

# Trial Court Interpreters Program Expenditure Report for Fiscal Year 2009–2010

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REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE  
December 2010



JUDICIAL COUNCIL  
OF CALIFORNIA

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ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE  
OF THE COURTS



**Judicial Council of California**  
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

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December 14, 2010

Ms. Diane F. Boyer-Vine  
Legislative Counsel  
State of California  
State Capitol, Suite 3021  
Sacramento, California 95814

Mr. Gregory Schmidt  
Secretary of the Senate  
State Capitol, Room 400  
Sacramento, California 95814

Mr. E. Dotson Wilson  
Chief Clerk of the Assembly  
State Capitol, Room 3196  
Sacramento, California 95814

Re: *Trial Court Interpreters Program Expenditure Report for Fiscal Year 2009–2010*, Budget Act of 2009 (Stats. 2009, ch. 1)

Dear Ms. Boyer-Vine, Mr. Schmidt, and Mr. Wilson:

Attached is *Trial Court Interpreters Program Expenditure Report for Fiscal Year 2009–2010*, the Judicial Council report required under the Budget Act of 2009 (Stats. 2009, ch. 1), item 0250-101-0932.

December 14, 2010

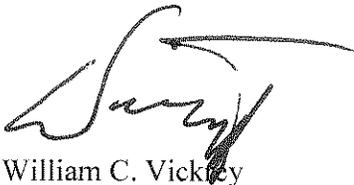
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To summarize the report:

- The amount of \$92,794,000 was appropriated for court interpreter services (program 45.45) for FY 2009–2010.
- Court reimbursements for eligible court interpreter expenditures totaled \$87,955,067 in FY 2009–2010.
- Eligible expenditures were \$4,838,933 less than the appropriation for FY 2009–2010.
- On October 29, 2010, the Judicial Council approved a recommendation that the \$4,838,933 savings from FY 2009–2010, as well as any future program savings, be set aside to address future reimbursable court interpreter costs, including base funding.
- Eligible court interpreter program expenditures decreased from FY 2008–2009 to FY 2009–2010 by \$5,750,307, or 6.14 percent. The decrease in court interpreter expenditures is primarily attributable to statewide court closures throughout FY 2009–2010 and other efficiency measures instituted by the trial courts due to the severe budget situation.
- Total staff costs (\$68 million) accounted for 77.36 percent of the eligible expenditures and total contractor costs (\$19.9 million) for 22.64 percent.
- Expenditures for noncertified and nonregistered interpreters represented 4.18 percent of statewide eligible interpreter costs.

If you have any questions related to this report, please contact Kenneth L. Kann, Director, Executive Office Programs Division, at 415-865-7661 or [kenneth.kann@jud.ca.gov](mailto:kenneth.kann@jud.ca.gov).

Sincerely,



William C. Vickrey  
Administrative Director of the Courts

WCV/KK/EF

Attachment

cc: Members of the Judicial Council

Ronald G. Overholt, AOC Chief Deputy Director

Curtis L. Child, Director, AOC Office of Governmental Affairs

Brian Brown, Consultant, Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Committee

Matt Osterli, Consultant, Senate Republican Fiscal Office

Bob Franzoia, Staff Director, Senate Appropriations Committee

Joe Stephenshaw, Consultant, Assembly Budget Committee

Allan Cooper, Consultant, Assembly Republican Fiscal Office

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Chuck Nicol, Principal Consultant, Assembly Appropriations Committee  
Drew Soderborg, Fiscal and Policy Analyst, Legislative Analyst's Office  
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*Administrative Director of the Courts*

December 14, 2010

Report title: *Trial Court Interpreters Program Expenditure  
Report for FY 2009–2010*

Statutory citation: Budget Act of 2009 (Stats. 2009, ch. 1),  
Item 0250-101-0932

Date of report: December 2010

The Judicial Council has submitted a report to the Legislature in accordance with the requirements of the Budget Act of 2009. The following summary of the report is provided under the requirements of Government Code section 9795.

