SUPREME COURT COPY

Case No. S183703

SUPREME COURT

FEB - 1 2011

Frederick K. Ohlrich Clerk

Deputy

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALLAN PARKS

Plaintiff and Appellant,

vs.

MBNA AMERICA BANK, N.A.,

Defendant and Respondent

After Decision by Fourth District - Division Three Court of Appeal (Case No. Go40798) Reversing Judgment by Orange County Superior Court (Case No. o4CCo0598), The Honorable Gail S. Andler Presiding

PLAINTIFF/APPELLANT'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE [NO. 1]

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Telephone: (858) 674-4100 Facsimile: (858) 674-4222

Attorney for Plaintiff/Appellant Allan Parks

I. <u>Motion to Take Judicial Notice of the NBA, As Originally Enacted</u>

Under California Rules of Court, Rules 8.520(g), 8.252 and 8.54 and Evidence Code Sections 459, Plaintiff/Appellant Allan Parks ("Parks") requests that the Supreme Court take judicial notice of the content of the National Bank Act, as originally enacted, February 25, 1863, Sess. 3, Ch. 67 (the "NBA"), and the fact that the NBA contained no provisions whatsoever regulating the operational activities of national banks.

A true and correct copy of the National Bank Act, as originally enacted, February 25, 1863, Sess. 3, Ch. 67, 12 Stat. 695, is attached hereto as Exhibit 1. Parks cites to this Request for Judicial Notice in his January 31, 2011 Answer Brief on the Merits.

The contents of the NBA when originally enacted, and the fact that it contained no provisions regulating the operational activities of national banks (e.g., the requirements for formation of contracts with the banks, the rights and remedies flowing from transactions with the banks, etc.), are relevant because: (1) it demonstrates that Congress intended that national banks' operational activities would be regulated by State law; and (2) it refutes MBNA's contention, in its Opening Brief on the Merits, that national banking has always been the subject of comprehensive federal regulation.

During the trial court and court of appeal proceedings, Parks did not request that the trial court take judicial notice of this fact.

II. <u>Memorandum Of Points & Author</u>ities

Reviewing courts "may take judicial notice of any matter specified in [Evidence Code] Section 452." Evidence Code §459(a). Under Evidence Code Section 452, judicial notice may be taken of "legislative enactments issued by ... the authority of the United States" and "official acts of the legislative ... department of the United States." Evid.

¹ As utilized herein, and in Plaintiff/Appellant's Answer Brief on the Merits, "operation activities" refers to a bank's formation of contracts and transactions with its customers, including the rights, obligations, and remedies attached to the formation of those agreements and performance of those transactions.

Code §452(b), (c). Because the NBA is a statute enacted by Congress, judicial notice is appropriate.

LAW OFFICE OF MICHAEL R. VACHON, ESQ. Attorney for Plaintiff/Appellant Allan Parks

Date: January 31, 2011

Michael R. Vachon, Esq.

III. <u>Declaration of Michael R. Vachon, Esq. in Support of Motion to Take</u> <u>Judicial Notice</u>

I, Michael R. Vachon, Esq., declare:

- 1. I am over 18 years of age, and an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of California. I am the attorney of record for Plaintiff/Appellant Allan Parks, and have represented him at all times during this litigation (including during the trial court and court of appeal proceedings). Except as otherwise stated, I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein and, if called as a witness, could and would competently testify to such facts.
- 2. A true and correct copy of the National Bank Act, as originally enacted, February 25, 1863, Sess. 3, Ch. 67, 12 Stat. 695, is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

On penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, I declare that the facts stated in this declaration are true.

Date: January 31, 2011

Michael R. Vachon, Esq.

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the point where the southwest corner of the Territory of Colorado joins the northern boundary of the Territory of New Mexico to the southern boundary line of said Territory of New Mexico be, and the name is hereby, erected into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Arizona: Provided, That nothing contained in the provisions of this act shall be construed to prohibit the Congress of the United States from berealter dividing said Territory or changing its boundaries in such manner and at such time as it may deem proper: Provided, further, That mid govern ment shall be maintained and continued until such time as the people re-museut to siding in said Territory shall, with the consent of Congress, form a State min until, &c. government, republican in form, as prescribed in the Compitation of the United States, and apply for and obesin admission into the Union as a

State, on an equal footing with the original States.

Sec. 2. And he is further secreted. That the government hereby as-Government, thorised shall consist of an executive, legislative, and judicial power, executive, legislative, and judicial power, executive, legislative, and in a governor. The legislative latite, ledicial power shall consist of a council of nine members, and a house of representations. sentatives of eightees. The judicial power shall be vested in a supreme court, to consist of three judges, and such inferior courts as the legislative a district attorney, and a surveyor-general for said Territory, who, appointed be together with the governor and judges of the supreme court, shall be appointed by the President; by and with the surveyor and judges of the supreme court, shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Somate, and the term of office: for each, the manner of their appointment, and the powers, duties, and the compensation of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the supreme court, secretary, marshal, district attorney, and surveyor general aforesaid, with their clerks, draughtaman, depution, and sergeam-at-arms, shall be such as are conferred upon the same officers by the act organizing the Territorial government of New Mexico, which aubirdinate officers shall be appointed in the same manner, and not exceed in member those created by said act; and acts amendatory Acts governing therein, together with all legislative concernents of the Territory of New tended to this ter-Mexico not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are bereby excitory, tended to and continued in force in the said Territory of Arizona, until repeated or amended by future legislation: Provided, That no salary shall be due or paid the officers created by this act until they have cutered upon the duties of their respective offices within the said Territory.

SEC. 3. And be it further exacted, That there shall neither be alavery. Sharey not to that involuntary pervitude in the said Territory, otherwise toan in the exist therein. punishment of crimes, whereof the parties shall have been duly convioled; and all acts and parts of acts, subser of Congress or of the Terretory of New Maxion, establishing, regulating, or in any way recognizing the relation of master and slave in said Territory, are hereby repeated.

APPROVED, Pebruary 24, 1863.

Boundaries.

Care. LVIII. — As Act to provide a national Currency, secured by a Pladge of United Sound to present for the Constation and Redemption thereof.

Be it endeded by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That there shall be established in the Treasury Department a separate bareau, which shall be charged rootwith the execution of this and all other laws that may be passed by Congress respecting the issue and regulation of a national currency secured by United States bonds. The chief officer of the said bureau shall be denominated the comptroller of the currency, and shall be under the Comptroller of general direction of the S-cretary of the Treasury. He shall be ap-summer a pointed by the President, on the nomination of the Secretary of the pointment; term; Treasury, by and with the advice and consent of the Secretary and challenge. Pressury, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and aball hold his office for the term of five years unless sooner remoted by the

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President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; he shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars; he shall have a competent deputy, appointed by the Secretary, whose salary shall be two thousand five hundred dölkers, and who shall possess the power and perform the duties attached by law to the office of comptroller during a vacancy in such office, and during his absence or inability; he shall employ, from time to time, the measurary clerks to discharge such duties as he shall direct, which clerks shall be appointed and classified by the Secretary of the Treasury in the manner now provided by law. Within filteen days from the time of notice of his appointment, the comptroller shall take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the United States; and be shall give to the United States a bond in the penalty of one hundred thousand dollars, with not less than two responsible freeholders as sureties, to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office. The deputy comptroller so appointed shall also take the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and shall give a like bond in the penalty of fifty thousand dollars. comptroller and deputy comptroller shall not, either directly or indirectly, be interested in any association issuing national currency under the provisions of this act. Sec. 2. And he it further exacted. That the comptroller of the cur-

Seal of office.

