JUDICIAL COUNCIL HR METRICS BY OFFICE DATA AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2019 (End of February Pay Period)

						Leadership Services Division				Operations & Programs Division				Administrative Division			
STAFFING	Executive Office	Governmental Affairs	Public Affairs	Audit Services	Legal Services	Leadership Support Services	Center for Families, Children and the Courts	Court Operations Services	Criminal Justice Services	Center for Judicial Education & Research	Information Technology	Appellate Court Services	Budget Services	Branch Accounting & Procurement	Facilities Services	Human Resources	Judicial Council
Authorized Position (FTE)	12.00	10.00	9.00	14.00	55.00	57.80	63.00	26.60	26.00	48.50	137.00	7.00	45.00	136.00	142.00	51.00	839.90
Filled Authorized Position (FTE)	11.00	9.00	9.00	12.00	44.20	53.30	55.55	18.80	21.30	43.00	98.00	6.00	35.00	127.00	109.00	45.00	697.15
Headcount - Employees	11	9	9	12	45	54	56	19	22	43	98	6	35	128	109	45	701.00
Vacancy (FTE)	1.00	1.00	0.00	2.00	10.80	4.50	7.45	7.80	4.70	5.50	39.00	1.00	10.00	9.00	33.00	6.00	142.75
Vacancy Rate (FTE)	8.3%	10.0%	0.0%	14.3%	19.6%	7.8%	11.8%	29.3%	18.1%	11.3%	28.5%	14.3%	22.2%	6.6%	23.2%	11.8%	17.00%
Judicial Council Temp Employee (909)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	6.00
*Employment Agency Temporary Worker (FTE)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	5	1	2	14.00
Contractors (FTE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.20
TOTAL WORKFORCE (based on FTE, 909s, Agency Temps & Contractors)	13.00	9.00	9.00	12.00	44.20	53.30	56.55	18.80	21.30	45.00	132.20	6.00	38.00	134.00	111.00	47.00	750.35

Definitions:

Authorized Position (FTE) Authorized positions include all regular ongoing positions approved in the Budget Act for that year. The number is based on the position's approved full time equivalency.

Filled Authorized Position (FTE) Filled authorized positions are the number of authorized positions filled based on the employee's full time equivalency.

The actual count of persons employed by the Judicial Council, regardless of FTE. This number could be more than the FTE count does not include Judicial Council Temporary Employees (909) or Employment Agency Headcount

Temporary Workers.

The number of vacancies is the number of authorized positions minus the number of filled authorized positions. Vacancy (FTE)

Vacancy Rate (FTE) Vacancy Rate is calculated by dividing the number of authorized positions by the number of vacant authorized positions. This number excludes temporary employees ("909" funded employees). See definition of temporary employees below.

Judicial Council Temporary Employees (909)

The "909 category is the State Controller code used to reference a temporary position or a temporary employee.

909 Position - it is a position that may not be funded through the Budget Act and it is categorized by the Office of the State Controller as a temporary position. 909 positions may be occupied by regular full-time employees due tot he unavailability of an authorized vacant position. 909 Employee - An employee whose salary is not funded through the Budget Act. 909 employees may receive benefits if employee at least half-time and the term of employment is for more than six months. Types of "909" Temporary Employees include: Retired Annuitants: A retired annuitant is a retiree who is hired by his or her former employer or by another employer. This includes a former participant in a state retirement system who has previously retired and who is currently receiving retirement benefits. Temporary: Employees employed on a temporary basis - they do not receive full benefits (but do receive CalPERS retirement service credit).

Worker (FTE)

Employment Agency Temporary These are workers from an employment agency. They are employees of the employment agency that provide short-term support.

Individuals augmenting the work of the organization and providing services for a limited period of time or on a specific project, where a particular skill set is required that is either (1) not within an existing classification and/or job description or (2) where recruitment issues require the Contractor (FTE)

use of a contractor.

Full Time Equivalency (FTE) Full Time Equivalency is the number of total maximum compensable hours designated in a year divided by actual hours; one employee occupying a paid full time job all year would consume one FTE. One employee

working for 1,040 hours each would consume .5 FTE.

Full time: Employee is scheduled to work 40 hours per week. Receives full benefits. Time Base

Part time: Employee is scheduled to work less than 40 hours per week. Employees that work more than 20 hours per week receive full benefits.

Intermittent: Employees have no established work schedule and work on an as-needed basis that varies from one pay period to the next. Eligibility for certain benefits may be limited for these employees.

Commonly referred to as "permanent employees" – They receive full benefits. **Regular Employee**