The report provides background on the mandate to provide court interpreting services, a description of program funding, eligible expenditures, expenditures on employee and contractor court interpreters, and expenditures based on certification status. The report also highlights that court interpreter expenditures decreased from fiscal year 2008–2009 to fiscal year 2009–2010, primarily due to the 10 statewide court closure days instituted by the Judicial Council and other efficiency measures instituted by the trial courts due to the severe budget situation.

With the discontinuation of court closures, it is likely that expenditures will return to or exceed FY 2008–2009 levels. The Judicial Council has adopted a policy that all savings from fiscal year 2009–2010 and any future savings be set aside to address future reimbursable court interpreter costs. The Judicial Council is committed to working with the new Governor and Legislature to ensure the availability of sufficient resources to meet the statewide need for court interpreters.

The full report can be accessed here:  
[www.courtinfo.ca.gov/reference/legislaturereports.htm](http://www.courtinfo.ca.gov/reference/legislaturereports.htm).

A printed copy of the report may be obtained by calling 866-310-0689.

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## I. Summary

- The amount of \$92,794,000 was appropriated for court interpreter services (program 45.45) for fiscal year 2009–2010.
- Court reimbursements for eligible court interpreter expenditures totaled \$87,955,067 in FY 2009–2010.
- Eligible expenditures were \$4,838,933 less than the appropriation for FY 2009–2010.
- On October 29, 2010, the Judicial Council approved a recommendation that the \$4,838,933 savings from FY 2009–2010 and any future program savings be set aside to address future reimbursable court interpreter costs.
- Eligible court interpreter program expenditures decreased from FY 2008–2009 to FY 2009–2010 by \$5,750,307, or 6.14 percent.
- The decrease in eligible court interpreter program expenditures is primarily attributable to statewide court closure days during FY 2009–2010 and other efficiency measures instituted by the trial courts due to the severe budget situation.
- Total staff expenditures (\$68 million) accounted for 77.36 percent of the eligible expenditures for FY 2009–2010 and total contractor costs (\$19.9 million) for 22.64 percent.
- Eligible expenditures for noncertified and nonregistered interpreters represented 4.18 percent of statewide interpreter costs.

## II. Background

### **Mandates to Provide Court Interpreting Services**

Article I, section 14 of the California Constitution was amended in 1974 to provide that “[a] person unable to understand English who is charged with a crime has a right to an interpreter throughout the proceedings.” This establishes a mandate for the courts to provide interpreters to all defendants in criminal matters who have limited ability to understand or speak English. Further state court rulings subsequent to the constitutional amendment have established the right to a court interpreter in delinquency and some family law matters for individuals with limited English proficiency. In addition to the constitutional mandate and state court rulings, under federal law, individuals with hearing disabilities who require sign language interpreters must receive court interpreter services free of charge in all court proceedings.

### **Statutory Requirement to Report on Expenditures**

The Budget Act of 2009 (Stats. 2009, ch. 1), item 0250-101-0932, provides a schedule of appropriations from the Trial Court Trust Fund for local assistance. Schedule (4) is the appropriation for the services of court interpreters. Provision 4 states that “the Judicial Council shall report to the Legislature and Director of Finance annually regarding expenditures” from schedule (4). In fulfillment of that provision, this report details trial court expenditures for court interpreters.

### **Program Funding**

For FY 2009–2010, the Budget Act of 2009 appropriated \$92,794,000 for the provision of court interpreter services, exactly \$519 more than the previous year’s appropriation. During FY 2009–2010, eligible expenditures totaled \$87,955,067, or \$4,838,933 less than the amount appropriated.

### III. Eligible Expenditures

Program expenditures that qualify for reimbursement are limited to the following four items:

1. Contract court interpreters and their per diems, including travel;
2. Certified and registered court interpreters employed by the courts, including their salaries, benefits, and travel;
3. Court interpreter coordinators;<sup>1</sup> and
4. Four court interpreter supervisor positions: two in Los Angeles County, one in Orange County, and one in San Diego County. These are the only positions funded under the program that include funding for standard operating expenses and equipment (OE&E).