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avidence.

rency, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall devise a seal, with anitable inscriptions, for his office, a description of which, with a certificate of approval by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be filed in the office of the Sceretary of State with an impression thereof, which shall thereupon become the seal of office of the comptroller of the currency, and the same may be renewed when necessary. Every certificate, assignment, and conveyance executed by the compittoller, in pursuance of any authority conferred on him by law, and scaled with his seal of office, shall be received in evidence in all places and courts whatsnever; and all copies of papers in the office of the comptroller, certified by him and authenticated by the said seal, shall in all cases be evidence equally impression may and in like manner as the original. An impression of such seal directly

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Rooms in Treasmy building for

Suc. 3. And to it further enocted, That there shall be assigned to the comptroller of the currency by the Secretary of the Tressury suitable rooms in the treasury building for conducting the business of the ourwhich it shall be the duty of the comptroller to deposit and safely keep all the plates and other valuable things belonging to his department; and the comptroller shall from time to time furnish the necessary furniture, studionery, fuel, lights, and other proper conveniences for the transaction of the said husiness.

on the paper shall be as valid as if made on wax or water.

" United States

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That the term "United States bonds," in mean bonds," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean all coupon and registered bonds now issued or that may be realler be insured on the faith of the United States by the Secretary of the Treasury in pursuance of

Lianting associacloss, how formed.

Sicc. 5. And be it further enacted. That associations for carrying on the business of banking may be formed by any number of persons, not less in any case than fire.

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Sec. 6. And he it further encoded, That persons uniting to form such so sesociation shall, under their learn's and reals, make a certificate which

First. The name assumed by such association.

Second. The place where its operations of discount and deposite are to be carried on; designating the State, Territory, or district, and also the particular city, town, or village.

Third. The amount of its capital stock, and the number of shares into which the same shall be divided; which capital stock shall not be less than fifty thousand dollars; and in cities whose population is over ten thousand persons, the capital stock shall not be less than one hundred thousand dollars.

Fourth. The names and places of residence of the shareholders, and the number of abares held by each of them.

Fifth. The time when such association shall commence.

Sixth. A decimation that said certificate is made to enable such per-

sons to avail themselves of the advantages of this act.

The said crrtificate shall be acknowledged before a judge of some Caratesta to be court of record or a notary public, and the acknowledgement thereof acknowledged, certified under the seal of such court or notary, and shall be transmitted, served is offered together with a copy of the articles of association which shall have been compareller. adopted to the comparoller of the currency, who shall record and carefully preserve the same in his office. Copies of such certificate, duly certified by the comptroller, and authenticated by his seal of office, shall capter. be legal and sufficient evidence in all courts and places within the United States, or the jurisdiction of the Government thereof, of the existence of such association, and of every other matter or thing which could be proved by the production of the original certificate.

SDC. 7. And be it further enacted, That at least thirty per centum of the capital stock of such association shall be paid in at the time of the how paid in. commencement of its banking business, and the remainder of the capital stock of such association shall be paid in instalments of at least ten per centum each on the whole amount to which the association shall be limited, as frequently as one instalment at the end of each succeeding two months from the time of the commencement of its banking operations,

until the whole of the capital stock shall be paid in.

SEO. S. And be it firsther exacted, That if may charabolder, or his as- stock of delinsignee, shall full to pay any instalment on the stock when the same is quest done required by the foregoing section to be paid, the directors of such association may sell the stock held by such delinquent shareholder, at public Mose of sile. auction, having given three weeks' previous notice thereof in a newspaper published and of general circulation in the city where the association is located, if the same be located in a city, and if not no located, then in a newspaper printed, or of general circulation, in the county where the same is located, to any person who will pay the highest price therefor, and not less than the amount then due thereon, with the expenses of advertisament and sale; and the excess, if any, shall be paid to the delinquent shareholder. If no bidder can be found who will pay for such stock the amount due thereon to the association, and the costs of advertisement and sale, the amount previously paid shall be forfeited to the association, and such stock may subsequently be sold as the directors muy

SEC. 9. And he it further enacted, That whenever a certificate shall have been transmitted to the comptroller of the currency, as provided in a requisitions of this set, and the association transmitting the same shall notify the comp-this set are controller that at least thirty per centum of its capital stock has been paid as and with aforessid, and that such association has examplied with all the provisions of this act required to be compaled with before such association shall be nutherized to commence the business of banking and that such association is desirous of commencing such business, the comptroller shall immediately proceed, in such manner as he shall by general rules prescribe, to examine the condition of such association; to ascertain especially the amount of money paid in on account of its capital stock; the name and place of residence of each of the directors of such association, and the amount of the capital stock of which each is the bone fide owner, and generally whether such association has complied with all the require-

Authenticated

or may be sold.

Comptroller to

ments of this act to entitle it to engage in the business of banking; and shall cause to be made, and attested by the oaths of a majority of the directors and by the president or cashier of such association, a statement of all the facts necessary to enable the comptroller to determine whether such association is lawfully entitled to commence the business of banking under this act.

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SEC. 10. And he it further enacted, That il, upon a careful examination of the facts so reported, and of any other facts which may come to the knowledge of the comptroller, whether by means of a special commission appointed by him for the purpose of inquiring into the condition of such association, or otherwise, it shall appear that such association is lawfully entitled to commence the business of banking, the comptroller shall give to such association a certificate under his hand and official seal, showing that such association has complied with all the provisions of this act required to be complied with before being entitled to commence the business of bunking under it, and that such association is authorized to commence said business accordingly; and it shall be the duty of such association to cause said certificate to be published in some newspaper, published in the city or county where such association is located, for at least sixty days next after the issuing thereof: Provided, That if no newspaper is published in such city or county, such certificate shall be published as the comptroller of the currency shall direct.

Certificate to be mublished.

Association may have com-BOOK BEEL, WHERE, and continue not over twenty

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Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That every association formed pursuant to the provisions of this act may make and use a common seal, and shall have succession by the name designated in its articles of same ciation and for the period limited therein, not, however, exceeding twenty years from the passage of this act; by such name may make contracts, sue and be soed, complain and defend in any court of law or equity as fully as natural persons, and may make by-laws, approved by the comptroller of the currency, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States or the provisions of this set, for the election of directors, the management of its property, the regulation of its affairs, and for the transfer of its stock; and shall have power to carry on the business of banking by obtaining and leading circulating notes in accordance with the provisions of this set; by discounting bills, notes, and other evidences of debt; by receiving deposits; by buying and selling gold and silver bullion, foreign coins, and bills of exchange; by losning money on real and personal security, in the manner specified in their articles of association, for the purposes authorized by this act, and by exercising such incidental powers as shall be necessary to earry on such husiness; to choose one of their number as president of such association, and to appoint a cashier and such Dusiness, where other officers and agents as their business may require; and to remove such president, cashier, officers, and agents at pleasure, and appoint others in their place; and their usual business shall be transacted in banking offices located at the places specified respectively in its certificate of secuciation, and not elsewhere.

