



Judicial Council of California . Administrative Office of the Courts

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REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL

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Title	Agenda Item Type
Trial Courts: Annual Investment Report for Fiscal Year 2010–2011	Information Only
Submitted by	Date of Report
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Executive Summary

This Trial Court Annual Investment Report provides the financial results for the funds invested by the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) on behalf of the trial courts as part of the judicial branch treasury program. This report is submitted pursuant to the Resolutions Regarding Investment Activities for the Trial Courts, approved by the Judicial Council on February 27, 2004 (resolutions). This report covers the period of July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011.

Previous Council Action

On February 27, 2004, the Judicial Council approved several resolutions regarding investment activities for the trial courts. The resolutions direct that the AOC develop an investment program for the trial courts, name the director of the AOC Finance Division as the treasurer of invested trial court funds, and authorize the investment of trial court funds into the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF); the Bank of America, N.A.; investment funds; or other investments as approved by the Administrative Director of the Courts. They also provide for quarterly reporting of investment results to the Judicial Council, the Administrative Director of the Courts, and the manager of the AOC's Internal Audit Services by the director of the AOC Finance Division.

On June 1, 2009, the Judicial Council’s Executive and Planning Committee, acting on behalf of the Judicial Council, approved the investment of trial court monies in any share class of the two previously approved money market funds—the Bank of America Cash Reserves Fund (formerly Columbia Cash Reserves Fund) and the Bank of America Treasury Reserves Fund (formerly Columbia Treasury Reserves Fund), and approved the addition of another money market fund—the Bank of America Government Reserves Fund (formerly Columbia Government Reserves Fund).

Summary of Findings

For purposes of the chart below, CRCF is the capital share class of the Bank of America Cash Reserves money market fund, LAIF is the Local Agency Investment Fund, and PFIC is the Bank of America Public Funds Interest Checking accounts.

Funds held in the judicial branch treasury: Total investment portfolio

As of the close of business on June 30, 2011, total investment balances held by the trial courts purchased from bank accounts directly managed by the AOC Treasury Services Unit of the Finance Division were as follows:

Investment Description	CRCF	LAIF	PFIC	Total
All dollar amounts are reported in thousands(\$000’s)				
<u>Section A – Book Values</u>				
Beginning Balance – 07/01/10	\$ 110,082	\$ 335,039	\$ 134,643	\$ 579,764
Net Purchases /(Sales) ¹	\$ 44,364	\$ 51,169	\$ (8,486)	\$ 87,047
Interest Paid ²	\$ 186	\$ 1,889	\$ 396	\$ 2,471
Total Change	\$ 44,550	\$ 53,058	\$ (8,090)	\$ 89,518
Ending Balance – 06/30/11	\$ 154,632	\$ 388,097	\$ 126,553	\$ 669,282
<u>Section B – Fair Values</u>				
Ending Balance – 06/30/11	\$ 154,632	\$ 388,708	\$ 126,553	\$ 669,893
Net Unrealized Gain/(Loss) ³ in Fair Value – 06/30/11	\$ 0	\$ 612	\$ 0	\$ 612
Ending Balance Plus Unpaid Interest Earned ⁴ – 06/30/11	\$ 154,632	\$ 389,177	\$ 126,554	\$ 670,363

¹ “Net Purchase/(Sales)” is the net amount of court investment principal purchases and sales completed during the annual period.

² “Interest Paid” is the total amount of interest paid to the investment account during the annual period, and which as a result is included in the Ending Balance.

³ “Net Unrealized Gain/(Loss)” is the difference between the investment balance’s book value and its fair value at the end of the period. The net gain or loss is “unrealized” as the valuation at fair value is only for assets held by the fund at the end of the period. This Net Unrealized Gain/(Loss) would only be “realized” or become an actual gain or loss in the event all participants’ holdings in each portfolio were liquidated by the end of the period. *Realized* gains and losses are included in the Average Yield of the investment for the period.

⁴ “Ending Balance Plus Unpaid Interest Earned” is the Ending Balance at fair value plus Interest Earned that is unpaid as of the end of the period. This represents the liquidation value including unpaid Interest Earned only in the event all participants’ holdings in each portfolio were liquidated at the end of the period.