The Judicial Council does not reimburse trial courts for the cost of supervisors, administrative overhead, or any OE&E except for the contractual services, travel, and standard complementary items noted above in items 1, 2, and 4. Trial courts must absorb all other OE&E costs and, except as noted in item 4 above, all supervisory expenditures associated with staff interpreters and court interpreter coordinators.

Attachment 1 is a summary by court of the major reimbursable categories in items 1– 4 above.

### IV. Rates of Pay for Court Interpreters

The Judicial Council first established statewide standards for court interpreter compensation in January 1999 at two defined levels, a full-day rate and a half-day rate. Three increases in pay for certified and registered interpreters have been authorized since then, effective on July 1, 1999; July 1, 2000; and September 1, 2007.

A significant change to the provision of interpreter services was the enactment of Senate Bill 371 (Stats. 2002, ch. 1047), which required trial courts to establish staff interpreter positions and offer employment to certified and registered court interpreters under prescribed conditions. As a result, trial courts began hiring contract interpreters as staff interpreters. The council's standard interpreter pay rates apply only to contract interpreters, not to staff interpreters.

#### **Statewide Standard Rate for Certified and Registered Contract Court Interpreters**

Effective September 1, 2007, the Judicial Council increased the statewide standard pay rate for certified and registered interpreters to \$282.23 for a full day and \$156.56 for a half day. The full-day rate of \$282.23 represents a 41 percent increase over the original January 1999 rate of \$200.

Interpreters who pass the Court Interpreter Certification Examination or the required exam for American Sign Language and fulfill the corresponding Judicial Council requirements are referred to as certified interpreters. Currently, there are certification examinations for 13

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<sup>1</sup> Limited by item No. 0250-101-0932, provision 4 of the Budget Act of 2009 to 1.0 personnel year (PY) each for counties in classes 1–15, 0.5 PY each for counties in classes 16–31, and 0.25 PY each for counties in classes 32–58. The Budget Act of 2009 defines county classes based on size of population: counties in classes 1–15 have populations greater than 500,000, classes 16–31 have populations between 130,000 and 500,000, and classes 32–58 have populations less than 130,000.

designated languages: American Sign Language, Arabic, Eastern Armenian, Western Armenian, Cantonese, Japanese, Korean, Mandarin, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Tagalog, and Vietnamese. Interpreters of spoken languages for which there is no state-certifying examination are required to pass the English Fluency Examination and fulfill the corresponding Judicial Council requirements in order to become a registered interpreter of a nondesignated language.

**Statewide Standard for Noncertified and Nonregistered Interpreters**

During FY 2009–2010, the statewide standard rate for noncertified and nonregistered interpreters remained \$175 for a full day and \$92 for a half day, the same rate established by the Judicial Council in July 1999. However, the actual rates paid to contract interpreters, whether certified/registered or noncertified/nonregistered, often exceed these standards because each assignment must be individually negotiated by the local court subject to the realities of supply and demand—particularly for contractors who interpret less commonly spoken languages.

**Comparison With Federal Rates**

Compensation for California employee court interpreters is comparable to federal rates. California employee court interpreters receive health and retirement benefits that increase the total value of their compensation by 30–35 percent. The current federal rates for contract court interpreters are \$388/full day and \$210/half day for certified interpreters and \$187/full day and \$103/half day for noncertified interpreters. While the federal system relies almost exclusively on contract interpreters, most court interpreter assignments in California are performed by staff interpreters.

V. FY 2009–2010 Reimbursed Expenditures

**Shift From Contract Interpreters to Staff Interpreters**

Table 1 details reimbursed expenditures by year for staff and contract court interpreters. Total staff expenditures, which represented 66.22 percent of interpreter costs in FY 2004–2005, increased to 77.36 percent of interpreter costs in FY 2009–2010. Conversely, contract expenditures decreased from 33.78 percent to 22.64 percent. These figures illustrate that, since FY 2005–2006, around 75 percent of reimbursed expenditures have gone to cover staff costs and 25 percent to cover contractor costs. This percentage shift toward staff expenditures continued during FY 2009–2010.