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SEC. 12. And be it further enacted. That the shares of associations formed under this act shall be deemed personal property, and shall be transferable on the books of the association in such manner as may be prescribed in the by-laws or articles of association; and every person becoming a shareholder by such transfer shall, in proportion to his shares, succeed to all the rights and liabilities of the prior holder of such shares; and no change shall be made in the articles of association by which the rights, remodies, or security of the existing greditors of the association thall be impaired. For all debts, contracted by such association for circulation, deposits, or otherwise, each shareholder shall be liable to the amount, at their par value, of the slures held by him in addition to the amount invested in such shares.

SEC. 13. And be it further enorsed. That it shall be lawful for any

association formed under this act, by its articles of association, to provide for an increase of its expital from time to time as may be deemed expedient, subject to the limitations of this act; but no such increase shall be rabid until the increased capital shall be paid in, and notice thereof shall have been transmitted in the comproller of the currency, and his certificate obtained, specifying the amount of such increase of capital stock, and that the same has been duly paid to such association.

SEC. 14. And be it further exacted. That it shall be inwind for any Real edute of such association to purchase, hold, and convey real estate as follows:

First. Such as shall be necessary for its immediate accuramodation in

the transaction of its besiness.

Second. Such as shall be mortgaged to it in good fight by way of some rity for houns made by such association, or for moneys due thereto.

Third. Such as shall be conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts pre-

viously contracted in the course of its dealings.

Fourth. Such as it shall purchase at sales under judgments, decreas, or mortgages held by such association.

Such association shall not purplesse or hold real exists in any other

case or for any other purpose than as specified in this section.

Sec. 15. And to it further enacted, That every association, after having complied with the provisions of this net preliminary to the commence-ing complied with the provisions of this net preliminary to the commence-ing leading business under its provisions, shall transfer and deliver ass, termsfer to to the treasurer of the United States may United States hands bearing treasurer United interest to an amount not less than one third of the control street raid to States bonds. interest to an amount not less than one third of the capital stock paid in : which bonds shall be deposited with the frequency of the United Strict. and by him safely kept in his office until the same shall be otherwise dis posed of in pursuance of the provisions of this act

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted. That upon the making of any such and shall be transfer and delivery, the association making the came shall be entitled minet per can-to receive from the compinality of the currency circulating notes of dif- of their executferent deterministions, in blank, registered and countersigned as herein value is checkafter provided, equal in amount to muchy per centam of the current mar notes. het value of the United States bonds so transferred and delivered, but not exceeding the par value thereof, if bearing interest at the rate of six per centum, or of equivalent United States bonds bearing a less rate of interest; and at no time shall the total unional of such notes, issued to any such association, exerced the appoint at such time actually paid in of its espilal zock.

Sec. 17. And be if further enacted, That the entire amount of circu-term of direclating notes to be issued under this act shall not exceed three handred him notes millions of dollars. One hundred and hity millions of which same shall not so exceed be apportunted to associations in the States, in the District of Columbia, 1200,000,000. and in the Territories, according to representative population, and the remainder shall be apportioned by the Secretary of the Treasury among associations formed in the several States, in the District of Columbia, and performed in the Territories, having due regard to the existing hanking capital,

resources, and business, of such States, District, and Territories.
Sec. 18. And be it further enocied, That, in order to furnish suitable. Chemining notes for circulation, the comptroller of the ourrency is hereby nother votes, how ised and required, under the direction of the Bearctary of the Treasury, to cause places to be engrated in the best manner to guard against coursterfeiting and frundulent afterations, and to have printed therefrom, and numbered, such quantity of circulating notes, in blank, of the decomingtions of five declars, ten dollars, twenty dollars, fifty dollars, one bundred dollars, are hundred dollars, and one thousand dollars, as may be required to supply, under this act, the essociations artified to receive the same; which potes shall express upon their face that they are somed by United States bonds, deposited with the treasurer of the United States, and Pres what issued under the provisions of this act, which statement shall be attraced

Accordations.

How to be up-

by the written or engraved signatures of the treasurer and register, and by the imprint of the seal of the treasury; and shall also express upon their face the promise of the association receiving the same, to pay on demand, attested by the signatures of the president, or vice-president, and cashier; and the said notes thall bear such devices and such other statements, and shall be in such form, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by regulation, direct.

Plates and dies ber.

COUNTY TOOMS

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Bonds trans ferred at security for circulation, to have the thet stated thereon.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted. Tout the plates and special dies to be under con- to be precured by the comptroller of the currency for the printing of such dreulating notes shall remain under his control and direction, and the expenses recessarily incurred in executing the provisions of this act respecting the procuring of such notes, shall be audited and paid as contingent expenses of the Treasury Department; and for the purpose of Expense of pro- reimbursing the same, and all other expenses incurred under this act, and in lieu of all taxes upon the circulation authorized by this act, or upon Each smocketon the bonds deposited for the security of the name, such association organto per somally ized under this act shall semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, after its organization, pay to the comptroller of the currency, in lawful money of the United States, one per centure on the amount of circulating notes received by such association, and in default thereof, the treasurer of the United States is hereby authorized to reserve and retain one per centum on the amount of said bonds so deposited, at each sensiannual payment of interest thereon; and all sums so reserved and retained shall be paid into the treasury under the direction of the Secre-Stanks, i.e., not tary, and every bank, banking association, or corporation, not organized organized under under the provisions of this act, issuing unles calculated or intended to circulate as money, shall, on the first day of July next, and regularly on the first days of January and July thereafter, make and deliver to the compared of the correscy a true and accurate return of the gross amount of notes issued by it, whether in circulation, or in its vanits, or on Finally for de deposit alsowhere, and in default of any such return, the bank, banking association, or corporation so failing to make return, shell pay to the United States a panalty of two per centum upon its entire capital stock, to be recovered, for the use of the United States, in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That after any such association the currency on shall have caused its promise to pay such notes on demand to be signed by the president or vice-president and cushior thereof, in such manner as to make them obligatory promissory notes, payable on domand, at its place of business, such expeciation is hereby anthorized to impe and circuto be received have the same as money; and the same shall be received at par in all tept doller, and parts of the United States in payment of taxes, excises, public lands, and to be past for all other dues to the United States, except for duties on imports, and siso except interest on all calaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations, and associations within the United States, except interest on public debt; and no such association shall issue post notes, or any other notes to circulate so money, than such as are outher-

ized by the foregoing provisions of this act.
Sec. 21. And is it further enacted, That all transfers of United States bonds which shall be made by any association as security for circulating notes under the provisions of this act, shall be made to the treasurer of the United States, with a memorandum written or printed on the ourtilicate of such bonds, and signed by the cashier, or some other officer of the association making the deposit, stating that it is held in trust for the association on whose bohalf such transfer is made, and as recurity for the redemption and payment of the circulating notes delivered to such asso-Howtensdered, ciation; and no transfer of any such bonds by the treasurer shall be deemed valid, or of binding force and effect, unless sanctioned by the order or request of the comptroller of the currency upon the treasurer

It shall be the duty of the comptroller of the currency to keep in his Resent of transoffice a book in which shall be entered the name of every association has to contain from whose account such transfer of bonds is made by the treasurer, and the name of the party to whom such transfer is made, unless such transfor is made in blank, in which case the fact shall be stated in said book, and in either case the par value of the bonds so transferred shall be entered therein; and it shall be the duty of the comptroller, immedi- Duty of compately upon countersigning and entering the same, to advise by mail the troller. association from whose account such transfer was made, the kind of bonds

and the amount thereof so transferred.