Investment Description	CRCF	LAIF	PFIC	Total
<u>Section C – Earnings and Statistics</u>				
Interest Earned ⁵	\$ 186	\$ 1,852	\$ 397	\$ 2,435
Unpaid Interest Earned ⁶	\$ 0	\$ 469	\$ 1	\$ 470
Average Yield ⁷	0.13%	0.49%	0.30%	0.37%
Dollar-Weighted Maturity (Days)	37	237	N/A	146
Credit Quality	First Tier ⁸	GC 16430 ⁹	N/A	
Percentage of Investment Portfolio ¹⁰	23.10%	57.99%	18.91%	100.00%

The ratio of each investment’s fair market value to its book value (Fair Market Value Factor) as of June 30, 2011, was as follows:

CRCF 1.000000000;
LAIF 1.001576470; and
PFIC 1.000000000.

The Fair Market Value Factor is 1.000 for CRCF because all holdings in CRCF are valued at fair market value daily, and fair value is the price for all daily redemptions and re-investment transactions. Since LAIF’s operating rules permit the redemption, at any time, of all or a portion of any participating court’s LAIF balance at its original purchase price, the court’s redemption price is not impacted by unrealized gains or losses.

Section A, of the table above, provides the investment balances and activity for the period at book value or original cost plus or minus the straight-line amortization of any applicable discount or premium.

Section B provides the investment balances at their fair value at the end of the period. Fair value is defined as the value at which an asset could be bought or sold in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a liquidation.

Section C provides the investment earnings, the dollar-weighted average maturity, the credit quality, and each investment’s percentage of the total investment portfolio.

⁵ “Interest Earned” is the total amount of interest earned during the annual reporting period.

⁶ “Unpaid Interest Earned” is the amount of interest earned during the period that is unpaid as of the end of the annual reporting period.

⁷ “Average Yield” is the simple average of the 30-day yields for each calendar month during the period, including any realized gains and losses, net of the investment’s operating expenses. The Total Average Yield is a dollar weighted average of the investment components.

⁸ First Tier money market debt securities are money market debt securities that receive a short-term rating from a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization in the highest short-term rating category for debt obligations.

⁹ LAIF may only invest the money of the fund in debt obligations as prescribed in Government Code section 16430.

¹⁰ The portfolio balance percentages are calculated using the book values at the end of the annual period.

These investment balances presented in the table include the combined balances of both trial court operating funds and agency funds.¹¹

Investment portfolio components

CRCF. The CRCF is an overnight money market mutual fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, and operated in accordance with Title 17, Code of Federal Regulations 270.2a-7 (17 C.F.R. 270.2a-7). Investment purchases and redemptions of capital shares are transacted when Bank of America's system reviews the account balance daily at 1:30 p.m. PST and invests or returns funds as appropriate to maintain the bank account's established target balance. A purchase transaction takes place if the cash balance in the account exceeds the target balance, and a redemption transaction takes place when the cash balance is less than the target balance.

In accordance with 17 C.F.R. 270.2a-7, the CRCF must maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity consistent with its objective of maintaining a stable net asset value per share, not to exceed 60 days (formerly 90 days), and must contain only "First Tier" money market debt obligations receiving a short-term rating from a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization in the highest short-term rating category for debt obligations.

CRCF invests only in high-quality money market instruments, which include bank obligations (including certificates of deposit and time deposits issued by domestic and foreign banks or their subsidiaries or branches), commercial paper, corporate bonds, extendible commercial notes, asset-backed securities, funding agreements, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and other high-quality short-term obligations. As of June 30, 2011, the CRCF portfolio composition was as follows:

¹¹ Agency funds are balances held in trust pending resolution of civil or criminal court proceedings, and funds held on behalf of the State and local agencies prior to their statutory distribution. Agency funds include the following categories: civil trust, criminal bail trust, Uniform Civil Fees, and criminal fines, fees and penalties.