<b>Table 1. Shift of Reimbursed Expenditures From Contract to Staff Costs</b>					
Fiscal Year	2004–2005	2005–2006	2007–2008	2008–2009	2009–2010
Total Staff Expenditures	\$40,634,347 (66.22%)	\$57,661,117 (75.96%)	\$65,109,655 (73.59%)	\$69,842,707 (74.53%)	\$68,042,596 (77.36%)
Total Contractor Expenditures	\$20,723,893 (33.78%)	\$18,249,522 (24.04%)	\$23,363,502 (26.41%)	\$23,862,667 (25.47%)	\$19,912,471 (22.64%)
Total	\$61,358,240	\$75,910,639	\$88,473,157	\$93,705,374	\$87,955,067

**Expenditures for Noncertified and Nonregistered Contract Interpreters**

During FY 2009–2010, statewide per diems for noncertified contract interpreters equaled \$2,816,013, or 3.20 percent of total statewide expenditures. Statewide expenditures on per diems for nonregistered contract interpreters equaled \$862,814, or 0.98 percent of total statewide expenditures. Per diems expenditures for both noncertified and nonregistered contract interpreters equaled 4.18 percent of all statewide interpreter costs. Columns K and L of Attachment 1 detail nonregistered and noncertified contract interpreter per diems expenditures for FY 2009–2010 for each of the 58 county trial courts.

Table 2 below shows annual statewide expenditures over the past three years for compensation (excluding travel) of noncertified and nonregistered interpreters, and their percentages of total eligible expenditures for court interpreter services. The annual percentages have decreased from 5.37 percent in FY 2007–2008 to 4.18 percent in FY 2009–2010.

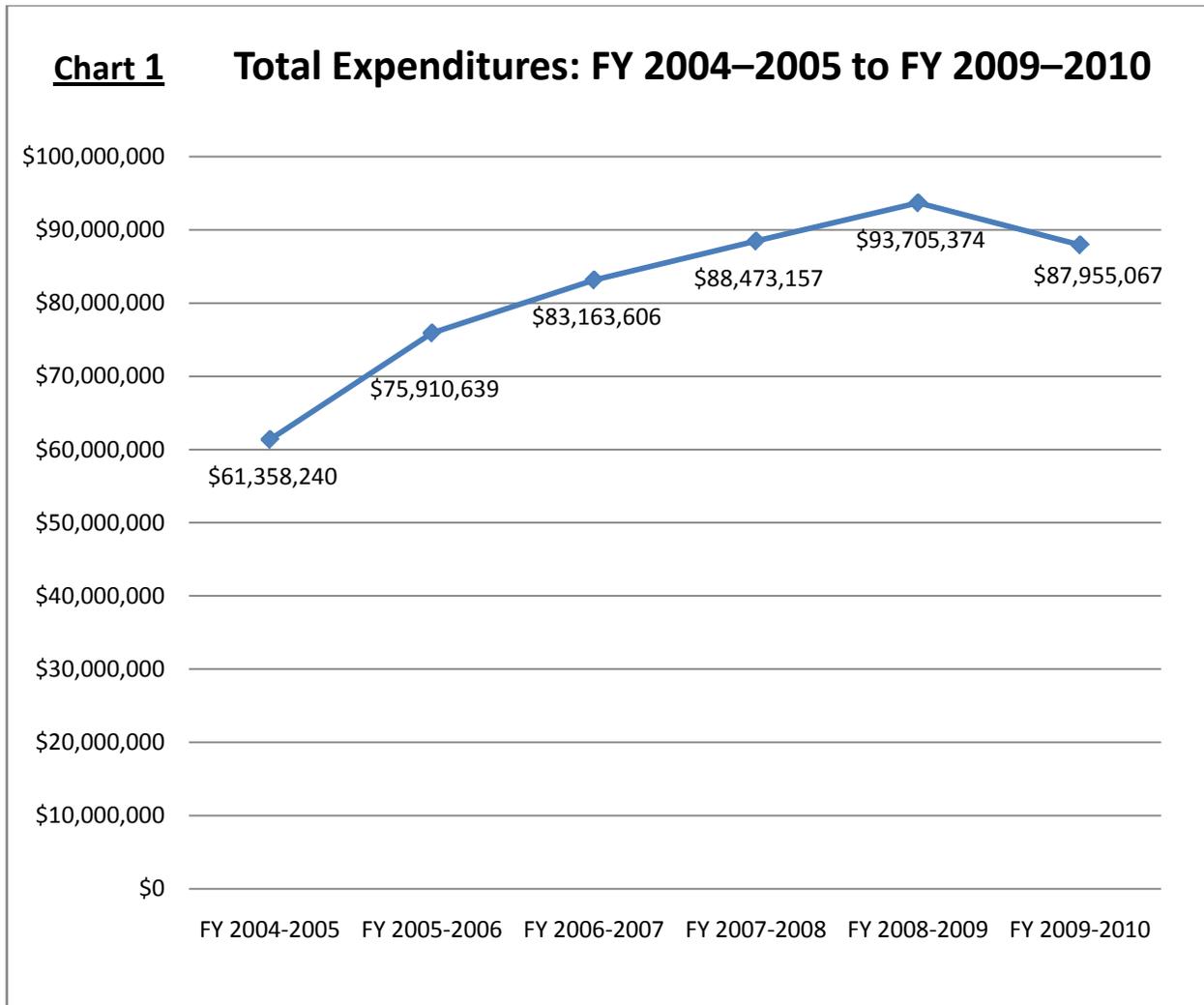
<b>Table 2. Expenditures for Noncertified and Nonregistered Contract Interpreters and Percentage of Total Expenditures</b>			
	FY 2007–2008	FY 2008–2009	FY 2009–2010
Noncertified Expenditures	\$3,632,934 (4.11%)	\$3,408,555 (3.64%)	\$2,816,013 (3.20%)
Nonregistered Expenditures	\$1,122,433 (1.27%)	\$1,058,954 (1.13%)	\$862,814 (0.98%)
Combined Expenditures	\$4,755,367 (5.37%)	\$4,467,509 (4.77%)	\$3,678,827 (4.18%)