SEC. 22. And be it further enocied, That it shall be the duty of the Duty of compression and enter in the book, in the indix. manner aforesaid, every transfer or assignment of any bonds held by the treasurer presented for his signature; and the comptroller shall have Comptellir and at all times during office hours access to the books of the treasurer, for treasurer the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the transfer or assignment other books. presented to him to countersign; and the treasurer shall have the like access to the book above mentioned, kept by the compireller, during

office hours to ascertain the correctness of the entries in the same.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of either Some officer of the president or cashier of every banking association having stocks such banking association baving stocks sociation to asdeposited in the office of the treasurer of the United States, once or sociation to ex-more in each facel year, and at such time or times during the ordinary boads and combusiness hours as said officer or officers may select, to examine and com- the books of the pare the bonds so pledged with the books of said Department, and, if department. found correct, to execute to the said treasurer a certificate actting forth the different kinds and the amounts thereof, and that the same are in the possession and custody of the treasurer at the date of such estitionare. Such examination may be made by an agent of such association, duly appointed in writing for that purpose, whose certificate before mentioned shall be of like force and validity as if executed by such president or

Sec. 24. And be it further enacted, That every association itsuing association to circulating notes under the provisions of this act, shall make a quarterly report quarterly report to the comptroller of the currency commencing on the first day inder out. of the quarter of the year next succeeding the organization of such association, and continuing on the first days of each succeeding quarter in every year thereafter, which report shall be verified by the oath or aftirmation of the president and cashier, and all wilful false swearing in respect to such report shall be perjury, and subject to the positionent presembed by law for such offence. The report hereby required shall be in Contents of rethe form prescribed by the comptroller, and shall contain a true state-port. ment of the condition of the americation making such report, before the transaction of any business on the morning of the day specified, next precading the date of such report, in respect of the following items and particulars, to wit: Loans and discounts, overdrafts due from banks, amount due from the directors of the association, real estate, specie, each items, stocks, bands, and promissory notes, bills of solvent banks, bills of surpendud banks, loss and expense account, capital, circulation, profits, amount due to banks, amount due to individuals and exciperations other than banks, amount doe the treasurer of the United States, amount due to depositors on demand, amount due, not included under either of the above heads. And it shall be the duty of the compiroller to publish full Ameracus of reabstracts of such reports together in two newspapers to be designated by poem to be pubhim for that purpose, one in the city of Washington and the other in the listed. city of New York, exhibiting the items of capital, circulation, and depos- separate reits, specie and each items, public securities and private securities; and post of each sethe separate report of each association shall be published in a newspaper published is local published in the place where such association is established, or, if there is repair

Associations in larger cities to publish reports mostilly.

be no newspaper at such place, then in a newspaper published at the capital of the State, at the expense of the association making such report. In addition to the quarterly reports required by this section, every association located and doing business in the cities of Boston, Providence, New York, Philadelphia. Baltimore, Cinchmati, Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans, shall publish, or cause to be published, on the morning of the first Tuesday in each month, in a newspaper printed in the city is which the association making such report is located, to be designated by the comptroller of the currency, a statement, under the oath of the president or easier, showing the condition of the association making such statement, on the morning of the day next preceding the date of such statement, in respect to the following items and particulars, to wit: average amount of logans and discounts, specie, deposits, and circulation.

Upon failure to redoem its circulation, bolder may probest the name, unless, doz.

Association not afterwards to continue banking business.

Provins.

Upon notice of such failure to pedense, comparedfor to acceptant the fact.

If anished of such failure, he shall dedute the bands pledged to be forbited, and hotify halders of hotas to present these for payresult.

Sec. 25. And be it further errocted, That if any each association shall, at any time full to redeem, in the lawful money of the United States, any of its circulating notes, when payment thereof shall be lawfully demanded, during the usual boars of business, at the office of such association, the holder may cause the same to be protested, in one package, by a notary public, unless the president or ossider of the association shall offer to waive demand and notice of the protest, and shall, in pursuance of such offer, make, sign, and deliver to the party making such demand an admission in writing, stating the time of the demand, the amount demanded, and the fact of the non-payment thereof; and such notary public, on making such protest, or upon receiving such admission, shall forthwith forward such admission or notice of protest to the comptroller of the currency; and after such default it shall not be lawful for the association suffering the same to pay out any of its notes, discount any notes or bills, or otherwise prosecute the business of banking, except to receive and rafely keep money belonging to it, and to deliver special deposits: Provided, however, That if satisfactory proof he produced to such notary public that the payment of any such notes is restrained by order of any court of competent jurisdiction, such notary public shull not protect the same; and when the holder of such notes shall cause more than one note or package to be protested on the same day, he shall not receive pay for haure than one protest

SEC. 26. And he it further endeded. That on receiving notice that any such association has failed to redeem any of its circulating notes, as specified in the next preceding section, the comptroller of the currency, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, may appoint a special agent, (of whose appointment immediate notice abuil be given to such association,) who shall immediately proceed to ascertain whether such association has refused to pay its circulating notes, in the lawful money of the United States, when demanded as aforemid, and report to the comperofler the facts so ascertained; and if, from such protest or the reports so made, the comptroller shall be satisfied that such association has refused to pay its circulating notes as aforesaid, and is in default, he shall, within thirty days after he shall have received notice of such failure, declare the United Sources borsile and securities pledged by such association forfeited to the United States, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited accordingly; and thereupon the comptroller shall immediately give notice, in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by general rules or otherwise, direct, to the holders of the circulating notes of such association to present them for payment at the tressury of the United States; and the same shall be paid as presented, whereupon said comperation may, to his discretion, carroll an equal amount of the bonds pledged by such association, equal at current market rates, not exceeding par, to the notes paid; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury, from time to time, to make such regulations respecting the disposition to be made of such cir-Calating notes after presentation thereof for normani as afterested and as

specing the perpetuation of the evidence of the payment thereof, as may seem to him proper; but all such notes, on being paid, shall be cancelled; and for any deficiency in the proceeds of the bonds pledged by such asreciation, when disposed of an hereinafter specified, to reimburse to the United States the amount so expended in paying the circulating notes of such association, the United States shall have a first and paramount hen upon all the assets of such association, and such deficiency shall be made good out of such assets in preference to any and all other claims whatsoever, except the necessary costs and expenses of administering the RRIMO.

SEC. 27. And be it further enceted, That whenever the comptroller Instead of contrall become satisfied, as in the last preceding section specified, that any reling the boards of the contral of the cont such association has refused to pay its circulating notes as therein necessell dum at pultioned, he may, instead of cancelling the United States bonds pledged by he surtim, such association, as provided in the next preceding section, cause so much of them as may be necessary to redeem the outstanding circulating notes of such association to be sold at public ancion in the city of New York, after giving thirty days' notice of such asle to such association.

SEC. 28. And be it further enacted. That the comptroller of the curreacy may, if he shall be of opinion that the interests of the United States will be best promoted thereby, sell at private sale any of the stock so transferred to him by such association, and receive therefor either money or the circulating notes of such failing association: Provided, That no such bonds shall be sold by private onle for less than the par, nor less than parthan the market value thereof at the time of sale. And provided further, That no sakes of any such stock, either public or private, shall be complete place. until the transfer thereof shall have been made with the formalities preseribed in this act.

