

Performance Measures and Benchmarks (PMB)

- Established in 2008:
 - $_{\circ}$ 34% Gross Recovery Rate
 - o 31% Success Rate
- Forrester Research, Inc.
 - Reevaluate PMBs
 - Proposed new PMBs
 - Recast in 2021-22

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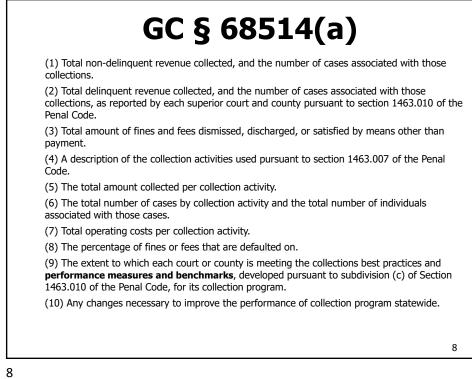


Penal Code § 1463.010

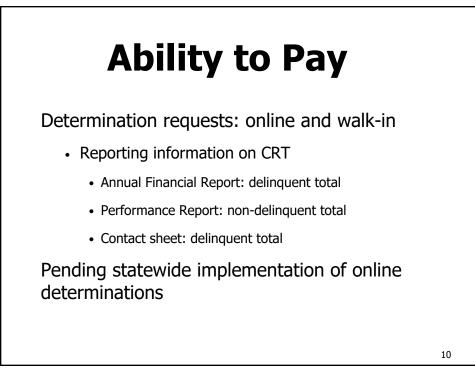
Penal Code § 1463.010 (c): Each superior court and county to jointly report to the Judicial Council, information requested, on reporting template (CRT) on or before September 1.

Judicial Council report annually, on or before December 31, to the Legislature, the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, and the Department of Finance all information required to be collected and reported pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 68514 of the Government Code.

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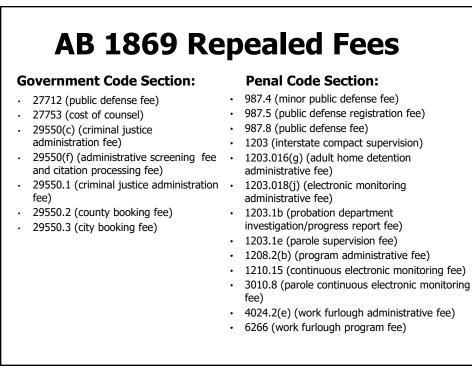


	2018-19	2019-20	Change
Total revenue:	\$1.4B	\$1.2B	-14.3%
-Delinquent	\$543M	\$484M	-10.9%
-Non delinquent	\$859M	\$679M	-20.9%
Adjustments:	\$355M	\$2.0B	+471%
Discharged debt	\$452M	\$319M	-29.5%
Administrative cost	\$110M	\$109M	-0.7%
% Cost of Collections	20.3%	22.7%	+2.4%
Outstanding balance	\$10.6B	\$8.6B	-18.3%



Assembly Bill 1869

- <u>Assembly Bill 1869</u> repealed several administrative fees.
- Effective July 1, 2021, courts will no longer have authority to <u>collect</u> these fees.
- If assessed, report any dismissed fees as Adjustments in CRT.



Collections Reporting Template

- Contact and Other Information
 Sheet
- Instructions
- Glossary

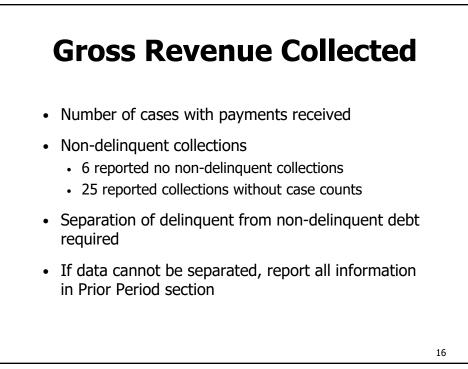
- Program Report
- Performance Report
- Annual Financial Report (AFR)
- Transfer worksheet
- Categories
- Quality Checklist