**Decrease in Total Court Interpreter Expenditures**

Allowable court interpreter expenditures decreased from FY 2008–2009 to FY 2009–2010 by \$5,750,307 or 6.14 percent. The decrease is attributable primarily to the 10 statewide court closure days instituted by the Judicial Council at its meeting on July 29, 2009, and other efficiency measures instituted by the trial courts due to the severe budget situation. Table 3 shows the annual percentage changes in statewide reimbursed expenditures from FY 2004–2005 to FY 2009–2010.

<b>Table 3. Percentage Change in Statewide Reimbursed Expenditures</b>				
FY 2004–2005 to FY 2005–2006	FY 2005–2006 to FY 2006–2007	FY 2006–2007 to FY 2007–2008	FY 2007–2008 to FY 2008–2009	FY 2008–2009 to FY 2009–2010
+23.72%	+9.55%	+6.38%	5.91%	-6.14%

Chart 1 depicts total reimbursed court interpreter expenditures since FY 2004–2005.



#### VI. Distribution of Reimbursed Expenditures by Largest Court Providers

Table 4 lists the 11 courts that received the largest reimbursements for eligible court interpreter costs in FY 2009–2010. These 11 courts accounted for \$68,971,082, more than 78 percent of the state’s total reimbursed expenditures for court interpreters. The Superior Court of Los Angeles County alone accounted for 35.56 percent of reimbursed expenditures, while southern California’s five largest superior courts—those of Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, San Bernardino, and Riverside Counties—together accounted for 60.16 percent of the state’s reimbursements.

