care is no longer needed.

(iv) The child is living with a foster parent or Indian custodian who is unable or unwilling to adopt the child because of exceptional circumstances, that do not include an unwillingness to accept legal or financial responsibility for the child, but who is willing and capable of providing the child with a stable and permanent environment and the removal of the child from the physical custody of his or her foster parent or Indian custodian would be detrimental to the emotional well-being of the child. This clause does not apply to any child who is either (I) under six years of age or (II) a member of a sibling group where at least one child is under six years of age and the siblings are, or should be, permanently placed together. (v) There would be substantial interference with a child's sibling relationship, taking into consideration the nature and extent of the relationship, including, but not limited to, whether the child was raised with a sibling in the same home, whether the child shared significant common experiences or has existing close and strong bonds with a sibling, and whether ongoing contact is in the child's best interest, including the child's long-term emotional interest, as compared to the benefit of legal permanence through adoption.
(vi) The child is an Indian child and there is a compelling reason for determining that termination of parental rights would not be in the best interest of the child, including, but not limited to:

(I) Termination of parental rights would substantially interfere with the child's connection to his or her tribal community or the child's tribal membership rights.(II) The child's tribe has identified guardianship, long-term foster care with a fit and willing relative, tribal customary adoption, or another planned permanent living arrangement for the child.

(C) For purposes of subparagraph (B), in the case of tribal customary adoptions, Section 366.24 shall apply.

(D) If the court finds that termination of parental rights would be detrimental to the child pursuant to clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi), it shall state its reasons in writing or on the record.

(2) The court shall not terminate parental rights if:

(A) At each hearing at which the court was required to consider reasonable efforts or services, the court has found that reasonable efforts were not made or that reasonable services were not offered or provided.

(B) In the case of an Indian child:

(i) At the hearing terminating parental rights, the court has found that active efforts were not made as required in Section 361.7.

(ii) The court does not make a determination at the hearing terminating parental rights, supported by evidence beyond a reasonable doubt, including testimony of one or more "qualified expert witnesses" as defined in Section 224.6, that the continued custody of the child by the parent is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child.

(iii) The court has ordered tribal customary adoption pursuant to Section 366.24.
(3) If the court finds that termination of parental rights would not be detrimental to the child pursuant to paragraph (1) and that the child has a probability for adoption but is difficult to place for adoption and there is no identified or available prospective adoptive parent, the court may identify adoption as the permanent placement goal and without terminating parental rights, order that efforts be made to locate an appropriate adoptive family for the child, within the state or out of the state, within a period not to exceed 180 days. During this 180-day period, the public agency responsible for seeking adoptive parents for each child shall, to the extent possible, ask each child who is 10 years of age or older, to identify any individuals, other than the child's siblings, who are important to the child, in order to identify potential adoptive parents. The public agency may ask any other child to provide that information, as appropriate. During the 180-day period, the public agency shall, to the extent possible, contact other private and public adoption

agencies regarding the availability of the child for adoption. During the 180-day period, the public agency shall conduct the search for adoptive parents in the same manner as prescribed for children in Sections 8708 and 8709 of the Family Code. At the expiration of this period, another hearing shall be held and the court shall proceed pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), or (6) of subdivision (b). For purposes of this section, a child may only be found to be difficult to place for adoption if there is no identified or available prospective adoptive parent for the child because of the child's membership in a sibling group, or the presence of a diagnosed medical, physical, or mental handicap, or the child is seven years of age or more.

(4) (A) If the court finds that adoption of the child or termination of parental rights is not in the best interest of the child, because one of the conditions in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) or in paragraph (2) applies, the court shall either order that the present caretakers or other appropriate persons shall become legal guardians of the child order that the child remain in long-term foster care, or, in the case of an Indian child, consider a tribal customary adoption pursuant to Section 366.24. Legal guardianship shall be considered before long-term foster care, if it is in the best interests of the child and if a suitable guardian can be found. A child who is 10 years of age or older, shall be asked to identify any individuals, other than the child's siblings, who are important to the child, in order to identify potential guardians or, in the case of an Indian child, prospective tribal customary adoptive parents. The agency may ask any other child to provide that information, as appropriate.