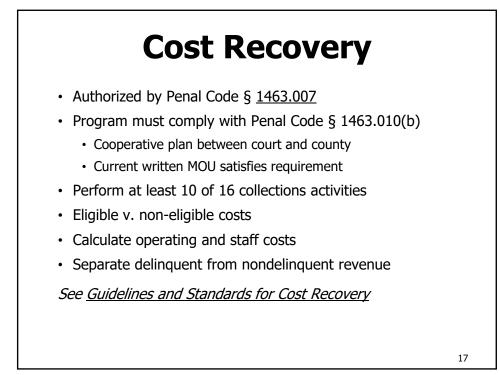


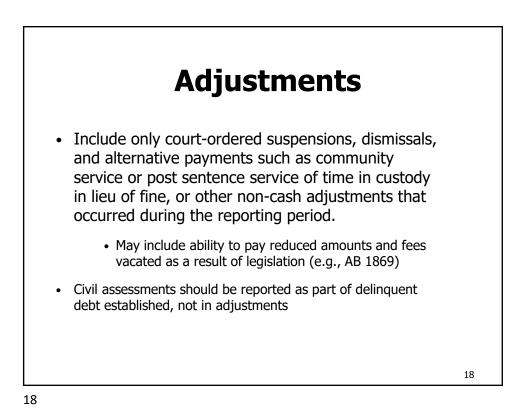
CRT CROSSWALK Mapping GC § 68514 Items to CRT					
1	Non-delinquent revenue, number of cases	Annual Financial Report	D, E, O, P		
2	Delinquent revenue, number of cases	Annual Financial Report	D, E, O, P		
3	Fine and fees dismissed, discharged, satisfied by other means	Annual Financial Report	G, H, R, S		
4	Collection activities used pursuant to PC 1463.007	Program Report	Item 4		
5	Total amount collected per collection activity	Contact sheet	Item 5		
6	Total number of cases by collection activity, individuals associated	Contact sheet	Item 6a, 6b		
7	Total operating costs per collection activity	Contact sheet	Item 7		
8	Percentage of fines and fees defaulted on	Annual Financial Report	J, K, U, V		
9	Extent best practices and performance measures/benchmarks met	Program Report Annual Financial Report	AI, AJ		
10	Changes necessary to improve performance	NA	NA		

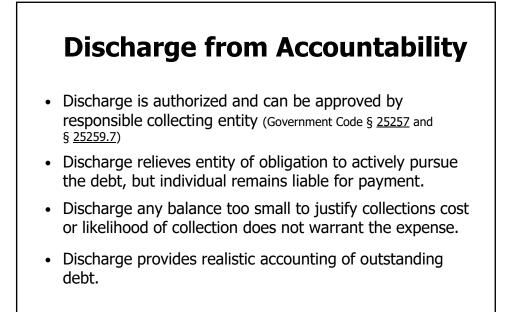
Key Data Elements



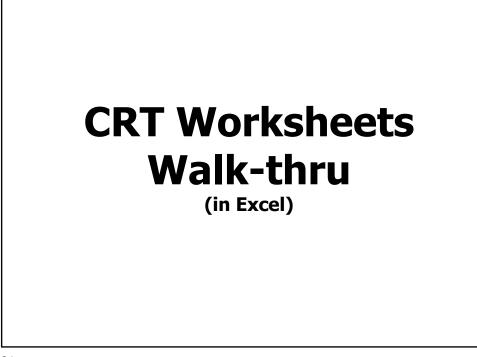


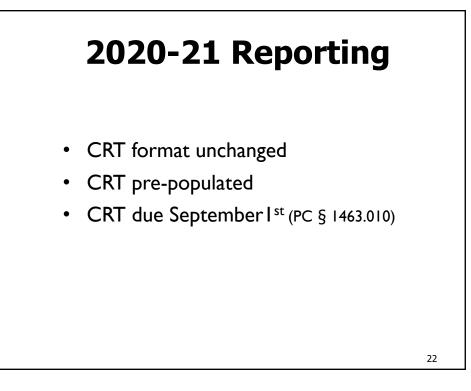


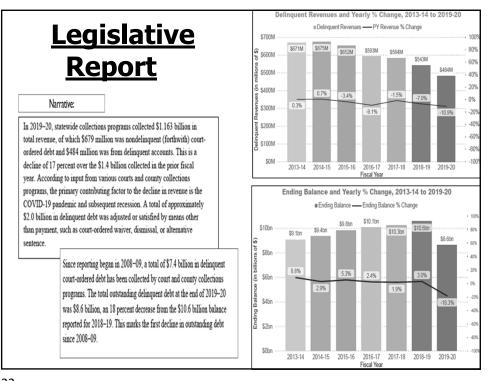












Individual **Program Report**

Alameda Court and County 2019–20 Summary

County Population: 1,670,834 Authorized Judges/Commissioners: 73/10.0

Program Overview The collection of delinqueet court-ordered debt is a cooperative effort between the Superior Court of Alameda County and the County of Alameda. The court and county have a written memorandum of understanding (MOU) for their collections program. The program includes the following activities as reported in the Collection: Reporting Template:

Meets all 25 of the recommended collections best practices. (see Attachment 3); and Engages 16 of the 16 collection activity components pursuant to <u>Penal Code section</u> <u>1463.007</u>.

Performance According to the Alameda collections program, this year brought many changes due to COVID-19 pandemic. As a result of the crisis, most collections efforts were suspended for various periods beginning in March 2000. The Gross Recovery Panet (GRR) increased from 16 percent to 27 percent and the Success Rate (SR) increased from 10 percent to 24 percent for the current period. The increase in recovery rates is likely a result of multiple factors, but not limited to the increase in the amount collected by the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) and change to a new private collection agency. The GRR decreased from 38 percent to 11 percent, and the SR decreased from 10 percent to 9 percent from the prior period. The decrease occurred because discharge from accountability was not performed during this reporting period

Delinquent traffic collections are handled by a private vendor while delinquent criminal collections are handled by the county. Both in num refer cases to both FTB collections programs the data submitted by the private collection agency does not reflect the ending balances from last year due to the change in private vendors. During the transfer of accounts, duplicate and inaccurate information was identified and corrected.

The court will continue to work in collaboration with the various collections programs to ensure continuity of the data reported in the Collections Reporting Template (CRT). Each agency uses different wolk for toroing data and different methods for interpretent and accessing the data, so the task of completing the CRT is not without challenges. The court will continue attempts to improve the quality of data reported and encourage all participating agencies to contribute to the effort.