**Table 4. Reimbursed Expenditures by the 11 Largest Providers of Court Interpreters**

<b>Superior Court</b>	<b>FY 2009–2010 Reimbursed Expenditures</b>	<b>Percentage of Statewide Total</b>
Los Angeles	\$ 31,273,187	35.56%
Orange	\$ 7,771,193	8.84%
San Diego	\$ 6,136,807	6.98%
San Bernardino	\$ 4,390,331	4.99%
Riverside	\$ 3,344,681	3.80%
Sacramento	\$ 3,096,166	3.52%
Santa Clara	\$ 3,015,306	3.43%
Alameda	\$ 2,998,297	3.41%
Fresno	\$ 2,706,026	3.08%
Kern	\$ 2,173,907	2.47%
San Francisco	\$ 2,065,181	2.35%
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$ 68,971,082</b>	<b>78.42%</b>
<b>Statewide Total</b>	<b>\$ 87,955,067</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

VII. Conclusion

In FY 2009–2010, the state appropriation was sufficient to provide all courts with full reimbursement of their allowable court interpreter costs. The overall statewide reduction in expenditures by 6.14 percent from FY 2008–2009 to FY 2009–2010 is attributable to the court closures approved by the Judicial Council in 2009 and other efficiency measures instituted by the trial courts due to the severe budget situation. With the discontinuation of court closures, it is likely that expenditures will return to or exceed FY 2008–2009 levels. On October 29, 2010, the Judicial Council unanimously approved a recommendation that the \$4.8 million savings from FY 2009–2010 as well as any future program savings “be set aside and made available to address future reimbursable court interpreter costs, including base funding.”

Although California’s economic future remains uncertain, it is vitally important that all Californians have meaningful access to justice regardless of their ability to communicate in English. It is essential that there be adequate funding for court interpreter services so individuals with limited English proficiency are able to participate fully in their court proceedings. The Judicial Council will work with the Governor and Legislature to ensure the availability of sufficient resources to meet the statewide need for court interpreters.