(B) If the child is living with a relative or a foster parent who is willing and capable of providing a stable and permanent environment, but not willing to become a legal guardian, the child shall not be removed from the home if the court finds the removal would be seriously detrimental to the emotional well-being of the child because the child has substantial psychological ties to the relative caretaker or foster parents.

(C) The court shall also make an order for visitation with the parents or guardians unless the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the visitation would be detrimental to the physical or emotional well-being of the child.

(5) If the court finds that the child should not be placed for adoption, that legal guardianship shall not be established, and that there are no suitable foster parents except exclusive-use homes available to provide the child with a stable and permanent environment, the court may order the care, custody, and control of the child transferred from the county welfare department to a licensed foster family agency. The court shall consider the written recommendation of the county welfare director regarding the suitability of the transfer. The transfer shall be subject to further court orders. The licensed foster family agency shall place the child in a suitable licensed or exclusive-use home that has been certified by the agency as meeting licensing standards. The licensed foster family agency shall be responsible for supporting the child and providing appropriate services to the child, including those services ordered by the court. Responsibility for the support of the child shall not, in and of itself, create liability on the part of the foster family agency to third persons injured by the child. Those children whose care, custody, and control are transferred to a foster family agency shall not be

eligible for foster care maintenance payments or child welfare services, except for emergency response services pursuant to Section 16504.

(d) The proceeding for the appointment of a guardian for a child who is a dependent of the juvenile court shall be in the juvenile court. If the court finds pursuant to this section that legal guardianship is the appropriate permanent plan, it shall appoint the legal guardian and issue letters of guardianship. The assessment prepared pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 361.5, subdivision (i) of Section 366.21, subdivision (b) of Section 366.22, and subdivision (b) of Section 366.25 shall be read and considered by the court prior to the appointment, and this shall be reflected in the minutes of the court. The person preparing the assessment may be called and examined by any party to the proceeding.

(e) (1) The proceeding for the adoption of a child who is a dependent of the juvenile court shall be in the juvenile court if the court finds pursuant to this section that adoption is the appropriate permanent plan and the petition for adoption is filed in the juvenile court. Upon the filing of a petition for adoption, the juvenile court shall order that an adoption hearing be set. The court shall proceed with the adoption after the appellate rights of the natural parents have been exhausted. The full report required by Section 8715 of the Family Code shall be read and considered by the court prior to the adoption and this shall be reflected in the minutes of the court. The person preparing the report may be called and examined by any party to the proceeding. It is the intent of the Legislature, pursuant to this subdivision, to give potential adoptive parents the option of filing in the juvenile court. Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the filing of a petition for adoption in any other court as permitted by law, instead of in the juvenile court.

(2) In the case of an Indian child, if the Indian child's tribe has elected a permanent plan of tribal customary adoption, the court, upon receiving the tribal customary adoption order will afford the tribal customary adoption order full faith and credit to the same extent that the court would afford full faith and credit to the public acts, records, judicial proceedings, and judgments of any other entity. Upon a determination that the tribal customary adoption order may be afforded full faith and credit, consistent with Section 224.5, the court shall thereafter order a hearing to finalize the adoption be set upon the filing of the adoption petition. The prospective tribal customary adoptive parents and the child who is the subject of the tribal customary adoption petition shall appear before the court for the finalization hearing. The court shall thereafter issue an order of adoption pursuant to Section 366.24.

(3) If a child who is the subject of a finalized tribal customary adoption shows evidence of a developmental disability or mental illness as a result of conditions existing before the tribal customary adoption to the extent that the child cannot be relinquished to a licensed adoption agency on the grounds that the child is considered unadoptable, and of which condition the tribal customary adoptive parent or parents had no knowledge or notice before the entry of the tribal customary adoptive parent or parents with the juvenile court that granted the tribal customary adoption petition. If these facts are proved to the satisfaction of the juvenile court, it may make an order setting aside the tribal customary adoption order. The set aside petition shall be filed within five years of the issuance of the tribal customary adoption order. The court clerk shall immediately notify the child's tribe and the department in Sacramento of the petition within 60 days after the notice of filing of the petition. The department shall file a full report with the court and shall appear before the court for the purpose of representing the child. Whenever a final decree of tribal customary adoption has been vacated or set aside, the child shall be returned to the custody of the county in which the proceeding for tribal customary adoption was finalized. The biological parent or parents of the child may petition for return of custody. The disposition of the child after the court has entered an order to set aside a tribal customary adoption shall include consultation with the child's tribe.