Sec. 29: And be it further enacted. That on becoming natiofied, as Companyther specified in this set, that any such association has refused to pay its circu- may oppoint a selating notes as therein mentioned, and is in default, the comptsoller of the currency may forthwith appoint a receiver, and require of him such bend and security as he shall deem proper, who, under the direction of the comptroller, shall take possession of the books, records, and assets of to seek one every description of such association, collect all debts, dues, and claims belonging to such association, and, upon the order of a court of record of competent jurisdiction, may sell or compound all had or doubtful debts, and, on a like order, soil all the real and personal property of such association, on each terms as the court shall direct; and such receiver shall pay over all moneys so made to the treasurer of the United States, and also make report to the comptroller of the currency of all his acts and proceedings. The comptroller shall thereupon cause natice to be given, by advertisement in such newspapers as he may direct, for three consecutive months, calling on all persons who may have claims against such association to present the same, and to make legal proof thereof; and from time to time the comptroller, after full provision shall have been first made for refunding to the United States any such deficiency in redeeming the notes of such association as is mentioned in this act, shall make a satable dividead of the moneys so paid over to him by such receiver on all such claims as may have been so proved or adjudicated in a court of competent jurisdiction, and from time to time, as the proceeds of the assets of such association shall be paid over to him, he shall make further dividends, as aforesaid on all claims previously proved or adjudicated; and the remainder of such proceeds, if any, shall be paid over to the shareholders of such association, or their legal representatives, in proportion to the stock by them respectively held: Provided, however, That if any such association, mingfallese may against which proceedings have been so instituted on account of any al- apply to court for leged refusal to redeem its circulating notes as aforesaid, shall deny have have the inner ing failed to do so, such association may at any time within ten days after taid.

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such association shall have been notified of the appointment of an agent, as provided in this act, apply to the nearest circuit, or district, or territorial court of the United States, to cojoin further proceeding in the premises; and such court, after citing the comptroller of the currency to show cause why further proceedings should not be enjoined, and after the decision of the court or finding of a jury that such association has not refused to redeem its circulating notes, when legally presented, in the lawful money of the United States, shall make an order enjoining the comptroller, and any receiver acting under his direction, from all further procyclings on account of such alleged refusal.

Bonds transfer-

Interest.

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Suc. 20. And be it further enacted, That the bonds transferred to the treasurer of the United States, as hereinbefore provided, by any bankmay be sent expurpose, until &c. classively for that purpose, until such notes shall be redeemed, except as provided in this net; but the compredier of the correspy may give to any such banking association powers of attorney to receive and appropriate to its own use the interest on the bonds which shall have been so May be surrow transferred to the trensurer by it; but such powers shall become inopera-dural on cancel-ling creaturing. notes as aforestid; and said comptroller may direct the return of any of said bonds to the banking association which transferred the same, upon the sorrender to him and the cancellation of a proportionate amount of such circulating notes: Provided, That ninety per centom of the correct market value of the remaining bonds which shall have been transferred by the banking association offering to surrender such circulating notes shall be equal to the amount of all the circulating notes retained by such banking association: And provided, further, That there shall have been no failure by such association to redeem its circulating notes, and that there shall have been no other violation by such association of any of the provisions of this act for the security of the creditors of such association; nor shall the treasurer be required to sorrender such bonds in fractional sums of less than one thousand dollars; and if, at any time after said bonds shall be deposited with the treasurer of the United States, as aforesaid, the market or cash value shall be reduced, the comptroller of the currency is hereby authorized to demand and receive the amount of such depreciation in other United States bonds at each value, or in money, from the association receiving said bills, to be deposited with the treasover of the United States, as long as such depreciation continues.

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Suc 31. And he it further enceted, That whenever the price of any of hands deprote of the bonds pledged as aforesaid for the redemption of the circulating une is not made notes of any such banking association shall be, at the stock exchange in the city of New York, for four consecutive weeks, at a rate less than that at which they shall have been essimated when so pledged, and such dopreciation shall not have been made good by a deposit of other bonds or money, it shall be the daty of the comptroller of the corrency to notify the treasurer of the United States of such fact, and the payment of interest upon such depreciated bonds shall be suspended, and such interest shall be retained by said treasurer until the same, when added to the current market value of the bonds so pledged, to be ascertained as before provided shall be equal to the amount for which such bonds were pledged: Proceeded. That it shall be the duty of the comptroller of the currency, at the expiration of every period of three months, to cause the whole of the sums so retained, and then remaining in the treasury of the United and invest the States, to be invested in United States bonds, in the name of the compsame quarterly in troller of the currency, in trust for the respective associations by which the bonds on which such interest shall have accured shall have been pledged; and whenever the price of such depreciated bonds at the stock exchange in New York shall rise to the price at which they were pledged, and so remain for four consecutive weeks, such investment shall be as-

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signed to such association, and all accruing interest on such pledged bonds shall thereafter be paid to such association on demand thereof.

SEC. 32. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of the Womenster comptroller of the currency to receive worn-out or mutilated circulat- mulified notes ing notes issued by any such banking association, and to deliver in place of he see. thereof to such association other blank circulating notes to an equal amount; and such worn-out or mutilated notes, after a memorandum shall have been entered in the proper books, in accordance with such regulations as may be established by the comptroller, as well as all circulating notes which shall have been paid or sirrendered to be cancelled, shall be burned to ashes in presence of three persons, one to be appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, one by the comptroller of the currency, and one by the treasurer of the United States, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; and in case such notes shall have been delivered to the comptroller by an officer or agent of such association, then in the presence, also, of such officer or agent: and a certificate of such burning, signed by the parties so appointed, shall be made in the books of the comptroller, and a duplicate thereof given to such officer or agent.

Suc. 35. And be it further enacted. That it shall be unlawful for any Suc. 33. And be it further enacted. That it shall be unlawful for any News not to be officer acting under the provisions of this act to countersign or deliver delivered except to any such association, or to any other company or person, any circulat the act. ing notes contemplated by this act, except as hereinbefore provided, and in accordance with the true intent and meaning of this act; and any officer who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemessor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding double the amount so countersigned and delivered, and imprisonment not exceeding aftern years, at the discretion of the

court in which he shall be tried.

Suc. 34. And he is further enacted. That all fone for protesting the Costs of protest. notes issued by any such banking association shall be paid by the person procuring the protest to be made, and such banking association shall be liable therefor; but no part of the stock pledged by such banking associution, as aforesaid, shall be applied to the payment of such fees; and all expenses of any preliminary or other examinations into the condition of any association shall be paid by such association; and all expenses of any receivership shall be paid out of the assets of such association before amination, distribution of the proceeds thereof.

BEC. 85. And be it further enacted, That the stockholders, collectively, Indebictaries of of any such association shall at no time be liable to such association, either stockholders to as principal debtors or sureties, or both, to an amount greater than three most limited, fifths of the capital stock actually paid in and remaining undiminished by losses or otherwise; nor shall the directors be so liable, except to such amount and in such marmer as shall be prescribed by the by-laws of such association, adopted by its stockholders to regulate such liabilities.

SEC. 36. And be it further enouted. That the capital stock of any association formed under this act shall be divided into shares of one bundred divided. dellars each, and shall be assignable on the books of the association in anch manner as its by-laws shall prescribe; but no sharebolder in any association under this act shall have power to sell or transfer any share held in his own right so long as he shall be liable, either as principal, seagastla. debtor, surely, or otherwise, to the association for any debt which shall Limit mon sale have become due and remain unpaid, nor in any case shall each share and transfer. holder be entitled to receive any dividend, interest, or profit on such shares so long as such liabilities shall continue, but all such dividends, interests, and profits shall be retained by the association, and applied to the discharge of such liabilities; and no stock shall be transferred without the consent of a majority of the directors while the holder thereof is thus indebted to the association.