VIII. Attachments

1. FY 2009–2010 Court Interpreters Program 45.45 Year-End Reimbursed Expenditures

FY 2009-2010 Court Interpreters  
Program 45.45 Year-End Reimbursed Expenditures

Court System	Reimbursed Employee-Related Interpreter Costs								Reimbursed Contractor-Related Interpreter Costs								Total Reimbursed Expenditures
	Staff Interpreter Salaries & Benefits	Staff Interpreter Travel	Staff Cross Assignment Costs	Total Staff Interpreter Salary, Benefits & Travel	CIP Arbitration Awards	Interpreter Coordinator Reimbursed Amount	Supervisor's Salaries, Benefits & OE & E (\$12,500/FTE)	Total Employee-Related Reimbursable Costs	Registered Contractor Per Diem	Certified Contractor Per Diem	Non-Registered Contractor Per Diem	Non-Certified Contractor Per Diem	ASL Contractor Per Diem	Total Contractor Per Diems	Contractor Travel, Mileage, Meals & Lodging	Total Contractor Costs	
	A	B	C	D (A + B + C)	E	F	G	H (D + E + F + G)	I	J	K	L	M	N (I thru M)	O	P (N + O)	
Alameda	2,162,566	9,133		2,171,699	-	70,555	-	2,242,254	64,558	409,001	47,751	49,283	94,858	665,451	90,592	756,043	2,998,297
Alpine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	42	-	42	42
Amador	-	-	-	-	-	9,942	-	9,942	-	19,272	628	-	-	19,900	14,810	34,710	44,652
Butte	-	-	-	-	-	31,000	-	31,000	3,352	52,320	6,207	3,263	7,116	67,864	140,122	171,122	
Calaveras	-	-	-	-	-	6,531	-	6,531	155	2,786	720	4,495	413	8,569	2,606	11,175	17,706
Colusa	-	-	-	-	-	18,900	-	18,900	-	80,736	-	-	-	80,736	38,337	119,073	137,973
Contra Costa	822,452	607	-	823,059	-	61,196	-	884,255	41,937	160,052	23,117	70,558	28,527	324,191	36,730	360,921	1,245,176
Del Norte	-	-	-	-	-	2,093	-	2,093	-	43,212	-	-	-	43,212	17,041	60,253	62,346
El Dorado	95,762	100	-	95,862	-	95,862	-	95,862	2,414	68,825	-	3,705	4,342	79,286	14,895	94,181	190,043
Fresno	2,318,414	21,449	25,502	2,365,365	-	91,464	-	2,456,829	26,944	58,155	17,331	92,563	44,771	239,764	9,433	249,197	2,706,026
Glenn	-	-	-	-	-	16,750	-	16,750	-	38,404	-	16,843	-	55,247	21,565	76,812	93,562
Humboldt	-	-	-	-	-	12,103	-	12,103	-	66,535	-	-	8,862	75,397	28,227	103,624	115,727
Imperial	362,039	1,610	-	363,649	-	18,872	-	382,521	261	152,994	-	-	-	153,255	65,312	218,567	601,088
Inyo	-	-	-	-	-	22,866	-	22,866	-	32,942	-	1,557	-	34,499	17,947	52,446	75,312
Kern	1,451,673	15,870	1,196	1,468,739	-	91,464	-	1,560,203	60,636	173,448	36,521	202,431	31,807	504,843	108,861	613,704	2,173,907
Kings	85,765	505	-	86,270	-	21,838	-	108,108	-	103,133	15,212	125	6,364	124,834	142,207	250,315	
Lake	-	-	-	-	-	1,063	-	1,063	-	54,754	-	-	1,855	56,609	43,039	99,648	100,711
Lassen	-	-	-	-	-	22,866	-	22,866	398	22,251	-	2,911	-	25,560	3,858	29,418	52,284
Los Angeles	27,371,557	203,255	226,336	27,801,148	-	91,419	336,315	28,228,882	194,689	1,717,389	168,082	145,454	704,694	2,930,308	113,997	3,044,305	31,273,187
Madera	266,257	-	-	266,257	-	21,041	-	287,298	-	39,786	-	88,270	-	128,056	15,812	143,868	431,166
Marin	430,652	262	-	430,914	-	45,732	-	476,646	-	38,985	-	9,309	-	48,294	35,897	84,191	560,837
Mariposa	-	-	-	-	-	21,727	-	21,727	-	3,223	-	3,386	-	6,609	10,110	16,719	38,446
Mendocino	101,805	-	-	101,805	-	22,866	-	124,671	5,852	111,514	195	4,297	9,210	131,068	167,041	298,109	422,780
Merced	113,180	3,311	-	116,491	-	45,732	-	162,223	60,770	204,264	25,959	224,487	13,185	528,665	154,159	682,824	845,047
Modoc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	413	-	3,815	-	-	4,228	-	4,228	4,228
Mono	22,674	-	1,951	24,625	-	-	-	24,625	-	-	-	1,795	-	1,795	6,060	7,855	32,480
Monterey	416,099	-	-	416,099	-	45,732	-	461,831	7,888	190,744	18,415	82,716	3,600	303,363	64,834	368,197	830,028
Napa	273,788	159	-	273,947	-	22,866	-	296,813	-	146,124	-	442	-	146,566	20,665	167,231	464,044