(f) At the beginning of any proceeding pursuant to this section, if the child or the parents are not being represented by previously retained or appointed counsel, the court shall proceed as follows:

(1) In accordance with subdivision (c) of Section 317, if a child before the court is without counsel, the court shall appoint counsel unless the court finds that the child would not benefit from the appointment of counsel. The court shall state on the record its reasons for that finding.

(2) If a parent appears without counsel and is unable to afford counsel, the court shall appoint counsel for the parent, unless this representation is knowingly and intelligently waived. The same counsel shall not be appointed to represent both the child and his or her parent. The public defender or private counsel may be appointed as counsel for the parent.

(3) Private counsel appointed under this section shall receive a reasonable sum for compensation and expenses, the amount of which shall be determined by the court. The amount shall be paid by the real parties in interest, other than the child, in any proportions the court deems just.

However, if the court finds that any of the real parties in interest are unable to afford counsel, the amount shall be paid out of the general fund of the county.

(g) The court may continue the proceeding for a period of time not to exceed 30 days as necessary to appoint counsel, and to enable counsel to become acquainted with the case. (h) (1) At all proceedings under this section, the court shall consider the wishes of the child and shall act in the best interests of the child.

(2) In accordance with Section 349, the child shall be present in court if the child or the child's counsel so requests or the court so orders. If the child is 10 years of age or older and is not present at a hearing held pursuant to this section, the court shall determine whether the minor was properly notified of his or her right to attend the hearing and inquire as to the reason why the child is not present.

(3) (A) The testimony of the child may be taken in chambers and outside the presence of the child's parent or parents, if the child's parent or parents are represented by counsel, the counsel is present, and any of the following circumstances exists:

(i) The court determines that testimony in chambers is necessary to ensure truthful testimony.

(ii) The child is likely to be intimidated by a formal courtroom setting.

(iii) The child is afraid to testify in front of his or her parent or parents.

(B) After testimony in chambers, the parent or parents of the child may elect to have the court reporter read back the testimony or have the testimony summarized by counsel for the parent or parents.

(C) The testimony of a child also may be taken in chambers and outside the presence of the guardian or guardians of a child under the circumstances specified in this subdivision. (i) (1) Any order of the court permanently terminating parental rights under this section shall be conclusive and binding upon the child, upon the parent or parents and upon all other persons who have been served with citation by publication or otherwise as provided in this chapter. After making the order, the juvenile court shall have no power to set aside, change, or modify it, except as provided in paragraph (2), but nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right to appeal the order.

(2) A tribal customary adoption order evidencing that the Indian child has been the subject of a tribal customary adoption shall be afforded full faith and credit and shall have the same force and effect as an order of adoption authorized by this section. The rights and obligations of the parties as to the matters determined by the Indian child's tribe shall be binding on all parties. A court shall not order compliance with the order absent a finding that the party seeking the enforcement participated, or attempted to participate, in good faith, in family mediation services of the court or dispute resolution through the tribe regarding the conflict, prior to the filing of the enforcement action. (3) A child who has not been adopted after the passage of at least three years from the date the court terminated parental rights and for whom the court has determined that adoption is no longer the permanent plan may petition the juvenile court to reinstate parental rights pursuant to the procedure prescribed by Section 388. The child may file the petition prior to the expiration of this three-year period if the State Department of Social Services or licensed adoption agency that is responsible for custody and supervision of the child as described in subdivision (j) and the child stipulate that the child is no longer likely to be adopted. A child over 12 years of age shall sign the petition in the absence of a showing of good cause as to why the child could not do so. If it appears that the best interests of the child may be promoted by reinstatement of parental rights, the court shall order that a hearing be held and shall give prior notice, or cause prior notice to be given, to the social worker or probation officer and to the child's attorney of record, or, if there is no attorney of record for the child, to the child, and the child's tribe, if applicable, by means prescribed by subdivision (c) of Section 297. The court shall order the child or the social worker or probation officer to give prior notice of the hearing to the child's former parent or parents whose parental rights were terminated in the manner prescribed by subdivision (f) of Section 294 where the recommendation is adoption. The juvenile court shall grant the petition if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that the child is no longer likely to be adopted and that reinstatement of parental rights is in the child's best interest. If the court reinstates parental rights over a child who is under 12 years of age and for whom the new permanent plan will not be reunification with a parent or legal guardian, the court shall specify the factual basis for its findings

that it is in the best interest of the child to reinstate parental rights. This subdivision is intended to be retroactive and applies to any child who is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court at the time of the hearing regardless of the date parental rights were terminated.