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Sec. 37. And be it further enacted, That no banking association shall not to take their take, as escurity for any loan or discount, a lien upon any part of its capital stock; but the same security, both in kind and amount, shall be required of shareholders as of other persons; and no such banking association shall be the purchaser or holder of any portion of its capital not own it, or slock, or of the capital stock of any other incorporated company, unless stock of other as such purchase shall be necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good faith, on accurity which, at the time, was deemed adequate to insure the payment of such debt, independent of any lies upon such stock; or in case of forfeiture of stock for the non-payment of instalments due thereoe, and stock so purchased or acquired, shall in no case he held by such association so purchasing for a longer period of time than six months, if the same can, within that time, be sold for what the stock cost. Sec. 38. And be it further exacted. That in all elections of directors,

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Program.

and in deciding all questions at meetings of shareholders, each shareborder shall be entitled to one vote on each share of stock hold by him; alauraholders may vote by proxies duly authorized in writing; but no officer, clerk, teller, or book-keeper of such association shall act as proxy; and no stockholder whose liability is past due and unpaid shall be al-

lowed to vote.

Directors Number.

Residence.

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Sec. 39. And be it further enacted, That the affairs of every such association shall be managed by not less than five nor more than nine directors, one of whom shall be president of the association; every director shall, during his whole term of service, he a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state in which such association is located. At least three fourths of the directors shall have resided in the state in which such association is located one year next preceding their election as directors; and each director shall own in his own right, at least one per contum of the capital stock of such association not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars, and the half of one per centum of its capital if over two hundred thousand dollars. Each director shall take an outh that he will, so far as the duty devolves on him, diligently and honestly administer the affairs of such association, and will not knowingly violate, or willingly permit to be violated, any of the provisions of this act, and that he is the bond fide owner, in his own right, of the shares of stock stunding in his name on the books of the association, and that the same is not hypothecated, or in any way pledged, as security for any loan obtained or debt owing to the association of which he is a director, which omin, subscribed by himself, and certified by the officer before whom it is taken, shall be immediately transmitted to the comptroller of the corrency, and by him filed and preserved in his office.

Term of office

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Sec. 40. And he it further exacted. That the directors of any such associution first clocted shall bold their places until their successors shall he elected and qualified. All subsequent elections shall be held annually, on such day in the month of January as the stockholders of said association may prescribe; and the directors so elected shall hold their places for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified. any director removing from the state, or cessing to be the owner of the requisite amount of stock, shall thereby varate his place. Any vacancy in the board shall be filled by appointment by the remaining directors. The director so appointed shall hold his place until the next annual election; and if, from any cause, an election of directors shall not be made at the time appointed, the association shall not for that cause be dissolved, but an election may be held on any subsequent day, thirty days' notice thereof having been given in a newspaper printed, or of general circulathat, in the city, town, or county in which the association is located, and if no newspaper is published in each city, town, or county, such notice shall be published in a newspaper in the county adjoining.

SEC. 41. And be it further enacted, That every such association shall. Associations to st all times have on hand, in lawful money of the United States, an have what amount equal to at least twenty-five per contain of the aggregate amount on hand. of its outstanding notes of eirculation and its deposits; and whenever When not to the emount of its outstanding motes of circulation and its deposits shall make new beau, exceed the above-named proportion for the space of twelve days, or the whenever each lawful money of the United States shall at any time fall below the amount of twenty-five per centum of its circulation and deposits, such association shall not increase its liabilities by making any new loans or discounts otherwise than by discounting or purchasing bills of exchange, payable at sight, nor make any dividend of its profits, until the required proportion between the aggregate amount of its outstanding notes of eleculation and its deposits and lawful money of the United States shall be restored: Provided, America, That clearing-house certificates, representing specie or lawful money specially deposited for the purpose domed lawful of any clearing-lause association, shall be deemed to be lawful money in the possession of any association belonging to such elearing-house holding and owning such certificates, and considered to be a part of the lawful money which such association is required to have, under the foregoing provisions of this section: Provided, further, That any balance due to any association organized under this act in other places from any association in the cities of Boston, Providence, New York. Philadelphia, Bultimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, or New Orleans, in good credit, subject to be drawn for at sight, and available to redeem their circulating notes and deposits, may be deemed to be a part of the lawful money which such association in other places than the cities of Boston, Providence, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans, are required to have by the foregoing provisions of this section, to the extent of three fifths of the said amount of twenty-five per centum required. And it shall be competent for the compareller of the currency to notify any such association whose lawful money reserve, as aforesaid, shall fall below said proportion of twenty-five per centum, to make good such reserve; and if such association shall fail for thirty days thereafter so to make good its reserve of lawful money of the United States, the comptroller may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, appoint a receiver to wind up the business of such association, as provided in this act.

SEC. 42. And be it further enacted, That no association shall at any ledebtedness of time be indebted, or in any way liable, to an amount exceeding the amount associations inof its capital stock at such time actually paid in, and remaining andiminished by losses or otherwise, except on the following accounts, that is to say:

First. On account of its notes of circulation.

Second. On account of moneys deposited with, or collected by, such amoeistion.

Third. On account of bills of exchange or drafts drawn against money actually on deposit to the credit of such association, or due thereto.

Fourth. On account of limbilities to its stockholders, for money paid in

on capitul stock, and dividends thereon, and reserved profits.

Sec. 43. And he it further enocted, That no association shall, either directly or indirectly, pledge or hypothecate any of its notes of circula- not to pledge tion, for the purpose of processing money to be paid in on its capital stock, or to be used in its banking operations, or otherwise.

Sec. 44. And be it further enoused, That no association, or any ment. Capital not to bor thereof, shall, during the time it shall continue its banking operations, dividends, &c. withdraw, or permit to be withdrawn, either in form of dividends, loans to stockholders for a longer time than six months or in any other manner, any portion of its capital; and if losses shall at any time have been sustained by any such association equal to or exceeding its undivided profits then on hand, no divident shall be made; and no dividend shall ever be

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Associations

made by any association, while it shall continue its banking operations, to in amount greater than its nest profits then on hand, defineding therefrom the losses and bad debts; and all debts due to any association, on which interest is past due and unpaid for a period of eix months, unless the same shall be well secured, and shall be in process of collection, shall be tousidered had debts within the meaning of this act.

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Capital

Sec. 45. And be it further enacted. That the directors of every resocision shall semi-amusally in the months of May and November, declare a dividend of so much of the profits of such association as they shall judge expedient; and on each divident day, the cashier abuil make, and dend day carties verify by his couth, a full, clear, and accourate statement of the condition of the association, as it shall be on that day after declaring the dividend; which statement shall contain-

First. The amount of the capital stock actually paid in and then remaining, as the expital stack of such association.

Commerciae.

Secondly. The amount of the circulating notes of such association then în cîrculation.

Thirdly. The greatest amount in circulation at any time since the making of the last previous statement, as eball have been exhibited by the weekly statements of the cashier, specifying the times when the same occurred.

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Fourthly. The amount of balances and debts of every kind due to other backs and banking associations.