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	21,426	-	21,426	157	2,477	777	33,065	2,522	38,998	13,940	52,938	74,364
Orange	5,544,178	6,668	86,914	5,637,760	-	65,862	131,832	5,835,454	59,069	1,207,292	77,988	392,734	151,549	1,888,632	47,107	1,935,739	7,771,193
Placer	-	-	-	-	-	45,732	-	45,732	12,771	233,880	8,059	22,520	12,319	289,549	126,700	416,249	461,981
Plumas	-	-	-	-	-	17,517	-	17,517	6,236	-	-	-	-	6,236	16,065	22,301	39,818
Riverside	2,177,159	2,152	-	2,179,311	-	76,154	-	2,255,465	38,997	630,895	15,119	62,962	151,918	899,891	189,325	1,089,216	3,344,681
Sacramento	2,239,018	175,889	-	2,414,907	-	91,464	-	2,506,371	119,010	231,929	29,081	56,817	55,613	492,450	97,345	589,795	3,096,166
San Benito	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,428	-	-	-	96,703	-	96,703	96,703
San Bernardino	3,333,228	974	-	3,334,202	-	91,464	-	3,425,666	54,582	644,443	47,068	5,725	78,400	830,218	134,447	964,665	4,390,331
San Diego	5,252,187	5,701	49,254	5,307,142	-	91,464	68,004	5,466,610	100,265	151,842	79,967	139,727	132,762	604,563	65,634	670,197	6,136,807
San Francisco	1,275,378	125	8,183	1,283,686	-	87,211	-	1,370,897	68,302	406,999	24,517	79,290	75,537	654,645	39,639	694,284	2,065,181
San Joaquin	616,094	1,545	87,396	705,035	-	91,464	-	796,499	63,927	415,223	17,597	16,918	25,003	538,668	97,062	635,730	1,432,229
San Luis Obispo	248,818	610	-	249,428	-	45,137	-	294,565	4,691	108,589	3,546	-	6,639	123,465	5,586	129,051	423,616
San Mateo	1,025,942	529	-	1,026,471	-	90,021	-	1,116,492	48,291	194,837	18,472	154,206	3,352	419,158	30,319	449,477	1,565,969
Santa Barbara	670,899	468	92	671,459	-	45,732	-	717,191	1,726	237,152	38,320	7,493	13,257	297,948	41,737	339,685	1,056,876
Santa Clara	1,992,684	3,793	19,769	2,016,246	-	91,464	-	2,107,710	19,281	291,270	49,482	366,052	61,453	787,538	120,058	907,596	3,015,306
Santa Cruz	553,964	1,541	-	555,505	-	45,732	-	601,237	9,314	36,153	5,496	282	11,550	62,795	23,782	86,577	687,814
Shasta	-	231	-	231	-	45,732	-	45,963	8,057	37,557	275	11,223	23,203	80,315	85,925	166,240	212,203
Sierra	-	-	-	-	-	256	-	256	-	5,215	-	-	358	5,573	-	5,573	5,829
Siskiyou	-	-	-	-	-	13,485	-	13,485	23,606	11,905	-	8,795	-	44,306	31,797	76,103	89,588
Solano	193,183	-	-	193,183	-	31,737	-	224,920	5,669	5,951	12,567	83,500	8,808	116,495	14,678	131,173	356,093
Sonoma	765,810	2,231	32,922	800,963	-	45,732	-	846,695	17,211	133,419	7,701	50,110	34,589	243,030	47,331	290,361	1,137,056
Stanislaus	442,174	-	-	442,174	-	45,732	-	487,906	8,706	108,545	10,173	40,055	16,559	184,038	27,160	211,198	699,104
Sutter	209,961	-	-	209,961	-	22,866	-	232,827	10,134	8,866	2,331	3,573	5,764	30,668	24,613	55,281	288,108
Tehama	83,738	-	-	83,738	-	22,866	-	106,604	157	5,370	595	17,416	1,285	24,823	7,162	31,985	138,589
Trinity	-	-	-	-	-	10,584	-	10,584	2,879	-	-	8,054	-	10,933	2,921	13,854	24,438
Tulare	618,146	24	-	618,170	-	45,732	-	663,902	28,044	194,747	12,791	220,919	29,717	486,218	97,313	583,531	1,247,433
Tuolumne	-	-	-	-	-	14,933	-	14,933	-	11,821	-	-	-	11,821	1,850	13,671	28,604
Ventura	605,067	1,843	-	606,910	-	91,464	-	698,374	24,043	690,492	19,169	9,185	10,410	753,299	51,998	805,297	1,503,671
Yolo	95,104	-	-	95,104	-	45,732	-	140,836	40,113	205,648	6,936	22,239	6,724	281,660	140,429	422,089	562,925
Yuba	-	-	-	-	-	17,617	-	17,617	5,550	16,739	2,780	-	2,158	27,227	19,015	46,242	63,859
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>64,237,415</b>	<b>460,585</b>	<b>539,515</b>	<b>65,237,515</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,268,930</b>	<b>536,151</b>	<b>68,042,596</b>	<b>1,251,055</b>	<b>10,313,533</b>	<b>862,814</b>	<b>2,816,013</b>	<b>1,881,053</b>	<b>17,124,468</b>	<b>2,788,003</b>	<b>19,912,471</b>	<b>87,955,067</b>