(i) If the court, by order or judgment, declares the child free from the custody and control of both parents, or one parent if the other does not have custody and control, or declares the child eligible for tribal customary adoption, the court shall at the same time order the child referred to the State Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency for adoptive placement by the agency. However, except in the case of a tribal customary adoption where there is no termination of parental rights, a petition for adoption may not be granted until the appellate rights of the natural parents have been exhausted. The State Department of Social Services or licensed adoption agency shall be responsible for the custody and supervision of the child and shall be entitled to the exclusive care and control of the child at all times until a petition for adoption or tribal customary adoption is granted, except as specified in subdivision (n). With the consent of the agency, the court may appoint a guardian of the child, who shall serve until the child is adopted. (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the application of any person who, as a relative caretaker or foster parent, has cared for a dependent child for whom the court has approved a permanent plan for adoption, or who has been freed for adoption, shall be given preference with respect to that child over all other applications for adoptive placement if the agency making the placement determines that the child has substantial emotional ties to the relative caretaker or foster parent and removal from the relative caretaker or foster parent would be seriously detrimental to the child's emotional wellbeing.

As used in this subdivision, "preference" means that the application shall be processed and, if satisfactory, the family study shall be completed before the processing of the application of any other person for the adoptive placement of the child.

(l) (1) An order by the court that a hearing pursuant to this section be held is not appealable at any time unless all of the following apply:

(A) A petition for extraordinary writ review was filed in a timely manner.

(B) The petition substantively addressed the specific issues to be challenged and supported that challenge by an adequate record.

(C) The petition for extraordinary writ review was summarily denied or otherwise not decided on the merits.

(2) Failure to file a petition for extraordinary writ review within the period specified by rule, to substantively address the specific issues challenged, or to support that challenge by an adequate record shall preclude subsequent review by appeal of the findings and orders made pursuant to this section.

(3) The Judicial Council shall adopt rules of court, effective January 1, 1995, to ensure all of the following:

(A) A trial court, after issuance of an order directing a hearing pursuant to this section be held, shall advise all parties of the requirement of filing a petition for extraordinary writ review as set forth in this subdivision in order to preserve any right to appeal in these

issues. This notice shall be made orally to a party if the party is present at the time of the making of the order or by first-class mail by the clerk of the court to the last known address of a party not present at the time of the making of the order.

(B) The prompt transmittal of the records from the trial court to the appellate court.

(C) That adequate time requirements for counsel and court personnel exist to implement the objective of this subdivision.

(D) That the parent or guardian, or their trial counsel or other counsel, is charged with the responsibility of filing a petition for extraordinary writ relief pursuant to this subdivision.(4) The intent of this subdivision is to do both of the following:

(A) Make every reasonable attempt to achieve a substantive and meritorious review by the appellate court within the time specified in Sections 366.21, 366.22, and 366.25 for holding a hearing pursuant to this section.

(B) Encourage the appellate court to determine all writ petitions filed pursuant to this subdivision on their merits.

(5) This subdivision shall only apply to cases in which an order to set a hearing pursuant to this section is issued on or after January 1, 1995.

(m) Except for subdivision (j), this section shall also apply to minors adjudged wards pursuant to Section 727.31.

(n) (1) Notwithstanding Section 8704 of the Family Code or any other provision of law, the court, at a hearing held pursuant to this section or anytime thereafter, may designate a current caretaker as a prospective adoptive parent if the child has lived with the caretaker for at least six months, the caretaker currently expresses a commitment to adopt the child, and the caretaker has taken at least one step to facilitate the adoption process.

In determining whether to make that designation, the court may take into consideration whether the caretaker is listed in the preliminary assessment prepared by the county department in accordance with subdivision (i) of Section 366.21 as an appropriate person to be considered as an adoptive parent for the child and the recommendation of the State Department of Social Services or licensed adoption agency.

(2) For purposes of this subdivision, steps to facilitate the adoption process include, but are not limited to, the following:

(A) Applying for an adoption home study.

(B) Cooperating with an adoption home study.