Depositions.

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Fifthly. The amount due to depositors. Sixibly. The total amount of debts and liabilities of every description. and the greatest amount times the making of the last previous statement. specifying the time when the same accreed.

Dieksend.

Seventhly. The total amount of dividend declared on the day of making the statement.

Eighthly. The amount of lawful money of the United States belonging to the association, and in its possession at the time of making the statement.

Solger to Seat.

Nicitaly. The amount subject to be drawn at night, in inwful money of the United States, then remaining on deposit with any associations, hanks or bankers; specifying the amounts so on deposit in the cities of Baston, Providence, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnal, Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans.

Bally on hand.

Tsuthly. The amount then on hand of bills or notes, issued by other bonks and banking associations.

Due Som other

Eleventhly. The amount of balances due from other banks, bankers, and banking executions, excluding deposits subject to be drawn at sight

A TOTAL

Twelfthly. The amount on hand of bills, bonds, stocks, notes, and other evidences of debts, discounted or purchased by the association, apecisting particularly the amount of suspended debt, the amount considered bad, the amount considered doubtful, and the amount in suit or judgment

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Thirseendly. The value of the real and personal property beld for the convenience of the association, specifying the amount of each

Fourteenthly. The amount of real estate taken in payment of debta due to the association.

Underight prof

Fifteenthly. The amount of the undivided profits of the association.

Deing of direct-

Sixteenthly. The total amount of the flability to the association by the directors thereof collectively, specifying the gross amount of such liabilities as principal debtors, and the gross amount of indersers or sureties.

The statement thus made shall forthwith be transmitted to the comptroller of the currency.

Rate of adversari का रिकट ब्राह्म संह pevais.

SEC. 46. And be it further enouted. That every association may take, reserve, receive, and charge on any lasts, or discount made, or upon any note, bill of exchange, or other evidence of debt, such rate of interest or discount as is for the time the established rate of interest for delay in the

nayment of money, in the absence of contract between the parties, by the laws of the several States in which the associations are respectively loented, and no more: Provided, however, That interest may be reserved or taken, in advance, at the time of making the loan or discount, according charging of a rate of interest greater than that allowed by this acction familities debt. shall be held and adjudged a forfeithre of the disht or demand on which the same is taken, reserved, or charged; but the purchase, discount, or sale of a bill of exchange, drawn on actually existing values, and payable at another place than the place of such purchase, discount, or exle, at the current discount or premium, shall not be considered as taking, reserving, or charging interest.

SEC. 47. And be it further enacted, That the total limitalities of any Limit of listedperson, or of any company or firm, (including in the liabilities of a com- avorany matrix. pany or firm the liabilities of the several members thereof,) to any assoextion, including liabilities as acceptor of book file bills of exchange, payable out of the state where the association is located, shall at no time exceed one third; exclusive of liabilities as acceptor, one fifth; and exclusive of liabilities on such bills of exchange, one tenth part of the amount of the capital stock of such association actually paid in.

SEC. 48. And be it further enacted, That no natociation shall, at any time, pay out on loans or discounts, or in purchasing drafts or bills of ex- sociation shall change, or in payment of deposits, nor shall it in any other mode put in not pay out. circulation the notes of any bank or banking association, which notes shull not, at any such time, he receivable, at par, on deposit, and in payment of debts by the association so paying out or circulating such notes; nor shall it knowingly pay out or put in circulation any notes issued by any bank or banking association which at the time of such paying out or putting to circulation is not reducining its circulating notes in lawful money of the United States.

What notes as-

Seq. 49. And be it further enacted. That all transfer of the notes, Abbinosless, bends, bills of exchange, and other evidences of debt owing to any asso. be, wier any act ciation, or of deposits to its credit; all assignments of mortgages, surelies in consequence. on real estate, or of judgments or decrees in its favor; all deposits of theron, with inmoney, buttien, or other valuable thing for its use, or for the use of any of test, ee, to be its shareholders or creditors; and all payments of money to either, made after the examission of an act of insolvency, or in contemplation thereof, with a view to prevent the application of its assets in the manner prescribed by this act, or with a view to the preference of one creditor to another, excopt in payment of its circulating notes, shall be atterly not and wonk

Sea 50. And be it further enceted. That if the directors of any accodistion shall knowingly violate, or knowingly permit any of the officers, knowingly risagents, or servants of the association to violate any of the provisions of his for a this act, all the rights, privileges, and franchises of the association derived at, the franchise from this act shall be thereby forfeited; such violation shall, however, be to be inferient, determined and adjudged by a recommendation of the provision of the provisions of th determined and adjudged by a proper circuit, district, or territorial court dividually. of the United States, before the association shall be declared dissolved; and in cases of such violation, every director who purticipated in or assented to the same shall be held liable in his personal and individual capacity for all damages which the association, its shareholders, or any other person, shall have sustained in consequence of such violation.

If directors

SEC. 51. And be it further enacted, That the comptroller of the curcompared to reacy, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, as often as cause examinations of each secshall be deemed necessary or proper, shall appoint a suitable person or cation to be persons to make an examination of the affairs of every banking associat made. tion, which person shall not be a director or other officer in any association whose affairs he shall be appointed to examine, and who shall have power to make a thorough examination into all the offairs of the association, and, in doing so, to examine any of the officers and agents thereof

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on onth, and shall make a full and detailed report of the condition of the

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association to the comptroller; and the association shall not be subject to any other visitorial powers than such as are authorized by this act, except such as are rested in the several courts of law and chancery. And every person appointed to make such examination shall receive for his services at the rate of five dollars for each day by him employed in such examination, and two dollars for every twenty-five miles he shall necessarily travel in the performance of his duty, which shall be paid by the association by

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Sec. 52. And be it further enacted, That every president, direction easilier, teller, clerk, or agent of any association, who shall embezzle, abstruct, or wilfully misapply any of the moneys, funds, or credits of the accordation, or shall, without authority from the directors, issue or put in circulation any of the notes of the association, or shall, without such apthority, issue or put forth any certificate of deposit, draw any order or bill of exchange, make any acceptance, assign any note, bond, draft, bill of exchange, mortgage, judgment, or decree, or shall make any false entry in any book, report, or statement of the association, with intent, in either case, to injure or defraud any other company, body politic, or corporate, or any individual person, or in deceive any officer or agent appointed to examine the affairs of any such association, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not less than five nor more than ten years.

List of shareheldera to be

Sec. 53. And be it further enacted, That the president and cashier of every such association shall cause to be kept at all times a full and correct list of the names and residences of all the shareholders in the sacociation in the office where its business is transmood; and such list shall be subject to the inspection of all the shareholders and creditors of the association during business bours of each day in which business may be legally transacted; and a copy of such list, verified by the oath of such president or easiser, shall, at the beginning of every year, he transmitted to the comptroller of the currency, commencing on the first day of the first quarter after the organisation of the association.

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SEC. 54. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, whenever, in his judgment, the public interests will be promoted thereby, to employ any of such associations doing business under this act as depositaries of the public moneys, except receipts from customs.

Suite is behalf of the United alsomery.

Suc. 55. And be it further exceed, That all suits and proceedings arising out of the provisions of this act, in which the United States or its Sinks to be com-ing out or the provisions of this act, in which the United States or its ducted by denice officers or agents shall be parties, shall be conducted by the district attorneys of the several districts, under the direction and supervision of the solicitur of the treasury.