CRCF Portfolio Composition
As of June 30, 2011

Asset-backed commercial paper	20.50%
Repurchase obligations	18.74%
U.S. certificates of deposit	17.34%
Floating rate notes	14.20%
Commercial paper	10.46%
Euro certificates of deposit	6.28%
Variable-rate demand notes	4.46%
U.S. government and agency floating-rate obligations	2.63%
U.S. Treasuries	2.61%
Time deposits	2.36%
U.S. government and agency obligations	0.43%

Bank of America has determined that iMoneyNet’s Prime Category Average (iMoneyNet) money market mutual fund is a good proxy of the CRCF portfolio composition and performance.¹²

LAIF. LAIF is a money market fund held and managed by the State Treasurer’s Office and is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). The PMIA is the short-term investment pool for the State of California’s General Fund; special funds held by State agencies; and monies deposited by cities, counties, and other entities into the LAIF. LAIF is a voluntary program created by statute; it began in 1977 as an investment alternative for California’s local governments and special districts. The enabling statute for the LAIF is section 16429.1 et seq. of the Government Code.

By law, PMIA moneys can be invested only in the following categories: U.S. government securities; securities of federally sponsored agencies; domestic corporate bonds; interest-bearing time deposits in California banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions; prime-rated commercial paper; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; security loans; banker’s acceptances; negotiable certificates of deposit; and loans to various bond funds.

LAIF’s primary objectives are to maintain safety of principal and provide daily liquidity. These objectives are met by investing in high credit quality debt instruments, maintaining an average maturity between 120 days and 18 months, and providing daily availability of the entire invested balance. LAIF’s investment yield is consistent with these very conservative objectives.

¹² The most recent monthly fact sheet for the Bank of America Cash Reserves Capital Fund can be found at the following URL at Bank of America’s website:
http://www.bofacapital.com/Publish/Content/application/pdf/GWMOL/CashReserves_Cap_Factsheet.pdf

The LAIF Performance Report, including the portfolio's composition as of June 30, 2011, as reported by the State Treasurer's Office is attached. The State Treasurer's Office has not identified a money market fund suitable for benchmark comparison to LAIF.

PFIC. Public Funds Interest Checking (PFIC) accounts are Bank of America interest-bearing checking accounts that earn interest at a rate of 0.30 percent per annum. PFIC accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are fully collateralized at 110 percent of PFIC balances with securities (per Government Code section 53651), purchased by Bank of America, and held in a collateral pool pledged to public deposits. Since PFIC accounts are FDIC insured, they are subject to FDIC insurance assessments of 0.13 percent per annum.¹³

Attachments

1. Attachment A: LAIF Performance Report

¹³ The FDIC assessment fee is the direct result of maintaining PFIC balances on deposit with Bank of America. FDIC fees are assessed on the average PFIC balance for the period.



Bill Lockyer, State Treasurer

Inside the State Treasurer's Office

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

PMIA Performance Report

Date	Daily Yield*	Quarter to Date Yield	Average Maturity (in days)
7/6/2011	0.38	0.38	242
7/7/2011	0.38	0.38	242
7/8/2011	0.38	0.38	243
7/9/2011	0.38	0.38	243
7/10/2011	0.38	0.38	243
7/11/2011	0.38	0.38	242
7/12/2011	0.38	0.38	238
7/13/2011	0.38	0.38	240
7/14/2011	0.38	0.38	238
7/15/2011	0.38	0.38	245
7/16/2011	0.38	0.38	245
7/17/2011	0.38	0.38	245
7/18/2011	0.38	0.38	243
7/19/2011	0.38	0.38	233

*Daily yield does not reflect capital gains or losses

LAIF Performance Report

Quarter ending 06/30/2011

Apportionment Rate: 0.48%
 Earnings Ratio: .00001304422399226
 Fair Value Factor: 1.001576470
 Daily: 0.37%
 Quarter To Date: 0.48%
 Average Life: 237

PMIA Average Monthly Effective Yields

JUN 2011 0.448%
 MAY 2011 0.413%
 APR 2011 0.588%

Pooled Money Investment Account Portfolio Composition \$66.4 Billion 06/30/11