(C) Being designated by the court or the licensed adoption agency as the adoptive family.

(D) Requesting de facto parent status.

(E) Signing an adoptive placement agreement.

(F) Engaging in discussions regarding a postadoption contact agreement.

(G) Working to overcome any impediments that have been identified by

the State Department of Social Services and the licensed adoption agency.

(H) Attending classes required of prospective adoptive parents.

(3) Prior to a change in placement and as soon as possible after a decision is made to remove a child from the home of a designated prospective adoptive parent, the agency shall notify the court, the designated prospective adoptive parent or the current caretaker, if that caretaker would have met the threshold criteria to be designated as a prospective

adoptive parent pursuant to paragraph (1) on the date of service of this notice, the child's attorney, and the child, if the child is 10 years of age or older, of the proposal in the manner described in Section 16010.6.

(A) Within five court days or seven calendar days, whichever is longer, of the date of notification, the child, the child's attorney, or the designated prospective adoptive parent may file a petition with the court objecting to the proposal to remove the child, or the court, upon its own motion, may set a hearing regarding the proposal. The court may, for good cause, extend the filing period. A caretaker who would have met the threshold criteria to be designated as a prospective adoptive parent pursuant to paragraph (1) on the date of service of the notice of proposed removal of the child may file, together with the petition under this subparagraph, a petition for an order designating the caretaker as a prospective adoptive parent for purposes of this subdivision.

(B) A hearing ordered pursuant to this paragraph shall be held as soon as possible and not later than five court days after the petition is filed with the court or the court sets a hearing upon its own motion, unless the court for good cause is unable to set the matter for hearing five court days after the petition is filed, in which case the court shall set the matter for hearing as soon as possible. At the hearing, the court shall determine whether the caretaker has met the threshold criteria to be designated as a prospective adoptive parent pursuant to paragraph (1), and whether the proposed removal of the child from the home of the designated prospective adoptive parent is in the child's best interest, and the child may not be removed from the home of the designated prospective adoptive parent unless the court finds that removal is in the child's best interest. If the court determines that the caretaker did not meet the threshold criteria to be designated as a prospective adoptive parent on the date of service of the notice of proposed removal of the child, the petition objecting to the proposed removal filed by the caretaker shall be dismissed. If the caretaker was designated as a prospective adoptive parent prior to this hearing, the court shall inquire into any progress made by the caretaker towards the adoption of the child since the caretaker was designated as a prospective adoptive parent.

(C) A determination by the court that the caretaker is a designated prospective adoptive parent pursuant to paragraph (1) or subparagraph (B) does not make the caretaker a party to the dependency proceeding nor does it confer on the caretaker any standing to object to any other action of the department or licensed adoption agency, unless the caretaker has been declared a de facto parent by the court prior to the notice of removal served pursuant to paragraph (3).

(D) If a petition objecting to the proposal to remove the child is not filed, and the court, upon its own motion, does not set a hearing, the child may be removed from the home of the designated prospective adoptive parent without a hearing.

(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), if the State Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency determines that the child must be removed from the home of the caretaker who is or may be a designated prospective adoptive parent immediately, due to a risk of physical or emotional harm, the agency may remove the child from that home and is not required to provide notice prior to the removal. However, as soon as possible and not longer than two court days after the removal, the agency shall notify the court,

the caretaker who is or may be a designated prospective adoptive parent, the child's attorney, and the child, if the child is 10 years of age or older, of the removal. Within five court days or seven calendar days, whichever is longer, of the date of notification of the removal, the child, the child's attorney, or the caretaker who is or may be a designated prospective adoptive parent may petition for, or the court on its own motion may set, a noticed hearing pursuant to paragraph (3). The court may, for good cause, extend the filing period.

(5) Except as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 366.28, an order by the court issued after a hearing pursuant to this subdivision shall not be appealable.

(6) Nothing in this section shall preclude a county child protective services agency from fully investigating and responding to alleged abuse or neglect of a child pursuant to Section 11165.5 of the Penal Code.

(7) The Judicial Council shall prepare forms to facilitate the filing of the petitions described in this subdivision, which shall become effective on January 1, 2006.

(o) The implementation and operation of the amendments to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (c) enacted at the 2005–06 Regular Session shall be subject to appropriation through the budget process and by phase, as provided in Section 366.35.

(p) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.