Mutilation, Sec. how punished.

SEC. 58. And be it further enacted, That every person who shall mutiof such hand bills lane, cut, deface, disfigure, or perforate with holes, or shall unite or coment together, or do any other thing to any bank bill, draft, note, or other evidence of debt issued by any such association, or shall cause or procure the same to be done, with intent to render such bank bill, deaft, nots, or other evidence of debt, unfit to be reissued by said association, shall upon conviction forfest fifty dollars to the association who shall be injured thereby, to be recovered by action in any court having jorisdiction.

SEC. 57. And be it further encoted, That if any person shall falsely Foreing &c., SEC. 57. And be it further encoted, That if any person shall falsely elecativing notes, make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, forged, or how penalsed. counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note in imitation of, or purporting to be in imitation of the corrubiting notes issued under the provisions of this set, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish any false, forged, or counterfested note, purporting to be issued by any association doing a banking business under the provisions of this act, knowing the same to be

falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or shall falsely alter, or cause or During beyod procure to be falsely altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering, note, how ponany such excellating notes, issued as aforesaid, or shall pass, atter or pubhish, or attempt to pass, attor or publish as true, any falsely eliened or spurious circulating note, issued or purporting to have been issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered or spurious, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept at hard labor for a period not less than five years nor more than filteen years, and to be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

Suc. 58. And le it further enceted, That if any person shall make or Ragraving &c., engraves, or cause or procure to be made or engraved, or shall have in his or having employ custody or possession any engineed plate or block after the similitude of section, with intent, any plate from which any circulating notes is need as aforesaid shall have for how punishbeen printed, with intent a use such plate or block, or cause or suffer the sec. same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any blank note or notes engraved and printed after the similitude of any notes issued as aforesaid, with intent to use such blanks, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any paper adapted to the making of such notes, and similar to the paper upon which any such notes shall have been issued, with intent to use such paper, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, every such person, being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be assistanced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a term not less than five nor more than fifteen years, and fined in a ains not exceeding one thousand dollars.

Suc. 59. And be it further engoted, That suits, actions, and proceedings Sain, &c., by and against any association under this act may be bad in any circuit, at may be district, or territorial court of the United States held within the district brought in any in which such association may be established.

Sec. 60. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the trick comptroller of the currency to report annually to Congress, at the commendement of its session -

First. A summary of the state and condition of every association from whom reports have been received the preceding year, at the several dates succeived to which such reports refer, with an abstract of the whole amount of banking capital returned by them, of the whole amount of their debts and liabilities, the amount of circulating notes outstanding, and the total amount of means and resources, specifying the amount of specie held by them at the times of their several returns, and such other information in relation to said associations as, in his judgment, may be useful.

Second. A statement of the associations whose business has been closed. List of aunciduring the year, with the amount of their circulation redeemed, and the affore-deed. amount outstanding.

Third. To suggest any amendment to the laws relative to banking by Suggestion of and depositors may be increased.

Fourth. To report the names and compensation of the clerks employed. Names, &c., of by him, and the whole amount of the expenses of the backing department poors of department. during the year; and such report shall be made by or before the first ment day of December in each year, and the usual number of copies for the When report to use of the Senate and House, and one thousand copies for the use of the be made and Department, shall be printed by the public printer and in readiness for distribution on the first meeting of congress.

SEC. 61. And be it further enceted. That any banking association or Any harbity corporation lawfully in existence as a bank of circulation on the first day existing bank of January, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-three, organized may become an vol. xn. Pro. - 86

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association under in any state, citizer under a special act of incorporation or a general banking law, may, at any time within - years after the passage of this act become an association under the provisions of this act; that in such Proceedings & case the certificate of association provided for by this act shall be algored by the directors of such banking association or corporation, and in addition to the specifications required by this act, shall specify that such directors are authorized by the owners of two thirds of the capital stock of such banking association or corporation, to make such cartificate of association, and such certificate of association shall thereafter have the same effect, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon, as is provided for as to other associations organized under this act. And such association or corporation thereafter shall have the same powers and privileges and shall be subject to the same duties, responsibilities, and rules, in all respects, as is [are] prescribed in this act for other associations organized under it, and shall be held and regarded as an association under this act.

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Sec. 62. And he it further enneted. That any bank or hanking amoriing sanksowning ation, anthorized by any State law to engage in the business of banking, and duly organized under such State law at the time of the passage of this act, and which shall be the holder and owner of United States boads to the amount of fifty per ceptum of its capital stock, may transfer and deliver to the treasurer of the United States such bonds, or any part thereof, in the manner provided by this act; and upon making such transfor and delivery, such bank or banking association shall be entitled to receive from the comptroller of the currency, circulating notes, as herein provided, equal in amount to eighty per centum of the amount of the bonds so transferred and delivered.

Provisions in ense meh bank Ges to redeem each chordstion.

SEC. 63. And be it further enacted, That upon the failure of any such State bank or banking association, to redeem any of its circulating notes issued under the provisions of the preceding section, the comptroller of the currency shall, when satisfied that such default has been made, and within thirty days after notice of such default, proceed to declare the bonds transferred and delivered to the treasurer, forfeited to the United States, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited accordingly. And thereupon the circulating notes which have been issued by such bank or banking association shall be redeemed and paid at the treasury of the United States, in the same manner as other circulating notes issued under the provisions of this act are redeemed and paid.

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SEC. 64. And be it further enacted. That the bonds forfeited, as provided in the last preceding section, may be cancelled to an amount equal to the circulating notes redeemed and paid, or such bonds may be sold, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and after retaining out of the proceeds a sum sufficient to pay the whole amount of circulating notes, for the redemption of which such bonds are held, the surplus, if any remains, shall be paid to the bank, or banking association from which such bonds were received.

This act may at my time be repealed, ice.

SEC. 65. And be it further enacted. That Congress reserves the right, at any time, to amend, alter, or repeal this act,

APPROVED, February 25, 1863.

Pok. 25, 1863.

CHAY. LIX.—An Act making Appropriations for the Impidation, Executive, and Judicial Expanses of the Gavernment for the Year acting thin tink June, sighteen handred and sixty-three, and for other Purposes.

Legidativa, &c., appropriations.

Be it enocied by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, tighteen hundred and sixty-four, namely :

PROOF OF SERVICE

Parks v. MBNA America Bank, N.A.

Supreme Court of California Case No. S183703

I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is: 16935 West Bernardo Drive, Suite 175, San Diego, California 92127. On the date shown below, I served the foregoing document(s) described as:

PLAINTIFF/APPELLANT'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE [No. 1]

on the interested parties in this action as follows:

ARNOLD & PORTER, LLP Attn.: Laurence J. Hutt, Esq. 777 South Figueroa Street, 44th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90017-5844 (Attorneys for MBNA America Bank, N.A.)	Sheldon H. Jaffe, Esq. Deputy Attorney General State of California Department of Justice 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004
Comptroller of the Currency Litigation Department Attn.: Douglas Jordan, Senior Counsel 250 E Street SW Washington, DC 20219	District Attorney for the County of Orange 401 Civic Center Drive Santa Ana, CA 92701

[X] **(BY MAIL):** The envelope was mailed with postage thereon fully prepaid. I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at San Diego, California in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the facts stated in this Proof of Service are true.

Date: January 31, 2011

Svetlana Morozovskaya